THE REVISED SCHOOL CODE (EXCERPT) Act 451 of 1976

380.1299 Limited open forum; equal access and opportunity; definitions.

Sec. 1299.

- (1) A public school that operates 1 or more of grades 7 to 12 and that has a limited open forum shall not deny equal access or a fair opportunity to, or discriminate against, any pupil or pupils who wish to conduct a meeting within that limited open forum on the basis of the religious, political, philosophical, or other content of the speech at the meeting. A public school has a limited open forum whenever the public school grants an offering to or opportunity for 1 or more noncurriculum-related student groups to meet on school premises during noninstructional time. A public school shall be considered to offer a fair opportunity to pupils who wish to conduct a meeting within the limited open forum if the public school uniformly provides for all of the following:
 - (a) The meeting is voluntary and student-initiated.
 - (b) There is no sponsorship of the meeting by the public school, the government, or either's agents or employees.
- (c) Employees or agents of the public school or government are present at religious meetings only in a nonparticipatory capacity.
- (d) The meeting does not materially and substantially interfere with the orderly conduct of educational activities within the school.
- (e) Persons not affiliated with the public school may not direct, conduct, control, or regularly attend activities of student groups.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not authorize this state or any political subdivision of this state to do any of the following:
 - (a) Influence the form or content of any prayer or other religious activity.
 - (b) Require any person to participate in prayer or other religious activity.
 - (c) Expend public funds beyond the incidental cost of providing the space for student-initiated meetings.
- (d) Compel any school agent or employee to attend a school meeting if the content of the speech at the meeting is contrary to the beliefs of the agent or employee.
 - (e) Sanction meetings that are otherwise unlawful.
 - (f) Limit the rights of groups of pupils which are not of a specified numerical size.
 - (g) Abridge the constitutional rights of any person.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not limit the authority of a public school to maintain order and discipline on school premises, to protect the well-being of pupils and faculty, and to assure that attendance of pupils at meetings is voluntary.
 - (4) As used in this section:
- (a) "Meeting" includes those activities of student groups that are permitted under a public school's limited open forum and are not directly related to the school curriculum.
- (b) "Noninstructional time" means time set aside by the school before actual classroom instruction begins or after actual classroom instruction ends.
- (c) "Public school" includes a public school's employees and persons or entities under contract with the public school.
- (d) "Sponsorship" includes the act of promoting, leading, or participating in a meeting. The assignment of a teacher, administrator, or other school employee to a meeting for custodial purposes does not constitute sponsorship of the meeting.

History: Add. 1995, Act 289, Eff. July 1, 1996 ;-- Am. 1996, Act 283, Imd. Eff. June 17, 1996

Popular Name: Act 451