## FIRE SAFETY STANDARD AND FIREFIGHTER PROTECTION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 56 of 2009

\*\*\*\*\* 29.503.new THIS NEW SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010; THIS NEW SECTION IS ALSO REPEALED ON THE DATE THAT THE DIRECTOR NOTIFIES THE SECRETARY OF STATE IN WRITING THAT A FEDERAL REDUCED CIGARETTE IGNITION PROPENSITY STANDARD THAT PREEMPTS THIS ACT HAS BEEN ADOPTED AND IS IN EFFECT: See 29.511.new \*\*\*\*\*

## 29.503.new Violation; civil fines; limitation; additional remedies; cigarette fire safety standard and firefighter protection act fund.

- Sec. 13. (1) A manufacturer, wholesale dealer, agent, or any other person other than a retail dealer that knowingly sells or offers to sell cigarettes, other than through retail sale, in violation of section 5 of this act is subject to a civil fine of not more than \$100.00 for each pack of those cigarettes sold or offered for sale. However, the aggregate liability of a person for civil fines under this subsection for multiple violations that arise during any 30-day period shall not exceed \$100,000.00.
- (2) A retail dealer that knowingly sells or offers to sell cigarettes in violation of section 5 of this act is subject to a civil fine of not more than \$100.00 for each pack of those cigarettes sold or offered for sale. However, the aggregate liability of a retail dealer for civil fines under this subsection for multiple violations that arise during any 30-day period shall not exceed \$25,000.00.
- (3) In addition to any penalty prescribed by law, a person engaged in the manufacture of cigarettes that knowingly makes a false certification under section 7 is subject to a civil fine of not less than \$75,000.00 and not more than \$100,000.00.
- (4) Except as provided in subsection (1), (2), or (3), a person that violates this act is subject to a civil fine of not more than \$1,000.00 for the first violation and a civil fine of not more than \$5,000.00 for each subsequent violation.
- (5) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the department or attorney general may commence an action against a person who violates this act or rules promulgated under this act. The court in an action brought under this subsection may order 1 or more of the following forms of relief for each violation:
  - (a) Injunctive or other equitable relief, as appropriate.
- (b) Enforcement costs relating to the violation or any other actual damages sustained by this state that are caused by the violation.
  - (c) Reasonable attorney fees and costs.
- (6) The cigarette fire safety standard and firefighter protection act fund is created within the state treasury. All civil fines recovered under this section shall be deposited in the fund. The state treasurer may receive money or other assets from any other source for deposit into the fund. The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the fund. The state treasurer shall credit to the fund interest and earnings from fund investments. Money in the fund at the close of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund and shall not lapse to the general fund. The department shall be the administrator of the fund for auditing purposes. The department shall expend money from the fund, upon appropriation, only for fire safety and prevention programs.

History: 2009, Act 56, Eff. Jan. 1, 2010.