## CITY AND VILLAGE ZONING ACT (EXCERPT) Act 207 of 1921

\*\*\*\*\* 125.584b THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 110 OF 2006 EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006 \*\*\*\*\*

## 125.584b Planned unit development.

- Sec. 4b. (1) As used in this section, "planned unit development" includes cluster zoning, planned development, community unit plan, planned residential development, and other terminology denoting zoning requirements designed to accomplish the objectives of the zoning ordinance through a land development project review process based on the application of site planning criteria to achieve integration of the proposed land development project with the characteristics of the project area.
- (2) A city or village may establish in a zoning ordinance planned unit development requirements which permit flexibility in the regulation of land development; encourage innovation in land use and variety in design, layout, and type of structures constructed; achieve economy and efficiency in the use of land, natural resources, energy, and the providing of public services and utilities; encourage useful open space; and provide better housing, employment, and shopping opportunities particularly suited to the needs of the residents of the state. The review and approval of planned unit developments shall be by the commission appointed to formulate and subsequently administer the zoning ordinance, an official charged with administration of the ordinance, or the legislative body.
- (3) Within a land development project designated as a planned unit development, regulations relating to the use of land, including, but not limited to, permitted uses, lot sizes, setbacks, height limits, required facilities, buffers, open space areas and how they are to be preserved, and land use density shall be determined in accord with the planned unit development regulations specified in the zoning ordinance. The planned unit development regulations need not be uniform with regard to each type of land use if equitable procedures recognizing due process principles and avoiding arbitrary decisions are followed in making regulatory decisions. Unless explicitly prohibited by the planned unit development regulations, if requested by the landowner, a city or village may approve a planned unit development with open space that is not contiguous with the rest of the planned unit development.
  - (4) The planned unit development regulations established by a city or village shall specify:
  - (a) The body or official which will review and approve planned unit development requests.
- (b) The conditions which create planned unit development eligibility, the participants in the review process, and the requirements and standards upon which applications will be judged and approval granted.
  - (c) The procedures required for application, review, and approval.
- (5) Following receipt of a request to approve a planned unit development, the body or official charged in the ordinance with the review and approval of planned unit developments shall hold at least 1 public hearing on the request. A zoning ordinance may provide for preapplication conferences before submission of a planned unit development request, and the submission of preliminary site plans before the public hearing. Notification of the public hearing shall be given in the same manner as required by section 4a(3) for public hearings on special land uses. Within a reasonable time following the public hearings, the body or official responsible for approving planned unit developments shall meet for final consideration of the request, and shall deny, approve, or approve with conditions, the request. It shall prepare a report stating its conclusions on the request for a planned unit development, the basis for its decision, the decision, and any conditions relating to an affirmative decision. If the ordinance requires that the legislative body amend the ordinance to act on the planned unit development request, and if the hearing was not held by the legislative body, the report, a summary of comments received at the public hearing, minutes of all proceedings, and all documents related to the planned unit development request, shall be transmitted to the legislative body for consideration in making a final decision. If an amendment of a zoning ordinance is required by the planned unit development regulations of a city or village zoning ordinance, the ordinance amendment procedures of this act shall be followed, except that the hearing required by this subsection shall be regarded as fulfilling the public hearing requirement of section 4.
- (6) If the planned unit development regulations of a city or village zoning ordinance do not require amendment of the ordinance to authorize a planned unit development, the body or official charged in the zoning ordinance with review and approval of planned unit developments may give final approval, approval with conditions, or denial to a request.
- (7) Final approvals may be granted on each phase of a multiphased planned unit development if each phase contains the necessary components to insure protection of natural resources and the health, safety, and welfare of the users of the planned unit development and the residents of the surrounding area.

(8) In establishing planned unit development regulations, a city or village may incorporate by reference other applicable ordinances or statutes which regulate land development. The planned unit development regulations contained in a zoning ordinance shall encourage complementary relationships between zoning regulations and other regulations affecting the development of land.

**History:** Add. 1978, Act 638, Eff. Mar. 1, 1979;—Am. 2003, Act 227, Imd. Eff. Dec. 18, 2003.