

SENATE BILL NO. 362

May 25, 2023, Introduced by Senators IRWIN, BAYER, GEISS, SHINK, MCBROOM, CHANG, CAMILLERI and SINGH and referred to the Committee on Energy and Environment.

A bill to amend 2008 PA 295, entitled "Clean and renewable energy and energy waste reduction act," by amending sections 5, 7, 9, 13, 173, 175, 177, and 179 (MCL 460.1005, 460.1007, 460.1009, 460.1013, 460.1173, 460.1175, 460.1177, and 460.1179), as amended by 2016 PA 342; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 5. As used in this act:

2 (a) "Electric provider" means any of the following:

3 (i) Any person or entity that is regulated by the commission
4 for the purpose of selling electricity to retail customers in this
5 state.

6 (ii) A municipally owned electric utility in this state.

7 (iii) A cooperative electric utility in this state.

8 (iv) Except as used in subpart C of part 2, an alternative
9 electric supplier licensed under section 10a of 1939 PA 3, MCL
10 460.10a.

11 (b) "Eligible electric generator" means a ~~methane digester or~~
12 **customer's** renewable energy system, ~~with cogeneration facility, or~~
13 **waste heat recovery system that meets both of the following**
14 **requirements:**

15 (i) **Is located in this state.**

16 (ii) **Has** a generation capacity ~~limited to the customer's~~
17 ~~electric need and that does not exceed the following:~~

18 ~~(i) For a renewable energy system, 150 kilowatts of aggregate~~
19 ~~generation at a single site.~~

20 ~~(ii) For a methane digester, 550 kilowatts of aggregate~~
21 ~~generation at a single site.~~ **that is consistent with the safety and**
22 **reliability requirements of the customer's interconnection.**

23 (c) "Energy conservation" means the reduction of customer
24 energy use through the installation of measures or changes in
25 energy usage behavior.

26 (d) "Energy efficiency" means a decrease in customer
27 consumption of electricity or natural gas achieved through measures
28 or programs that target customer behavior, equipment, devices, or
29 materials without reducing the quality of energy services.

1 (e) "Energy star" means the voluntary ~~partnership among the~~
2 ~~United States Department of Energy, the United States Environmental~~
3 ~~Protection Agency, product manufacturers, local utilities, and~~
4 ~~retailers to help promote energy efficient products by labeling~~
5 ~~with the energy star logo, educate consumers about the benefits of~~
6 ~~energy efficiency, and help promote energy efficiency in buildings~~
7 ~~by benchmarking and rating energy performance.~~**program established**
8 **under 42 USC 6924a.**

9 (f) "Energy waste reduction", subject to subdivision (g),
10 means all of the following:

11 (i) Energy efficiency.

12 (ii) Load management, to the extent that the load management
13 reduces provider costs.

14 (iii) Energy conservation, but only to the extent that the
15 decreases in the consumption of electricity produced by energy
16 conservation are objectively measurable and attributable to an
17 energy waste reduction plan.

18 (g) Energy waste reduction does not include electric provider
19 infrastructure projects that are approved for cost recovery by the
20 commission other than as provided in this act.

21 (h) "Energy waste reduction credit" means a credit certified
22 pursuant to section 87 that represents achieved energy waste
23 reduction.

24 (i) "Energy waste reduction plan" means a plan under section
25 71.

26 (j) "Energy waste reduction standard" means the minimum energy
27 savings required to be achieved under section 77 or 78(1), as
28 applicable.

29 (k) "Federal approval" means approval by the applicable

1 regional transmission organization or other Federal Energy
2 Regulatory Commission-approved transmission planning process of a
3 transmission project that includes the transmission line. Federal
4 approval may be evidenced in any of the following manners:

5 (i) The proposed transmission line is part of a transmission
6 project included in the applicable regional transmission
7 organization's board-approved transmission expansion plan.

8 (ii) The applicable regional transmission organization has
9 informed the electric utility, affiliated transmission company, or
10 independent transmission company that a transmission project
11 submitted for an out-of-cycle project review has been approved by
12 the applicable regional transmission organization, and the approved
13 transmission project includes the proposed transmission line.

14 (iii) If, after October 6, 2008, the applicable regional
15 transmission organization utilizes another approval process for
16 transmission projects proposed by an electric utility, affiliated
17 transmission company, or independent transmission company, the
18 proposed transmission line is included in a transmission project
19 approved by the applicable regional transmission organization
20 through the approval process developed after October 6, 2008.

21 (iv) Any other Federal Energy Regulatory Commission-approved
22 transmission planning process for a transmission project.

23 Sec. 7. As used in this act:

24 (a) "Gasification facility" means a facility located in this
25 state that, using a thermochemical process that does not involve
26 direct combustion, produces synthesis gas, composed of carbon
27 monoxide and hydrogen, from carbon-based feedstocks, ~~(such~~**such** as
28 coal, petroleum coke, wood, biomass, hazardous waste, medical
29 waste, industrial waste, and solid waste, including, but not

1 limited to, municipal solid waste, electronic waste, and waste
2 described in section 11514 of the natural resources and
3 environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL ~~324.11514~~
4 **324.11514**, and that uses the synthesis gas or a mixture of the
5 synthesis gas and methane to generate electricity for commercial
6 use. Gasification facility includes the transmission lines, gas
7 transportation lines and facilities, and associated property and
8 equipment specifically attributable to such a facility.
9 Gasification facility includes, but is not limited to, an
10 integrated gasification combined cycle facility and a plasma arc
11 gasification facility.

12 (b) "Incremental costs of compliance" means the net revenue
13 required by an electric provider to comply with the renewable
14 energy standard, calculated as provided under section 47.

15 (c) "Independent transmission company" means that term as
16 defined in section 2 of the electric transmission line
17 certification act, 1995 PA 30, MCL 460.562.

18 (d) "Integrated gasification combined cycle facility" means a
19 gasification facility that uses a thermochemical process, including
20 high temperatures and controlled amounts of air and oxygen, to
21 break substances down into their molecular structures and that uses
22 exhaust heat to generate electricity.

23 (e) "Integrated pyrolysis combined cycle facility" means a
24 pyrolysis facility that uses exhaust heat to generate electricity.

25 (f) "LEED" means the leadership in energy and environmental
26 design green building rating system developed by the United States
27 Green Building Council.

28 (g) "Load management" means measures or programs that target
29 equipment or behavior to result in decreased peak electricity

1 demand such as by shifting demand from a peak to an off-peak
2 period.

3 (h) "Megawatt", "megawatt hour", or "megawatt hour of
4 electricity", unless the context implies otherwise, includes the
5 steam equivalent of a megawatt or megawatt hour of electricity.

6 ~~(i) "Modified net metering" means a utility billing method
7 that applies the power supply component of the full retail rate to
8 the net of the bidirectional flow of kilowatt hours across the
9 customer interconnection with the utility distribution system,
10 during a billing period or time-of-use pricing period. A negative
11 net metered quantity during the billing period or during each time-
12 of-use pricing period within the billing period reflects net excess
13 generation for which the customer is entitled to receive credit
14 under section 177(4). Under modified net metering, standby charges
15 for distributed generation customers on an energy rate schedule
16 shall be equal to the retail distribution charge applied to the
17 imputed customer usage during the billing period. The imputed
18 customer usage is calculated as the sum of the metered on-site
19 generation and the net of the bidirectional flow of power across
20 the customer interconnection during the billing period. The
21 commission shall establish standby charges under modified net
22 metering for distributed generation customers on demand based rate
23 schedules that provide an equivalent contribution to utility system
24 costs. A charge for net metering and distributed generation
25 customers established pursuant to section 6a of 1939 PA 3, MCL
26 460.6a, shall not be recovered more than once. This subdivision is
27 subject to section 177(5).~~

28 Sec. 9. As used in this act:

29 (a) "Natural gas provider" means an investor-owned business

1 engaged in the sale and distribution at retail of natural gas
2 within this state whose rates are regulated by the commission.

3 **(b) "Net metering" means a utility billing method that applies**
4 **the full retail rate to the net of the bidirectional flow of**
5 **kilowatt hours across the customer interconnection with the utility**
6 **distribution system during a billing period or time-of-use pricing**
7 **period. A negative net metered quantity during the billing period**
8 **or during each time-of-use pricing period within the billing period**
9 **reflects net excess generation for which the customer is entitled**
10 **to receive credit under section 177(4).**

11 **(c) ~~(b)~~"Pet coke" means a solid carbonaceous residue produced**
12 **from a coker after cracking and distillation from petroleum**
13 **refining operations.**

14 **(d) ~~(e)~~"Plasma arc gasification facility" means a**
15 **gasification facility that uses a plasma torch to break substances**
16 **down into their molecular structures.**

17 **(e) ~~(d)~~"Provider" means an electric provider or a natural gas**
18 **provider.**

19 **(f) ~~(e)~~"PURPA" means the public utility regulatory policies**
20 **act of 1978, Public Law 95-617.**

21 **(g) ~~(f)~~"Pyrolysis facility" means a facility that effects**
22 **thermochemical decomposition at elevated temperatures without the**
23 **participation of oxygen, from carbon-based feedstocks, including,**
24 **but not limited to, coal, wood, biomass, industrial waste, or solid**
25 **waste, but not including pet coke, hazardous waste, coal waste, or**
26 **scrap tires. Pyrolysis facility includes the transmission lines,**
27 **gas transportation lines and facilities, and associated property**
28 **and equipment specifically attributable to the facility. Pyrolysis**
29 **facility includes, but is not limited to, an integrated pyrolysis**

1 combined cycle facility.

2 Sec. 13. As used in this act:

3 (a) "Site" means a contiguous site, regardless of the number
4 of meters at that site. A site that would be contiguous but for the
5 presence of a street, road, or highway is considered to be
6 contiguous for the purposes of this subdivision.

7 (b) "Transmission line" means all structures, equipment, and
8 real property necessary to transfer electricity at system bulk
9 supply voltage of 100 kilovolts or more.

10 ~~(c) "True net metering" means a utility billing method that~~
11 ~~applies the full retail rate to the net of the bidirectional flow~~
12 ~~of kilowatt hours across the customer interconnection with the~~
13 ~~utility distribution system, during a billing period or time-of-use~~
14 ~~pricing period. A negative net metered quantity during the billing~~
15 ~~period or during each time-of-use pricing period within the billing~~
16 ~~period reflects net excess generation for which the customer is~~
17 ~~entitled to receive credit under section 177(4). This subdivision~~
18 ~~is subject to section 177(5).~~

19 (c) ~~(d)~~—"Utility system resource cost test" means a standard
20 that is met for an investment in energy waste reduction if, on a
21 life cycle basis, the total avoided supply-side costs to the
22 provider, including representative values for electricity or
23 natural gas supply, transmission, distribution, and other
24 associated costs, are greater than the total costs to the provider
25 of administering and delivering the energy waste reduction program,
26 including net costs for any provider incentives paid by customers
27 and capitalized costs recovered under section 89.

28 (d) ~~(e)~~—"Wind energy conversion system" means a system that
29 uses 1 or more wind turbines to generate electricity and has a

1 nameplate capacity of 100 kilowatts or more.

2 (e) ~~(f)~~—"Wind energy resource zone" or "wind zone" means an
3 area designated by the commission under section 147.

4 Sec. 173. (1) The commission shall establish a distributed
5 generation program by order issued not later than 90 days after the
6 effective date of the ~~2016–2019~~ act that amended this section.
7 **Under the distributed generation program, any customer of an**
8 **electric utility or alternative electric supplier may generate**
9 **electricity using an eligible electric generator interconnected**
10 **with the local electric utility and operated parallel to the**
11 **distribution system. The value of net excess generation in each**
12 **billing period or time-of-use pricing period shall be credited to**
13 **the customer pursuant to a fair value tariff, a standard-offer**
14 **contract, or net metering. However, an electric utility or**
15 **alternative electric supplier is required to participate only in**
16 **the net metering component of the distributed generation program.**
17 The commission may promulgate rules the commission considers
18 necessary to implement this program. Any rules adopted regarding
19 time limits for approval of parallel operation shall recognize
20 reliability and safety complications including those arising from
21 equipment saturation, use of multiple technologies, and proximity
22 to synchronous motor loads. ~~The program shall apply to all electric~~
23 ~~utilities whose rates are regulated by the commission and~~
24 ~~alternative electric suppliers in this state.~~

25 (2) ~~Except as otherwise provided under this part, an electric~~
26 ~~customer of any class is eligible to interconnect an eligible~~
27 ~~electric generator with the customer's local electric utility and~~
28 ~~operate the eligible electric generator in parallel with the~~
29 ~~distribution system.~~ The **distributed generation** program shall be

1 designed for a period of not less than ~~10~~**20** years and limit each
 2 customer to generation capacity designed to meet up to ~~100%~~**200%** of
 3 the customer's electricity consumption for the previous 12 months.
 4 ~~The commission may waive the application, interconnection, and~~
 5 ~~installation requirements of this part for customers participating~~
 6 ~~in the net metering program under the commission's March 29, 2005~~
 7 ~~order in case no. U-14346.~~

8 ~~(3) An electric utility or alternative electric supplier is~~
 9 ~~not required to allow for a distributed generation program that is~~
 10 ~~greater than 1% of its average in-state peak load for the preceding~~
 11 ~~5 calendar years. The electric utility or alternative electric~~
 12 ~~supplier shall notify the commission if its distributed generation~~
 13 ~~program reaches the 1% limit under this subsection. The 1% limit~~
 14 ~~under this subsection shall be allocated as follows:~~

15 ~~(a) No more than 0.5% for customers with an eligible electric~~
 16 ~~generator capable of generating 20 kilowatts or less.~~

17 ~~(b) No more than 0.25% for customers with an eligible electric~~
 18 ~~generator capable of generating more than 20 kilowatts but not more~~
 19 ~~than 150 kilowatts.~~

20 ~~(c) No more than 0.25% for customers with a methane digester~~
 21 ~~capable of generating more than 150 kilowatts.~~

22 **(3) (4) Selection of customers who have submitted a complete**
 23 **application** for participation in the distributed generation program
 24 shall be based ~~on the order in which the applications for~~
 25 ~~participation in the program are received by the electric utility~~
 26 ~~or alternative electric supplier.~~**solely on meeting the**
 27 **interconnection and equipment requirements for participation. An**
 28 **electric utility or alternative electric supplier shall not**
 29 **restrict the number of participants in the distributed generation**

1 **program.**

2 (4) ~~(5)~~—An electric utility or alternative electric supplier
3 shall not discontinue or refuse to provide electric service to a
4 customer solely because the customer participates in the
5 distributed generation program.

6 (5) ~~(6)~~—The distributed generation program ~~created under~~
7 ~~subsection (1)~~ shall include all of the following:

8 (a) Statewide uniform interconnection requirements for all
9 eligible electric generators. The interconnection requirements
10 shall be designed to protect electric utility workers and equipment
11 and the general public.

12 (b) ~~Distributed~~ **Requirements that distributed** generation
13 equipment and its installation ~~shall~~ meet all current local and
14 state electric and construction code requirements. Any equipment
15 that is certified by a nationally recognized testing laboratory to
16 IEEE 1547.1 testing standards and in compliance with UL 1741 scope
17 1.1A, effective May 7, 2007, **or updates to those testing standards**
18 **and scope approved by the commission, and that is** installed in
19 compliance with this part is considered to be compliant. Within the
20 time provided by the commission ~~in rules promulgated under~~ **pursuant**
21 **to** subsection (1) and consistent with good utility practice ~~, and~~
22 the protection of electric utility workers, electric utility
23 equipment, and the general public, an electric utility may study,
24 confirm, and ensure that an eligible electric generator
25 installation at the customer's site meets the ~~IEEE 1547 anti-~~
26 ~~islanding requirements or any applicable successor anti-islanding~~
27 ~~requirements determined by the commission to be reasonable and~~
28 ~~consistent with the purposes of this subdivision.~~ **"IEEE 1547**
29 **Standard for Interconnecting Distributed Resources with Electric**

1 **Power Systems" or a commission-approved update to IEEE 1547.** If
2 necessary to promote reliability or safety, the commission may
3 promulgate rules that require the use of inverters that perform
4 specific automated grid-balancing functions to integrate
5 distributed generation onto the electric grid. Inverters that
6 interconnect distributed generation resources may be owned and
7 operated by electric utilities. Both of the following must be
8 completed before the equipment is operated in parallel with the
9 distribution system of the utility:

10 (i) Utility testing and approval of the interconnection,
11 including all metering.

12 (ii) Execution of a parallel operating agreement.

13 (c) A uniform **distributed generation** application form and
14 process to be used by all electric utilities and alternative
15 electric suppliers in this state. Customers ~~who~~**that** are served by
16 an alternative electric supplier shall submit a copy of the
17 application to the electric utility for the customer's service
18 area.

19 ~~(d) Distributed generation customers with a system capable of~~
20 ~~generating 20 kilowatts or less qualify for true net metering.~~

21 ~~(e) Distributed generation customers with a system capable of~~
22 ~~generating more than 20 kilowatts qualify for modified net~~
23 ~~metering.~~

24 ~~(d) (7) Each~~ **A requirement that each** electric utility and
25 alternative electric supplier ~~shall~~ maintain records of all
26 applications and up-to-date records of all active eligible electric
27 generators located within ~~their~~**its** service area.

28 **(6) Not later than 1 year after the effective date of the**
29 **amendatory act that added subsection (8), the commission shall**

1 establish a statewide uniform methodology by which an electric
2 utility or alternative electric supplier may establish a fair value
3 tariff if approved by the commission after a contested case hearing
4 pursuant to chapter 4 of the administrative procedures act of 1969,
5 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.271 to 24.288. Both of the following apply to a
6 fair value tariff:

7 (a) A fair value tariff shall meet all of the following
8 requirements:

9 (i) Allow distributed generation for self-service in each
10 billing period or time-of-use pricing period without any charge to
11 the customer.

12 (ii) Apply the same system access, delivery, and power supply
13 charges for net electricity delivered in each billing period or
14 time-of-use pricing period to a customer that participates in the
15 distributed generation program as to a customer that is similarly
16 situated but does not participate.

17 (iii) Credit the customer for net excess generation by the
18 customer in each billing period or time-of-use pricing period that
19 is delivered to the local utility's distribution system. The
20 customer shall be credited at a rate that meets both of the
21 following requirements:

22 (A) Is not less than the full retail rate for a customer that
23 is similarly situated but does not participate in the distributed
24 generation program at the time of excess generation, minus the
25 delivery charge.

26 (B) Includes the value of the costs and benefits that will
27 accrue over a period of not less than 20 years, considering the
28 location and time of generation. The costs and benefits include,
29 but are not limited to, the following:

- 1 (I) Energy generated.
- 2 (II) Generation capacity.
- 3 (III) Avoided line losses.
- 4 (IV) Avoided transmission capacity.
- 5 (V) Avoided or deferred distribution system investments.
- 6 (VI) Voltage support and regulation.
- 7 (VII) Reduced fuel price risk to utility customers.
- 8 (VIII) Reasonably quantifiable economic development benefits
9 including job creation and local tax revenue benefits.
- 10 (IX) Any other quantifiable benefits.
- 11 (X) Any costs to the electric provider incurred to serve
12 distributed generation customers reflecting actual penetration
13 levels.
- 14 (iv) Not establish the rate or other terms based on
15 consideration of whether or to whom the customer sells renewable
16 energy credits owned by the customer under section 179. The
17 customer may, under a separate contract, sell the renewable energy
18 credits to the electric utility, the alternative electric supplier,
19 or a third party.
- 20 (v) Require a utility to recalculate a fair value tariff,
21 subject to commission approval, in any proceeding that changes
22 power supply tariffs.
- 23 (vi) Not impose any additional charges on a customer for
24 participation in the distributed generation program.
- 25 (b) A fair value tariff may do any of the following:
- 26 (i) If the tariff credits the customer for capacity without
27 deducting for forced outages, deduct standby charges for an
28 eligible electric generator with capacity in excess of 500
29 kilowatts based on the product of the utility's market cost of

1 capacity and the average peak-coincident forced outage rate of
2 customer generators using similar generation technology.

3 (ii) Based on known and measurable evidence of the cost or
4 benefit of the distributed generation program to the electric
5 utility or alternative electric supplier, incorporate other values
6 into the fair value tariff, including credit for an eligible
7 electric generator that is installed at a high-value location on
8 the distribution grid.

9 (7) The distributed generation program shall include uniform
10 provisions pursuant to which an electric utility or alternative
11 energy supplier may enter a standard-offer contract for electricity
12 generated by customers with eligible electric generators with a
13 capacity of 500 kilowatts or more. A standard-offer contract shall
14 meet all of the following requirements:

15 (a) Be on a form approved by the commission.

16 (b) In net present value, be economically equivalent to or
17 larger than the customer compensation that would be expected under
18 a fair value tariff and assign appropriate value to any reduced
19 uncertainty about future power supply costs for the electric
20 utility or alternative electric supplier and its other customers.

21 (c) Provide a fixed price schedule for power delivered from
22 the eligible electric generator over the full term of the contract,
23 subject to adjustment for changes in the Consumer Price Index. As
24 used in this subdivision, "Consumer Price Index" means the most
25 comprehensive index of consumer prices available for this state
26 from the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department
27 of Labor.

28 (d) Have a term of 20 years or more, unless a shorter term is
29 requested by the customer and agreed to by the electric utility or

1 alternative electric supplier.

2 (e) Provide a satisfactory basis for the customer to finance
3 the eligible electric generator through a lending institution under
4 normal commercial terms.

5 (f) Not establish the price or other terms based on
6 consideration of whether or to whom the customer sells the
7 renewable energy credits owned by the customer under section 179.
8 The customer may, under a separate contract, sell the renewable
9 energy credits to the electric utility, the alternative electric
10 supplier, or a third party.

11 (8) The distributed generation program shall include net
12 metering. An electric utility or alternative electric supplier
13 shall make net metering available to any customer that submits an
14 application. However, the commission may authorize an electric
15 utility or alternative electric supplier to suspend receipt of
16 applications to participate in net metering from customers with an
17 eligible electric generator with a capacity exceeding 500 kilowatts
18 when the electric utility or alternative supplier is offering a
19 fair value tariff or a standard-offer contract approved by the
20 commission for electricity from that type of eligible electric
21 generator. The commission may waive the application,
22 interconnection, and installation requirements under this part for
23 customers participating in the net metering program under the
24 commission's March 29, 2005 order in case no. U-14346.

25 Sec. 175. (1) An electric utility or alternative electric
26 supplier may charge a fee not to exceed \$50.00 to process an
27 application to participate in the distributed generation program.
28 ~~The~~ A customer shall pay all interconnection costs. The commission
29 shall recognize the reasonable cost for each electric utility and

1 alternative electric supplier to operate a distributed generation
2 program. For an electric utility with 1,000,000 or more retail
3 customers in this state, the commission shall include in that
4 electric utility's nonfuel base rates all costs of meeting all
5 program requirements except that all energy costs of the program
6 shall be recovered through the utility's power supply cost recovery
7 mechanism under section 6j of 1939 PA 3, MCL 460.6j. For an
8 electric utility with fewer than 1,000,000 base distribution
9 customers in this state, the commission shall allow that electric
10 utility to recover all energy costs of the program through the
11 power supply cost recovery mechanism under section 6j of 1939 PA 3,
12 MCL 460.6j, and shall develop a cost recovery mechanism for that
13 utility to contemporaneously recover all other costs of meeting the
14 program requirements.

15 (2) The interconnection requirements of the distributed
16 generation program shall provide that an electric utility or
17 alternative electric supplier shall, subject to any time
18 requirements imposed by the commission and upon reasonable written
19 notice to the distributed generation customer, perform testing and
20 inspection of an interconnected eligible electric generator as is
21 necessary to determine that the ~~system~~ **eligible electric generator**
22 complies with all applicable electric safety, power quality, and
23 interconnection, including metering, requirements. The costs of
24 testing and inspection are considered a cost of operating a
25 distributed generation program and shall be recovered ~~under~~
26 **pursuant to** subsection (1).

27 (3) The interconnection requirements shall require ~~all~~
28 eligible electric generators, alternative electric suppliers, and
29 electric utilities to comply with ~~all~~ applicable federal, state,

1 and local laws, rules, ~~or~~ **and** regulations, and any national
2 standards as determined by the commission.

3 Sec. 177. (1) ~~Electric~~ **In the distributed generation program,**
4 **electric** meters shall be used to determine the amount of the
5 customer's energy use in each billing period, net of any excess
6 energy the customer's **eligible electric** generator delivers to the
7 utility distribution system during that same billing period. For a
8 customer with ~~a generation system~~ **an eligible electric generator**
9 capable of generating more than 20 kilowatts, the utility shall
10 install and utilize a generation meter and a meter or meters
11 capable of measuring the flow of energy in both directions. A
12 customer with ~~a system~~ **an eligible electric generator** capable of
13 generating more than 150 kilowatts shall pay the costs of
14 installing any new meters.

15 (2) An electric utility serving over 1,000,000 customers in
16 this state may provide its customers participating in the
17 distributed generation program, at no additional charge, a meter or
18 meters capable of measuring the flow of energy in both directions.

19 (3) An electric utility serving fewer than 1,000,000 customers
20 in this state shall provide a meter or meters described in
21 subsection (2) to customers participating in the distributed
22 generation program at cost. Only the incremental cost above that
23 for meters provided by the electric utility to similarly situated
24 nongenerating customers shall be paid by the ~~eligible~~ customer
25 **participating in the distributed generation program.**

26 (4) If the ~~quantity~~ **value** of electricity generated and
27 delivered to the **electric** utility distribution system by an
28 eligible electric generator during a billing period exceeds the
29 ~~quantity~~ **value** of electricity supplied from the electric utility or

1 alternative electric supplier during the billing period, the
 2 eligible customer shall be credited by ~~their~~**the** supplier of
 3 electric generation service for the excess ~~kilowatt hours~~**value**
 4 generated during the billing period. The credit shall appear on the
 5 bill for the following billing period. ~~and shall be limited to the~~
 6 ~~total power supply charges on that bill.~~ Any excess ~~kilowatt hours~~
 7 **value** not used to offset electric generation charges in the next
 8 billing period will be carried forward to subsequent billing
 9 periods. ~~Notwithstanding any law or regulation, distributed~~
 10 ~~generation customers shall not receive credits for electric utility~~
 11 ~~transmission or distribution charges. The credit per kilowatt hour~~
 12 ~~for kilowatt hours delivered into the utility's distribution system~~
 13 ~~shall be either of the following:~~

14 ~~(a) The monthly average real-time locational marginal price~~
 15 ~~for energy at the commercial pricing node within the electric~~
 16 ~~utility's distribution service territory, or for distributed~~
 17 ~~generation customers on a time-based rate schedule, the monthly~~
 18 ~~average real-time locational marginal price for energy at the~~
 19 ~~commercial pricing node within the electric utility's distribution~~
 20 ~~service territory during the time-of-use pricing period.~~

21 ~~(b) The electric utility's or alternative electric supplier's~~
 22 ~~power supply component, excluding transmission charges, of the full~~
 23 ~~retail rate during the billing period or time-of-use pricing~~
 24 ~~period.~~

25 ~~(5) A charge for net metering and distributed generation~~
 26 ~~customers established pursuant to section 6a of 1939 PA 3, MCL~~
 27 ~~460.6a, shall not be reduced by any credit or other ratemaking~~
 28 ~~mechanism for distributed generation under this section.~~

29 ~~Sec. 179. A customer shall own any renewable~~**Renewable** energy

1 credits granted for electricity generated on the customer's site
2 under the distributed generation program created in this part ~~are~~
3 owned as follows:

4 (a) By the customer, to the extent the electricity is utilized
5 by the customer.

6 (b) By the electric provider, to the extent the electricity is
7 delivered to the local utility's distribution system.

8 Enacting section 1. Section 183 of the clean and renewable
9 energy and energy waste reduction act, 2008 PA 295, MCL 460.1183,
10 is repealed.

11 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days
12 after the date it is enacted into law.