

SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE BILL NO. 1092

A bill to amend 1965 PA 203, entitled "Michigan commission on law enforcement standards act," by amending the title and sections 9, 9b, 9c, and 9d (MCL 28.609, 28.609b, 28.609c, and 28.609d), the title as amended by 1998 PA 237 and sections 9, 9b, 9c, and 9d as amended by 2018 PA 552, and by adding sections 9f and 9g.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

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TITLE

An act to ~~provide for the creation of~~ **create** the commission on law enforcement standards; to prescribe its membership, powers, and duties; to prescribe the reporting responsibilities **and other duties** of certain state and local agencies; **to require licensing of and certain training for law enforcement officers**; to provide for

1 additional costs in criminal cases; to provide for the
2 establishment of the law enforcement officers training fund; and to
3 provide for disbursement of allocations from the law enforcement
4 officers training fund to local agencies of government
5 participating in a police training program.

6 Sec. 9. (1) This section applies to all law enforcement
7 officers except individuals to whom sections 9a, 9b, 9c, and 9d
8 apply. Employment of law enforcement officers to whom this section
9 applies is subject to the licensing requirements and procedures of
10 this section and ~~section~~**sections 9e and 9f**. An individual who
11 seeks admission to a preservice college basic law enforcement
12 training academy or a regional basic law enforcement training
13 academy or the recognition of prior basic law enforcement training
14 and experience program for purposes of licensure under this section
15 shall submit to fingerprinting as provided in section 11(3).

16 (2) The commission shall promulgate rules governing licensing
17 standards and procedures for individuals licensed under this
18 section. In promulgating the rules, the commission shall give
19 consideration to the varying factors and special requirements of
20 law enforcement agencies. Rules promulgated under this subsection
21 must pertain to the following:

22 (a) Subject to ~~section~~**sections 9e and 9f**, training
23 requirements that may be met by completing either of the following:

24 (i) Preenrollment requirements, courses of study, attendance
25 requirements, and instructional hours at an agency basic law
26 enforcement training academy, a preservice college basic law
27 enforcement training academy, or a regional basic law enforcement
28 training academy.

29 (ii) The recognition of prior basic law enforcement training

1 and experience program for granting a waiver from the licensing
2 standard specified in subparagraph (i).

3 (b) Proficiency on a licensing examination administered after
4 compliance with the licensing standard specified in subdivision
5 (a).

6 (c) Physical ability.

7 (d) Psychological fitness.

8 (e) Education.

9 (f) Reading and writing proficiency.

10 (g) Minimum age.

11 (h) Whether or not a valid operator's or chauffeur's license
12 is required for licensure.

13 (i) Character fitness, as determined by a background
14 investigation supported by a written authorization and release
15 executed by the individual for whom licensure is sought.

16 (j) Whether or not United States citizenship is required for
17 licensure.

18 (k) Employment as a law enforcement officer.

19 (l) The form and manner for execution of a written oath of
20 office by a law enforcement agency with whom the individual is
21 employed, and the content of the written oath conferring authority
22 to act with all of the law enforcement authority described in the
23 laws of this state under which the individual is employed.

24 (m) The ability to be licensed and employed as a law
25 enforcement officer under this section, without a restriction
26 otherwise imposed by law.

27 (3) The licensure process under this section must follow the
28 following procedures:

29 (a) Before executing the oath of office, an employing law

1 enforcement agency verifies that the individual to whom the oath is
2 to be administered complies with licensing standards.

3 (b) A law enforcement agency employing an individual licensed
4 under this section authorizes the individual to exercise the law
5 enforcement authority described in the laws of this state under
6 which the individual is employed, by executing a written oath of
7 office.

8 (c) Not more than 10 calendar days after executing the oath of
9 office, the employing law enforcement agency shall attest in
10 writing to the commission that the individual to whom the oath was
11 administered satisfies the licensing standards by submitting an
12 executed affidavit and a copy of the executed oath of office.

13 (4) If, upon reviewing the executed affidavit and executed
14 oath of office, the commission determines that the individual
15 complies with the licensing standards, the commission shall grant
16 the individual a license.

17 (5) If, upon reviewing the executed affidavit and executed
18 oath of office, the commission determines that the individual does
19 not comply with the licensing standards, the commission may do any
20 of the following:

21 (a) Supervise the remediation of errors or omissions in the
22 affidavit and oath of office.

23 (b) Supervise the remediation of errors or omissions in the
24 screening, procedures, examinations, testing, and other means used
25 to verify compliance with the licensing standards.

26 (c) Supervise additional screening, procedures, examinations,
27 testing, and other means used to determine compliance with the
28 licensing standards.

29 (d) Deny the issuance of a license and inform the employing

1 law enforcement agency.

2 (6) Upon being informed that the commission has denied
3 issuance of a license, the employing law enforcement agency shall
4 promptly inform the individual whose licensure was denied.

5 (7) An individual denied a license under this section shall
6 not exercise the law enforcement authority described in the laws of
7 this state under which the individual is employed. This subsection
8 does not divest the individual of that authority until the
9 individual has been informed that ~~his or her~~ **the individual's**
10 licensure was denied.

11 (8) A law enforcement agency that has administered an oath of
12 office to an individual under this section shall do all of the
13 following, with respect to that individual:

14 (a) Report to the commission all personnel transactions
15 affecting employment status in a manner prescribed in rules
16 promulgated by the commission.

17 (b) Report to the commission concerning any action taken by
18 the employing agency that removes the authority conferred by the
19 oath of office, or that restores the individual's authority to that
20 conferred by the oath of office, in a manner prescribed in rules
21 promulgated by the commission.

22 (c) Maintain an employment history record.

23 (d) Collect, verify, and maintain documentation establishing
24 that the individual complies with the licensing standards.

25 (9) An individual licensed under this section shall report all
26 of the following to the commission:

27 (a) Criminal charges for offenses for which that individual's
28 license may be revoked as described in this section, upon being
29 informed of such charges, in a manner prescribed in rules

1 promulgated by the commission.

2 (b) The imposition of a personal protection order against that
3 individual after a judicial hearing under section 2950 or 2950a of
4 the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950 and
5 600.2950a, or under the laws of any other jurisdiction, upon being
6 informed of the imposition of such an order, in a manner prescribed
7 in rules promulgated by the commission.

8 (10) A license issued under this section is rendered inactive,
9 and may be reactivated, as follows:

10 (a) A license is rendered inactive if 1 or more of the
11 following occur:

12 (i) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
13 officer for fewer than 2,080 hours in aggregate, is thereafter
14 continuously not employed as a law enforcement officer for less
15 than 1 year.

16 (ii) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
17 officer for fewer than 2,080 hours in aggregate, is thereafter
18 continuously subjected to a removal of the authority conferred by
19 the oath of office for less than 1 year.

20 (iii) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
21 officer for 2,080 hours or longer in aggregate, is thereafter
22 continuously not employed as a law enforcement officer for less
23 than 2 years.

24 (iv) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
25 officer for 2,080 hours or longer in aggregate, is continuously
26 subjected to a removal of the authority conferred by the oath of
27 office for less than 2 years.

28 (b) An employing law enforcement agency may reactivate a
29 license rendered inactive by complying with the licensure

1 procedures described in subsection (3), excluding verification of
2 and attestation to compliance with the licensing standards
3 described in subsection (2) (a) to (g).

4 (c) A license that has been reactivated under this section is
5 valid for all purposes described in this act.

6 (11) A license issued under this section is rendered lapsed,
7 without barring further licensure under this act, if 1 or more of
8 the following occur:

9 (a) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
10 officer for fewer than 2,080 hours in aggregate, is thereafter
11 continuously not employed as a law enforcement officer for 1 year.

12 (b) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
13 officer for fewer than 2,080 hours in aggregate, is thereafter
14 continuously subjected to a removal of the authority conferred by
15 the oath of office for 1 year.

16 (c) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
17 officer for 2,080 hours or longer in aggregate, is thereafter
18 continuously not employed as a law enforcement officer for 2 years.

19 (d) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
20 officer for 2,080 hours or longer in aggregate, is continuously
21 subjected to a removal of the authority conferred by the oath of
22 office for 2 years.

23 (12) The commission shall revoke a license granted under this
24 section for any of the following circumstances and shall promulgate
25 rules governing revocations under this subsection:

26 (a) The individual obtained the license by making a materially
27 false oral or written statement or committing fraud in an
28 affidavit, disclosure, or application to a law enforcement training
29 academy, the commission, or a law enforcement agency at any stage

1 of recruitment, selection, appointment, enrollment, training, or
2 licensure application.

3 (b) The individual obtained the license because another
4 individual made a materially false oral or written statement or
5 committed fraud in an affidavit, disclosure, or application to a
6 law enforcement training academy, the commission, or a law
7 enforcement agency at any stage of recruitment, selection,
8 appointment, enrollment, training, or licensure application.

9 (c) The individual has been subjected to an adjudication of
10 guilt for a violation or attempted violation of a penal law of this
11 state or another jurisdiction that is punishable by imprisonment
12 for more than 1 year.

13 (d) The individual has been subjected to an adjudication of
14 guilt for violation or attempted violation of 1 or more of the
15 following penal laws of this state or laws of another jurisdiction
16 substantially corresponding to the penal laws of this state:

17 (i) Section 625(1) or (8) of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA
18 300, MCL 257.625, if the individual has a prior conviction, as that
19 term is defined in section 625(25)(b) of the Michigan vehicle code,
20 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625, that occurred within 7 years of the
21 adjudication as described in section 625(9)(b) of the Michigan
22 vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625.

23 (ii) Section 7403(2)(c) or 7404(2)(a), (b), or (c) of the
24 public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7403 and 333.7404.

25 (iii) Section 81(4) or 81a or a misdemeanor violation of section
26 411h of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.81, 750.81a,
27 and 750.411h.

28 (13) The following procedures and requirements apply to
29 license revocation under this section:

1 (a) The commission shall initiate license revocation
2 proceedings, including, but not limited to, the issuance of an
3 order of summary suspension and notice of intent to revoke, upon
4 obtaining notice of facts warranting license revocation.

5 (b) A hearing for license revocation must be conducted as a
6 contested case under the administrative procedures act of 1969,
7 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

8 (c) In lieu of participating in a contested case, an
9 individual may voluntarily and permanently relinquish ~~his or her~~
10 **the individual's** law enforcement officer license by executing
11 before a notary public an affidavit of license relinquishment
12 prescribed by the commission.

13 (d) The commission need not delay or abate license revocation
14 proceedings based on an adjudication of guilt if an appeal is taken
15 from the adjudication of guilt.

16 (e) If the commission issues a final decision or order to
17 revoke a license, that decision or order is subject to judicial
18 review as provided in the administrative procedures act of 1969,
19 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328. A summary suspension described
20 in this section is not a final decision or order for purposes of
21 judicial review.

22 (14) An individual licensed under this section shall not
23 exercise the law enforcement authority described in the laws of
24 this state under which the individual is employed if any of the
25 following occur:

26 (a) The individual's license is rendered void by a court order
27 or other operation of law.

28 (b) The individual's license is revoked.

29 (c) The individual's license is rendered inactive.

1 (d) The individual's license is rendered lapsed.

2 Sec. 9b. (1) This section applies only to individuals who are
3 employed as Michigan tribal law enforcement officers in this state
4 and are subject to a written instrument authorizing them to enforce
5 the laws of this state. Conferring authority to enforce the laws of
6 this state to law enforcement officers to whom this section applies
7 is subject to the licensing requirements and procedures of this
8 section and ~~section~~**sections 9e and 9f**. An individual who seeks
9 admission to a preservice college basic law enforcement training
10 academy or a regional basic law enforcement training academy or the
11 recognition of prior basic law enforcement training and experience
12 program for purposes of licensure under this section shall submit
13 to fingerprinting as provided in section 11(3).

14 (2) The commission shall promulgate rules governing licensing
15 standards and procedures, pertaining to the following:

16 (a) Subject to ~~section~~**sections 9e and 9f**, training
17 requirements that may be met by completing either of the following:

18 (i) Preenrollment requirements, courses of study, attendance
19 requirements, and instructional hours at an agency basic law
20 enforcement training academy, a preservice college basic law
21 enforcement training academy, or a regional basic law enforcement
22 training academy.

23 (ii) The recognition of prior basic law enforcement training
24 and experience program for granting a waiver from the licensing
25 standard specified in subparagraph (i).

26 (b) Proficiency on a licensing examination administered after
27 compliance with the licensing standard specified in subdivision

28 (a).

29 (c) Physical ability.

1 (d) Psychological fitness.

2 (e) Education.

3 (f) Reading and writing proficiency.

4 (g) Minimum age.

5 (h) Whether or not a valid operator's or chauffeur's license
6 is required for licensure.

7 (i) Character fitness, as determined by a background
8 investigation supported by a written authorization and release
9 executed by the individual for whom licensure is sought.

10 (j) Whether or not United States citizenship is required for
11 licensure.

12 (k) Employment as a Michigan tribal law enforcement officer.

13 (l) The form and manner for execution of a written instrument
14 conferring authority upon the individual to enforce the laws of
15 this state, consisting of any of the following:

16 (i) Deputation by a sheriff of this state, conferring authority
17 upon the individual to enforce the laws of this state.

18 (ii) Appointment as a law enforcement officer by a law
19 enforcement agency, conferring authority upon the individual to
20 enforce the laws of this state.

21 (iii) Execution of a written agreement between the Michigan
22 tribal law enforcement agency with whom the individual is employed
23 and a law enforcement agency, conferring authority upon the
24 individual to enforce the laws of this state.

25 (iv) Execution of a written agreement between this state, or a
26 subdivision of this state, and the United States, conferring
27 authority upon the individual to enforce the laws of this state.

28 (m) The ability to be licensed and employed as a law
29 enforcement officer under this section, without a restriction

1 otherwise imposed by law.

2 (3) The licensure process under this section must follow the
3 following procedures:

4 (a) A law enforcement agency or other governmental agency
5 conferring authority upon a Michigan tribal law enforcement officer
6 as provided in this section shall confer the authority to enforce
7 the laws of this state by executing a written instrument as
8 provided in this section.

9 (b) Before executing the written instrument, a law enforcement
10 agency or other governmental agency shall verify that the
11 individual complies with the licensing standards.

12 (c) Not more than 10 calendar days after the effective date of
13 the written instrument, the law enforcement agency or other
14 governmental agency executing the written instrument shall attest
15 in writing to the commission that the individual to whom the
16 authority was conferred satisfies the licensing standards, by
17 submitting an executed affidavit and a copy of the written
18 instrument.

19 (4) If, upon reviewing the executed affidavit and the written
20 instrument, the commission determines that the individual complies
21 with the licensing standards, the commission shall grant the
22 individual a license.

23 (5) If, upon reviewing the executed affidavit and the written
24 instrument, the commission determines that the individual does not
25 comply with the licensing standards, the commission may do any of
26 the following:

27 (a) Supervise the remediation of errors or omissions in the
28 affidavit and oath of office.

29 (b) Supervise the remediation of errors or omissions in the

1 screening, procedures, examinations, testing, and other means used
2 to verify compliance with the licensing standards.

3 (c) Supervise additional screening, procedures, examinations,
4 testing, and other means used to determine compliance with the
5 licensing standards.

6 (d) Deny the issuance of a license and inform the law
7 enforcement agency or other governmental agency conferring
8 authority to enforce the laws of this state upon an individual to
9 whom this section applies.

10 (6) Upon being informed that the commission has denied
11 issuance of a license, a law enforcement agency or other
12 governmental agency conferring authority to enforce the laws of
13 this state upon an individual to whom this section applies shall
14 promptly inform the individual denied.

15 (7) An individual denied a license under this section shall
16 not exercise the law enforcement authority described in a written
17 instrument conferring authority upon the individual to enforce the
18 laws of this state. This subsection does not divest the individual
19 of that authority until the individual has been informed that ~~his~~
20 ~~or her~~ **the individual's** license was denied.

21 (8) A written instrument conferring authority to enforce the
22 laws of this state upon an individual to whom this section applies
23 must include the following:

24 (a) A requirement that the employing Michigan tribal law
25 enforcement agency report to the commission all personnel
26 transactions affecting employment status in a manner prescribed in
27 rules promulgated by the commission.

28 (b) A requirement that the employing Michigan tribal law
29 enforcement agency report to the commission concerning any action

1 it takes that removes the authority conferred by the written
2 instrument conferring authority upon the individual to enforce the
3 laws of this state or that restores the individual's authority to
4 that conferred by the written instrument, in a manner prescribed in
5 rules promulgated by the commission.

6 (c) A requirement that the employing Michigan tribal law
7 enforcement agency maintain an employment history record.

8 (d) A requirement that the employing Michigan tribal law
9 enforcement agency collect, verify, and maintain documentation
10 establishing that the individual complies with the applicable
11 licensing standards.

12 (9) A written instrument conferring authority to enforce the
13 laws of this state upon an individual to whom this section applies
14 must include a requirement that the employing Michigan tribal law
15 enforcement agency report the following regarding an individual
16 licensed under this section:

17 (a) Criminal charges for offenses for which that individual's
18 license may be revoked as described in this section, upon being
19 informed of such charges, in a manner prescribed in rules
20 promulgated by the commission.

21 (b) The imposition of a personal protection order against that
22 individual after a judicial hearing under section 2950 or 2950a of
23 the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950 and
24 600.2950a, or under the laws of any other jurisdiction, upon being
25 informed of the imposition of such an order, in a manner prescribed
26 in rules promulgated by the commission.

27 (10) A license issued under this section is rendered inactive,
28 and may be reactivated, as follows:

29 (a) A license is rendered inactive if 1 or more of the

1 following occur:

2 (i) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
3 officer in aggregate for less than 2,080 hours, is thereafter
4 continuously not employed as a law enforcement officer for less
5 than 1 year.

6 (ii) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
7 officer in aggregate for less than 2,080 hours, is thereafter
8 continuously subjected to a removal of the authority conferred by
9 the written instrument authorizing the individual to enforce the
10 laws of this state for less than 1 year.

11 (iii) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
12 officer in aggregate for 2,080 hours or longer, is thereafter
13 continuously not employed as a law enforcement officer for less
14 than 2 years.

15 (iv) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
16 officer in aggregate for 2,080 hours or longer, is continuously
17 subjected to a removal of the authority conferred by the written
18 instrument authorizing the individual to enforce the laws of this
19 state for less than 2 years.

20 (b) A law enforcement agency or other governmental agency
21 conferring authority to enforce the laws of this state upon an
22 individual to whom this section applies may reactivate a license
23 rendered inactive by complying with the licensure procedures
24 described in subsection (3), excluding verification of and
25 attestation to compliance with the licensing standards described in
26 subsection (2)(a) to (g).

27 (c) A license that has been reactivated under this section is
28 valid for all purposes described in this act.

29 (11) A license issued under this section is rendered lapsed,

1 without barring further licensure under this act, if 1 or more of
2 the following occur:

3 (a) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
4 officer in aggregate for less than 2,080 hours, is thereafter
5 continuously not employed as a law enforcement officer for 1 year.

6 (b) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
7 officer in aggregate for less than 2,080 hours, is thereafter
8 continuously subjected to a removal of the authority conferred by
9 the written instrument authorizing the individual to enforce the
10 laws of this state for 1 year.

11 (c) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
12 officer in aggregate for 2,080 hours or longer, is thereafter
13 continuously not employed as a law enforcement officer for 2 years.

14 (d) An individual, having been employed as a law enforcement
15 officer in aggregate for 2,080 hours or longer, is continuously
16 subjected to a removal of the authority conferred by the written
17 instrument authorizing the individual to enforce the laws of this
18 state for 2 years.

19 (12) The commission shall revoke a license granted under this
20 section for any of the following circumstances and shall promulgate
21 rules governing these revocations under this section:

22 (a) The individual obtained the license by making a materially
23 false oral or written statement or committing fraud in an
24 affidavit, disclosure, or application to a law enforcement training
25 academy, the commission, or a law enforcement agency at any stage
26 of recruitment, selection, appointment, enrollment, training, or
27 licensure application.

28 (b) The individual obtained the license because another
29 individual made a materially false oral or written statement or

1 committed fraud in an affidavit, disclosure, or application to a
2 law enforcement training academy, the commission, or a law
3 enforcement agency at any stage of recruitment, selection,
4 appointment, enrollment, training, or licensure application.

5 (c) The individual has been subjected to an adjudication of
6 guilt for a violation or attempted violation of a penal law of this
7 state or another jurisdiction that is punishable by imprisonment
8 for more than 1 year.

9 (d) The individual has been subjected to an adjudication of
10 guilt for violation or attempted violation of 1 or more of the
11 following penal laws of this state or laws of another jurisdiction
12 substantially corresponding to the penal laws of this state:

13 (i) Section 625(1) or (8) of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA
14 300, MCL 257.625, if the individual has a prior conviction, as that
15 term is defined in section 625(25)(b) of the Michigan vehicle code,
16 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625, that occurred within 7 years of the
17 adjudication as described in section 625(9)(b) of the Michigan
18 vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625.

19 (ii) Section 7403(2)(c) or 7404(2)(a), (b), or (c) of the
20 public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7403 and 333.7404.

21 (iii) Section 81(4) or 81a or a misdemeanor violation of section
22 411h of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.81, 750.81a,
23 and 750.411h.

24 (13) The following procedures and requirements apply to
25 license revocation under this section:

26 (a) The commission shall initiate license revocation
27 proceedings, including, but not limited to, the issuance of an
28 order of summary suspension and notice of intent to revoke, upon
29 obtaining notice of facts warranting license revocation.

1 (b) A hearing for license revocation must be conducted as a
2 contested case under the administrative procedures act of 1969,
3 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

4 (c) In lieu of participating in a contested case, an
5 individual may voluntarily and permanently relinquish ~~his or her~~
6 **the individual's** law enforcement officer license by executing
7 before a notary public an affidavit of license relinquishment
8 prescribed by the commission.

9 (d) The commission need not delay or abate license revocation
10 proceedings based on an adjudication of guilt if an appeal is taken
11 from the adjudication of guilt.

12 (e) If the commission issues a final decision or order to
13 revoke a license, that decision or order is subject to judicial
14 review as provided in the administrative procedures act of 1969,
15 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328. A summary suspension described
16 in this section is not a final decision or order for purposes of
17 judicial review.

18 (14) An individual licensed under this section shall not
19 exercise the law enforcement authority described in a written
20 instrument conferring authority upon the individual to enforce the
21 laws of this state if any of the following occur:

22 (a) The individual's license is rendered void by a court order
23 or other operation of law.

24 (b) The individual's license is revoked.

25 (c) The individual's license is rendered inactive.

26 (d) The individual's license is rendered lapsed.

27 Sec. 9c. (1) This section applies only to individuals who are
28 employed as fire arson investigators from fire departments within
29 villages, cities, townships, or counties in this state, who are

1 sworn and fully empowered by the chiefs of police of those
2 villages, cities, townships, or counties. Conferring authority to
3 enforce the laws of this state to law enforcement officers to whom
4 this section applies is subject to the licensing requirements and
5 procedures of this section and ~~section~~**sections 9e and 9f**. An
6 individual who seeks admission to a preservice college basic law
7 enforcement training academy or a regional basic law enforcement
8 training academy or the recognition of prior basic law enforcement
9 training and experience program for purposes of licensure under
10 this section shall submit to fingerprinting as provided in section
11 11(3).

12 (2) The commission shall promulgate rules governing licensing
13 standards and procedures, pertaining to the following:

14 (a) Subject to ~~section~~**sections 9e and 9f**, training
15 requirements that may be met by completing either of the following:

16 (i) Preenrollment requirements, courses of study, attendance
17 requirements, and instructional hours at an agency basic law
18 enforcement training academy, a preservice college basic law
19 enforcement training academy, or a regional basic law enforcement
20 training academy.

21 (ii) The recognition of prior basic law enforcement training
22 and experience program for granting a waiver from the licensing
23 standard specified in subparagraph (i).

24 (b) Proficiency on a licensing examination administered after
25 compliance with the licensing standard specified in subdivision

26 (a).

27 (c) Physical ability.

28 (d) Psychological fitness.

29 (e) Education.

1 (f) Reading and writing proficiency.

2 (g) Minimum age.

3 (h) Whether or not a valid operator's or chauffeur's license
4 is required for licensure.

5 (i) Character fitness, as determined by a background
6 investigation supported by a written authorization and release
7 executed by the individual for whom licensure is sought.

8 (j) Whether or not United States citizenship is required for
9 licensure.

10 (k) Employment as a fire arson investigator from a fire
11 department within a village, city, township, or county in this
12 state, who is sworn and fully empowered by the chief of police of
13 that village, city, township, or county.

14 (l) The form and manner for execution of a written oath of
15 office by the chief of police of a village, city, township, or
16 county law enforcement agency, and the content of the written oath
17 conferring authority to enforce the laws of this state.

18 (m) The ability to be licensed and employed as a law
19 enforcement officer under this section, without a restriction
20 otherwise imposed by law.

21 (3) The licensure process under this section must follow the
22 following procedures:

23 (a) Before executing the oath of office, the chief of police
24 shall verify that the individual to whom the oath is to be
25 administered complies with the licensing standards.

26 (b) The chief of police shall execute an oath of office
27 authorizing the individual to enforce the laws of this state.

28 (c) Not more than 10 calendar days after executing the oath of
29 office, the chief of police shall attest in writing to the

1 commission that the individual to whom the oath was administered
2 satisfies the licensing standards by submitting an executed
3 affidavit and a copy of the executed oath of office.

4 (4) If, upon reviewing the executed affidavit and executed
5 oath of office, the commission determines that the individual
6 complies with the licensing standards, the commission shall grant
7 the individual a license.

8 (5) If, upon reviewing the executed affidavit and executed
9 oath of office, the commission determines that the individual does
10 not comply with the licensing standards, the commission may do any
11 of the following:

12 (a) Supervise the remediation of errors or omissions in the
13 affidavit and oath of office.

14 (b) Supervise the remediation of errors or omissions in the
15 screening, procedures, examinations, testing, and other means used
16 to verify compliance with the licensing standards.

17 (c) Supervise additional screening, procedures, examinations,
18 testing, and other means used to determine compliance with the
19 licensing standards.

20 (d) Deny the issuance of a license and inform the chief of
21 police.

22 (6) Upon being informed that the commission has denied
23 issuance of a license, the chief of police shall promptly inform
24 the individual whose licensure was denied.

25 (7) An individual denied a license under this section shall
26 not exercise the law enforcement authority described in the oath of
27 office. This subsection does not divest the individual of that
28 authority until the individual has been informed that ~~his or her~~
29 **the individual's** license was denied.

1 (8) A chief of police who has administered an oath of office
2 to an individual under this section shall do all of the following,
3 with respect to that individual:

4 (a) Report to the commission all personnel transactions
5 affecting employment status in a manner prescribed in rules
6 promulgated by the commission.

7 (b) Report to the commission concerning any action taken by
8 the chief of police that removes the authority conferred by the
9 oath of office, or that restores the individual's authority to that
10 conferred by the oath of office, in a manner prescribed in rules
11 promulgated by the commission.

12 (c) Maintain an employment history record.

13 (d) Collect, verify, and maintain documentation establishing
14 that the individual complies with the applicable licensing
15 standards.

16 (9) An individual licensed under this section shall report all
17 of the following to the commission:

18 (a) Criminal charges for offenses for which that individual's
19 license may be revoked as described in this section, upon being
20 informed of such charges, in a manner prescribed in rules
21 promulgated by the commission.

22 (b) Imposition of a personal protection order against that
23 individual after a judicial hearing under section 2950 or 2950a of
24 the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950 and
25 600.2950a, or under the laws of any other jurisdiction, upon being
26 informed of the imposition of such an order, in a manner prescribed
27 in rules promulgated by the commission.

28 (10) A license issued under this section is rendered lapsed,
29 without barring further licensure under this act, if 1 or both of

1 the following occur:

2 (a) The individual is no longer employed as a fire arson
3 investigator from a fire department within a village, city,
4 township, or county in this state, who is sworn and fully empowered
5 by the chief of police of that village, city, township, or county,
6 rendering the license lapsed.

7 (b) The individual is subjected to a removal of the authority
8 conferred by the oath of office, rendering the license lapsed.

9 (11) The commission shall revoke a license granted under this
10 section for any of the following circumstances and shall promulgate
11 rules governing these revocations under this subsection:

12 (a) The individual obtained the license by making a materially
13 false oral or written statement or committing fraud in an
14 affidavit, disclosure, or application to a law enforcement training
15 academy, the commission, or a law enforcement agency at any stage
16 of recruitment, selection, appointment, enrollment, training, or
17 licensure application.

18 (b) The individual obtained the license because another
19 individual made a materially false oral or written statement or
20 committed fraud in an affidavit, disclosure, or application to a
21 law enforcement training academy, the commission, or a law
22 enforcement agency at any stage of recruitment, selection,
23 appointment, enrollment, training, or licensure application.

24 (c) The individual has been subjected to an adjudication of
25 guilt for a violation or attempted violation of a penal law of this
26 state or another jurisdiction that is punishable by imprisonment
27 for more than 1 year.

28 (d) The individual has been subjected to an adjudication of
29 guilt for violation or attempted violation of 1 or more of the

1 following penal laws of this state or laws of another jurisdiction
2 substantially corresponding to the penal laws of this state:

3 (i) Section 625(1) or (8) of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA
4 300, MCL 257.625, if the individual has a prior conviction, as that
5 term is defined in section 625(25)(b) of the Michigan vehicle code,
6 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625, that occurred within 7 years of the
7 adjudication as described in section 625(9)(b) of the Michigan
8 vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625.

9 (ii) Section 7403(2)(c) or 7404(2)(a), (b), or (c) of the
10 public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7403 and 333.7404.

11 (iii) Section 81(4) or 81a or a misdemeanor violation of section
12 411h of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.81, 750.81a,
13 and 750.411h.

14 (12) The following procedures and requirements apply to
15 license revocation under this section:

16 (a) The commission shall initiate license revocation
17 proceedings, including, but not limited to, issuance of an order of
18 summary suspension and notice of intent to revoke, upon obtaining
19 notice of facts warranting license revocation.

20 (b) A hearing for license revocation must be conducted as a
21 contested case under the administrative procedures act of 1969,
22 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

23 (c) In lieu of participating in a contested case, an
24 individual may voluntarily and permanently relinquish ~~his or her~~
25 **the individual's** law enforcement officer license by executing
26 before a notary public an affidavit of license relinquishment
27 prescribed by the commission.

28 (d) The commission need not delay or abate license revocation
29 proceedings based on an adjudication of guilt if an appeal is taken

1 from the adjudication of guilt.

2 (e) If the commission issues a final decision or order to
3 revoke a license, that decision or order is subject to judicial
4 review as provided in the administrative procedures act of 1969,
5 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328. A summary suspension described
6 in this section is not a final decision or order for purposes of
7 judicial review.

8 (13) An individual licensed under this section shall not
9 exercise the law enforcement authority described in the oath of
10 office if any of the following occur:

11 (a) The individual's license is rendered void by a court order
12 or other operation of law.

13 (b) The individual's license is revoked.

14 (c) The individual's license is rendered lapsed.

15 Sec. 9d. (1) This section applies only to individuals who meet
16 all of the following conditions:

17 (a) Are employed as private college security officers under
18 section 37 of the private security business and security alarm act,
19 1968 PA 330, MCL 338.1087.

20 (b) Seek licensure under this act.

21 (c) Are sworn and fully empowered by a chief of police of a
22 village, city, or township law enforcement agency, or are deputized
23 by a county sheriff as a deputy sheriff, excluding deputation as a
24 special deputy.

25 (2) The authority to enforce the laws of this state of private
26 college security officers to whom this section applies is subject
27 to the licensing requirements and procedures of this section and
28 ~~section~~**sections 9e and 9f**. An individual who seeks admission to a
29 preservice college basic law enforcement training academy or a

1 regional basic law enforcement training academy or the recognition
2 of prior basic law enforcement training and experience program for
3 purposes of licensure under this section shall submit to
4 fingerprinting as provided in section 11(3).

5 (3) The commission shall promulgate rules governing licensing
6 standards and procedures, pertaining to the following:

7 (a) Subject to ~~section~~**sections 9e and 9f**, training
8 requirements that may be met by completing either of the following:

9 (i) Preenrollment requirements, courses of study, attendance
10 requirements, and instructional hours at an agency basic law
11 enforcement training academy, a preservice college basic law
12 enforcement training academy, or a regional basic law enforcement
13 training academy.

14 (ii) The recognition of prior basic law enforcement training
15 and experience program for granting a waiver from the licensing
16 standard specified in subparagraph (i).

17 (b) Proficiency on a licensing examination administered after
18 compliance with the licensing standard specified in subdivision
19 (a).

20 (c) Physical ability.

21 (d) Psychological fitness.

22 (e) Education.

23 (f) Reading and writing proficiency.

24 (g) Minimum age.

25 (h) Whether or not a valid operator's or chauffeur's license
26 is required for licensure.

27 (i) Character fitness, as determined by a background
28 investigation supported by a written authorization and release
29 executed by the individual for whom licensure is sought.

1 (j) Whether or not United States citizenship is required for
2 licensure.

3 (k) Employment as a private college security officer as
4 defined in section 37 of the private security business and security
5 alarm act, 1968 PA 330, MCL 338.1087, who is sworn and fully
6 empowered by the chief of police of a village, city, or township
7 law enforcement agency, or deputized by a county sheriff as a
8 deputy sheriff, excluding deputation as a special deputy.

9 (l) The form and manner for execution of a written oath of
10 office by the chief of police of a village, city, or township law
11 enforcement agency, or by a county sheriff, and the content of the
12 written oath conferring the authority to enforce the general
13 criminal laws of this state.

14 (m) The ability to be licensed and employed as a law
15 enforcement officer under this section, without a restriction
16 otherwise imposed by law.

17 (4) The licensure process under this section must follow the
18 following procedures:

19 (a) Before executing the oath of office, the chief of police
20 of a village, city, or township law enforcement agency or the
21 county sheriff shall verify that the private college security
22 officer to whom the oath is administered complies with the
23 licensing standards.

24 (b) The chief of police of a village, city, or township law
25 enforcement agency or the county sheriff shall execute an oath of
26 office authorizing the private college security officer to enforce
27 the general criminal laws of this state.

28 (c) Not more than 10 calendar days after executing the oath of
29 office, the chief of police of a village, city, or township law

1 enforcement agency or the county sheriff shall attest in writing to
2 the commission that the private college security officer to whom
3 the oath was administered satisfies the licensing standards by
4 submitting an executed affidavit and a copy of the executed oath of
5 office.

6 (5) If upon reviewing the executed affidavit and oath of
7 office the commission determines that the private college security
8 officer complies with the licensing standards, the commission shall
9 grant the private college security officer a license.

10 (6) If upon reviewing the executed affidavit and oath of
11 office the commission determines that the private college security
12 officer does not comply with the licensing standards, the
13 commission may do any of the following:

14 (a) Supervise remediation of errors or omissions in the
15 affidavit or oath of office.

16 (b) Supervise the remediation of errors or omissions in the
17 screening, procedures, examinations, testing, and other means used
18 to verify compliance with the licensing standards.

19 (c) Supervise additional screening, procedures, examinations,
20 testing, and other means used to determine compliance with the
21 licensing standards.

22 (d) Deny the issuance of a license and inform the chief of
23 police of a village, city, or township law enforcement agency or
24 the county sheriff of the denial.

25 (7) Upon being informed that the commission has denied
26 issuance of a license, the chief of police of a village, city, or
27 township law enforcement agency or the county sheriff shall
28 promptly inform the private college security officer seeking
29 licensure that ~~he or she~~ **the private college security officer** has

1 been denied issuance of a license under this section.

2 (8) A private college security officer denied a license under
3 this section may not exercise the law enforcement authority
4 described in the oath of office. This subsection does not divest
5 the private college security officer of that authority until the
6 private college security officer has been informed that ~~his or her~~
7 **the private college security officer's** licensure was denied.

8 (9) A chief of police of a village, city, or township law
9 enforcement agency or a county sheriff who has administered an oath
10 of office to a private college security officer under this section
11 shall, with respect to that private college security officer, do
12 all of the following:

13 (a) Report to the commission concerning all personnel
14 transactions affecting employment status, in a manner prescribed in
15 rules promulgated by the commission.

16 (b) Report to the commission concerning any action taken by
17 the chief of police of a village, city, or township law enforcement
18 agency or the county sheriff that removes the authority conferred
19 by the oath of office or that restores the private college security
20 officer's authority conferred by the oath of office, in a manner
21 prescribed in rules promulgated by the commission.

22 (c) Maintain an employment history record.

23 (d) Collect, verify, and maintain documentation establishing
24 that the private college security officer complies with the
25 applicable licensing standards.

26 (10) If a private college or university appoints an individual
27 as a private college security officer under section 37 of the
28 private security business and security alarm act, 1968 PA 330, MCL
29 338.1087, and the private college security officer is licensed

1 under this section, the private college or university, with respect
2 to the private college security officer, shall do ~~all~~**both** of the
3 following:

4 (a) Report to the commission all personnel transactions
5 affecting employment status in a manner prescribed in rules
6 promulgated by the commission.

7 (b) Report to the chief of police of a village, city, or
8 township law enforcement agency or the county sheriff who
9 administered the oath of office to that private college security
10 officer all personnel transactions affecting employment status, in
11 a manner prescribed in rules promulgated by the commission.

12 (11) A private college security officer licensed under this
13 section shall report all of the following to the commission:

14 (a) Criminal charges for offenses for which the private
15 college security officer's license may be revoked as described in
16 this section upon being informed of such charges and in a manner
17 prescribed in rules promulgated by the commission.

18 (b) The imposition of a personal protection order against the
19 private college security officer after a judicial hearing under
20 section 2950 or 2950a of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961
21 PA 236, MCL 600.2950 and 600.2950a, or under the law of any other
22 jurisdiction, upon being informed of the imposition of such an
23 order, in a manner prescribed in rules promulgated by the
24 commission.

25 (12) A license granted under this section is rendered lapsed,
26 without barring further licensure under this act, if 1 or both of
27 the following occur:

28 (a) The private college security officer is no longer employed
29 as a private college security officer appointed under section 37 of

1 the private security business and security alarm act, 1968 PA 330,
2 MCL 338.1087, who is sworn and fully empowered by the chief of
3 police of a village, city, or township law enforcement agency, or
4 deputized by a county sheriff as a deputy sheriff, excluding
5 deputation as a special deputy, rendering the license lapsed.

6 (b) The private college security officer is subjected to a
7 removal of the authority conferred by the oath of office, rendering
8 the license lapsed.

9 (13) The commission shall revoke a license granted under this
10 section for any of the following and shall promulgate rules
11 governing these revocations:

12 (a) The private college security officer obtained the license
13 by making a materially false oral or written statement or
14 committing fraud in the affidavit, disclosure, or application to a
15 law enforcement training academy, the commission, or a law
16 enforcement agency at any stage of recruitment, selection,
17 appointment, enrollment, training, or licensure application.

18 (b) The private college security officer obtained the license
19 because another person made a materially false oral or written
20 statement or committed fraud in the affidavit, disclosure, or
21 application to a law enforcement training academy, the commission,
22 or a law enforcement agency at any stage of recruitment, selection,
23 appointment, enrollment, training, or licensure application.

24 (c) The private college security officer has been subjected to
25 an adjudication of guilt for a violation or attempted violation of
26 a penal law of this state or another jurisdiction that is
27 punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year.

28 (d) The private college security officer has been subjected to
29 an adjudication of guilt for a violation or attempted violation of

1 1 or more of the following penal laws of this state or another
 2 jurisdiction substantially corresponding to the penal laws of this
 3 state:

4 (i) Section 625(1) or (8) of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA
 5 300, MCL 257.625, if the individual has a prior conviction, as that
 6 term is defined in section 625(25)(b) of the Michigan vehicle code,
 7 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625, that occurred within 7 years of the
 8 adjudication as described in section 625(9)(b) of the Michigan
 9 vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.625.

10 (ii) Section 7403(2)(c) or 7404(2)(a), (b), or (c) of the
 11 public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7403 and 333.7404.

12 (iii) Section 81(4) or 81a or a misdemeanor violation of section
 13 411h of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.81, 750.81a,
 14 and 750.411h.

15 (14) The following procedures and requirements apply to
 16 license revocation under this section:

17 (a) The commission shall initiate license revocation
 18 proceedings, including, but not limited to, the issuance of an
 19 order for summary suspension and notice of intent to revoke a
 20 license upon obtaining notice of facts warranting license
 21 revocation.

22 (b) A hearing for license revocation must be conducted as a
 23 contested case under the administrative procedures act of 1969,
 24 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

25 (c) In lieu of participating in a contested case, a private
 26 ~~security~~ college **security** officer may voluntarily and permanently
 27 relinquish ~~his or her~~ **the private college security officer's** law
 28 enforcement officer license under this section by executing before
 29 a notary public an affidavit of license relinquishment as

1 prescribed by the commission.

2 (d) The commission need not delay or abate license revocation
3 proceedings based on an adjudication of guilt if an appeal is taken
4 from the adjudication of guilt.

5 (e) If the commission issues a final decision or order to
6 revoke a license, that decision or order is subject to judicial
7 review as provided in the administrative procedures act of 1969,
8 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328. A summary suspension described
9 in this section is not a final decision or order for purposes of
10 judicial review.

11 (15) A private college security officer licensed under this
12 section shall not exercise the law enforcement authority described
13 in the oath of office ~~he or she~~ **the private college security**
14 **officer** executed if any of the following occur:

15 (a) The private college security officer's license is rendered
16 void by a court order or other operation of law.

17 (b) The private college security officer's license is revoked.

18 (c) The private college security officer's license is rendered
19 lapsed.

20 **Sec. 9f. (1) Beginning July 1, 2025, an individual who is**
21 **seeking to become licensed as a law enforcement officer under**
22 **section 9, 9b, 9c, or 9d shall complete training that meets the**
23 **standards under this section. A law enforcement officer who is**
24 **licensed under section 9, 9b, 9c, or 9d on July 1, 2025 and who has**
25 **not previously completed the training under this section shall**
26 **complete training that meets the standards under this section by**
27 **July 1, 2026.**

28 (2) Subject to subsection (4), not later than October 1, 2024,
29 the commission shall conduct or contract for research and analysis

1 to identify training gaps and begin to adapt, adopt, or develop
2 curriculum standards for training in the following areas or other
3 areas the commission determines to be substantially similar:

4 (a) De-escalation techniques.

5 (b) Implicit bias training.

6 (c) Procedural justice training.

7 (d) Behavioral health resources and support available for law
8 enforcement officers.

9 (e) Crisis intervention techniques.

10 (3) The curriculum standards for training on de-escalation
11 techniques must include all of the following:

12 (a) The employment of verbal and physical tactics to defuse
13 volatile or potentially violent situations, including when they are
14 safe and feasible, with an emphasis on using communication,
15 negotiation, and de-escalation techniques.

16 (b) The level of force that is an objectively reasonable
17 response to an identified and articulable threat or resistance that
18 is based on information available at the time of the incident and
19 that requires contact reevaluation as circumstances dictate and
20 allow.

21 (c) Training that provides law enforcement officers with
22 awareness and recognition of indicators of physical disabilities,
23 intellectual disabilities, developmental disabilities, other mental
24 health issues, and substance use disorders with an emphasis on
25 effective communication and de-escalation techniques.

26 (d) As appropriate with the nature and immediacy of the threat
27 to public safety, the use of distance, cover, and time when
28 approaching and managing critical incidents, in order to help
29 create a safety zone between the law enforcement officer and

1 subject, to afford the law enforcement officer more time to react
2 to the circumstances.

3 (e) A law enforcement officer's responsibility to intervene in
4 a situation if another law enforcement officer's actions indicate
5 that the other law enforcement officer has lost self-control or use
6 of force is not objectively reasonable to the level of resistance
7 encountered.

8 (f) Methods to divert individuals with mental disabilities,
9 mental health disorders, or substance use disorders from
10 involvement in the criminal justice system.

11 (g) Information about this state's behavioral health system,
12 including, but not limited to, its history and resources.

13 (h) Other evidence-based approaches, found to be appropriate
14 by the commission, that enhance de-escalation techniques and
15 skills.

16 (4) An individual seeking to become a law enforcement officer
17 licensed under this act or an individual who is already a licensed
18 law enforcement officer under this act may meet the standards for
19 implicit bias training by completing an implicit bias training
20 course approved by the commission.

21 (5) Within 6 months after the effective date of the amendatory
22 act that added this section, each law enforcement agency in this
23 state shall adopt a written policy that states that each of the law
24 enforcement officers in its employ shall utilize de-escalation
25 techniques in the law enforcement officer's interactions with
26 citizens to the extent that is reasonable and as safe as possible.

27 (6) The commission shall make a model written policy that
28 meets the requirements of this section available on its website. A
29 law enforcement agency may fulfill its duty under subsection (5) by

1 adopting the written policy made available under this subsection.

2 (7) The commission shall promulgate rules pursuant to the
3 administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to
4 24.328, to ensure compliance with this section, including a tiered
5 system of license sanctions up to license revocation for a law
6 enforcement officer licensed under section 9, 9b, 9c, or 9d who
7 refuses to comply with the training requirements under this
8 section. The rules promulgated under this subsection pertaining to
9 the revocation of a license must incorporate the requirements and
10 procedures in the same manner as provided in sections 9(13),
11 9b(13), 9c(13), and 9d(14).

12 (8) As used in this section:

13 (a) "Behavioral health" means the treatment of a mental
14 disability, mental health disorder, or substance use disorder, and
15 the support of an individual who experiences or is in recovery from
16 a mental disability, mental health disorder, or substance use
17 disorder.

18 (b) "Crisis intervention technique" means a method of
19 immediate response to an individual or a situation involving an
20 individual experiencing a crisis that includes, but is not limited
21 to, any of the following:

22 (i) Mental disability.

23 (ii) Mental health disorder.

24 (iii) Substance use disorder.

25 (iv) Acute emotional distress.

26 (c) "Curriculum" means a structure of educational standards
27 that identifies behavioral objectives and outcomes.

28 (d) "De-escalation technique" means a method or methods
29 intended to defuse a potentially volatile or violent situation with

1 the goal to reduce the level of subject control required to resolve
2 the situation in an objectively reasonable and safe manner.

3 (e) "Implicit bias training" means evidence-based training
4 that provides instruction regarding the bias implicit in all human
5 beings and how to help ensure subconscious bias does not inhibit
6 fair and impartial law enforcement.

7 (f) "Procedural justice training" means training based on the
8 principles of treating people with dignity and respect, giving
9 citizens a voice during encounters, being neutral in decision
10 making, and conveying trustworthy motives while emphasizing law
11 enforcement's role in the context of the larger criminal justice
12 system.

13 (g) "Training gap" means identified behavioral or performance
14 deficiencies caused by a lack of skill or knowledge.

15 Sec. 9g. (1) A law enforcement officer licensed under this act
16 shall complete not less than 12 hours of continuing education in
17 the areas listed under section 9f(2)(a) to (e) on or after July 1,
18 2026 and before July 1, 2027.

19 (2) Beginning July 1, 2027, a law enforcement officer licensed
20 under this act shall complete not less than 24 hours of continuing
21 education every 2 years in the areas listed under section 9f(2)(a)
22 to (e).

23 (3) The commission shall promulgate rules to implement this
24 section pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969
25 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.