SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE BILL NO. 393

A bill to amend 1967 PA 281, entitled "Income tax act of 1967,"
(MCL 206.1 to 206.713) by adding sections 279 and 679.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 279. (1) For the 2020 and 2021 tax years, a qualified taxpayer who owns or operates an afflicted business that has been negatively impacted during the tax year due to a COVID-19 order and that afflicted business has a certified loss in gross receipts revenue of 25% or more during the tax year may claim a credit against the tax imposed by this part in an amount equal to the total property taxes levied and collected for that same calendar year on the qualified taxpayer's property used in connection with the operation of the qualified taxpayer's afflicted business. A
qualified taxpayer who rents or leases property used in connection with the operation of the qualified taxpayer's afflicted business that is subject to property taxes may claim a similar credit based on 23% of the gross rent paid during the tax year if that afflicted business has been negatively impacted during the tax year due to a COVID-19 order and has a certified loss in gross receipts revenue of 25% or more during the tax year.

(2) For a qualified taxpayer who is a member of a flow-through entity that owns and operates an afflicted business that qualifies for the credit under this section, that qualified taxpayer may claim a credit against the member's tax liability under this part based on the member's distributive share of business income reported from that flow-through entity or an alternative method approved by the department. A qualified taxpayer's afflicted business is considered negatively impacted by a COVID-19 order if either of the following applies:

(a) As a result of a COVID-19 order, the qualified taxpayer's afflicted business was closed to ingress, egress, use, and occupancy by members of the public.

(b) The qualified taxpayer's afflicted business involves assemblages of people that were prohibited by a COVID-19 order.

(3) The department shall prescribe the form and manner in which a qualified taxpayer shall claim a credit under this section. The department may require reasonable proof from the taxpayer in order to verify the negative impact due to a COVID-19 order and the reported revenue loss claimed to qualify for the credit under this section.

(4) If the amount of the credit allowed under this section exceeds the tax liability of the qualified taxpayer for the tax
year, that excess shall be refunded.

(5) As used in this section:

(a) "Afflicted business" means any of the following businesses whose primary operation is any of the following:

(i) An entertainment venue.

(ii) An exercise facility.

(iii) A food service establishment.

(iv) A recreation facility or place of public amusement.

(v) A cosmetology shop or barber shop.

(vi) A nursery dealer or nursery grower.

(vii) An athletic trainer.

(viii) A body art facility.

(ix) A hotel or bed and breakfast.

(b) "Bed and breakfast" means that term as defined in section 4b of the Stille-DeRossett-Hale single state construction code act, 1972 PA 230, MCL 125.1504b.

(c) "COVID-19 order" means an executive order issued by the governor or an emergency order issued by the department of health and human services.

(d) "Entertainment venue" includes an auditorium, arena, banquet hall, cinema, concert hall, conference center, performance venue, sporting venue, stadium, or theater.

(e) "Exercise facility" means a facility in which individuals participate in individual or group physical activity, including a gymnasium, fitness center, or exercise studio.

(f) "Food service establishment" means that term as defined in section 1107 of the food law, 2000 PA 92, MCL 289.1107.

(g) "Gross receipts" means that term as defined in section 607.
(h) "Hotel" means a building or structure kept, used, maintained as, or held out to the public to be an inn, hotel, or public lodging house. Hotel does not include a bed and breakfast.

(i) "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer who owns and operates an afflicted business or a taxpayer who is a member of a flow-through entity that owns and operates an afflicted business.

(j) "Recreation facility or place of public amusement" includes an amusement park, arcade, bingo hall, bowling alley, casino, nightclub, skating rink, water park, or trampoline park.

Sec. 679. (1) For the 2020 and 2021 tax years, a taxpayer that owns and operates an afflicted business that was negatively impacted during the tax year due to a COVID-19 order and that afflicted business has a certified loss in gross receipts revenue of 25% or more during the tax year may claim a credit against the tax imposed by this part in an amount equal to the total property taxes levied and collected for that same calendar year on the taxpayer's property used in connection with the operation of the taxpayer's afflicted business. A taxpayer that rents or leases property used in connection with the operation of the taxpayer's afflicted business that is subject to property taxes may claim a similar credit based on 23% of the gross rent paid during the tax year if that afflicted business has been negatively impacted during the tax year due to a COVID-19 order and has a certified loss in gross receipts revenue of 25% or more during the tax year. A taxpayer's afflicted business is considered negatively impacted by a COVID-19 order if either of the following applies:

(a) As a result of a COVID-19 order, the taxpayer's afflicted
business was closed to ingress, egress, use, and occupancy by members of the public.

(b) The taxpayer's afflicted business involves assemblages of people that were prohibited by a COVID-19 order.

(2) The department shall prescribe the form and manner in which a taxpayer shall claim a credit under this section. The department may require reasonable proof from the taxpayer in order to verify the negative impact due to a COVID-19 order and the reported revenue loss claimed to qualify for the credit under this section.

(3) If the amount of the credit allowed under this section exceeds the tax liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, that excess shall be refunded.

(4) As used in this section:

(a) "Afflicted business" means any of the following businesses whose primary operation is any of the following:

(i) An entertainment venue.

(ii) An exercise facility.

(iii) A food service establishment.

(iv) A recreation facility or place of public amusement.

(v) A cosmetology shop or barber shop.

(vi) A nursery dealer or nursery grower.

(vii) An athletic trainer.

(viii) A body art facility.

(ix) A hotel or bed and breakfast.

(b) "Bed and breakfast" means that term as defined in section 4b of the Stille-DeRossett-Hale single state construction code act, 1972 PA 230, MCL 125.1504b.

(c) "COVID-19 order" means an executive order issued by the
governor or an emergency order issued by the department of health and human services.

(d) "Entertainment venue" includes an auditorium, arena, banquet hall, cinema, concert hall, conference center, performance venue, sporting venue, stadium, or theater.

(e) "Exercise facility" means a facility in which individuals participate in individual or group physical activity, including a gymnasium, fitness center, or exercise studio.

(f) "Food service establishment" means that term as defined in section 1107 of the food law, 2000 PA 92, MCL 289.1107.

(g) "Hotel" means a building or structure kept, used, maintained as, or held out to the public to be an inn, hotel, or public lodging house. Hotel does not include a bed and breakfast.

(h) "Recreation facility or place of public amusement" includes an amusement park, arcade, bingo hall, bowling alley, casino, nightclub, skating rink, water park, or trampoline park.

Enacting section 1. This amendatory act is intended to be retroactive and applies retroactively to tax years that begin on and after January 1, 2020.