Legislative Analysis



TENANT NOTIFICATION OF HOUSING LAW VIOLATION

Phone: (517) 373-8080 http://www.house.mi.gov/hfa

House Bill 4183 as introduced Sponsor: Rep. Amos O'Neal Committee: Regulatory Reform

Analysis available at http://www.legislature.mi.gov

Complete to 9-13-21

SUMMARY:

House Bill 4183 would amend the Housing Law of Michigan to require the owner of a multiunit dwelling to notify each occupant of the property within 48 hours after receiving a notice of a violation of the act. This requirement could be satisfied by sending a copy by registered or certified mail, emailing a scanned copy of the notice, delivering a copy of the notice (which would be signed by both the owner and the occupant receiving the notice), or posting a copy of the notice in a common area of the premises.

In general, if any part of the premises of a multiple dwelling (e.g., an apartment building) is found to be in violation of a provision of the Housing Law, the *enforcing agency* of the municipality in which the premises are located is required to notify the owner (and may notify the tenants) in writing of the violation. (An *enforcing agency* is the designated officer or agency charged with administering and enforcing the act.) The notice to the owner must state the date of the inspection, the name of the inspector, the nature of the violation, and the time within which the correction must be completed. Units in multiple dwellings cannot be occupied unless a certificate of compliance has been issued by the enforcing agency. A violation does not prevent a certificate from being issued, but a certificate cannot be issued when the existing conditions constitute a hazard to the health or safety of the occupants.

The bill would eliminate the discretion of the enforcing agency to notify the tenants of a violation involving the property. Instead, the bill would require the owner, within 48 hours after receiving a notice of a violation, to notify each occupant of the premises of the violation in a manner reasonably calculated to give actual notice of the violation, such as any of the following:

- By sending a copy of the notice to each occupant by certified or registered mail.
- By sending a scanned copy of the notice to each occupant by electronic mail. The
 owner would have to ensure that the notice is sent to an email address provided to the
 owner by the occupant or previously used to communicate with the owner.
- By personal delivery of the notice to each occupant. The notice would have to be signed by both the owner and the occupant receiving it, with both of them retaining a copy or image of the signed notice.
- By posting a copy of the notice in a *common area* at the premises. The notice would have to remain posted in the common area until the violation identified in the notice had been corrected. (*Common area* would mean a portion of a building generally accessible to all occupants of the building, such as a community center, communal laundry room, mailroom, public hall, recreational room, or stair hall.)

MCL 125.532

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FISCAL IMPACT:

House Bill 4183 would not have a significant fiscal impact on any unit of state or local government, since it would be incumbent on owners to fulfill the additional responsibilities created under the bill.

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[■] This analysis was prepared by nonpartisan House Fiscal Agency staff for use by House members in their deliberations and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.