## **SENATE BILL No. 79**

January 27, 2011, Introduced by Senators WHITMER, HUNTER, BIEDA, GLEASON, HOPGOOD and ANDERSON and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1998 PA 386, entitled "Estates and protected individuals code," by amending sections 2802, 2803, and 2804 (MCL 700.2802, 700.2803, and 700.2804).

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 2802. As used in this section and sections 2803 and 2804:
- 2 (A) "ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR EXPLOITATION" MEANS ANY OF THE
- 3 FOLLOWING:
- 4 (i) AN INTENTIONAL ACT, THE COMMISSION OF WHICH IS A FELONY,
  - PROHIBITED UNDER CHAPTER XXA OF THE MICHIGAN PENAL CODE, 1931 PA
- 6 328, MCL 750.145M TO 750.145R.
- 7 (ii) A VIOLATION OF SECTION 174A OF THE MICHIGAN PENAL CODE,
- 8 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.174A.
- 9 (iii) A CRIMINAL ACT THAT IS AN OFFENSE INVOLVING DOMESTIC
- 10 VIOLENCE AS THAT TERM IS DEFINED IN SECTION 27B OF CHAPTER VIII OF

- 1 THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, 1927 PA 175, MCL 768.27B.
- 2 (iv) AN ACT THAT CONSTITUTES CHILD ABUSE UNDER SECTION 136B OF
- 3 THE MICHIGAN PENAL CODE, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.136B.
- 4 (v) A CRIMINAL ACT THAT CONSTITUTES ABUSE AS THAT TERM IS
- 5 DEFINED IN SECTION 11 OF THE SOCIAL WELFARE ACT, 1939 PA 280, MCL
- 6 400.11.
- 7 (B) (a) "Disposition or appointment of property" includes, but
- 8 is not limited to, a transfer of an item of property or another
- 9 benefit to a beneficiary designated in a governing instrument.
- 10 (C) "FELON" MEANS THE INDIVIDUAL WHO WAS CONVICTED OF
- 11 COMMITTING THE ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR EXPLOITATION.
- 12 (D) (b) "Governing instrument" means a governing instrument
- 13 executed by the decedent.
- 14 (E) (c) "Revocable" means, with respect to a disposition,
- 15 appointment, provision, or nomination, one under which the
- 16 decedent, at the time of or immediately before death, was alone
- 17 empowered, by law or under the governing instrument, to cancel the
- 18 designation in favor of the killer OR FELON, whether or not the
- 19 decedent was then empowered to designate himself or herself in
- 20 place of his or her killer OR FELON and whether or not the decedent
- 21 then had the capacity to exercise the power.
- Sec. 2803. (1) An individual who feloniously and intentionally
- 23 kills OR WHO IS CONVICTED OF COMMITTING ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR
- 24 EXPLOITATION WITH RESPECT TO the decedent forfeits all benefits
- 25 under this article with respect to the decedent's estate, including
- 26 an intestate share, an elective share, an omitted spouse's or
- 27 child's share, a homestead allowance, a family allowance, and

- 1 exempt property. If the decedent died intestate, the decedent's
- 2 intestate estate passes as if the killer OR FELON disclaimed his or
- 3 her intestate share.
- 4 (2) The felonious and intentional killing OR THE CONVICTION OF
- 5 THE FELON FOR THE ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR EXPLOITATION of the decedent
- 6 does all of the following:
- 7 (a) Revokes all of the following that are revocable:
- 8 (i) Disposition or appointment of property made by the decedent
- 9 to the killer OR FELON in a governing instrument.
- 10 (ii) Provision in a governing instrument conferring a general
- 11 or nongeneral power of appointment on the killer OR FELON.
- 12 (iii) Nomination of the killer OR FELON in a governing
- 13 instrument, nominating or appointing the killer OR FELON to serve
- 14 in a fiduciary or representative capacity, including a personal
- 15 representative, executor, trustee, or agent.
- 16 (b) Severs the interests of the decedent and killer OR FELON
- 17 in property held by them at the time of the killing, ABUSE,
- 18 NEGLECT, OR EXPLOITATION as joint tenants with the right of
- 19 survivorship, transforming the interests of the decedent and killer
- 20 OR FELON into tenancies in common.
- 21 (3) A severance under subsection (2)(b) does not affect a
- 22 third party interest in property acquired for value and in good
- 23 faith reliance on an apparent title by survivorship in the killer
- 24 OR FELON unless a writing declaring the severance has been noted,
- 25 registered, filed, or recorded in records appropriate to the kind
- 26 and location of the property that are relied upon, in the ordinary
- 27 course of transactions involving that type of property, as evidence

- 1 of ownership.
- 2 (4) A provision of a governing instrument is given effect as
- 3 if the killer OR FELON disclaimed all provisions revoked by this
- 4 section or, in the case of a revoked nomination in a fiduciary or
- 5 representative capacity, as if the killer OR FELON predeceased the
- 6 decedent.
- 7 (5) A killer's **OR FELON'S** wrongful acquisition of property or
- 8 interest not covered by this section shall be treated in accordance
- 9 with the principle that a killer OR FELON cannot profit from his or
- 10 her wrong.
- 11 (6) After all right to appeal has been exhausted, a judgment
- 12 of conviction establishing criminal accountability for the
- 13 felonious and intentional killing OR THE ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR
- 14 EXPLOITATION of the decedent conclusively establishes the convicted
- 15 individual as the decedent's killer OR AS A FELON, AS APPLICABLE,
- 16 for purposes of this section. In WITH RESPECT TO A CLAIM OF
- 17 FELONIOUS AND INTENTIONAL KILLING, IN the absence of a conviction,
- 18 the court, upon the petition of an interested person, shall
- 19 determine whether, under the preponderance of evidence standard,
- 20 the individual would be found criminally accountable for the
- 21 felonious and intentional killing of the decedent. If the court
- 22 determines that, under that standard, the individual would be found
- 23 criminally accountable for the felonious and intentional killing of
- 24 the decedent, the determination conclusively establishes that
- 25 individual as the decedent's killer for purposes of this section.
- 26 (7) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY IF THE FORFEITURE, REVOCATION,
- 27 OR SEVERANCE WOULD OCCUR BECAUSE OF ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR EXPLOITATION

- 1 AND THE DECEDENT EXECUTED A GOVERNING INSTRUMENT AFTER THE DATE OF
- 2 THE CONVICTION EXPRESSING A SPECIFIC INTENT TO ALLOW THE FELON TO
- 3 INHERIT OR OTHERWISE RECEIVE THE ESTATE OR PROPERTY OF THE
- 4 DECEDENT.
- 5 Sec. 2804. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
- 6 payor or other third party is not liable for having made a payment
- 7 or transferred an item of property or another benefit to a
- 8 beneficiary designated in a governing instrument affected by an
- 9 intentional and felonious killing OR BY ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR
- 10 EXPLOITATION, or for having taken another action in reliance on the
- 11 validity of the governing instrument, upon request and satisfactory
- 12 proof of the decedent's death. A payor or other third party is
- 13 liable for a payment made or other action taken 3-7 or more
- 14 business days after the payor or other third party actually
- 15 receives written notice of a claimed forfeiture or revocation under
- 16 section 2803. A payor or other third party is not obligated to
- 17 determine whether the decedent was the victim of felonious killing
- 18 OR ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR EXPLOITATION or to seek evidence relating to
- 19 such a killing OR ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR EXPLOITATION even if the
- 20 circumstances of the decedent's death are suspicious as to the
- 21 beneficiary's participation in such a killing OR IF THERE IS
- 22 EVIDENCE THAT WOULD RAISE SUSPICIONS THAT THE DECEDENT WAS THE
- 23 VICTIM OF ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR EXPLOITATION BY THE BENEFICIARY. A
- 24 recipient who incorrectly receives a payment, transfer of property,
- 25 or other benefit is liable for the payment or transfer received,
- 26 whether or not written notice of the claim is given.
- 27 (2) Written notice of a claimed forfeiture or revocation under

- 1 subsection (1) must be mailed to the payor's or other third party's
- 2 main office or home by registered or certified mail, return receipt
- 3 requested, or served upon the payor or other third party in the
- 4 same manner as a summons in a civil action. Notice to a sales
- 5 representative of a payor or other third party does not constitute
- 6 notice to the payor or other third party.
- 7 (3) The written notice under subsection (1) must include the
- 8 decedent's name, the name of the person asserting an interest, the
- 9 nature of the payment, item of property, or other benefit, and a
- 10 statement that a claim of forfeiture or revocation is being made
- 11 under section 2803, AND, IF THE CLAIM IS BASED ON A CONVICTION FOR
- 12 ABUSE, NEGLECT, OR EXPLOITATION, A COPY OF THE JUDGMENT OF
- 13 CONVICTION. Notice in a form or service in a manner other than that
- 14 described in this section does not impose liability on a payor or
- 15 other third party for an action taken in accordance with a
- 16 governing instrument.
- 17 (4) Upon receipt of written notice of a claimed forfeiture or
- 18 revocation under this section, a payor or other third party may pay
- 19 an amount owed to the county treasurer of the county of the court
- 20 having jurisdiction of the probate proceedings relating to the
- 21 decedent's estate or, if no proceedings have been commenced, to the
- 22 county treasurer of the county of the decedent's residence. With a
- 23 payment under this section, the payor or other third party shall
- 24 file a copy of the written notice received by the payor or other
- 25 third party. A payment made to the county treasurer discharges the
- 26 payor or other third party from a claim for the value of an amount
- 27 paid to the county treasurer.

- 1 (5) The county treasurer shall not charge a filing fee for a
- 2 payment to the county treasurer under this section. The county
- 3 treasurer shall hold the money in accordance with section 3917 and,
- 4 upon the court's determination under section 2803, shall disburse
- 5 the money in accordance with the determination.
- **6** (6) The provision for payment to the county treasurer under
- 7 this section does not preclude a payor or other third party from
- 8 taking another action authorized by law or the governing
- 9 instrument.

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