SENATE BILL No. 391

May 24, 2011, Introduced by Senators GREEN, KAHN, CASPERSON and MARLEAU and referred to the Committee on Energy and Technology.

A bill to amend 1893 PA 206, entitled
"The general property tax act,"
by amending sections 2 and 8 (MCL 211.2 and 211.8), section 2 as
amended by 2002 PA 620 and section 8 as amended by 2006 PA 633.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 2. (1) For the purpose of taxation, real propertyincludes all of the following:

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- (a) All land within this state, all buildings and fixtures on the land, and all appurtenances to the land, except as expressly exempted by law.
- (b) All real property owned by this state or purchased or condemned for public highway purposes by any board, officer, commission, or department of this state and sold on land contract, notwithstanding the fact that the deed has not been executed transferring title.

- 1 (c) For taxes levied after December 31, 2002, buildings and
- 2 improvements located upon leased real property, except buildings
- 3 and improvements exempt under section 9f or improvements assessable
- 4 under section 8(h), if the value of the buildings or improvements
- 5 is not otherwise included in the assessment of the real property.
- 6 However, buildings and improvements located on leased real property
- 7 shall not be treated as real property unless they would be treated
- 8 as real property if they were located on real property owned by the
- 9 taxpayer.
- 10 (D) FOR TAXES LEVIED AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2012, A WIND ENERGY
- 11 SYSTEM. AS USED IN THIS SUBDIVISION, "WIND ENERGY SYSTEM" MEANS AN
- 12 INTEGRATED UNIT CONSISTING OF A WIND TURBINE COMPOSED OF A ROTOR,
- 13 AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR, A CONTROL SYSTEM, AN INVERTER OR OTHER
- 14 POWER CONDITIONING UNIT, AND A TOWER, WHICH USES MOVING AIR TO
- 15 PRODUCE POWER.
- 16 (2) The taxable status of persons and real and personal
- 17 property for a tax year shall be determined as of each December 31
- 18 of the immediately preceding year, which is considered the tax day,
- 19 any provisions in the charter of any city or village to the
- 20 contrary notwithstanding. An assessing officer is not restricted to
- 21 any particular period in the preparation of the assessment roll but
- 22 may survey, examine, or review property at any time before or after
- 23 the tax day.
- 24 (3) Notwithstanding a provision to the contrary in any law, if
- 25 real property is acquired for public purposes by purchase or
- 26 condemnation, all general property taxes, but not penalties, levied
- 27 during the 12 months immediately preceding, but not including, the

- 1 day title passes to the public agency shall be prorated in
- 2 accordance with this subsection. The seller or condemnee is
- 3 responsible for the portion of taxes from the levy date or dates
- 4 to, but not including, the day title passes and the public agency
- 5 is responsible for the remainder of the taxes. If the date that
- 6 title will pass cannot be ascertained definitely and an agreement
- 7 in advance to prorate taxes is desirable, an estimated date for the
- 8 passage of title may be agreed to. In the absence of an agreement,
- 9 the public agency shall compute the proration of taxes as of the
- 10 date title passes. The question of proration of taxes shall not be
- 11 considered in any condemnation proceeding. As used in this
- 12 subsection, "levy date" means the day on which general property
- 13 taxes become due and payable. In addition to the portion of taxes
- 14 for which the public agency is responsible under the provisions of
- 15 this subsection, the public agency is also responsible for all
- 16 general property taxes levied on or after the date title passes and
- 17 before the property is removed from the tax rolls.
- 18 (4) In a real estate transaction between private parties in
- 19 the absence of an agreement to the contrary, the seller is
- 20 responsible for that portion of the annual taxes levied during the
- 21 12 months immediately preceding, but not including, the day title
- 22 passes, from the levy date or dates to, but not including, the day
- 23 title passes and the buyer is responsible for the remainder of the
- 24 annual taxes. As used in this subsection, "levy date" means the day
- 25 on which a general property tax becomes due and payable.
- 26 Sec. 8. For the purposes of taxation, personal property
- 27 includes all of the following:

- 1 (a) All goods, chattels, and effects within this state.
- 2 (b) All goods, chattels, and effects belonging to inhabitants
- 3 of this state, located without this state, except that property
- 4 actually and permanently invested in business in another state
- 5 shall not be included.
- 6 (c) All interests owned by individuals in real property, the
- 7 fee title to which is in this state or the United States, except as
- 8 otherwise provided in this act.
- 9 (d) For taxes levied before January 1, 2003, buildings and
- 10 improvements located upon leased real property, except if the value
- 11 of the real property is also assessed to the lessee or owner of
- 12 those buildings and improvements. For taxes levied after December
- 13 31, 2002, buildings and improvements located upon leased real
- 14 property, except buildings and improvements exempt under section 9f
- or improvements assessable under subdivision (h), shall be assessed
- 16 as real property under section 2 to the owner of the buildings or
- 17 improvements in the local tax collecting unit in which the
- 18 buildings or improvements are located if the value of the buildings
- 19 or improvements is not otherwise included in the assessment of the
- 20 real property. For taxes levied after December 31, 2001, buildings
- 21 and improvements exempt under section 9f or improvements assessable
- 22 under subdivision (h) and located on leased real property shall be
- 23 assessed as personal property.
- (e) Tombs or vaults built within any burial grounds and kept
- 25 for hire or rent, in whole or in part, and the stock of a
- 26 corporation or association owning the tombs, vaults, or burial
- 27 grounds.

- (f) All other personal property not enumerated in this section
 and not especially exempted by law.
- 3 (g) The personal property of gas and coke companies, natural 4 gas companies, electric light companies, waterworks companies, hydraulic companies, and pipe line companies transporting oil or 5 6 gas as public or common carriers, to be assessed in the local tax collecting unit in which the personal property is located. The 7 mains, pipes, supports, and wires of these companies, including the 8 9 supports and wire or other line used for communication purposes in 10 the operation of those facilities, and the rights of way and the 11 easements or other interests in real property by virtue of which 12 the mains, pipes, supports, and wires are erected and maintained, 13 shall be assessed as personal property in the local tax collecting unit where laid, placed, or located. Interests in underground rock 14 15 strata used for gas storage purposes, whether by lease or ownership separate from the surface of real property, shall be separately 16 17 valued and assessed as personal property in the local tax 18 collecting unit in which it is located to the person who holds the 19 interest. Interests in underground rock strata shall be reported as 20 personal property to the appropriate assessing officer for all 21 property descriptions included in the storage field in the local tax collecting unit and a separate valuation shall be assessed for 22 23 each school district. The personal property of street railroad, 24 plank road, cable or electric railroad or transportation companies, bridge companies, and all other companies not required to pay a 25 26 specific tax to this state in lieu of all other taxes, shall,

except as otherwise provided in this section, be assessed in the

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- 1 local tax collecting unit in which the property is located, used,
- 2 or laid, and the track, road, or bridge of a company is considered
- 3 personal property. None of the property assessable as personal
- 4 property under this subdivision shall be affected by any assessment
- 5 or tax levied on the real property through or over which the
- 6 personal property is laid, placed, or located, nor shall any right
- 7 of way, easement, or other interest in real property, assessable as
- 8 personal property under this subdivision, be extinguished or
- 9 otherwise affected in case the real property subject to assessment
- 10 is sold in the exercise of the taxing power.
- 11 (h) During the tenancy of a lessee, leasehold improvements and
- 12 structures installed and constructed on real property by the
- 13 lessee, provided and to the extent the improvements or structures
- 14 add to the true cash VALUE OR taxable value of the real property
- 15 notwithstanding that the real property is encumbered by a lease
- 16 agreement, and the value added by the improvements or structures is
- 17 not otherwise included in the assessment of the real property or
- 18 not otherwise assessable under subdivision (j). The cost of
- 19 leasehold improvements and structures on real property shall not be
- 20 the sole indicator of value. Leasehold improvements and structures
- 21 assessed under this subdivision shall be assessed to the lessee.
- (i) A leasehold estate received by a sublessor from which the
- 23 sublessor receives net rentals in excess of net rentals required to
- 24 be paid by the sublessor except to the extent that the excess
- 25 rentals are attributable to the installation and construction of
- 26 improvements and structures assessed under subdivision (h) or (j)
- 27 or included in the assessment of the real property. For purposes of

- 1 this act, a leasehold estate is considered to be owned by the
- 2 lessee receiving additional net rentals. A lessee in possession is
- 3 required to provide the assessor with the name and address of its
- 4 lessor. Taxes collected under this act on leasehold estates shall
- 5 become a lien against the rentals paid by the sublessee to the
- 6 sublessor.
- 7 (j) To the extent not assessed as real property, a leasehold
- 8 estate of a lessee created by the difference between the income
- 9 that would be received by the lessor from the lessee on the basis
- 10 of the present economic income of the property as defined and
- 11 allowed by section 27(4), minus the actual value to the lessor
- 12 under the lease. This subdivision does not apply to property if
- 13 subject to a lease entered into before January 1, 1984 for which
- 14 the terms of the lease governing the rental rate or the tax
- 15 liability have not been renegotiated after December 31, 1983. This
- 16 subdivision does not apply to a nonprofit housing cooperative. As
- 17 used in this subdivision, "nonprofit cooperative housing
- 18 corporation" means a nonprofit cooperative housing corporation that
- 19 is engaged in providing housing services to its stockholders and
- 20 members and that does not pay dividends or interest upon stock or
- 21 membership investment but that does distribute all earnings to its
- 22 stockholders or members.
- 23 (k) For taxes levied after December 31, 2002, a trade fixture.
- 24 (1) For taxes levied after December 31, 2005 AND BEFORE JANUARY
- 25 1, 2013, a wind energy system. As used in this subdivision, "wind
- 26 energy system" means an integrated unit consisting of a wind
- 27 turbine composed of a rotor, an electrical generator, a control

- 1 system, an inverter or other power conditioning unit, and a tower,
- 2 which uses moving air to produce power.