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## **HOUSE BILL No. 5002**

September 22, 2011, Introduced by Reps. Jacobsen, Bumstead, Jenkins, Damrow, Price, Lund, Agema, Pscholka, Lori, Olson, Shaughnessy, LaFontaine, Muxlow, MacGregor, Rendon and Zorn and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

A bill to amend 1969 PA 317, entitled
"Worker's disability compensation act of 1969,"
by amending sections 301, 315, 331, 353, 354, 360, 361, and 801
(MCL 418.301, 418.315, 418.331, 418.353, 418.354, 418.360, 418.361, and 418.801), sections 301 and 354 as amended by 1987 PA 28, section 315 as amended by 2009 PA 226, sections 331 and 801 as amended by 1994 PA 271, and section 361 as amended by 1985 PA 103, and by adding section 306; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 301. (1) An employee, who receives a personal injury arising out of and in the course of employment by an employer who is subject to this act at the time of the injury, shall be paid compensation as provided in this act. PERSONAL INJURY INCLUDES A DISEASE OR DISABILITY THAT IS DUE TO CAUSES AND CONDITIONS THAT ARE CHARACTERISTIC OF AND PECULIAR TO THE BUSINESS OF THE EMPLOYER AND

- 1 THAT ARISE OUT OF AND IN THE COURSE OF EMPLOYMENT. A PERSONAL
- 2 INJURY COVERED UNDER THIS ACT IS COMPENSABLE IF IT CAUSES,
- 3 CONTRIBUTES TO, OR AGGRAVATES PATHOLOGY IN A MANNER THAT IS
- 4 MEDICALLY DISTINGUISHABLE FROM THE EMPLOYEE'S PRIOR CONDITION. AN
- 5 ORDINARY DISEASE OF LIFE TO WHICH THE PUBLIC IS GENERALLY EXPOSED
- 6 OUTSIDE OF THE EMPLOYMENT IS NOT COMPENSABLE. In the case of death
- 7 resulting from the personal injury to the employee, compensation
- 8 shall be paid to the employee's dependents as provided in this act.
- 9 Time of injury or date of injury as used in this act in the case of
- 10 a disease or in the case of an injury not attributable to a single
- 11 event shall be IS the last day of work in the employment in which
- 12 the employee was last subjected to the conditions that resulted in
- 13 the employee's disability or death.
- 14 (2) Mental disabilities and conditions of the aging process,
- 15 including but not limited to heart and cardiovascular conditions 7
- 16 shall be AND DEGENERATIVE ARTHRITIS, ARE compensable if contributed
- 17 to or aggravated or accelerated by the employment in a significant
- 18 manner. Mental disabilities shall be ARE compensable when IF
- 19 arising out of actual events of employment, not unfounded
- 20 perceptions thereof, AND IF THE EMPLOYEE'S PERCEPTION OF THE ACTUAL
- 21 EVENTS IS REASONABLY GROUNDED IN FACT OR REALITY. MENTAL DISABILITY
- 22 NOT CAUSED BY PHYSICAL TRAUMA IS COMPENSABLE ONLY IF IT RESULTS
- 23 FROM GREATER MENTAL STRESS AND TENSION THAN THE DAY-TO-DAY MENTAL
- 24 STRESS AND TENSION THAT ALL EMPLOYEES EXPERIENCE IN SIMILAR
- 25 EMPLOYMENT. A HERNIA IS COMPENSABLE ONLY IF IT IS OF RECENT ORIGIN,
- 26 RESULTS FROM A STRAIN ARISING OUT OF AND IN THE COURSE OF THE
- 27 EMPLOYMENT, AND IS PROMPTLY REPORTED TO THE EMPLOYER.

- 1 (3) An employee going to or from his or her work, while on the
- 2 premises where the employee's work is to be performed, and within a
- 3 reasonable time before and after his or her working hours, is
- 4 presumed to be in the course of his or her employment.
- 5 Notwithstanding this presumption, an injury incurred in the pursuit
- 6 of an activity the major purpose of which is social or recreational
- 7 is not covered under this act. Any cause of action brought for such
- 8 an injury is not subject to section 131.
- 9 (4) As used in this chapter "disability" ACT:
- 10 (A) "DISABILITY" means a limitation of an employee's wage
- 11 earning capacity in work suitable to his or her qualifications and
- 12 training resulting from a personal injury or work-related disease.
- 13 A LIMITATION OF WAGE EARNING CAPACITY OCCURS ONLY IF A PERSONAL
- 14 INJURY COVERED UNDER THIS ACT RESULTS IN THE EMPLOYEE'S BEING
- 15 UNABLE TO PERFORM ALL JOBS PAYING THE HISTORICAL MAXIMUM WAGES IN
- 16 WORK SUITABLE TO THAT EMPLOYEE'S QUALIFICATIONS AND TRAINING,
- 17 INCLUDING WORK THAT MAY BE PERFORMED USING THE EMPLOYEE'S
- 18 TRANSFERABLE WORK SKILLS. A DISABILITY IS TOTAL IF THE EMPLOYEE IS
- 19 UNABLE TO EARN IN ANY JOB SUITABLE TO THE EMPLOYEE'S QUALIFICATIONS
- 20 AND TRAINING. A DISABILITY IS PARTIAL IF THE EMPLOYEE RETAINS A
- 21 WAGE EARNING CAPACITY AT A PAY LEVEL LESS THAN HIS OR HER
- 22 HISTORICAL MAXIMUM WAGES IN WORK SUITABLE TO HIS OR HER
- 23 QUALIFICATIONS AND TRAINING. The establishment of disability does
- 24 not create a presumption of wage loss.
- 25 (B) "WAGE EARNING CAPACITY" MEANS THE WAGES THE EMPLOYEE EARNS
- 26 OR IS CAPABLE OF EARNING, WHETHER OR NOT ACTUALLY EARNED.
- 27 (C) "WAGE LOSS" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF WAGES LOST DUE TO A

- 1 DISABILITY. WAGE LOSS MAY BE ESTABLISHED, AMONG OTHER METHODS, BY
- 2 DEMONSTRATING THE EMPLOYEE'S REASONABLE, GOOD-FAITH EFFORT TO
- 3 PROCURE WORK SUITABLE TO HIS OR HER WAGE EARNING CAPACITY.
- 4 (5) IF A PERSONAL INJURY ARISING OUT OF THE COURSE OF
- 5 EMPLOYMENT CAUSES TOTAL DISABILITY AND WAGE LOSS AND THE EMPLOYEE
- 6 IS ENTITLED TO WAGE LOSS BENEFITS, THE EMPLOYER SHALL PAY OR CAUSE
- 7 TO BE PAID TO THE INJURED EMPLOYEE AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION
- 8 WEEKLY COMPENSATION EQUAL TO 80% OF THE EMPLOYEE'S AFTER-TAX
- 9 AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE, BUT NOT MORE THAN THE MAXIMUM WEEKLY RATE
- 10 DETERMINED UNDER SECTION 355. COMPENSATION SHALL BE PAID FOR THE
- 11 DURATION OF THE DISABILITY.
- 12 (6) IF A PERSONAL INJURY ARISING OUT OF THE COURSE OF
- 13 EMPLOYMENT CAUSES PARTIAL DISABILITY AND WAGE LOSS AND THE EMPLOYEE
- 14 IS ENTITLED TO WAGE LOSS BENEFITS, THE EMPLOYER SHALL PAY OR CAUSE
- 15 TO BE PAID TO THE INJURED EMPLOYEE AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION
- 16 WEEKLY COMPENSATION EQUAL TO 80% OF THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE
- 17 INJURED EMPLOYEE'S AFTER-TAX AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE BEFORE THE
- 18 PERSONAL INJURY AND THE EMPLOYEE'S WAGE EARNING CAPACITY AFTER THE
- 19 PERSONAL INJURY, BUT NOT MORE THAN THE MAXIMUM WEEKLY RATE
- 20 DETERMINED UNDER SECTION 355. COMPENSATION SHALL BE PAID FOR THE
- 21 DURATION OF THE DISABILITY.
- 22 (7) (5)—If disability is—AND WAGE LOSS ARE established,
- 23 pursuant to subsection (4), entitlement to weekly wage loss
- 24 benefits shall be determined pursuant to this section and as
- 25 follows:
- (a) If an employee receives a bona fide offer of reasonable
- 27 employment from the previous employer, another employer, or through

- 1 the Michigan employment security commission UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE
- 2 AGENCY and the employee refuses that employment without good and
- 3 reasonable cause, OR IF THE EMPLOYEE IS TERMINATED FROM REASONABLE
- 4 EMPLOYMENT FOR FAULT OF THE EMPLOYEE, the employee shall be
- 5 considered to have voluntarily removed himself or herself from the
- 6 work force and is no longer entitled to any wage loss benefits
- 7 under this act during the period of such refusal.
- 8 (b) If an employee is employed and the average weekly wage of
- 9 the employee is less than that which the employee received before
- 10 the date of injury, the employee shall receive weekly benefits
- 11 under this act equal to 80% of the difference between the injured
- 12 employee's after-tax weekly wage before the date of injury and the
- 13 after-tax weekly wage which THAT the injured employee is able to
- 14 earn EARNS after the date of injury, but not more than the maximum
- 15 weekly rate of compensation, as determined under section 355.
- 16 (c) If an employee is employed and the average weekly wage of
- 17 the employee is equal to or more than the average weekly wage the
- 18 employee received before the date of injury, the employee is not
- 19 entitled to any wage loss benefits under this act for the duration
- 20 of such THAT employment.
- 21 (d) If the employee, after having been employed pursuant to
- 22 this subsection for 100 weeks or more loses his or her job through
- 23 no fault of the employee AND THE EMPLOYEE IS STILL DISABLED, the
- 24 employee shall receive compensation under this act pursuant to the
- 25 following: AS FOLLOWS:
- 26 (i) If after exhaustion of unemployment benefit eligibility of
- 27 an employee, a worker's compensation magistrate or hearing referee,

- 1 as applicable, determines for any employee covered under this
- 2 subdivision, that the employments since the time of injury have not
- 3 established a new wage earning capacity, the employee shall receive
- 4 compensation based upon his or her wage at the original date of
- 5 injury. There is a presumption of wage earning capacity established
- 6 for employments totalling 250 weeks or more. IF THE EMPLOYEE WAS
- 7 EMPLOYED FOR LESS THAN 100 WEEKS, THE EMPLOYEE SHALL RECEIVE
- 8 COMPENSATION BASED UPON HIS OR HER WAGE AT THE TIME OF THE ORIGINAL
- 9 INJURY.
- 10 (ii) The employee must still be disabled as determined pursuant
- 11 to subsection (4). If the employee is still disabled, he or she
- 12 shall be entitled to wage loss benefits based on the difference
- 13 between the normal and customary wages paid to those persons
- 14 performing the same or similar employment, as determined at the
- 15 time of termination of the employment of the employee, and the
- 16 wages paid at the time of the injury. IF THE EMPLOYEE WAS EMPLOYED
- 17 FOR 100 WEEKS OR MORE BUT LESS THAN 250 WEEKS, THEN AFTER
- 18 EXHAUSTING UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT ELIGIBILITY, A WORKER'S
- 19 COMPENSATION MAGISTRATE MAY DETERMINE THAT THE EMPLOYMENT SINCE THE
- 20 TIME OF THE INJURY HAS NOT ESTABLISHED A NEW WAGE EARNING CAPACITY
- 21 AND, IF THE MAGISTRATE MAKES THAT DETERMINATION, BENEFITS SHALL BE
- 22 BASED ON HIS OR HER WAGE AT THE ORIGINAL DATE OF INJURY. IF THE
- 23 MAGISTRATE DOES NOT MAKE THAT DETERMINATION, THE EMPLOYEE IS
- 24 PRESUMED TO HAVE ESTABLISHED A POST-INJURY WAGE EARNING CAPACITY
- 25 AND BENEFITS SHALL NOT BE PAID BASED ON THE WAGE AT THE ORIGINAL
- 26 DATE OF INJURY.
- 27 (iii) If the employee becomes reemployed and the employee is

- 1 still disabled, he or she shall then receive wage loss benefits as
- 2 provided in subdivision (b).IF THE EMPLOYEE WAS EMPLOYED FOR 250
- 3 WEEKS OR MORE, THE EMPLOYEE IS CONCLUSIVELY PRESUMED TO HAVE
- 4 ESTABLISHED A POST-INJURY WAGE EARNING CAPACITY.
- 5 (e) If the employee, after having been employed pursuant to
- 6 this subsection for less than 100 weeks loses his or her job for
- 7 whatever reason, the employee shall receive compensation based upon
- 8 his or her wage at the original date of injury.
- 9 (6) A carrier shall notify the Michigan employment security
- 10 commission of the name of any injured employee who is unemployed
- 11 and to which the carrier is paying benefits under this act.
- 12 (7) The Michigan employment security commission shall give
- 13 priority to finding employment for those persons whose names are
- 14 supplied to the commission under subsection (6).
- 15 (8) The Michigan employment security commission UNEMPLOYMENT
- 16 INSURANCE AGENCY shall notify the bureau in writing of the name of
- 17 any employee who refuses any bona fide offer of reasonable
- 18 employment. Upon notification to the bureau, the bureau shall
- 19 notify the carrier who shall terminate the benefits of the employee
- 20 pursuant to subsection  $\frac{(5)(a)}{(7)(A)}$ .
- 21 (9) "Reasonable employment", as used in this section, means
- work that is within the employee's capacity to perform that poses
- 23 no clear and proximate threat to that employee's health and safety,
- 24 and that is within a reasonable distance from that employee's
- 25 residence. The employee's capacity to perform shall not be limited
- 26 to jobs in work suitable to his or her qualifications and training.
- 27 (10) Weekly benefits shall not be ARE NOT payable during the

- 1 period of confinement to a person who is incarcerated in a penal
- 2 institution for violation of the criminal laws of this state or who
- 3 is confined in a mental institution pending trial for a violation
- 4 of the criminal laws of this state, if the violation or reason for
- 5 the confinement occurred while at work and is directly related to
- 6 the claim. WEEKLY BENEFITS ARE NOT PAYABLE DURING THE PERIOD OF
- 7 IMPRISONMENT FOLLOWING SENTENCING FOR A CRIME, IF THE EMPLOYEE IS
- 8 UNABLE TO OBTAIN EMPLOYMENT OR PERFORM WORK BECAUSE OF THAT
- 9 IMPRISONMENT.
- 10 (11) A person shall not discharge an employee or in any manner
- 11 discriminate against an employee because the employee filed a
- 12 complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted a proceeding
- 13 under this act or because of the exercise by the employee on behalf
- 14 of himself or herself or others of a right afforded by this act.
- 15 (12) This section shall apply to personal injuries and work
- 16 related diseases occurring on or after June 30, 1985.
- 17 SEC. 306. (1) FOR A MEMBER OF A FULL PAID FIRE DEPARTMENT OF
- 18 AN AIRPORT RUN BY A COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION IN COUNTIES OF 1,000,000
- 19 POPULATION OR MORE OR BY A STATE UNIVERSITY OR COLLEGE OR OF A FULL
- 20 PAID FIRE OR POLICE DEPARTMENT OF A CITY, TOWNSHIP, OR INCORPORATED
- 21 VILLAGE EMPLOYED AND COMPENSATED UPON A FULL-TIME BASIS, A COUNTY
- 22 SHERIFF AND THE DEPUTIES OF THE COUNTY SHERIFF, MEMBERS OF THE
- 23 STATE POLICE, CONSERVATION OFFICERS, AND MOTOR CARRIER INSPECTORS
- 24 OF THE MICHIGAN PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, "PERSONAL INJURY" SHALL
- 25 BE CONSTRUED TO INCLUDE RESPIRATORY AND HEART DISEASES OR ILLNESSES
- 26 RESULTING FROM THOSE DISEASES THAT DEVELOP OR MANIFEST THEMSELVES
- 27 WHILE THE INDIVIDUAL IS IN ACTIVE SERVICE AND THAT RESULT FROM

- 1 PERFORMING DUTIES IN THE COURSE OF EMPLOYMENT.
- 2 (2) RESPIRATORY AND HEART DISEASES OR ILLNESSES RESULTING FROM
- 3 THOSE DISEASES AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) ARE CONSIDERED TO
- 4 ARISE OUT OF AND IN THE COURSE OF EMPLOYMENT IN THE ABSENCE OF
- 5 EVIDENCE TO THE CONTRARY.
- 6 (3) AS A CONDITION PRECEDENT TO FILING AN APPLICATION FOR
- 7 BENEFITS AND SUBJECT TO SECTION 354(12), THE CLAIMANT, IF HE OR SHE
- 8 IS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1), SHALL FIRST APPLY FOR, AND DO ALL
- 9 THINGS NECESSARY TO QUALIFY FOR, ANY PENSION BENEFITS TO WHICH HE
- 10 OR SHE, OR HIS OR HER DECEDENT, MAY BE ENTITLED. IF A FINAL
- 11 DETERMINATION IS MADE THAT PENSION BENEFITS SHALL NOT BE AWARDED,
- 12 THEN THE PRESUMPTION OF "PERSONAL INJURY" AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION
- 13 (2) APPLIES. THE EMPLOYER OR EMPLOYEE MAY REQUEST 2 COPIES OF THE
- 14 DETERMINATION DENYING PENSION BENEFITS, 1 COPY OF WHICH MAY BE
- 15 FILED WITH THE BUREAU.
- 16 Sec. 315. (1) The employer shall furnish, or cause to be
- 17 furnished, to an employee who receives a personal injury arising
- 18 out of and in the course of employment, reasonable medical,
- 19 surgical, and hospital services and medicines, or other attendance
- 20 or treatment recognized by the laws of this state as legal, when
- 21 they are needed. However, an employer is not required to reimburse
- 22 or cause to be reimbursed charges for an optometric service unless
- 23 that service was included in the definition of practice of
- 24 optometry under section 17401 of the public health code, 1978 PA
- 25 368, MCL 333.17401, as of May 20, 1992 or for a chiropractic
- 26 service unless that service was included in the definition of
- 27 practice of chiropractic under section 16401 of the public health

- 1 code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16401, as of January 1, 2009. An
- 2 employer is not required to reimburse or cause to be reimbursed
- 3 charges for services performed by a profession that was not
- 4 licensed or registered by the laws of this state on or before
- 5 January 1, 1998, but that becomes licensed, registered, or
- 6 otherwise recognized by the laws of this state after January 1,
- 7 1998. Attendant or nursing care shall not be ordered in excess of
- 8 56 hours per week if the care is to be provided by the employee's
- 9 spouse, brother, sister, child, parent, or any combination of these
- 10 persons. After 10-90 days from the inception of medical care as
- 11 provided in this section, the employee may treat with a physician
- 12 of his or her own choice by giving to the employer the name of the
- 13 physician and his or her intention to treat with the physician. The
- 14 employer or the employer's carrier may file a petition objecting to
- 15 the named physician selected by the employee and setting forth
- 16 reasons for the objection. If the employer or carrier can show
- 17 cause why the employee should not continue treatment with the named
- 18 physician of the employee's choice, after notice to all parties and
- 19 a prompt hearing by a worker's compensation magistrate, the
- 20 worker's compensation magistrate may order that the employee
- 21 discontinue treatment with the named physician or pay for the
- 22 treatment received from the physician from the date the order is
- 23 mailed. The employer shall also supply to the injured employee
- 24 dental service, crutches, artificial limbs, eyes, teeth,
- 25 eyeglasses, hearing apparatus, and other appliances necessary to
- 26 cure, so far as reasonably possible, and relieve from the effects
- 27 of the injury. If the employer fails, neglects, or refuses so to

- 1 do, the employee shall be reimbursed for the reasonable expense
- 2 paid by the employee, or payment may be made in behalf of the
- 3 employee to persons to whom the unpaid expenses may be owing, by
- 4 order of the worker's compensation magistrate. The worker's
- 5 compensation magistrate may prorate attorney fees at the contingent
- 6 fee rate paid by the employee. ATTORNEY FEES RELATED TO MEDICAL
- 7 EXPENSES ARE CHARGEABLE TO EITHER THE EMPLOYEE OR THE MEDICAL
- 8 PROVIDER, OR BOTH, BUT ARE NOT CHARGEABLE TO THE EMPLOYER OR
- 9 CARRIER.
- 10 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (1), all fees
- 11 and other charges for any treatment or attendance, service,
- 12 devices, apparatus, or medicine under subsection (1), are subject
- 13 to rules promulgated by the workers' compensation agency pursuant
- 14 to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL
- 15 24.201 to 24.328. The rules promulgated shall establish schedules
- 16 of maximum charges for the treatment or attendance, service,
- 17 devices, apparatus, or medicine, which schedule shall be annually
- 18 revised. A health facility or health care provider shall be paid
- 19 either its usual and customary charge for the treatment or
- 20 attendance, service, devices, apparatus, or medicine, or the
- 21 maximum charge established under the rules, whichever is less.
- 22 (3) The director of the workers' compensation agency shall
- 23 provide for an advisory committee to aid and assist in establishing
- 24 the schedules of maximum charges under subsection (2) for charges
- 25 or fees that are payable under this section. The advisory committee
- 26 shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the director.
- 27 (4) If a carrier determines that a health facility or health

- 1 care provider has made any excessive charges or required
- 2 unjustified treatment, hospitalization, or visits, the health
- 3 facility or health care provider shall not receive payment under
- 4 this chapter from the carrier for the excessive fees or unjustified
- 5 treatment, hospitalization, or visits, and is liable to return to
- 6 the carrier the fees or charges already collected. The workers'
- 7 compensation agency may review the records and medical bills of a
- 8 health facility or health care provider determined by a carrier to
- 9 not be in compliance with the schedule of charges or to be
- 10 requiring unjustified treatment, hospitalization, or office visits.
- 11 (5) As used in this section, "utilization review" means the
- 12 initial evaluation by a carrier of the appropriateness in terms of
- 13 both the level and the quality of health care and health services
- 14 provided an injured employee, based on medically accepted
- 15 standards. A utilization review shall be accomplished by a carrier
- 16 pursuant to a system established by the workers' compensation
- 17 agency that identifies the utilization of health care and health
- 18 services above the usual range of utilization for the health care
- 19 and health services based on medically accepted standards and
- 20 provides for acquiring necessary records, medical bills, and other
- 21 information concerning the health care or health services.
- 22 (6) By accepting payment under this chapter, a health facility
- 23 or health care provider shall be considered to have consented to
- 24 submitting necessary records and other information concerning
- 25 health care or health services provided for utilization review
- 26 pursuant to this section. The health facilities and health care
- 27 providers shall be considered to have agreed to comply with any

- 1 decision of the workers' compensation agency pursuant to subsection
- 2 (7). A health facility or health care provider that submits false
- 3 or misleading records or other information to a carrier or the
- 4 workers' compensation agency is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable
- 5 by a fine of not more than \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for not
- 6 more than 1 year, or both.
- 7 (7) If it is determined by a carrier that a health facility or
- 8 health care provider improperly overutilized or otherwise rendered
- 9 or ordered inappropriate health care or health services, or that
- 10 the cost of the health care or health services was inappropriate,
- 11 the health facility or health care provider may appeal to the
- 12 workers' compensation agency regarding that determination pursuant
- 13 to procedures provided for under the system of utilization review.
- 14 (8) The criteria or standards established for the utilization
- 15 review shall be established by rules promulgated by the workers'
- 16 compensation agency. A carrier that complies with the criteria or
- 17 standards as determined by the workers' compensation agency shall
- 18 be certified by the department.
- 19 (9) If a health facility or health care provider provides
- 20 health care or a health service that is not usually associated
- 21 with, is longer in duration in time than, is more frequent than, or
- 22 extends over a greater number of days than that health care or
- 23 service usually does with the diagnosis or condition for which the
- 24 patient is being treated, the health facility or health care
- 25 provider may be required by the carrier to explain the necessity or
- 26 indication for the reasons why in writing.
- 27 Sec. 331. The following persons shall be conclusively presumed

- 1 to be wholly dependent for support upon a deceased employee:
- 2 (a) A wife upon a husband with whom she lives at the time of
- 3 his death, or from whom, at the time of his death, a worker's
- 4 compensation magistrate shall find the wife was living apart for
- 5 justifiable cause or because he had deserted her.
- 6 (b) A EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, A child
- 7 under the age of 16 years, or 16 YEARS OR over 16 years of age if
- 8 physically or mentally incapacitated from earning, IS CONCLUSIVELY
- 9 PRESUMED TO BE WHOLLY DEPENDENT FOR SUPPORT upon the parent with
- 10 whom he or she is living at the time of the death of that parent.
- 11 In the event of the death of an employee who has at the time of
- 12 death a living child by a former spouse or a child who has been
- 13 deserted by such THE deceased employee under the age of 16 years,
- 14 or over if physically or mentally incapacitated from earning, such
- 15 THAT child shall be conclusively presumed to be wholly dependent
- 16 for support upon the deceased employee, even though not living with
- 17 the deceased employee at the time of death. and in all cases the
- 18 THE death benefit shall be divided between or among the surviving
- 19 spouse and all the children of the deceased employee, and all other
- 20 persons, if any, AMONG ALL PERSONS who are wholly dependent upon
- 21 the deceased employee, in equal shares. the surviving spouse taking
- 22 the same share as a child. In all cases mentioned in this section
- 23 the THE total sum due a surviving spouse and his or her own
- 24 children shall be paid directly to the surviving spouse for his or
- 25 her own use, and for the use and benefit of his or her own
- 26 children. If during the time compensation payments shall—continue,
- 27 a worker's compensation magistrate shall find FINDS that the

- 1 surviving spouse is not properly caring for such THOSE children,
- 2 the worker's compensation magistrate shall order the shares of such
- 3 THE children to be thereafter paid to their guardian or legal
- 4 representative for their use and benefit, instead of to their
- 5 father or mother. In all cases the sums due to the children by the
- 6 former spouse of the deceased employee shall be paid to their
- 7 quardians or legal representatives for the use and benefit of such
- 8 THOSE children. In all other cases questions of dependency, in
- 9 whole or in part, shall be determined in accordance with the fact,
- 10 as the fact may be FACTS at the time of the injury. Where IF a
- 11 deceased employee leaves a person wholly dependent upon him or her
- 12 for support, such THAT person shall be entitled to the whole death
- 13 benefit and persons partially dependent, if any, shall receive no
- 14 part thereof, while the person wholly dependent is living. All
- 15 persons wholly dependent upon a deceased employee, whether by
- 16 conclusive presumption or as a matter of fact, shall be entitled to
- 17 share equally in the death benefit in accordance with the
- 18 provisions of this section. If there is no one wholly dependent or
- 19 if the death of all persons wholly dependent shall occur OCCURS
- 20 before all compensation is paid, and there is but ONLY 1 person
- 21 partially dependent, such THAT person shall be IS entitled to
- 22 compensation according to the extent of his or her dependency; and
- 23 if there is more than 1 person partially dependent, the death
- 24 benefit shall be divided among them according to the relative
- 25 extent of their dependency. A person shall not be considered a
- 26 dependent unless he or she is a member of the family of the
- 27 deceased employee, or unless such person bears to the deceased

- 1 employee the relation of widower or widow, lineal descendant,
- 2 ancestor, or brother or sister.
- 3 Sec. 353. (1) For the purposes of sections 351 to 361,
- 4 dependency shall be determined as follows:
- 5 (a) The following shall be conclusively presumed to be
- 6 dependent for support upon an injured employee:
- 8 as such wife at the time of the injury.
- 9 (A) (ii) A child under the age of 16 years, or 16 YEARS OR over
- 10 said age, if physically or mentally incapacitated from earning,
- 11 living with his parent at the time of the injury of such THAT
- 12 parent.
- 13 (b) In all other cases questions of dependency shall be
- 14 determined in accordance with the fact, as the fact may be FACTS at
- 15 the time of the injury, except as provided in subsection (3). No
- 16 person shall A PERSON SHALL NOT be considered a dependent unless he
- 17 OR SHE is a member of the family of the injured employee, or unless
- 18 such THE person bears to such THE injured employee the relation of
- 19 husband or wife, or lineal descendent, or ancestor or brother or
- 20 sister. Except as to those A PERSON conclusively presumed to be
- 21 dependents, no person shall be deemed a dependent who A DEPENDENT,
- 22 A PERSON WHO receives less than 1/2 of his OR HER support from an
- 23 injured employee SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED TO BE A DEPENDENT.
- 24 (2) Weekly payments to an injured employee shall be reduced by
- 25 the additional amount provided for any dependent child or spouse or
- 26 other dependent when such THE child either reaches the age of 18
- 27 years or after becoming 16 ceases for a period of 6 months to

- 1 receive more than 1/2 of his OR HER support from such THE injured
- 2 employee, if at such THAT time he THE CHILD is neither physically
- 3 nor mentally incapacitated from earning; , or when such WHEN THE
- 4 spouse shall be IS divorced by final decree from his OR HER injured
- 5 spouse; —or when such THE child, spouse, or other dependent shall
- 6 be—IS deceased.
- 7 (3) An increase in payments shall be made for increased
- 8 numbers of conclusive dependents as defined in this act WHO WERE
- 9 not so dependent at the time of the injury of an employee.
- 10 Sec. 354. (1) This section is applicable when APPLIES IF
- 11 either weekly or lump sum payments are made to an employee as a
- 12 result of liability pursuant to UNDER section 351, 361, or 835 with
- 13 respect to the same time period for which THE EMPLOYEE ALSO
- 14 RECEIVED OR IS RECEIVING old-age insurance benefit payments under
- 15 the social security act, 42 U.S.C. USC 301 to 1397f; payments under
- 16 a self-insurance plan, a wage continuation plan, or a disability
- 17 insurance policy provided by the employer; or pension or retirement
- 18 payments pursuant to UNDER a plan or program established or
- 19 maintained by the employer. , are also received or being received
- 20 by the employee. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
- 21 employer's obligation to pay or cause to be paid weekly benefits
- 22 other than specific loss benefits under section 361(2) and (3)
- 23 shall be reduced by these amounts:
- (a) Fifty percent of the amount of the old-age insurance
- 25 benefits received or being received under the social security act.
- (b) The after-tax amount of the payments received or being
- 27 received under a self-insurance plan, a wage continuation plan, or

- 1 under a disability insurance policy provided by the same employer
- 2 from whom benefits under section 351, 361, or 835 are received if
- 3 the employee did not contribute directly to the plan or to the
- 4 payment of premiums regarding the disability insurance policy. If
- 5 such THE self-insurance plans, wage continuation plans, or
- 6 disability insurance policies are entitled to repayment in the
- 7 event of a worker's compensation benefit recovery, the carrier
- 8 shall satisfy such THAT repayment out of funds the carrier has
- 9 received through the coordination of benefits provided for under
- 10 this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection,
- 11 attorney fees shall be paid pursuant to section 821 to the attorney
- 12 who secured the worker's compensation recovery.
- 13 (c) The proportional amount, based on the ratio of the
- 14 employer's contributions to the total insurance premiums for the
- 15 policy period involved, of the after-tax amount of the payments
- 16 received or being received by the employee pursuant to a disability
- 17 insurance policy provided by the same employer from whom benefits
- 18 under section 351, 361, or 835 are received, if the employee did
- 19 contribute directly to the payment of premiums regarding the
- 20 disability insurance policy.
- 21 (d) The SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (12), THE after-tax amount of
- 22 the pension or retirement payments received or being received BY
- 23 THE EMPLOYEE, OR WHICH THE EMPLOYEE IS ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE,
- 24 pursuant to a plan or program established or maintained by the same
- 25 employer from whom benefits under section 351, 361, or 835 are
- 26 received, if the employee did not contribute directly to the
- 27 pension or retirement plan or program. Subsequent increases in a

- 1 pension or retirement program shall not affect the coordination of
- 2 these benefits.
- 3 (e) The proportional amount, based on the ratio of the
- 4 employer's contributions to the total contributions to the plan or
- 5 program, of the after-tax amount of the pension or retirement
- 6 payments received or being received by the employee pursuant to a
- 7 plan or program established or maintained by the same employer from
- 8 whom benefits under section 351, 361, or 835 are received, if the
- 9 employee did contribute directly to the pension or retirement plan
- 10 or program. Subsequent increases in a pension or retirement program
- 11 shall not affect the coordination of these benefits.
- 12 (f) For those employers who do not provide a pension plan, the
- 13 proportional amount, based on the ratio of the employer's
- 14 contributions to the total contributions made to a qualified profit
- 15 sharing plan under section 401(a) of the internal revenue code or
- 16 any successor to section 401(a) of the internal revenue code
- 17 covering a profit sharing plan which provides for the payment of
- 18 benefits only upon retirement, disability, death, or other
- 19 separation of employment to the extent that benefits are vested
- 20 under the plan.
- 21 (2) To satisfy any remaining obligations under section 351,
- 22 361, or 835, the employer shall pay or cause to be paid to the
- 23 employee the balance due in either weekly or lump sum payments
- 24 after the application of subsection (1).
- 25 (3) In the application of subsection (1) any credit or
- 26 reduction shall occur pursuant to this section and all of the
- 27 following:

- 1 (a) The bureau shall promulgate rules to provide for
- 2 notification by an employer or carrier to an employee of possible
- 3 eligibility for social security benefits and the requirements for
- 4 establishing proof of application for those benefits. Notification
- 5 shall be promptly mailed to the employee after the date on which by
- 6 reason of age the employee may be entitled to social security
- 7 benefits. A copy of the notification of possible eligibility shall
- 8 be filed with the bureau by the employer or carrier.
- 9 (b) Within 30 days after receipt of the notification of
- 10 possible employee eligibility the employee shall:
- 11 (i) Make application for social security benefits.
- 12 (ii) Provide the employer or carrier with proof of that
- **13** application.
- 14 (iii) Provide the employer or carrier with an authority for
- 15 release of information which shall be utilized by the employer or
- 16 carrier to obtain necessary benefit entitlement and amount
- 17 information from the social security administration. The authority
- 18 for release of information shall be effective for 1 year.
- 19 (4) Failure of IF the employee FAILS to provide the proof of
- 20 application or the authority for release of information as
- 21 prescribed in subsection (3), shall allow the employer or carrier,
- 22 with the approval of the bureau, to MAY discontinue the
- 23 compensation benefits payable to the employee under section 351,
- 24 361, or 835 until the proof of application and the authority for
- 25 release of information is provided. Compensation benefits withheld
- 26 shall be reimbursed to the employee upon the providing of the
- 27 required proof of application, or the authority for release of

- 1 information, or both.
- 2 (5) If the employer or carrier is required to submit a new
- 3 authority for release of information to the social security
- 4 administration in order to receive information necessary to comply
- 5 with this section, the employee shall provide the new authority for
- 6 release of information within 30 days of a request by the employer
- 7 or carrier. Failure IF THE EMPLOYEE FAILS to provide the new
- 8 authority for release of information, shall allow the employer or
- 9 carrier, with the approval of the bureau, to MAY discontinue
- 10 benefits until the authority for release of information is provided
- 11 as prescribed in this subsection. Compensation benefits withheld
- 12 shall be reimbursed to the employee upon the providing of the new
- 13 authority for release of information.
- 14 (6) Within 30 days after either the date of first payment of
- 15 compensation benefits under section 351, 361, or 835, or 30 days
- 16 after the date of application for any benefit under subsection
- 17 (1)(b), (c), (d), or (e), whichever is later, the employee shall
- 18 provide the employer or carrier with a properly executed authority
- 19 for release of information, which shall be utilized by the employer
- 20 or carrier to obtain necessary benefit entitlement and amount
- 21 information from the appropriate source. The authority for release
- 22 of information is effective for 1 year. Failure of the employee to
- 23 provide a properly executed authority for release of information
- 24 shall allow the employer or carrier with the approval of the bureau
- 25 to discontinue the compensation benefits payable under section 351,
- 26 361, or 835 to the employee until the authority for release of
- 27 information is provided. Compensation benefits withheld shall be

- 1 reimbursed to the employee upon providing the required authority
- 2 for release of information. If the employer or carrier is required
- 3 to submit a new authority for release of information to the
- 4 appropriate source in order to receive information necessary to
- 5 comply with this section, the employee shall provide a properly
- 6 executed new authority for release of information within 30 days
- 7 after a request by the employer or carrier. Failure of the employee
- 8 to provide a properly executed new authority for release of
- 9 information shall allow the employer or carrier with the approval
- 10 of the bureau to discontinue benefits under section 351, 361, or
- 11 835 until the authority for release of information is provided as
- 12 prescribed in this subsection. Compensation benefits withheld shall
- 13 be reimbursed to the employee upon the providing of the new
- 14 authority for release of information.
- 15 (7) A credit or reduction under this section shall not occur
- 16 because of an increase granted by the social security
- 17 administration as a cost of living adjustment.
- 18 (8) Except as provided in subsections (4), (5), and (6), a
- 19 credit or reduction of benefits otherwise payable for any week
- 20 shall not be taken under this section until there has been a
- 21 determination of the benefit amount otherwise payable to the
- 22 employee under section 351, 361, or 835 and the employee has begun
- 23 receiving the benefit payments.
- 24 (9) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any benefit
- 25 payments under the social security act, or any fund, policy, or
- 26 program as specified in subsection (1) which THAT the employee has
- 27 received or is receiving after March 31, 1982 and during a period

- 1 in which the employee was receiving unreduced compensation benefits
- 2 under section 351, 361, or 835 shall be considered to have created
- 3 an overpayment of compensation benefits for that period. The
- 4 employer or carrier shall calculate the amount of the overpayment
- 5 and send a notice of overpayment and a request for reimbursement to
- 6 the employee. Failure by the employee to reimburse the employer or
- 7 carrier within 30 days after the mailing date of the notice of
- 8 request for reimbursement shall allow the employer or carrier with
- 9 the approval of the bureau to discontinue 50% of future weekly
- 10 compensation payments under section 351, 361 or 835. The
- 11 compensation payments withheld shall be credited against the amount
- 12 of the overpayment. Payment of the appropriate compensation benefit
- 13 shall resume when the total amount of the overpayment has been
- 14 withheld.
- 15 (10) The employer or carrier taking a credit or making a
- 16 reduction as provided in this section shall immediately report to
- 17 the bureau the amount of any credit or reduction, and as requested
- 18 by the bureau, furnish to the bureau satisfactory proof of the
- 19 basis for a credit or reduction.
- 20 (11) Disability insurance benefit payments under the social
- 21 security act shall be considered to be payments from funds provided
- 22 by the employer and to be primary payments on the employer's
- 23 obligation under section 351, 361, or 835 as old-age benefit
- 24 payments under the social security act are considered pursuant to
- 25 this section. The coordination of social security disability
- 26 benefits shall commence on the date of the award certificate of the
- 27 social security disability benefits. Any accrued social security

- 1 disability benefits shall not be coordinated. However, social
- 2 security disability insurance benefits shall only be so considered
- 3 if section 224 of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. USC 424a, is
- 4 revised so that a reduction of social security disability insurance
- 5 benefits is not made because of the receipt of worker's
- 6 compensation benefits by the employee.
- 7 (12) Nothing in this section shall be considered to compel an
- 8 employee to apply for early federal social security old-age
- 9 insurance benefits or to apply for early or reduced pension or
- 10 retirement benefits.
- 11 (13) As used in this section, "after-tax amount" means the
- 12 gross amount of any benefit under subsection (1)(b), (1)(c),
- 13 (1)(d), or (1)(e) reduced by the prorated weekly amount which would
- 14 have been paid, if any, under the federal insurance contributions
- 15 act, 26 <del>U.S.C.</del> USC 3101 to <del>3126, 3128, AND</del> state income tax and
- 16 federal income tax, calculated on an annual basis using as the
- 17 number of exemptions the disabled employee's dependents plus the
- 18 employee, and without excess itemized deductions. In determining
- 19 the "after-tax amount" the tables provided for in section 313(2)
- 20 shall be used. The gross amount of any benefit under subsection
- 21 (1)(b), (1)(c), (1)(d), or (1)(e) shall be presumed to be the same
- 22 as the average weekly wage for purposes of the table. The
- 23 applicable 80% of after-tax amount as provided in the table will be
- 24 multiplied by 1.25 which will be conclusive for determining the
- 25 "after-tax amount" of benefits under subsection (1)(b), (1)(c),
- 26 (1)(d), or (1)(e).
- 27 (14) This section does not apply to any payments received or

- 1 to be received under a disability pension plan provided by the same
- 2 employer, which plan is in existence on March 31, 1982. Any
- 3 disability pension plan entered into or renewed after March 31,
- 4 1982 may provide that the payments under that disability pension
- 5 plan provided by the employer shall not be coordinated pursuant to
- 6 this section.
- 7 (15) With respect to volunteer fire fighters, volunteer safety
- 8 patrol officers, volunteer civil defense workers, and volunteer
- 9 ambulance drivers and attendants who are considered employees for
- 10 purposes of this act pursuant to section 161(1)(a), the reduction
- 11 of weekly benefits provided for disability insurance payments under
- 12 subsection (1)(b) and (c) and subsection (11) may be waived by the
- 13 employer. An employer that is not a self-insurer may make the
- 14 waiver provided for under this subsection only at the time a
- worker's compensation insurance policy is entered into or renewed.
- 16 (16) This section shall DOES not apply to payments made to an
- 17 employee as a result of liability pursuant to section 361(2) and
- 18 (3) for the specific loss period set forth therein. It is the
- 19 intent of the legislature that, because benefits under section
- 20 361(2) and (3) are benefits which recognize human factors
- 21 substantially in addition to the wage loss concept, coordination of
- 22 benefits should not apply to such benefits.
- 23 (17) The decision of the Michigan Supreme Court in Franks v
- 24 White Pine Copper Division, 422 Mich 636 (1985) is declared to have
- 25 been erroneously rendered insofar as it interprets this section, it
- 26 having been and being the legislative intention not to coordinate
- 27 payments under this section resulting from liability pursuant to

- 1 section 351, 361, or 835 for personal injuries occurring before
- 2 March 31, 1982. It is the purpose of this THE amendatory act THAT
- 3 ADDED THIS SUBSECTION to so affirm. This remedial and curative
- 4 amendment shall be liberally construed to effectuate this purpose.
- 5 (18) This section applies only to payments resulting from
- 6 liability pursuant to section 351, 361, or 835 for personal
- 7 injuries occurring on or after March 31, 1982. Any payments made to
- 8 an employee resulting from liability pursuant to section 351, 361,
- 9 or 835 for a personal injury occurring before March 31, 1982 that
- 10 have not been coordinated under this section as of the effective
- 11 date of this subsection shall not be coordinated, shall not be
- 12 considered to have created an overpayment of compensation benefits,
- 13 and shall not be subject to reimbursement to the employer or
- 14 carrier.
- 15 (19) Notwithstanding any other section of this act, any
- 16 payments made to an employee resulting from liability pursuant to
- 17 section 351, 361, or 835 for a personal injury occurring before
- 18 March 31, 1982 that have been coordinated before the effective date
- 19 of this subsection MAY 14, 1987 shall be considered to be an
- 20 underpayment of compensation benefits, and the amounts withheld
- 21 pursuant to coordination shall be reimbursed with interest, within
- 22 60 days of the effective date of this subsection, BY JULY 13, 1987,
- 23 to the employee by the employer or carrier.
- 24 (20) Notwithstanding any other section of this act, any
- 25 employee who has paid an employer or carrier money alleged by the
- 26 employer or carrier to be owed the employer or carrier because that
- 27 employee's benefits had not been coordinated under this section and

- 1 whose date of personal injury was before March 31, 1982 shall be
- 2 reimbursed with interest, within 60 days of the effective date of
- 3 this subsection, BY JULY 13, 1987, that money by the employer or
- 4 carrier.
- 5 (21) If any portion of this section is subsequently found to
- 6 be unconstitutional or in violation of applicable law, it shall not
- 7 affect the validity of the remainder of this section.
- 8 Sec. 360. (1) A person who suffers an injury arising out of
- 9 and in the course of employment as a professional athlete shall be
- 10 IS entitled to weekly benefits only when the person's average
- 11 weekly wages in all employments at the time of application for
- 12 benefits, and thereafter, as computed in accordance with section
- 13 371, are less than 200% of the state average weekly wage.
- 14 (2) This section THIS SUBSECTION shall not be construed to
- 15 prohibit an otherwise eligible person from receiving benefits under
- **16** section 315, 319, or 361.
- 17 (2) A PROFESSIONAL ATHLETE WHO IS HIRED UNDER A CONTRACT WITH
- 18 AN EMPLOYER OUTSIDE OF THIS STATE IS EXCEPTED FROM THE PROVISIONS
- 19 OF THIS ACT IF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS APPLY:
- 20 (A) THE ATHLETE SUSTAINS A PERSONAL INJURY ARISING OUT OF THE
- 21 COURSE OF EMPLOYMENT WHILE THE PROFESSIONAL ATHLETE IS TEMPORARILY
- 22 WITHIN THIS STATE.
- 23 (B) THE EMPLOYER HAS OBTAINED WORKER'S COMPENSATION INSURANCE
- 24 COVERAGE UNDER THE WORKER'S COMPENSATION LAW OF ANOTHER STATE THAT
- 25 COVERS THE INJURY IN THIS STATE.
- 26 (C) THE OTHER STATE RECOGNIZES THE EXTRATERRITORIAL PROVISIONS
- 27 OF THIS ACT AND PROVIDES A RECIPROCAL EXEMPTION FOR PROFESSIONAL

- 1 ATHLETES WHOSE INJURIES ARISE OUT OF EMPLOYMENT WHILE TEMPORARILY
- 2 IN THAT STATE AND ARE COVERED BY THE WORKER'S COMPENSATION LAW OF
- 3 THIS STATE.
- 4 (3) THE BENEFITS AND OTHER REMEDIES UNDER THE WORKER'S
- 5 COMPENSATION LAWS OF ANOTHER STATE ARE THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AGAINST
- 6 THE EMPLOYER UNDER THE CONDITIONS IN SUBSECTION (2). A CERTIFICATE
- 7 FROM THE DULY AUTHORIZED OFFICER OF ANOTHER STATE CERTIFYING THAT
- 8 THE EMPLOYER IS INSURED IN THAT STATE AND HAS OBTAINED
- 9 EXTRATERRITORIAL COVERAGE INSURING THE EMPLOYER'S PROFESSIONAL
- 10 ATHLETES IN THIS STATE IS PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE THAT THE EMPLOYER
- 11 HAS OBTAINED INSURANCE MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE EXCEPTION
- 12 TO COVERAGE UNDER THIS ACT UNDER SUBSECTION (2).
- Sec. 361. (1) While the incapacity for work resulting from a
- 14 personal injury is partial, the employer shall pay, or cause to be
- 15 paid to the injured employee weekly compensation equal to 80% of
- 16 the difference between the injured employee's after-tax average
- 17 weekly wage before the personal injury and the after-tax average
- 18 weekly wage which the injured employee is able to earn after the
- 19 personal injury, but not more than the maximum weekly rate of
- 20 compensation, as determined under section 355. Compensation shall
- 21 be paid for the duration of the disability. However, an employer
- 22 shall not be liable for compensation under section 351, 371(1), or
- 23 this subsection for such periods of time that the employee is
- 24 unable to obtain or perform work because of imprisonment or
- 25 commission of a crime.
- 26 (2) In cases included in the following schedule, the
- 27 disability in each case shall be considered to continue for the

- 1 period specified, and the compensation paid for the personal injury
- 2 shall be 80% of the after-tax average weekly wage subject to the
- 3 maximum and minimum rates of compensation under this act. for the
- 4 loss of the following: THE EFFECT OF ANY JOINT REPLACEMENT SURGERY,
- 5 IMPLANT, OR OTHER MEDICAL PROCEDURE SHALL BE CONSIDERED IN
- 6 DETERMINING WHETHER A LOSS HAS OCCURRED. THE DISABILITY PERIOD FOR
- 7 THE LOSS SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS FOLLOWS:
- 8 (a) Thumb, 65 weeks.
- 9 (b) First finger, 38 weeks.
- 10 (c) Second finger, 33 weeks.
- 11 (d) Third finger, 22 weeks.
- 12 (e) Fourth finger, 16 weeks.
- The loss of the first phalange of the thumb, or of any finger,
- 14 shall be considered to be equal to the loss of 1/2 of that thumb or
- 15 finger, and compensation shall be 1/2 of the amount above
- 16 specified.
- 17 The loss of more than 1 phalange shall be considered as the
- 18 loss of the entire finger or thumb. The amount received for more
- 19 than 1 finger shall not exceed the amount provided in this schedule
- 20 for the loss of a hand.
- 21 (f) Great toe, 33 weeks.
- 22 (g) A toe other than the great toe, 11 weeks.
- 23 The loss of the first phalange of any toe shall be considered
- 24 to be equal to the loss of 1/2 of that toe, and compensation shall
- 25 be 1/2 of the amount above specified.
- 26 The loss of more than 1 phalange shall be considered as the
- 27 loss of the entire toe.

- 1 (h) Hand, 215 weeks.
- 2 (i) Arm, 269 weeks.
- 3 An amputation between the elbow and wrist that is 6 or more
- 4 inches below the elbow shall be considered a hand, and an
- 5 amputation above that point shall be considered an arm.
- 6 (j) Foot, 162 weeks.
- 7 (k) Leq, 215 weeks.
- 8 An amputation between the knee and foot 7 or more inches below
- 9 the tibial table (plateau) shall be considered a foot, and an
- 10 amputation above that point shall be considered a leg.
- 11 (l) Eye, 162 weeks.
- 12 Eighty percent loss of vision of 1 eye shall constitute the
- 13 total loss of that eye.
- 14 (3) Total and permanent disability, compensation for which is
- 15 provided in section 351 means:
- 16 (a) Total and permanent loss of sight of both eyes.
- 17 (b) Loss of both legs or both feet at or above the ankle.
- 18 (c) Loss of both arms or both hands at or above the wrist.
- 19 (d) Loss of any 2 of the members or faculties in subdivisions
- 20 SUBDIVISION (a), (b), or (c).
- 21 (e) Permanent and complete paralysis of both legs or both arms
- 22 or of 1 leg and 1 arm.
- 23 (f) Incurable insanity or imbecility.
- 24 (g) Permanent and total loss of industrial use of both legs or
- 25 both hands or both arms or 1 leg and 1 arm; for the purpose of this
- 26 subdivision such permanency shall be determined not less than 30
- 27 days before the expiration of 500 weeks from the date of injury.

- 1 (4) The amounts specified in this clause are all subject to
- 2 the same limitations as to maximum and minimum as above stated. In
- 3 case of the loss of 1 member while compensation is being paid for
- 4 the loss of another member, compensation shall be paid for the loss
- 5 of the second member for the period provided in this section.
- 6 Payments for the loss of a second member shall begin at the
- 7 conclusion of the payments for the first member.
- 8 Sec. 801. (1) Compensation shall be paid promptly and directly
- 9 to the person entitled thereto and shall become due and payable on
- 10 the fourteenth day after the employer has notice or knowledge of
- 11 the disability or death, on which date all compensation then
- 12 accrued shall be paid. Thereafter compensation shall be paid in
- 13 weekly installments. Every carrier shall keep a record of all
- 14 payments made under this act and of the time and manner of making
- 15 the payments and shall furnish reports, based upon these records,
- 16 to the bureau as the director may reasonably require.
- 17 (2) If weekly compensation benefits or accrued weekly benefits
- 18 are not paid within 30 days after becoming due and payable 7 in
- 19 cases where AND there is not an ongoing dispute, \$50.00 per day
- 20 shall be added and paid to the worker for each day over 30 days in
- 21 which the benefits are not paid. Not more than \$1,500.00 in total
- 22 may be added pursuant to this subsection.
- 23 (3) If medical bills or A travel allowance are—IS not paid
- 24 within 30 days after the carrier has received notice of nonpayment
- 25 by certified mail , in cases where AND there is no ongoing dispute,
- 26 \$50.00 or the amount of the bill due, whichever is less, shall be
- 27 added and paid to the worker for each day over 30 days in which the

- 1 medical bills or travel allowance are IS not paid. Not more than
- 2 \$1,500.00 in total may be added pursuant to this subsection.
- 3 (4) For purposes of rate-making, daily charges paid under
- 4 subsection (2) shall not constitute elements of loss.
- 5 (5) An employer who has notice or knowledge of the disability
- 6 or death and fails to give notice to the carrier shall pay the
- 7 penalty provided for in subsection (2) for the period during which
- 8 the employer failed to notify the carrier.
- 9 (6) When weekly compensation is paid pursuant to an award of a
- 10 worker's compensation magistrate, an arbitrator, the board, the
- 11 appellate commission, or a court, interest on the compensation
- 12 shall be paid at the rate of 10% per annum from the date each
- 13 payment was due, until paid. CALCULATED IN THE SAME MANNER AS
- 14 PROVIDED FOR A MONEY JUDGMENT IN A CIVIL ACTION UNDER SECTION
- 15 6013(8) OF THE REVISED JUDICATURE ACT OF 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL
- 16 600.6013(8).
- 17 Enacting section 1. Chapter 4 of the worker's disability
- 18 compensation act of 1969, 1969 PA 317, MCL 418.401 to 418.441, is
- 19 repealed.

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