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HOUSE BILL No. 4095

January 18, 2011, Introduced by Reps. Horn and MacMaster and referred to the Committee on Oversight, Reform, and Ethics.

A bill to protect a person's right to communicate regarding state government functioning; to prohibit retaliation for certain communications; and to provide remedies.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the
 "citizen whistleblower act".
- 3 Sec. 2. As used in this act:
 - (a) "Communicated" means conveyed information directly or indirectly through any medium, including testimony offered at a public hearing or task force hearing or speaking in a legislative work group.
 - (b) "Retaliate" means to apply or threaten to apply unusual or more strict requirements, restrictions, monitoring, or standards or to otherwise subject the person to differential or harassing

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- 1 treatment. Harassing treatment includes, but is not limited to, the
- 2 following:
- 3 (i) Excessive visits to a private property.
- $\mathbf{4}$ (ii) Changing standards or requirements during the course of an
- 5 investigation.
- 6 (iii) Delays in issuing a permit or changes in communication
- 7 deadlines.
- 8 Sec. 3. A state department or agency shall not retaliate
- 9 against a person because the person communicated with a legislator
- 10 concerning the department's or agency's performance of its duties.
- 11 Sec. 4. (1) A person who alleges a violation of section 3 may
- 12 bring a civil action for appropriate injunctive relief, damages, or
- 13 both within 180 days after the occurrence of the alleged violation
- 14 or within 180 days of an occurrence that is part of a pattern of
- 15 activity that constitutes a violation of this act. If the
- 16 retaliation caused a business unwarranted delay in opening or
- 17 unwarranted suspension of operations, damages may include expenses
- 18 or losses that would not have occurred but for the retaliation.
- 19 (2) If a claimant provides clear and convincing evidence that
- 20 he or she communicated with a legislator and was subsequently
- 21 subjected to unusual or differential treatment by the department or
- 22 agency that was the subject of the communication, the department or
- 23 agency bears the burden of proof that the treatment was not taken
- 24 in retaliation for the communication.
- 25 (3) The court shall award costs and attorney fees to a
- 26 claimant who prevails in an action under this act.