STATE OF MICHIGAN 96TH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION OF 2012

Introduced by Senators Hildenbrand, Richardville, Jones, Kowall, Marleau, Nofs, Caswell, Jansen, Robertson and Hune

ENROLLED SENATE BILL No. 1069

AN ACT to amend 1893 PA 206, entitled "An act to provide for the assessment of rights and interests, including leasehold interests, in property and the levy and collection of taxes on property, and for the collection of taxes levied; making those taxes a lien on the property taxed, establishing and continuing the lien, providing for the sale or forfeiture and conveyance of property delinquent for taxes, and for the inspection and disposition of lands bid off to the state and not redeemed or purchased; to provide for the establishment of a delinquent tax revolving fund and the borrowing of money by counties and the issuance of notes; to define and limit the jurisdiction of the courts in proceedings in connection with property delinquent for taxes; to limit the time within which actions may be brought; to prescribe certain limitations with respect to rates of taxation; to prescribe certain powers and duties of certain officers, departments, agencies, and political subdivisions of this state; to provide for certain reimbursements of certain expenses incurred by units of local government; to provide penalties for the violation of this act; and to repeal acts and parts of acts," (MCL 211.1 to 211.155) by adding section 9m.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

Sec. 9m. (1) Beginning December 31, 2015 and each year thereafter, qualified new personal property is exempt from the collection of taxes under this act.

- (2) An owner of qualified new personal property shall claim the exemption under this section by filing an affidavit with the local tax collecting unit in which the qualified new personal property is located and with the department of treasury not later than February 20, 2016. The affidavit shall be in a form prescribed by the department of treasury. An owner of qualified new personal property is only required to file the affidavit claiming the exemption under this section in 2016.
- (3) If an affidavit claiming the exemption under this section is filed in 2016 as provided in subsection (2), the owner of that qualified new personal property is not required to also file a statement under section 19 for that qualified new personal property in 2016.
- (4) Beginning in 2017 and each year after 2017, an owner of qualified new personal property is not required to file an affidavit claiming the exemption under this section for qualified new personal property and is not required to file a statement under section 19 for that qualified new personal property. An owner of qualified new personal property exempt under this section shall provide documentation evidencing the date of purchase of that qualified new personal property to the assessor of the local tax collecting unit upon request.
 - (5) As used in this section:
- (a) "Direct integrated support" means research and development functions, testing and quality control functions, engineering functions, warehousing facilities that directly support the owner or lessee engaging in industrial processing and that store tangible personal property owned by that owner or lessee, and sorting and distribution centers that optimize transportation and use just-in-time inventory management and material handling for inputs to industrial processing.

- (b) "Eligible manufacturing personal property" means all personal property that is located on a parcel of real property if that personal property is used more than 50% of the time in industrial processing or in direct integrated support. The percentage of use of personal property in industrial processing or in direct integrated support shall be determined in the following manner:
- (i) Multiply the true cash value of each individual item of personal property located on that parcel of real property by its percentage of use in industrial processing or in direct integrated support.
- (ii) Add the result of the calculation under subparagraph (i) for all personal property located on that parcel of real property.
- (iii) Divide the result of the calculation under subparagraph (ii) by the total true cash value of all personal property located on that parcel of real property.
- (c) "Industrial processing" means the conversion or conditioning of tangible personal property by changing the form, composition, quality, combination, or character of the property for ultimate sale at retail or for use in the manufacturing of a product to ultimately be sold at retail. Industrial processing does not include the generation of electricity for sale.
 - (d) "New personal property" means property that meets all of the following conditions:
- (i) Before January 1, 2013, was not subject to or exempt from the collection of taxes under this act, except inventory exempt under section 9c, and was not in use or placed in service in this state.
 - (ii) Before January 1, 2013, was not in use or placed in service outside of this state.
- (iii) Was initially purchased from the manufacturer, dealer, distributor, or other vendor of new property after December 31, 2012.
 - (e) "Qualified new personal property" means property that meets all of the following conditions:
 - (i) Is eligible manufacturing personal property.
 - (ii) Was new personal property after December 31, 2012.

Enacting section 1. Section 9m of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.9m, as added by this amendatory act, is repealed if House Bill No. 6026 of the 96th Legislature is not approved by a majority of the qualified electors of this state voting on the question at an election to be held on the August regular election date in 2014.

Carol Morey Viventi

	Secretary of the Senate
Approved	Clerk of the House of Representatives
Governor	