

SUBSTITUTE FOR  
 SENATE BILL NO. 694

A bill to amend 1939 PA 288, entitled  
"Probate code of 1939,"  
by amending section 2 of chapter XIIIA (MCL 712A.2), as amended by  
2001 PA 211.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

## CHAPTER XIIA

Sec. 2. The court has the following authority and jurisdiction:

(a) Exclusive original jurisdiction superior to and regardless of the jurisdiction of another court in proceedings concerning a juvenile under 17 years of age who is found within the county if 1 or more of the following applies:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this sub-subdivision, the

1 juvenile has violated any municipal ordinance or law of the state  
2 or of the United States. If the court enters into an agreement  
3 under section 2e of this chapter, the court has jurisdiction over a  
4 juvenile who committed a civil infraction as provided in that  
5 section. The court has jurisdiction over a juvenile 14 years of age  
6 or older who is charged with a specified juvenile violation only if  
7 the prosecuting attorney files a petition in the court instead of  
8 authorizing a complaint and warrant. As used in this sub-  
9 subdivision, "specified juvenile violation" means 1 or more of the  
10 following:

11 (A) A violation of section 72, 83, 86, 89, 91, 316, 317, 349,  
12 520b, 529, 529a, or 531 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328,  
13 MCL 750.72, 750.83, 750.86, 750.89, 750.91, 750.316, 750.317,  
14 750.349, 750.520b, 750.529, 750.529a, and 750.531.

15 (B) A violation of section 84 or 110a(2) of the Michigan penal  
16 code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.84 and 750.110a, if the juvenile is  
17 armed with a dangerous weapon. As used in this paragraph,  
18 "dangerous weapon" means 1 or more of the following:

19 (i) A loaded or unloaded firearm, whether operable or  
20 inoperable.

21 (ii) A knife, stabbing instrument, brass knuckles, blackjack,  
22 club, or other object specifically designed or customarily carried  
23 or possessed for use as a weapon.

24 (iii) An object that is likely to cause death or bodily injury  
25 when used as a weapon and that is used as a weapon or carried or  
26 possessed for use as a weapon.

27 (iv) An object or device that is used or fashioned in a manner

1 to lead a person to believe the object or device is an object or  
2 device described in subparagraphs (i) to (iii).

3 (C) A violation of section 186a of the Michigan penal code,  
4 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.186a, regarding escape or attempted escape  
5 from a juvenile facility, but only if the juvenile facility from  
6 which the individual escaped or attempted to escape was 1 of the  
7 following:

8 (i) A high-security or medium-security facility operated by the  
9 ~~family independence agency~~ **DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES** or a county  
10 juvenile agency.

11 (ii) A high-security facility operated by a private agency  
12 under contract with the ~~family independence agency~~ **DEPARTMENT OF**  
13 **HUMAN SERVICES** or a county juvenile agency.

14 (D) A violation of section 7401(2)(a)(i) or 7403(2)(a)(i) of  
15 the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403.

16 (E) An attempt to commit a violation described in paragraphs  
17 (A) to (D).

18 (F) Conspiracy to commit a violation described in paragraphs  
19 (A) to (D).

20 (G) Solicitation to commit a violation described in paragraphs  
21 (A) to (D).

22 (H) A lesser included offense of a violation described in  
23 paragraphs (A) to (G) if the individual is charged with a violation  
24 described in paragraphs (A) to (G).

25 (I) Another violation arising out of the same transaction as a  
26 violation described in paragraphs (A) to (G) if the individual is  
27 charged with a violation described in paragraphs (A) to (G).

1           (2) The juvenile has deserted his or her home without  
2 sufficient cause, and the court finds on the record that the  
3 juvenile has been placed or refused alternative placement or the  
4 juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian have  
5 exhausted or refused family counseling.

6           (3) The juvenile is repeatedly disobedient to the reasonable  
7 and lawful commands of his or her parents, guardian, or custodian,  
8 and the court finds on the record by clear and convincing evidence  
9 that court-accessed services are necessary.

10          (4) The juvenile willfully and repeatedly absents himself or  
11 herself from school or other learning program intended to meet the  
12 juvenile's educational needs, or repeatedly violates rules and  
13 regulations of the school or other learning program, and the court  
14 finds on the record that the juvenile, the juvenile's parent,  
15 guardian, or custodian, and school officials or learning program  
16 personnel have met on the juvenile's educational problems and  
17 educational counseling and alternative agency help have been  
18 sought. As used in this sub-subdivision only, "learning program"  
19 means an organized educational program that is appropriate, given  
20 the age, intelligence, ability, and psychological limitations of a  
21 juvenile, in the subject areas of reading, spelling, mathematics,  
22 science, history, civics, writing, and English grammar.

23          (b) Jurisdiction in proceedings concerning a juvenile under 18  
24 years of age found within the county:

25          (1) Whose parent or other person legally responsible for the  
26 care and maintenance of the juvenile, when able to do so, neglects  
27 or refuses to provide proper or necessary support, education,

1 medical, surgical, or other care necessary for his or her health or  
2 morals, who is subject to a substantial risk of harm to his or her  
3 mental well-being, who is abandoned by his or her parents,  
4 guardian, or other custodian, or who is without proper custody or  
5 guardianship. As used in this sub-subdivision:

6 (A) "Education" means learning based on an organized  
7 educational program that is appropriate, given the age,  
8 intelligence, ability, and psychological limitations of a juvenile,  
9 in the subject areas of reading, spelling, mathematics, science,  
10 history, civics, writing, and English grammar.

11 (B) "Without proper custody or guardianship" does not mean a  
12 parent has placed the juvenile with another person who is legally  
13 responsible for the care and maintenance of the juvenile and who is  
14 able to and does provide the juvenile with proper care and  
15 maintenance.

16 (2) Whose home or environment, by reason of neglect, cruelty,  
17 ~~drunkenness,~~ **ABUSE, SUBSTANCE ABUSE**, criminality, or depravity on  
18 the part of a parent, guardian, nonparent adult, or other  
19 custodian, is **OR WILL BE** an unfit place for the juvenile to live  
20 in. **IN DETERMINING WHETHER A HOME IS OR WILL BE AN UNFIT PLACE FOR**  
21 **THE JUVENILE TO LIVE IN, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER ALLEGATIONS**  
22 **AGAINST A PARENT WHO IS CURRENTLY ABSENT FROM THE HOME OR HAS NO**  
23 **CURRENT CONTACT WITH THE JUVENILE. AS USED IN THIS SUB-SUBDIVISION,**  
24 **"CRIMINALITY" MEANS A VIOLATION OF STATE OR FEDERAL LAW BY A**  
25 **PARENT, GUARDIAN, NONPARENT ADULT, OR OTHER CUSTODIAN, THAT BY ITS**  
26 **NATURE OR EFFECT RENDERS THE HOME UNFIT WHETHER OR NOT THE**  
27 **VIOLATION RESULTS IN A CONVICTION. IN CONSIDERING WHETHER OFFENSES**

1 COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN RENDER THE HOME UNFIT, IT DOES NOT  
2 MATTER WHETHER OR NOT THE CHILD VICTIM IS RELATED TO THE PARENT,  
3 GUARDIAN, NONPARENT ADULT, OR OTHER CUSTODIAN.

4 (3) Whose parent has substantially failed, without good cause,  
5 to comply with a limited guardianship placement plan described in  
6 section 5205 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA  
7 386, MCL 700.5205, regarding the juvenile.

8 (4) Whose parent has substantially failed, without good cause,  
9 to comply with a court-structured plan described in section 5207 or  
10 5209 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386,  
11 MCL 700.5207 and 700.5209, regarding the juvenile.

12 (5) If the juvenile has a guardian under the estates and  
13 protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to ~~700.8102,~~  
14 **700.8206**, and the juvenile's parent meets both of the following  
15 criteria:

16 (A) The parent, having the ability to support or assist in  
17 supporting the juvenile, has failed or neglected, without good  
18 cause, to provide regular and substantial support for the juvenile  
19 for 2 years or more before the filing of the petition or, if a  
20 support order has been entered, has failed to substantially comply  
21 with the order for 2 years or more before the filing of the  
22 petition.

23 (B) The parent, having the ability to visit, contact, or  
24 communicate with the juvenile, has regularly and substantially  
25 failed or neglected, without good cause, to do so for 2 years or  
26 more before the filing of the petition.

27 If a petition is filed in the court alleging that a juvenile

1 is within the provisions of subdivision (b) (1), (2), (3), (4), or  
2 (5) and the custody of that juvenile is subject to the prior or  
3 continuing order of another court of record of this state, the  
4 manner of notice to the other court of record and the authority of  
5 the court to proceed is governed by rule of the supreme court.

6 (c) Jurisdiction over juveniles under 18 years of age,  
7 jurisdiction of whom has been waived to the family division of  
8 circuit court by a circuit court under a provision in a temporary  
9 order for custody of juveniles based upon a complaint for divorce  
10 or upon a motion related to a complaint for divorce by the  
11 prosecuting attorney, in a divorce judgment dissolving a marriage  
12 between the juvenile's parents, or by an amended judgment relative  
13 to the juvenile's custody in a divorce.

14 (d) If the court finds on the record that voluntary services  
15 have been exhausted or refused, concurrent jurisdiction in  
16 proceedings concerning a juvenile between the ages of 17 and 18  
17 found within the county who is 1 or more of the following:

18 (1) Repeatedly addicted to the use of drugs or the intemperate  
19 use of alcoholic liquors.

20 (2) Repeatedly associating with criminal, dissolute, or  
21 disorderly persons.

22 (3) Found of his or her own free will and knowledge in a house  
23 of prostitution, assignation, or ill-fame.

24 (4) Repeatedly associating with thieves, prostitutes, pimps,  
25 or procurers.

26 (5) Willfully disobedient to the reasonable and lawful  
27 commands of his or her parents, guardian, or other custodian and in

1 danger of becoming morally depraved.

2       If a juvenile is brought before the court in a county other  
3 than that in which the juvenile resides, before a hearing and with  
4 the consent of the judge of the court in the county of residence,  
5 the court may enter an order transferring jurisdiction of the  
6 matter to the court of the county of residence. Consent to transfer  
7 jurisdiction is not required if the county of residence is a county  
8 juvenile agency and satisfactory proof of residence is furnished to  
9 the court of the county of residence. The order does not constitute  
10 a legal settlement in this state that is required for the purpose  
11 of section 55 of the social welfare act, 1939 PA 280, MCL 400.55.  
12 The order and a certified copy of the proceedings in the  
13 transferring court shall be delivered to the court of the county of  
14 residence. A case designated as a case in which the juvenile shall  
15 be tried in the same manner as an adult under section 2d of this  
16 chapter may be transferred for venue or for juvenile disposition,  
17 but shall not be transferred on grounds of residency. If the case  
18 is not transferred, the court having jurisdiction of the offense  
19 shall try the case.

20       (e) Authority to establish or assist in developing a program  
21 or programs within the county to prevent delinquency and provide  
22 services to act upon reports submitted to the court related to the  
23 behavior of a juvenile who does not require formal court  
24 jurisdiction but otherwise falls within subdivision (a). These  
25 services shall be used only if the juvenile and his or her parents,  
26 guardian, or custodian voluntarily accepts them.

27       (f) If the court operates a detention home for juveniles



1 within the court's jurisdiction under subdivision (a)(1), authority  
2 to place a juvenile within that home pending trial if the juvenile  
3 is within the circuit court's jurisdiction under section 606 of the  
4 revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.606, and if  
5 the circuit court orders the family division of circuit court in  
6 the same county to place the juvenile in that home. The family  
7 division of circuit court shall comply with that order.

8 (g) Authority to place a juvenile in a county jail under  
9 section 27a of chapter IV of the code of criminal procedure, 1927  
10 PA 175, MCL 764.27a, if the court designates the case under section  
11 2d of this chapter as a case in which the juvenile is to be tried  
12 in the same manner as an adult and the court determines there is  
13 probable cause to believe that the offense was committed and  
14 probable cause to believe the juvenile committed that offense.

15 (h) Jurisdiction over a proceeding under section 2950 or 2950a  
16 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950  
17 and 600.2950a, in which a minor less than 18 years of age is the  
18 respondent, or a proceeding to enforce a valid foreign protection  
19 order issued against a respondent who is a minor less than 18 years  
20 of age. A personal protection order shall not be issued against a  
21 respondent who is a minor less than 10 years of age. Venue for an  
22 initial action under section 2950 or 2950a of the revised  
23 judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950 and 600.2950a, is  
24 proper in the county of residence of either the petitioner or  
25 respondent. If the respondent does not live in this state, venue  
26 for the initial action is proper in the petitioner's county of  
27 residence.

1       Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take effect  
2 unless Senate Bill No. 1303 of the 96th Legislature is enacted into  
3 law.