## **HOUSE BILL No. 4796**

June 3, 2003, Introduced by Reps. Sheltrown, Accavitti, Lipsey, Gillard, Elkins, Gleason and Rivet and referred to the Committee on Insurance.

A bill to amend 1956 PA 218, entitled

"The insurance code of 1956,"

by amending section 3135 (MCL 500.3135), as amended by 2002 PA 697.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 3135. (1) A person remains subject to tort liability
- 2 for noneconomic loss caused by his or her ownership, maintenance,
- 3 or use of a motor vehicle only if the injured person has suffered
- 4 death, serious impairment of body function, or permanent serious
- 5 disfigurement.
- (2) For a cause of action for damages pursuant to
- 7 subsection (1) filed on or after July 26, 1996, all of the
- 8 following apply:
  - (a) The issues of whether an injured person has suffered
- 10 serious impairment of body function or permanent serious

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- 1 disfigurement are questions of law for the court if the court
- 2 finds either of the following:
- 3 (i) There is no factual dispute concerning the nature and
- 4 extent of the person's injuries.
- 5 (ii) There is a factual dispute concerning the nature and
- 6 extent of the person's injuries, but the dispute is not material
- 7 to the determination as to whether the person has suffered a
- 8 serious impairment of body function or permanent serious
- 9 disfigurement. However, for a closed-head injury, a question of
- 10 fact for the jury is created if a licensed allopathic or
- 11 osteopathic physician who regularly diagnoses or treats
- 12 closed-head injuries testifies under oath that there may be a
- 13 serious neurological injury.
- 14 (b) Damages shall be assessed on the basis of comparative
- 15 fault, except that damages shall not be assessed in favor of a
- 16 party who is more than 50% at fault.
- 17 (c) Damages shall not be assessed in favor of a party who was
- 18 operating his or her own vehicle at the time the injury occurred
- 19 and did not have in effect for that motor vehicle the security
- 20 required by section 3101 at the time the injury occurred.
- 21 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, tort
- 22 liability arising from the ownership, maintenance, or use within
- 23 this state of a motor vehicle with respect to which the security
- 24 required by section 3101 was in effect is abolished except as
- 25 to:
- 26 (a) Intentionally caused harm to persons or property. Even
- 27 though a person knows that harm to persons or property is

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- 1 substantially certain to be caused by his or her act or omission,
- 2 the person does not cause or suffer that harm intentionally if he
- 3 or she acts or refrains from acting for the purpose of averting
- 4 injury to any person, including himself or herself, or for the
- 5 purpose of averting damage to tangible property.
- 6 (b) Damages for noneconomic loss as provided and limited in
- 7 subsections (1) and (2).
- 8 (c) Damages for allowable expenses, work loss, and survivor's
- 9 loss as defined in sections 3107 to 3110 in excess of the daily,
- 10 monthly, and 3-year limitations contained in those sections. The
- 11 party liable for damages is entitled to an exemption reducing his
- 12 or her liability by the amount of taxes that would have been
- 13 payable on account of income the injured person would have
- 14 received if he or she had not been injured.
- 15 (d) Damages for economic loss by a nonresident in excess of
- 16 the personal protection insurance benefits provided under
- 17 section 3163(4). Damages under this subdivision are not
- 18 recoverable to the extent that benefits covering the same loss
- 19 are available from other sources, regardless of the nature or
- 20 number of benefit sources available and regardless of the nature
- 21 or form of the benefits.
- 22 (e) Damages up to -\$500.00 \\$1,000.00 to motor vehicles, to
- 23 the extent that the damages are not covered by insurance. An
- 24 action for damages pursuant to this subdivision shall be
- 25 conducted in compliance with subsection (4).
- 26 (4) In an action for damages pursuant to subsection (3)(e):
- (a) Damages shall be assessed on the basis of comparative

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- 1 fault, except that damages shall not be assessed in favor of a
- 2 party who is more than 50% at fault.
- 3 (b) Liability shall not be a component of residual liability,
- 4 as prescribed in section 3131, for which maintenance of security
- 5 is required by this act.
- 6 (5) Actions under subsection (3)(e) shall be commenced,
- 7 whenever legally possible, in the small claims division of the
- 8 district court or the municipal court. If the defendant or
- 9 plaintiff removes the action to a higher court and does not
- 10 prevail, the judge may assess costs.
- 11 (6) A decision of a court made pursuant to subsection (3)(e)
- 12 is not res judicata in any proceeding to determine any other
- 13 liability arising from the same circumstances as gave rise to the
- 14 action brought pursuant to subsection (3)(e).
- 15 (7) As used in this section, "serious impairment of body
- 16 function" means an objectively manifested impairment of an
- 17 important body function that affects the person's general ability
- 18 to lead his or her normal life.

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