SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 899

A bill to amend 1976 PA 390, entitled "Emergency management act,"

by amending section 11 (MCL 30.411), as amended by 2005 PA 321.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 11. (1) Personnel of disaster relief forces while on duty
 are subject to all of the following provisions:
- 3 (a) If they are employees of this state, they have the powers,
 4 duties, rights, privileges, and immunities of and receive the
 5 compensation incidental to their employment.
- (b) If they are employees of a political subdivision of this
 state, regardless of where serving, they have the powers, duties,
 rights, privileges, and immunities and receive the compensation
 incidental to their employment.



- (c) If they are not employees of this state or a political 1 2 subdivision of this state, they are entitled to the same rights and immunities as provided by law for the employees of this state. All 3 4 personnel of disaster relief forces shall, while on duty, be 5 subject to the operational control of the authority in charge of 6 disaster relief activities in the area in which they are serving, 7 and shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary travel and 8 subsistence expenses.
- 9 (2) This state, any political subdivision of this state, or 10 the employees, agents, or representatives of this state or any 11 political subdivision of this state are not liable for personal 12 injury or property damage sustained by any person appointed or acting as a member of disaster relief forces. This act does not 13 14 affect the right of a person to receive benefits or compensation to 15 which he or she may otherwise be entitled to under the worker's 16 disability compensation act of 1969, 1969 PA 317, MCL 418.101 to 418.941, any pension law, or any act of congress. Congress. 17
 - engaged in disaster relief activity is not liable for the death of or injury to a person or persons, or for damage to property, as a result of that activity. The employees, agents, or representatives of this state or a political subdivision of this state and nongovernmental disaster relief force workers or private or volunteer personnel engaged in disaster relief activity are immune from tort liability to the extent provided under section 7 of 1964 PA 170, MCL 691.1407. As used in this section, "disaster relief activity" includes training for or responding to an actual, impending, mock, or practice disaster or emergency.
 - (4) A person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic

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1 medicine and surgery or a licensed hospital, health care 2 professional or a health care facility, whether licensed in this or 3 another state or by the federal government or a branch of the armed forces Armed Forces of the United States, or an individual listed 4 described in subsection (6), who renders health care services 5 6 during a state of disaster declared by the governor and at the 7 express or implied request of a state official or agency or county 8 or local coordinator or executive body, under this act or under a 9 state of emergency declared under 1945 PA 302, MCL 10.31 to 10.33, 10 in support of this state's response to the state of disaster 11 declared under this act or under a state of emergency declared under 1945 PA 302, MCL 10.31 to 10.33, is considered an authorized 12 disaster relief worker or facility and is not liable, for an injury 13 14 sustained by a person by reason of those services, civilly or 15 criminally, for any harm or damages sustained or alleged to have been sustained as a result of any act or omission occurring in the 16 course of arranging for, providing, or making decisions regarding 17 18 health care services regardless of how or under what circumstances 19 or by what cause those injuries are sustained. The immunity granted 20 by this subsection does not apply in the event of an act or 21 omission that is willful or gross negligence, constitutes willful 22 or intentional criminal misconduct, or constitutes intentional 23 infliction of harm by the health care facility, health care 24 professional, or other health care provider arranging for, 25 providing, or making decisions regarding health care services. 26 However, those acts, omissions, or decisions impacting any patient, 27 employee, agent, family member, volunteer, visitor, business 28 partner, or other individual resulting in whole or in part from a 29 shortage of personal protection equipment, resources, medical

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equipment, or staffing is not considered to be willful or gross 1 2 negligence, willful or intentional criminal misconduct, or an 3 intentional infliction of harm. The immunity granted under this section extends to a health care professional's or health care 4 facility's reliance on a patient's advanced directive witnessed by 5 6 health care facility employees, provided that those employees were 7 not directly involved in the patient's care prior to witnessing the 8 patient's advanced directive. Nothing in this section affects the 9 rights conferred on injured employees and employers under the 10 worker's disability compensation act of 1969, 1969 PA 317, MCL 11 418.101 to 418.941, including, but not limited to, the definition of intentional tort and the exclusive remedy provisions available 12 to employees as provided in sections 131 and 827 of the worker's 13 14 disability compensation act of 1969, 1969 PA 317, MCL 418.131 and 15 418.827. If a civil action for malpractice is filed alleging an act or omission that is willful or gross negligence resulting in 16 17 injuries, the services rendered that resulted in those injuries 18 shall be judged according to the standards required of persons licensed in this state to perform those services. The immunity 19 20 granted to health care professionals and health care facilities 21 under this subsection due to this state's response to the COVID-19 22 pandemic applies to any acts or omissions while providing health 23 care services related to the COVID-19 pandemic during the COVID-19 state of emergency or state of disaster, including any period of 24 25 extension or renewal, and begins retroactive to March 10, 2020, the 26 date of the declaration of the COVID-19 state of emergency. Nothing 27 in this section removes or limits any immunity conferred by any 28 other provision of law of this state, law of any other state, or 29 federal law, rule, policy, executive order, or procedure. The

- 1 immunity granted under this section remains in effect for the
- 2 duration of the COVID-19 state of emergency or state of disaster or
- 3 through September 30, 2020, whichever is later.
- 4 (5) An individual listed in subsection (6), during a state of
- 5 disaster declared by the governor, may practice, in addition to the
- 6 authority granted by other statutes of this state, the
- 7 administration of anesthetics; minor surgery; intravenous,
- 8 subcutaneous, or intramuscular procedure; or oral and topical
- 9 medication; or a combination of these under the supervision of a
- 10 member of the medical staff of a licensed hospital of this state,
- 11 and may assist the staff member in other medical and surgical
- 12 proceedings.
- 13 (6) Subsections (4) and (5) apply to all of the following
- 14 individuals:
- 15 (a) Any of the following, if licensed in this or another state
- 16 or by the federal government or a branch of the armed forces Armed
- 17 Forces of the United States:
- 18 (i) A registered nurse.
- 19 (ii) A practical nurse.
- 20 (iii) A nursing student acting under the supervision of a
- 21 licensed nurse.
- (iv) A dentist.
- (v) A veterinarian.
- (vi) A pharmacist.
- 25 (vii) A pharmacist intern acting under the supervision of a
- 26 licensed pharmacist.
- (viii) A paramedic.
- 28 (b) A medical resident undergoing training in a licensed
- 29 hospital in this or another state.



- (c) Other licensed, registered, or unlicensed health care professionals, or other health care providers, including their employers; contractors, health care facility administrators, executives, supervisors, board members, trustees, volunteers, students, trainees, or other comparable individuals or agents of health care facilities; and other individuals otherwise authorized by executive order or law of this state to provide health care services, with or without a license, during a state of emergency or state of disaster.
 - (7) A person owning or controlling real estate or other premises who voluntarily and without compensation grants to this state or a political subdivision of this state a license or privilege, or otherwise permits this state or a political subdivision of this state to inspect, designate, and use the whole or any part or parts of the real estate or other premises for the purpose of sheltering persons during an actual, impending, mock, or practice disaster, together with his or her successors in interest, if any, is not civilly liable for negligently causing the death of or injury to any person on or about the real estate or premises under the license, privilege, or permission or for loss or damage to the property of the person.
 - (8) A person owning or controlling real estate or other premises who has gratuitously granted the use of the real estate or other premises for the purposes stated in this section is legally obligated to make known to the licensee any hidden dangers or safety hazards that are known to the owner or occupant of the real estate or premises that might possibly result in the death or injury or loss of property to a person using the real estate or premises.

- 1 (9) As used in this section: , "gross
- 2 (a) "Damages" means economic or noneconomic losses for harm to
- 3 an individual including, but not limited to, compensatory damages,
- 4 punitive damages, pain and suffering damages, liquidated damages,
- 5 back pay, front pay, job restoration rights, attorney fees and
- 6 costs, or any other monetary or nonmonetary recovery available in
- 7 law or in equity.
- 8 (b) "Disaster relief activity" includes training for or
- 9 responding to an actual, impending, mock, or practice disaster or
- 10 emergency.
- 11 (c) "Gross negligence" means conduct so reckless as to
- 12 demonstrate a substantial lack of concern for whether an injury
- 13 results.
- 14 (d) "Harm" includes any physical or nonphysical act or
- 15 omission that results in injury to or death of an individual.
- (e) "Health care facility" means 1 or more of the following:
- 17 (i) A health facility or agency described in section 20106 of
- 18 the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.20106.
- 19 (ii) State-owned surgical centers.
- 20 (iii) State-operated outpatient facilities.
- 21 (iv) State-operated veterans facilities.
- 22 (v) Facilities used as surge capacity for any of the health
- 23 care facilities described in this subdivision.
- 24 (f) "Health care professional" means a person licensed,
- 25 registered, or otherwise authorized to engage in a health
- 26 profession under article 15 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368,
- 27 MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838.
- 28 (g) "Health care provider" means an individual who is
- 29 otherwise authorized to provide health care services during a state



- 1 of emergency or state of disaster.
- 2 (h) "Health care services" means services provided by a health
- 3 care facility, health care professional, or other health care
- 4 provider regardless of the location where those services are
- 5 provided, including the provision of health care services via
- 6 telehealth or other remote method.

