141.1231 Definitions.
Sec. 31. As used in this article:
(a) “Emergency financial manager” means the emergency financial manager appointed under section 34.
(b) “Review team” means the review team designated under section 34.
(c) “School board” means the governing body of a school district.
(d) “School district” or “district” means a local school district established under part 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 of the school code of 1976, being sections 380.71 to 380.485 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or a local act school district as defined in section 5 of the school code of 1976, being section 380.5 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
(e) “School fiscal year” means a fiscal year that commences July 1 and continues through June 30.
(f) “State board” means the state board of education.


141.1232 Responsibility for monitoring and reviewing financial condition of school districts.
Sec. 32. The superintendent of public instruction is responsible for monitoring and periodically reviewing the financial condition of school districts to ensure their compliance with state laws regulating budgetary and accounting practices and their financial soundness.


141.1233 Determination of serious financial problem; conditions; notice.
Sec. 33. (1) The superintendent of public instruction may determine that a school district has a serious financial problem if he or she finds that 1 or more of the following conditions exist:
(a) The school district ended the most recently completed school fiscal year with a deficit in 1 or more of its funds and the superintendent of public instruction has not approved a deficit elimination plan within 3 months after the district's deadline for submission of its annual financial statement.
(b) The school board of the school district adopts a resolution declaring that the school district is in a financial emergency.
(c) The superintendent of public instruction receives a petition containing specific allegations of school district financial distress signed by a number of registered electors residing within the school district equal to not less than 10% of the total vote cast for all candidates for governor within the school district at the last preceding election at which a governor was elected. Petitions shall not be filed under this subdivision within 60 days before any election of the school district.
(d) The superintendent of public instruction receives a written request, from a creditor of the school district with an undisputed claim against the school district, to find the school district has a serious financial problem. The superintendent of public instruction may honor this request only if the claim remains unpaid 6 months after its due date, the claim exceeds the greater of $10,000.00 or 1% of the annual general fund budget of the school district, and the creditor notifies the school district in writing at least 30 days before he or she requests the superintendent of public instruction to find that the school district has a serious financial problem.
(e) The superintendent of public instruction receives written notification from a trustee, paying agent, note or bondholder, or the state treasurer of a violation of 1 or more of the school district's bond or note covenants.
(f) The superintendent of public instruction receives a resolution from either the senate or the house of representatives requesting a review under this section of the financial condition of the school district.
(g) The school district is in violation of the conditions of an order issued pursuant to, or as a requirement of, former 1943 PA 202, the revenue bond act of 1933, 1933 PA 94, MCL 141.101 to 141.140, the revised municipal finance act, 2001 PA 34, MCL 141.2101 to 141.2821, or any other law governing the issuance of bonds or notes.

(h) The school district is in violation of the requirements of sections 17 to 20 of the uniform budgeting and accounting act, 1968 PA 2, MCL 141.437 to 141.440.

(i) The school district fails to provide an annual financial report or audit that conforms with the minimum procedures and standards of the state board and is required under the revised school code, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.1 to 380.1852, and the state school aid act of 1979, 1979 PA 94, MCL 388.1601 to 388.1772.

(j) A court has ordered an additional tax levy without the prior approval of the school board of the school district.

(2) Upon determining that a school district has a serious financial problem, the superintendent of public instruction shall notify the governor and the state board of that determination and of the basis for and findings supporting the determination.


141.1234 Review team; appointment; composition; purpose; conditions; functions; report of findings; time; copies of report; conclusion.

Sec. 34. (1) Within 30 days after an occurrence described in this subsection, the governor shall appoint a review team composed of the superintendent of public instruction, the state treasurer, the director of the department of management and budget, a nominee of the senate majority leader, and a nominee of the speaker of the house of representatives to review the financial condition of a school district if 1 or more of the following occur:

(a) The governor is informed by the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to section 33(2) that he or she has determined that the school district has a serious financial problem.

(b) The school district is in default in the payment of interest on or principal of any obligation of the school district.

(c) The school district fails to pay its employees within 5 days of any regularly scheduled payday.

(d) The school district fails to make any contribution required by a pension, retirement, or benefit plan in accordance with state law.

(e) The superintendent of public instruction determines that the school district has failed to comply substantively with the terms of an approved deficit elimination plan required under section 102 of the state school aid act of 1979, Act No. 94 of the Public Acts of 1979, being section 388.1702 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(f) The state treasurer notifies the governor that the appointment of a review team is necessary to protect the credit of the school district or the state, or both.

(2) The review team appointed by the governor pursuant to subsection (1) shall have full power in its review to perform all of the following functions:

(a) Examine the books and records of the school district.

(b) Utilize the services of other state agencies and employees and employ professionals necessary to assist in its duties.

(c) Sign a consent agreement with the superintendent of the school district. The agreement may provide for remedial measures considered necessary, including, but not limited to, a long-range financial recovery plan requiring specific actions. The agreement may utilize state financial management and technical assistance as necessary in order to alleviate the financial problem of the school district. The agreement may also provide for periodic fiscal status reports to the superintendent of public instruction. Before the consent agreement becomes effective, the school board of the school district, by a majority vote of the total number of members authorized by law to serve on the board, shall approve the agreement.

(3) The review team shall report its findings to the governor and the state board within 30 days after its appointment, or earlier if required by the governor. Upon request, the governor may grant 1 60-day extension of this time limit. The review team shall send a copy of its report to the superintendent of public instruction, the school board of the school district, the senate majority leader, and the speaker of the house of representatives. The review team shall include 1 of the following conclusions in its report:

(a) The school district does not have a serious financial problem.

(b) The school district does have a serious financial problem, but a consent agreement containing a plan to
resolve the problem has been adopted pursuant to subsection (2)(c).

(c) The school district has a financial emergency because a consent agreement containing a plan to resolve a serious financial problem within the school district has not been adopted.


***** 141.1235 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 436 OF 2012 EFFECTIVE MARCH 28, 2013 *****

141.1235 Determination by superintendent of public instruction; notice; findings of fact; statement; hearing; confirmation or revocation of determination; report.

Sec. 35. (1) Within 30 days after the state board receives the review team's report required by section 34(3), the superintendent of public instruction shall make 1 of the following determinations:

(a) The school district does not have a serious financial problem.

(b) The school district does have a serious financial problem, but a consent agreement containing a plan to resolve the problem has been adopted pursuant to section 34(2)(c).

(c) The school district has a financial emergency because a consent agreement containing a plan to resolve a serious financial problem within the school district has not been adopted.

(2) If the superintendent of public instruction determines pursuant to subsection (1) that a financial emergency exists, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide the school board of the school district with written notification of the determination, findings of fact utilized as the basis upon which this determination was made, a concise and explicit statement of the underlying facts supporting the findings of fact, and notice that the school board of the school district has 10 days after the date of this notification to request a hearing conducted by the superintendent of public instruction or his or her designee to contest the superintendent's determination. After the hearing, or if no hearing is requested, after the expiration of the deadline by which a hearing may be requested, the superintendent of public instruction shall either confirm or revoke, in writing, the determination that the school district has a financial emergency. If the determination is confirmed, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide a written report to the school board of the school district of the findings of fact of the continuing or newly developed conditions or events that provide the basis for the confirmation of the determination, and a concise and explicit statement of the underlying facts supporting these findings of fact.


***** 141.1236 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 436 OF 2012 EFFECTIVE MARCH 28, 2013 *****

141.1236 Failure to abide by consent agreement.

Sec. 36. If, at any time following a determination by the superintendent of public instruction under section 35(1)(b) that the school district has a financial emergency, the superintendent of public instruction informs the governor and the state board that the school district is not abiding by the consent agreement, section 35(2) and section 38 shall then apply to that school district.


***** 141.1237 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 436 OF 2012 EFFECTIVE MARCH 28, 2013 *****

141.1237 Appeal; setting aside determination.

Sec. 37. The board of a school district that the superintendent of public instruction has determined has a financial emergency may appeal this determination to the circuit court for a county in which the school district is located. The court shall not set aside a determination of the superintendent of public instruction unless it finds that the determination is either 1 of the following:

(a) Not supported by competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record.

(b) Arbitrary, capricious, or clearly an abuse of unwarranted exercise of discretion.


***** 141.1238 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 436 OF 2012 EFFECTIVE MARCH 28, 2013 *****

141.1238 Emergency financial manager; nominees; appointment, qualifications, and term; contract; compensation and expenses; staff and professional assistance.
Sec. 38. (1) If the superintendent of public instruction determines under section 35 or 36 that a school district has a financial emergency, the superintendent of public instruction, within 30 days after that determination, shall submit to the state board the names of nominees who shall be considered for appointment to serve as an emergency financial manager for the school district. From the list of nominees submitted to the state board, the state board shall submit to the governor the names of not more than 3 nominees who shall be considered for appointment to serve as an emergency financial manager for the school district. From the list of nominees submitted to the governor, the governor shall appoint, with the advice and consent of the senate, an emergency financial manager who shall hold office for a term fixed by the governor, but not to exceed 1 year. The appointment shall be by written contract and may be renewed on an annual basis for not more than 1 year.

(2) An emergency financial manager appointed under this article shall be chosen solely on the basis of his or her competence in fiscal matters and shall not have been either an elected or appointed official or employee of the school district for which he or she is appointed for not less than 5 years before the appointment. The emergency financial manager shall not be the superintendent of public instruction. The emergency financial manager need not be a resident of the school district for which he or she is appointed.

(3) Unless the legislature provides special funding, an emergency financial manager shall receive compensation and reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses from the school district as approved by the superintendent of public instruction. In addition to staff otherwise authorized by law, with the approval of the superintendent of public instruction, the emergency financial manager may appoint additional staff and secure professional assistance considered necessary to implement this article.


***** 141.1239 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 436 OF 2012 EFFECTIVE MARCH 28, 2013 *****

141.1239 Orders.

Sec. 39. The emergency financial manager shall issue to the appropriate officials or employees of the school district the orders that he or she considers necessary to accomplish the purposes of this article, including, but not limited to, orders for the timely and satisfactory implementation of a financial plan developed pursuant to section 40. An order issued under this section is binding on the school district officials or employees to whom it is issued.


***** 141.1240 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 436 OF 2012 EFFECTIVE MARCH 28, 2013 *****

141.1240 Written financial plan.

Sec. 40. (1) In consultation with the school board, the emergency financial manager shall develop, and may from time to time amend, a written financial plan for the school district. The financial plan shall provide for both of the following:

(a) Conducting the operations of the school district within the resources available according to the emergency financial manager's revenue estimate.

(b) The payment in full of the scheduled debt service requirements on all bonds and notes of the school district and all other uncontested legal obligations.

(2) After the initial development of the financial plan required by subsection (1), the emergency financial manager in consultation with the school board shall regularly reexamine the plan, and if the emergency financial manager reduces his or her revenue estimates, he or she shall modify the financial plan to conform to revised revenue estimates.

(3) The financial plan shall be in a form, and shall contain that information for each year the plan is in effect, that the school district's emergency financial manager specifies.

(4) The emergency financial manager shall make public the plan or modified plan. This subsection shall not be construed to mean that the emergency financial manager must receive public approval before he or she implements the financial plan or any modification to the plan.


***** 141.1241 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 436 OF 2012 EFFECTIVE MARCH 28, 2013 *****

141.1241 Control over fiscal matters; fiscal decisions; actions by emergency financial
manager; authorization to proceed under federal law; school district as debtor.

Sec. 41. (1) Upon appointment under section 38, an emergency financial manager shall immediately assume control over all fiscal matters of, and make all fiscal decisions for, the school district for which he or she is appointed.

(2) In implementing this article and performing his or her functions under this article, an emergency financial manager may take 1 or more of the following actions:

(a) Examine the books and records of the school district.
(b) Review payrolls or other claims against the school district before payment.
(c) Negotiate, renegotiate, approve, and enter into contracts on behalf of the school district.
(d) Receive and disburse on behalf of the school district all federal, state, and local funds earmarked for the school district. These funds may include, but are not limited to, funds for specific programs and the retirement of debt.
(e) Adopt a final budget for the next school fiscal year and amend any adopted budget of the school district.
(f) Act as an agent of the school district in collective bargaining and, to the extent possible under state labor law, renegotiate existing and negotiate new labor agreements.
(g) Analyze factors contributing to the financial condition of the school district and recommend to the legislature steps that need to be taken to improve the district's financial condition.
(h) Require compliance with his or her orders, by court action if necessary.
(i) Require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, contracts, and other documents relevant to an analysis of the financial condition of the school district.
(j) Recommend to the governor, the legislature, and the state board that the school district be reorganized with 1 or more contiguous school districts.
(k) Consolidate divisions or transfer functions from 1 division to another division within the school district and appoint, supervise, and, at his or her discretion, remove, within legal limitations, heads of divisions of the school district.
(l) Create a new position or approve or disapprove the creation of any new position or the filling of a vacancy in a permanent position by an appointing authority.
(m) Seek approval from the state board for a reduced class schedule in accordance with administrative rules governing the distribution of state school aid.
(n) Employ or contract for, at the expense of the school district and with the approval of the superintendent of public instruction, auditors and other technical personnel considered necessary to implement this article.
(o) Reduce expenditures in the budget of the school district.
(p) Borrow money on behalf of the school district.
(q) Approve or disapprove of the issuance of obligations of the school district.
(r) Order, as necessary, 1 or more school millage elections for the school district consistent with the school code of 1976, the Michigan election law, Act No. 116 of the Public Acts of 1954, being sections 168.1 to 168.992 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and sections 6 and 25 through 34 of article IX of the state constitution of 1963.
(s) Sell or otherwise use the assets of the school district to meet past or current obligations, provided the use of assets for this purpose does not impair the education of the pupils of the district.
(t) Exercise the authority and responsibilities affecting the financial condition of the school district that are prescribed by law to the school board and superintendent of the school district.

(3) After giving written notice to the superintendent of public instruction, the emergency financial manager may authorize the school district to proceed under chapter 9 of title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. 901 to 904, 921 to 932, and 941 to 946. This section empowers the school district for which an emergency financial manager has been appointed to become a debtor under chapter 9 of title 11 of the United States Code.


***** 141.1241a THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 436 OF 2012 EFFECTIVE MARCH 28, 2013
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141.1241a Report filed by emergency financial manager with governor, senate majority leader, speaker of house of representatives and posted on website of school district.

Sec. 41a. (1) An emergency financial manager appointed under this article shall file with the governor, the senate majority leader, and the speaker of the house of representatives and post on the internet on the website of the school district a report that contains all of the following:
(a) A description of each expenditure made, approved, or disapproved during the reporting period that has a cumulative value of $10,000.00 or more and the source of the funds.

(b) A list of each contract that the emergency financial manager awarded or approved with a cumulative value of $10,000.00 or more, the purpose of the contract, and the identity of the contractor.

(c) A description of each loan sought, approved, or disapproved during the reporting period that has a cumulative value of $10,000.00 or more and the proposed use of the funds.

(d) A description of any new position created or any vacancy in a permanent position filled by the appointing authority.

(e) A description of any position that has been eliminated or from which an employee has been laid off.

(2) The report required under this section shall be submitted every 6 months, beginning 6 months after the starting date of the emergency financial manager.