490.57 Trust account; beneficial ownership; death of trustee; survivorship.

Sec. 7. An account which states that a party is a trustee for 1 or more other identified persons, including
but not limited to minors, is a trust account. Except where there is evidence of a trust other than as provided
by the form of the account, the account and any sums withdrawn therefrom are presumed to belong
beneficially to the trustee until his death. At the death of the trustee or surviving trustee any sums remaining
on deposit are presumed to belong to the person or persons named as beneficiaries, if living, or to the survivor
of them if 1 or more have died before the trustee. The death thereafter of any beneficiary has no effect on the
equal ownership of all who survived the trustee, as no right of survivorship is presumed to attend the
relationship of several beneficiaries who survive a trustee. If no beneficiary survives the trustee, the sums are
presumed to belong to the estate of the last trustee to die. If 2 or more parties are named as trustees on the
account, and there is no evidence of trust except as provided by the form of the account, the account is
presumed to be a survivorship account as between trustees. It is presumed to be owned between trustees as
provided by this act.


Compiler's note: For transfer of authority, powers, duties, functions, and responsibility of the financial institutions bureau and the
commissioner of the financial institutions bureau to the commissioner of the office of financial and insurance services and the office of
financial and insurance services by type III transfer, see E.R.O. No. 2000-2, compiled at MCL 445.2003 of the Michigan compiled laws.