## SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 5551

A bill to amend 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1, entitled "Michigan employment security act,"

by amending section 62 (MCL 421.62), as amended by 2017 PA 231.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 62. (a) If the unemployment agency determines that an
- 2 individual has obtained benefits to which the individual is not
- 3 entitled, or a subsequent determination by the agency or a decision
- 4 of an appellate authority reverses a prior qualification for
- 5 benefits, the agency may recover a sum equal to the amount received
- 6 plus interest pursuant to section 15(a) by 1 or more of the
- 7 following methods: deduction from benefits or wages payable to the
- 8 individual, payment by the individual in cash, or deduction from a
- 9 tax refund payable to the individual as provided under section 30a

- 1 of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.30a. Deduction from benefits or wages
- 2 payable to the individual is limited to not more than 50% of each
- 3 payment due the claimant. The unemployment agency shall issue a
- 4 determination requiring restitution within 3 years after the date
- 5 of finality of a determination, redetermination, or decision
- 6 reversing a previous finding of benefit entitlement. Except in the
- 7 case of benefits improperly paid because of suspected identity
- 8 fraud or in the case of an issue of intentional false statement,
- 9 misrepresentation, or concealment of material information in
- 10 violation of section 54(a) or (b) or sections 54a to 54c, the
- 11 unemployment agency shall not initiate administrative or court
- 12 action to recover improperly paid benefits from an individual more
- 13 than 3 years 1 year after the date that the last determination,
- 14 redetermination, or decision establishing restitution is final.
- 15 Except in the case of benefits improperly paid because of suspected
- 16 identity fraud or in the case of an issue of intentional false
- 17 statement, misrepresentation, or concealment of material
- 18 information in violation of section 54(a) or (b) or sections 54a to
- 19 54c, the unemployment agency shall issue a restitution
- 20 determination on an issue within 3 years from not later than 1 year
- 21 after the date the claimant first received benefits in the benefit
- 22 year in which the issue arose. , or in In the case of benefits
- 23 improperly paid because of suspected identity fraud, the
- 24 unemployment agency may initiate administrative or court action to
- 25 recover improperly paid benefits from an individual or issue a
- 26 restitution determination at any time. In the case of an issue of
- 27 intentional false statement, misrepresentation, or concealment of
- 28 material information in violation of section 54(a) or (b) or
- 29 sections 54a to 54c, within the unemployment agency shall initiate

- 1 administrative or court action to recover improperly paid benefits
- 2 from an individual or issue a restitution determination on the
- 3 issue not later than 3 years after the receipt of the improperly
- 4 paid benefits; unless however, the unemployment agency may issue a
- 5 restitution determination on the issue after that 3-year period if
- 6 the unemployment agency filed a civil action in a court within the
- 7 that 3-year period. ; the individual made an intentional false
- 8 statement, misrepresentation, or concealment of material
- 9 information to obtain the benefits; or the unemployment agency
- 10 issued a determination requiring restitution within the 3-year
- 11 period. The time limits in this section do not prohibit the
- 12 unemployment agency from pursuing collection methods to recover the
- 13 amounts found to have been improperly paid. Except in a case of an
- 14 intentional false statement, misrepresentation, or concealment of
- 15 material information, the unemployment agency shall waive recovery
- 16 of an improperly paid benefit if repayment would be contrary to
- 17 equity and good conscience and shall waive any interest. If the
- 18 agency or an appellate authority waives collection of restitution
- 19 and interest, except as provided in subdivision (ii), the waiver is
- 20 prospective and does not apply to restitution and interest payments
- 21 already made by the individual. As used in this subsection,
- 22 "contrary to equity and good conscience" means any of the
- 23 following:
- 24 (i) The claimant provided incorrect wage information without
- 25 the intent to misrepresent, and the employer provided either no
- 26 wage information upon request or provided inaccurate wage
- 27 information that resulted in the overpayment.
- 28 (ii) The claimant's average net household income and household
- 29 cash assets, exclusive of social welfare benefits, were, during the

- 1 6 months immediately preceding the date of the application for
- 2 waiver, at or below 150% of the annual update of the poverty
- 3 guidelines most recently published in the Federal Register by the
- 4 United States Department of Health and Human Services under the
- 5 authority of 42 USC 9902(2), and the claimant has applied for a
- 6 waiver under this subsection. The unemployment agency shall not
- 7 consider a new application for a waiver from a claimant within 6
- 8 months after receiving an application for a waiver from the
- 9 claimant. A waiver granted under the conditions described in this
- 10 subdivision applies from the date the application is filed. If the
- 11 waiver is granted, the unemployment agency shall promptly refund
- 12 any restitution or interest payments made by the individual after
- 13 the date of the application for waiver. As used in this
- 14 subdivision:
- 15 (A) "Cash assets" means cash on hand and funds in a checking
- 16 or savings account.
- 17 (B) "Dependent" means that term as defined in section
- **18** 27 (b) (4).
- 19 (C) "Household" means a claimant and the claimant's
- 20 dependents.
- 21 (iii) The improper payments resulted from an administrative or
- 22 clerical error by the unemployment agency. A requirement to repay
- 23 benefits as the result of a change in judgment at any level of
- 24 administrative adjudication or court decision concerning the facts
- 25 or application of law to a claim adjudication is not an
- 26 administrative or clerical error for purposes of this subdivision.
- 27 (b) If the unemployment agency determines that a claimant has
- 28 intentionally made a false statement or misrepresentation or has
- 29 concealed material information to obtain benefits, whether or not

- 1 the claimant obtains benefits by or because of the intentional
- 2 false statement, misrepresentation, or concealment of material
- 3 information, the unemployment agency shall, in addition to any
- 4 other applicable interest and penalties, cancel his or her rights
- 5 to benefits for the benefit year in which the act occurred as of
- 6 the date the claimant made the false statement or misrepresentation
- 7 or concealed material information, and shall not use wages used to
- 8 establish that benefit year to establish another benefit year. A
- 9 chargeable employer may protest a claim filed after October 1, 2014
- 10 to establish a successive benefit year under section 46(c), if
- 11 there was a determination by the unemployment agency or decision of
- 12 a court or administrative tribunal finding that the claimant made a
- 13 false statement, made a misrepresentation, or concealed material
- 14 information related to his or her report of earnings for a
- 15 preceding benefit year claim. If a protest is made, the
- 16 unemployment agency shall not use any unreported earnings from the
- 17 preceding benefit year that were falsely stated, misrepresented, or
- 18 concealed to establish a benefit year for a successive claim.
- 19 Before receiving benefits in a benefit year established within 4
- 20 years after cancellation of rights to benefits under this
- 21 subsection, the claimant, in addition to making the restitution of
- 22 benefits established under subsection (a), may be liable for an
- 23 additional amount as otherwise determined by the unemployment
- 24 agency under this act, which may be paid by cash, deduction from
- 25 benefits, or deduction from a tax refund. The claimant is liable
- 26 for any fee the federal government imposes with respect to
- 27 instituting a deduction from a federal tax refund. Restitution
- 28 resulting from the intentional false statement, misrepresentation,
- 29 or concealment of material information is not subject to the 50%

- 1 limitation provided in subsection (a).
- 2 (c) Any determination made by the unemployment agency under
- 3 this section is final unless an application for a redetermination
- 4 is filed in accordance with section 32a. However, a redetermination
- 5 that a benefit has been improperly paid is not final unless the
- 6 unemployment agency provides to the claimant notice in the manner
- 7 as required under this subsection of the claimant's rights to
- 8 request an in-person or telephone hearing, have counsel present at
- 9 the hearing, and appeal the redetermination. The unemployment
- 10 agency shall not take action to recover an improperly paid benefit
- 11 or to enforce interest, penalties, or any additional amount
- 12 assessed under this section unless the unemployment agency provides
- 13 to the claimant notice in the manner as required under this
- 14 subsection of the claimant's rights to request an in-person or
- 15 telephone hearing, have counsel present at the hearing, and appeal
- 16 the redetermination. To provide notice under this subsection, the
- 17 unemployment agency must do all of the following:
- 18 (i) Mail the notice to the claimant's last known address.
- 19 (ii) Send the notice via the unemployment agency's computer 20 system to the claimant.
- 21 (iii) Do either of the following:
- 22 (A) Speak with the claimant in person or via telephone about 23 the claimant's rights.
- 24 (B) Send the notice via email to the claimant's last known 25 email address.
- 26 (d) The unemployment agency shall take the action necessary to 27 recover all benefits improperly obtained or paid under this act,
- ${\bf 28}\,$   $\,$  and to enforce all interest and penalties under subsection (b). The
- 29 unemployment agency may conduct an amnesty program for a designated

- 1 period under which penalties and interest assessed against an
- 2 individual owing restitution for improperly paid benefits may be
- 3 waived if the individual pays the full amount of restitution owing
- 4 within the period specified by the agency.
- (e) Interest recovered under this section must be deposited inthe contingent fund.
- 7 (f) The unemployment agency shall not make a determination
- 8 that a claimant made an intentional false statement,
- 9 misrepresentation, or concealment of material information that is
- 10 subject to sanctions under this section based solely on a computer-
- 11 identified discrepancy in information supplied by the claimant or
- 12 employer. An unemployment agency employee or agent must examine the
- 13 facts and independently determine that the claimant or the employer
- 14 is responsible for a willful or intentional violation before the
- 15 agency makes a determination under this section.
- 16 (q) By January 31 each year, beginning in 2019, the
- 17 unemployment agency shall provide a written report regarding
- 18 waivers under subsection (a) (ii) to the chairpersons of the standing
- 19 committees and the appropriations subcommittees of the house of
- 20 representatives and senate having jurisdiction over legislation
- 21 pertaining to employment security. The report must include all of
- 22 the following information from the immediately preceding calendar
- 23 year in a form that does not identify an individual, claimant, or
- 24 employer:
- 25 (i) The procedures relating to waivers that the unemployment
- 26 agency used or adopted.
- (ii) The number of applications for a waiver the unemployment
- 28 agency received.
- 29 (iii) The number of individuals who submitted an application for

- 1 a waiver.
- (iv) The number of waivers that were granted by each of the
- 3 following methods:
- 4 (A) An unemployment agency determination.
- 5 (B) An unemployment agency redetermination.
- 6 (C) An administrative law judge order.
- 7 (D) A Michigan compensation appellate commission order.
- 8 (E) A court order.
- $\mathbf{9}$  (v) The number of waivers that were denied, tabulated by the
- 10 reason for the denial, by each of the following methods:
- 11 (A) An unemployment agency determination.
- 12 (B) An unemployment agency redetermination.
- 13 (C) An administrative law judge order.
- 14 (D) A Michigan compensation appellate commission order.
- 15 (E) A court order.
- 16 (vi) The total amount of restitution waived.