HOUSE BILL No. 5280

November 28, 2017, Introduced by Rep. Lucido and referred to the Committee on Law and Justice.

A bill to amend 1927 PA 175, entitled

"The code of criminal procedure,"

by amending section 1g of chapter IV, section 6b of chapter V, and section 3 of chapter XI (MCL 764.1g, 765.6b, and 771.3), section 1g of chapter IV as added by 2006 PA 668, section 6b of chapter V as amended by 2014 PA 316, and section 3 of chapter XI as amended by 2012 PA 612.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

CHAPTER IV

Sec. 1g. (1) Before a warrant is issued for the arrest of a person who is not in custody, the law enforcement agency

4 investigating the crime shall use the law enforcement information

5 network LEIN to determine whether the person is a parolee under the

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1 jurisdiction of the department of corrections. If the person is 2 determined to be a parolee under the jurisdiction of the department 3 of corrections, and the magistrate issues a warrant for the arrest 4 of that person, the investigating law enforcement agency or, if UNLESS THE INVESTIGATING LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AFFIRMATIVELY 5 UNDERTAKES THE DUTY TO ENTER THE ARREST WARRANT INTO LEIN, the 6 7 court is entering SHALL ENTER THE arrest warrants WARRANT into the law enforcement information network and LEIN. IF the investigating 8 9 law enforcement agency informs the court that the person is a 10 parolee, the court shall promptly give to the department of 11 corrections, by telephonic or electronic means, notice of all of 12 the following:

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(a) The identity of the person named in the warrant.

(b) The fact that information in databases managed by the department of corrections and accessible by the law enforcement information network LEIN provides reason to believe the person named in the warrant is a parolee under the jurisdiction of the department of corrections.

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(c) The charge or charges stated in the warrant.

20 (2) If-UNLESS THE INVESTIGATING LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AFFIRMATIVELY UNDERTAKES THE DUTY TO ENTER THE WARRANT INTO LEIN, 21 22 the court has assumed the responsibility for entering arrest 23 warrants-SHALL ENTER THE WARRANT into the law enforcement 24 information network and LEIN. IF THE COURT delays THE issuance or 25 entry of a warrant pending a court appearance by the person named 26 in the warrant, the law enforcement agency submitting the sworn 27 complaint to the court shall promptly give to the department of

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1 corrections, by telephonic or electronic means, notice of the 2 following:

3 (a) The identity of the person named in the sworn complaint.
4 (b) The fact that a prosecuting attorney has authorized
5 issuance of a warrant.

6 (c) The fact that information in databases managed by the
7 department of corrections and accessible by the law enforcement
8 information network LEIN provides reason to believe the person
9 named in the sworn complaint is a parolee under the jurisdiction of
10 the department of corrections.

11 (d) The charge or charges stated in the sworn complaint.

(e) Whether, pending a court appearance by the person named in
the sworn complaint, the court has either issued the arrest warrant
but delayed entry of the warrant into the law enforcement
information network LEIN or has delayed issuance of the warrant.

16 (3) The requirement to give notice to the department of 17 corrections under subsection (1) or (2) is complied with SATISFIED 18 if the notice is transmitted to any of the following:

(a) To the department by a central toll-free telephone number
that is designated by the department for that purpose and that is
in operation 24 hours a day and is posted in the department's
database of information concerning the status of parolees.

(b) To a parole agent serving the county where the warrant isissued or is being sought.

25 (c) To the supervisor of the parole office serving the county26 where the warrant is issued or is being sought.

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(4) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "LEIN" MEANS THE LAW ENFORCEMENT

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INFORMATION NETWORK REGULATED UNDER THE C.J.I.S. POLICY COUNCIL
 ACT, 1974 PA 163, MCL 28.211 TO 28.215, OR BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
 STATE POLICE.

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CHAPTER V

5 Sec. 6b. (1) A judge or district court magistrate may release a defendant under this subsection subject to conditions reasonably 6 necessary for the protection of 1 or more named persons. If a judge 7 or district court magistrate releases a defendant under this 8 9 subsection subject to protective conditions, the judge or district court magistrate shall make a finding of the need for protective 10 11 conditions and inform the defendant on the record, either orally or 12 by a writing that is personally delivered to the defendant, of the specific conditions imposed and that if the defendant violates a 13 14 condition of release, he or she will be subject to arrest without a warrant and may have his or her bail forfeited or revoked and new 15 conditions of release imposed, in addition to the penalty provided 16 17 under section 3f of chapter XI and any other penalties that may be imposed if the defendant is found in contempt of court. 18

19 (2) An order or amended order issued under subsection (1)
 20 shall MUST contain all of the following:

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(a) A statement of the defendant's full name.

(b) A statement of the defendant's height, weight, race, sex,
date of birth, hair color, eye color, and any other identifying
information the judge or district court magistrate considers
appropriate.

26 27 (c) A statement of the date the conditions become effective.(d) A statement of the date on which the order will expire.

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(e) A statement of the conditions imposed.

(3) An order or amended order issued under this subsection and
subsection (1) may impose a condition that the defendant not
purchase or possess a firearm. However, if the court orders the
defendant to carry or wear an electronic monitoring device as a
condition of release as described in subsection (6), the court
shall also impose a condition that the defendant not purchase or
possess a firearm.

(4) The-UNLESS A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY WITHIN THE 9 JURISDICTION OF THE COURT AFFIRMATIVELY UNDERTAKES THE DUTY TO 10 11 ENTER THE ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER ISSUED UNDER SUBSECTION (1) OR 12 SUBSECTIONS (1) AND (3) INTO LEIN, THE judge or district court 13 magistrate shall immediately direct the issuing court or a law 14 enforcement agency within the jurisdiction of the court, in writing, to enter an order or amended order issued under subsection 15 (1) or subsections (1) and (3) into LEIN. IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT 16 17 AGENCY WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT AFFIRMATIVELY UNDERTAKES THE DUTY TO ENTER THE ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER ISSUED 18 19 UNDER SUBSECTION (1) OR SUBSECTIONS (1) AND (3), THE JUDGE OR DISTRICT COURT MAGISTRATE SHALL IMMEDIATELY DIRECT THE LAW 20 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, IN WRITING, TO ENTER AN ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER 21 22 ISSUED UNDER SUBSECTION (1) OR SUBSECTIONS (1) AND (3) INTO LEIN. 23 If the order or amended order is rescinded, the judge or district 24 court magistrate shall immediately order the issuing court or law 25 enforcement agency THAT PREVIOUSLY ENTERED THE ORDER to remove the 26 order or amended order from LEIN.

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(5) The issuing court or a law enforcement agency within the

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jurisdiction of the court AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (4) shall
 immediately enter an order or amended order into LEIN or shall
 remove the order or amended order from the law enforcement
 information network LEIN upon expiration of the order or as
 directed by the court under subsection (4).

6 (6) If a defendant who is charged with a crime involving 7 domestic violence, or any other assaultive crime, is released under this subsection and subsection (1), the judge or district court 8 magistrate may order the defendant to wear an electronic monitoring 9 device as a condition of release. With the informed consent of the 10 11 victim, the court may also order the defendant to provide the 12 victim of the charged crime with an electronic receptor device 13 capable of receiving the global positioning system information from 14 the electronic monitoring device worn by the defendant that notifies the victim if the defendant is located within a proximity 15 to the victim as determined by the judge or district court 16 17 magistrate in consultation with the victim. The victim shall MUST 18 also be furnished with a telephone contact with FOR the local law 19 enforcement agency to request immediate assistance if the defendant 20 is located within that proximity to the victim. In addition, the 21 victim may provide the court with a list of areas from which he or she would like the defendant excluded. The court shall consider the 22 23 victim's request and shall determine which areas the defendant 24 shall MUST be prohibited from accessing. The court shall instruct 25 the entity monitoring the defendant's position to notify the proper authorities if the defendant violates the order. In determining 26 27 whether to order a defendant to wear an electronic monitoring

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device, the court shall consider the likelihood that the 1 2 defendant's participation in electronic monitoring will deter the defendant from seeking to kill, physically injure, stalk, or 3 4 otherwise threaten the victim prior to trial. The victim may 5 request the court to terminate the victim's participation in the 6 monitoring of the defendant at any time. The court shall not impose sanctions on the victim for refusing to participate in monitoring 7 under this subsection. A defendant described in this subsection 8 9 shall MUST only be released if he or she agrees to pay the cost of the device and any monitoring as a condition of release or to 10 11 perform community service work in lieu of paying that cost. An 12 electronic monitoring device ordered to be worn under this subsection shall MUST provide reliable notification of removal or 13 14 tampering. As used in this subsection:

15 (a) "Assaultive crime" means that term as defined in section16 9a of chapter X.

17 (b) "Domestic violence" means that term as defined in section18 1 of 1978 PA 389, MCL 400.1501.

(c) "Electronic monitoring device" includes any electronic device or instrument that is used to track the location of an individual or to monitor an individual's blood alcohol content, but does not include any technology that is implanted or violates the corporeal body of the individual.

24 (d) "Informed consent" means that the victim was given
25 information concerning all of the following before consenting to
26 participate in electronic monitoring:

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(i) The victim's right to refuse to participate in that

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monitoring and the process for requesting the court to terminate
 the victim's participation after it has been ordered.

3 (ii) The manner in which the monitoring technology functions
4 and the risks and limitations of that technology, and the extent to
5 which the system will track and record the victim's location and
6 movements.

7 (iii) The boundaries imposed on the defendant during the8 monitoring program.

9 (*iv*) Sanctions that the court may impose on the defendant for10 violating an order issued under this subsection.

11 (v) The procedure that the victim is to follow if the 12 defendant violates an order issued under this subsection or if 13 monitoring equipment fails to operate properly.

14 (vi) Identification of support services available to assist 15 the victim to develop a safety plan to use if the court's order 16 issued under this subsection is violated or if the monitoring 17 equipment fails to operate properly.

18 (vii) Identification of community services available to assist 19 the victim in obtaining shelter, counseling, education, child care, 20 legal representation, and other help in addressing the consequences 21 and effects of domestic violence.

(viii) The nonconfidential nature of the victim's
communications with the court concerning electronic monitoring and
the restrictions to be imposed upon the defendant's movements.

25 (7) A judge or district court magistrate may release under
26 this subsection a defendant subject to conditions reasonably
27 necessary for the protection of the public if the defendant has

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submitted to a preliminary roadside analysis that detects the presence of alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or other intoxicating substance, or any combination of them, and that a subsequent chemical test is pending. The judge or district court magistrate shall inform the defendant on the record, either orally or by a writing that is personally delivered to the defendant, of all of the following:

8 (a) That if the defendant is released under this subsection,
9 he or she shall not operate a motor vehicle under the influence of
10 alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or another intoxicating
11 substance, or any combination of them, as a condition of release.
12 (b) That if the defendant violates the condition of release

under subdivision (a), he or she will be IS subject to arrest without a warrant, shall WILL have his or her bail forfeited or revoked, and shall WILL not be released from custody prior to arraignment.

17 (8) The-UNLESS A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT AFFIRMATIVELY UNDERTAKES THE DUTY TO 18 19 ENTER THE ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER ISSUED UNDER SUBSECTION (7) INTO 20 LEIN, THE judge or district court magistrate shall immediately 21 direct the issuing court, or a law enforcement agency within the 22 jurisdiction of the court, in writing, to enter an order or amended 23 order issued under subsection (7) into LEIN. IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT 24 AGENCY WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT AFFIRMATIVELY UNDERTAKES THE DUTY TO ENTER THE ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER ISSUED 25 UNDER SUBSECTION (7), THE JUDGE OR DISTRICT COURT MAGISTRATE SHALL 26 27 IMMEDIATELY DIRECT THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, IN WRITING, TO ENTER

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AN ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER ISSUED UNDER SUBSECTION (7) INTO LEIN. If
 the order or amended order is rescinded, the judge or district
 court magistrate shall immediately order the issuing court or law
 enforcement agency THAT PREVIOUSLY ENTERED THE ORDER to remove the
 order or amended order from LEIN.

6 (9) The issuing court or a law enforcement agency within the 7 jurisdiction of the court AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (8) shall 8 immediately enter an order or amended order into LEIN. If the order 9 or amended order is rescinded, the court or law enforcement agency 10 THAT PREVIOUSLY ENTERED THE ORDER shall immediately remove the 11 order or amended order from LEIN upon expiration of the order under 12 subsection (8).

(10) This section does not limit the authority of judges or district court magistrates to impose protective or other release conditions under other applicable statutes or court rules, including ordering a defendant to wear an electronic monitoring device.

(11) As used in this section, "LEIN" means the law enforcement
information network regulated under the C.J.I.S. policy council
act, 1974 PA 163, MCL 28.211 to 28.215, or by the department of
state police.

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CHAPTER XI

23 Sec. 3. (1) The sentence of probation shall MUST include all
24 of the following conditions:

(a) During the term of his or her probation, the probationer
shall not violate any criminal law of this state, the United
States, or another state or any ordinance of any municipality in

1 this state or another state.

2 (b) During the term of his or her probation, the probationer
3 shall not leave the state without the consent of the court granting
4 his or her application for probation.

(c) The probationer shall report to the probation officer,
either in person or in writing, monthly or as often as the
probation officer requires. This subdivision does not apply to a
juvenile placed on probation and committed under section 1(3) or
(4) of chapter IX to an institution or agency described in the
youth rehabilitation services act, 1974 PA 150, MCL 803.301 to
803.309.

12 (d) If sentenced in circuit court, the probationer shall pay a
13 probation supervision fee as prescribed in section 3c of this
14 chapter.

(e) The probationer shall pay restitution to the victim of the defendant's course of conduct giving rise to the conviction or to the victim's estate as provided in chapter IX. An order for payment of restitution may be modified and shall MUST be enforced as provided in chapter IX.

20 (f) The probationer shall pay an assessment ordered under
21 section 5 of 1989 PA 196, MCL 780.905.

(g) The probationer shall pay the minimum state costprescribed by section 1j of chapter IX.

24 (h) If the probationer is required to be registered under the
25 sex offenders registration act, 1994 PA 295, MCL 28.721 to 28.736,
26 the probationer shall comply with that act.

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(2) As a condition of probation, the court may require the

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1 probationer to do 1 or more of the following:

2 (a) Be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than 12 months at the time or intervals that may be consecutive or 3 4 nonconsecutive, within the probation as the court determines. 5 However, the period of confinement shall MUST not exceed the 6 maximum period of imprisonment provided for the offense charged if 7 the maximum period is less than 12 months. The court may permit day parole as authorized under 1962 PA 60, MCL 801.251 to 801.258. The 8 9 court may, subject to sections 3d and 3e of this chapter, permit 10 the individual to be released from jail to work at his or her 11 existing job or to attend a school in which he or she is enrolled 12 as a student. This subdivision does not apply to a juvenile placed on probation and committed under section 1(3) or (4) of chapter IX 13 14 to an institution or agency described in the youth rehabilitation services act, 1974 PA 150, MCL 803.301 to 803.309. 15

16 (b) Pay immediately or within the period of his or her17 probation a fine imposed when placed on probation.

18 (c) Pay costs pursuant to subsection (5).

19 (d) Pay any assessment ordered by the court other than an20 assessment described in subsection (1)(f).

21 (e) Engage in community service.

22 (f) Agree to pay by wage assignment any restitution,23 assessment, fine, or cost imposed by the court.

(g) Participate in inpatient or outpatient drug treatment or 7
beginning January 1, 2005, participate in a drug treatment court
under chapter 10A of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA
236, MCL 600.1060 to 600.1084.600.1086.

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(h) Participate in mental health treatment.

2 (i) Participate in mental health or substance abuse3 counseling.

4 (j) Participate in a community corrections program.

5 (k) Be under house arrest.

6 (1) Be subject to electronic monitoring.

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(m) Participate in a residential probation program.

8 (n) Satisfactorily complete a program of incarceration in a
9 special alternative incarceration unit as provided in section 3b of
10 this chapter.

(o) Be subject to conditions reasonably necessary for the protection of 1 or more named persons.

(p) Reimburse the county for expenses incurred by the county
in connection with the conviction for which probation was ordered
as provided in the prisoner reimbursement to the county act, 1984
PA 118, MCL 801.81 to 801.93.

17 (q) Complete his or her high school education or obtain the
18 equivalency of a high school education in the form of a general
19 education development (GED) certificate.

20 (3) The court may impose other lawful conditions of probation
21 as the circumstances of the case require or warrant or as in its
22 judgment are proper.

(4) If an order or amended order of probation contains a
condition for the protection of 1 or more named persons as provided
in subsection (2) (0), UNLESS A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY WITHIN THE
JURISDICTION OF THE COURT AFFIRMATIVELY UNDERTAKES THE DUTY TO
ENTER THE ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER INTO LEIN, the court or a law

1 enforcement agency within the court's jurisdiction shall enter the 2 order or amended order into the law enforcement information network. LEIN. IF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY WITHIN THE JURISDICTION 3 4 OF THE COURT AFFIRMATIVELY UNDERTAKES THE DUTY TO ENTER THE ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER INTO LEIN, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL ENTER 5 THE ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER INTO LEIN. If the court rescinds the 6 7 order or amended order or the condition, the court shall remove the order or amended order or the condition from the law enforcement 8 information network LEIN or notify that THE law enforcement agency 9 THAT PREVIOUSLY ENTERED THE ORDER OR AMENDED ORDER and the THAT law 10 11 enforcement agency shall remove the order or amended order or the condition from the law enforcement information network.LEIN. 12

13 (5) If the court requires the probationer to pay costs under 14 subsection (2), the costs shall MUST be limited to expenses 15 specifically incurred in prosecuting the defendant or providing 16 legal assistance to the defendant and supervision of the 17 probationer.

18 (6) If the court imposes costs under subsection (2) as part of19 a sentence of probation, all of the following apply:

(a) The court shall not require a probationer to pay costs
under subsection (2) unless the probationer is or will be able to
pay them during the term of probation. In determining the amount
and method of payment of costs under subsection (2), the court
shall take into account the probationer's financial resources and
the nature of the burden that payment of costs will impose, with
due regard to his or her other obligations.

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(b) A probationer who is required to pay costs under

subsection (1)(g) or (2)(c) and who is not in willful default of the payment of the costs may petition the sentencing judge or his or her successor at any time for a remission of the payment of any unpaid portion of those costs. If the court determines that payment of the amount due will impose a manifest hardship on the probationer or his or her immediate family, the court may remit all or part of the amount due in costs or modify the method of payment.

8 (7) If a probationer is required to pay costs as part of a
9 sentence of probation, the court may require payment to be made
10 immediately or the court may provide for payment to be made within
11 a specified period of time or in specified installments.

12 (8) If a probationer is ordered to pay costs as part of a sentence of probation, compliance with that order shall MUST be a 13 14 condition of probation. The court may revoke probation if the probationer fails to comply with the order and if the probationer 15 has not made a good faith effort to comply with the order. In 16 17 determining whether to revoke probation, the court shall consider the probationer's employment status, earning ability, and financial 18 19 resources, the willfulness of the probationer's failure to pay, and 20 any other special circumstances that may have a bearing on the 21 probationer's ability to pay. The proceedings provided for in this 22 subsection are in addition to those provided in section 4 of this 23 chapter.

(9) If entry of judgment is deferred in the circuit court, the
court shall require the individual to pay a supervision fee in the
same manner as is prescribed for a delayed sentence under section
1(3) of this chapter, shall require the individual to pay the

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1 minimum state costs prescribed by section 1j of chapter IX, and may 2 impose, as applicable, the conditions of probation described in 3 subsections (1), (2), and (3).

4 (10) If sentencing is delayed or entry of judgment is deferred
5 in the district court or in a municipal court, the court shall
6 require the individual to pay the minimum state costs prescribed by
7 section 1j of chapter IX and may impose, as applicable, the
8 conditions of probation described in subsections (1), (2), and (3).

9 (11) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "LEIN" MEANS THE LAW ENFORCEMENT 10 INFORMATION NETWORK REGULATED UNDER THE C.J.I.S. POLICY COUNCIL 11 ACT, 1974 PA 163, MCL 28.211 TO 28.215, OR BY THE DEPARTMENT OF 12 STATE POLICE.

13 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days14 after the date it is enacted into law.