SENATE BILL No. 1048

September 6, 2016, Introduced by Senator KOWALL and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

A bill to amend 1972 PA 284, entitled "Business corporation act,"

by amending sections 131, 143, 151, 202, 217, 246, 282, 283, 286, 287, 288, 301, 302, 405, 407, 525, 611, 703a, 707, 746, 762, 764, 765, 778, 784, 911, 922, 923, 1016, 1021, 1042, 1056, and 1060 (MCL 450.1131, 450.1143, 450.1151, 450.1202, 450.1217, 450.1246, 450.1282, 450.1283, 450.1286, 450.1287, 450.1288, 450.1301, 450.1302, 450.1405, 450.1407, 450.1525, 450.1611, 450.1703a, 450.1707, 450.1746, 450.1762, 450.1764, 450.1765, 450.1778, 450.1784, 450.1911, 450.1922, 450.1923, 450.2016, 450.2021, 450.2042, 450.2056, and 450.2060), sections 131 and 217 as amended and section 746 as added by 2008 PA 402, section 143 as amended by 2006 PA 47, sections 151, 407, and 525 as amended by 2001 PA 57, sections 202, 405, 611, 703a, 762, 784, 911, and 1021 as amended and sections 282, 283, 286, 287, and 288 as added by 2012 PA 569,

sections 246, 765, and 923 as amended by 1989 PA 121, sections 301, 302, 707, and 1042 as amended by 1997 PA 118, sections 764, 922, and 1016 as amended by 1993 PA 91, section 778 as amended by 2013 PA 123, section 1056 as added by 1982 PA 407, and section 1060 as amended by 2015 PA 66; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 131. (1) A document required or permitted to be filed 2 under this act shall be submitted by delivering the document to the 3 administrator together with the fees and accompanying documents 4 required by law. The administrator may establish a procedure for accepting delivery of a document submitted under this subsection by 5 6 facsimile or other electronic transmission. However, by December 31, 2006, the administrator shall establish a procedure for 7 8 accepting delivery of a document submitted under this subsection by electronic mail or over the Internet. Beginning January 1, 2007, 9 the administrator shall accept delivery of documents submitted by 10 electronic mail or over the Internet. 11

(2) If a document submitted under subsection (1) substantially 12 13 conforms to the requirements of this act, the administrator shall 14 endorse upon it the word "filed" with his or her official title and 15 the date of receipt and of filing and shall file and index the 16 document or a photostatic, micrographic, photographic, optical disc 17 media, or other reproduced copy in his or her office. If requested at the time of the delivery of the document to his or her office, 18 the administrator shall include the hour of filing in the 19 20 endorsement on the document.

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(3) The administrator shall MAY return THE ORIGINAL OR a copy

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of a document filed under subsection (2) , other than an annual 1 report, or, at his or her discretion, the original, to the person 2 who THAT submitted it for filing. The administrator shall mark the 3 4 filing date on the copy or original before returning it or , if the 5 document was submitted by electronic mail or over the Internet, may provide proof of the filing date to the person who THAT submitted 6 the document for filing in another manner determined by the 7 8 administrator.

(4) The records and files of the administrator relating to 9 10 domestic and foreign corporations shall be open to reasonable 11 inspection by the public. The administrator may maintain records or 12 files either in their original form or in photostatic, 13 micrographic, photographic, optical disc media, or other reproduced form.MAY MAINTAIN RECORDS OR FILES IN THE FORM OF REPRODUCTIONS 14 PURSUANT TO THE RECORDS REPRODUCTION ACT, 1992 PA 116, MCL 24.401 15 TO 24.406, AND MAY DESTROY THE ORIGINALS OF THE REPRODUCED 16 17 DOCUMENTS.

(5) The administrator may make copies REPRODUCTIONS of any 18 19 documents filed under this act or any predecessor act by 20 photostatic, micrographic, photographic, optical disc media, or 21 other reproduced form PURSUANT TO THE RECORDS REPRODUCTION ACT, 22 1992 PA 116, MCL 24.401 TO 24.406, and may destroy the originals of 23 the copied REPRODUCED documents. A photostatic, micrographic, 24 photographic, optical disc media, or other reproduced copy OF A **DOCUMENT** certified by the administrator, including a copy sent by 25 26 facsimile or other electronic transmission, is considered an 27 original **DOCUMENT** for all purposes and is admissible in evidence in

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1 like manner as an original **DOCUMENT**.

2 (6) Except as provided in section 806, a document filed under
3 subsection (2) is effective at the time it is endorsed unless a
4 subsequent effective time, not later than 90 days after the date of
5 delivery, is set forth in the document.

6 (7) The administrator shall charge 1 of the following
7 nonrefundable fees if expedited filing of a document by the
8 administrator is requested and the administrator shall retain the
9 revenue collected under this subsection and the department shall
10 use it to carry out its duties required by law:

(a) For any filing that a person requests the administrator to
complete within 1 hour on the same day as the day of the request,
\$1,000.00. The department may establish a deadline by which a
person must submit a request for filing under this subdivision.

(b) For any filing that a person requests the administrator to complete within 2 hours on the same day as the day of the request, \$500.00. The department may establish a deadline by which a person must submit a request for filing under this subdivision.

(c) Except for a filing request under subdivision (a) or (b), for the filing of any formation or qualification document that a person requests the administrator to complete on the same day as the day of the request, \$100.00. The department may establish a deadline by which a person must submit a request for filing under this subdivision.

25 (d) Except for a filing request under subdivision (a) or (b),
26 for the filing of any other document concerning an existing
27 domestic corporation or a qualified foreign corporation that a

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person requests the administrator to complete on the same day as the day of the request, \$200.00. The department may establish a deadline by which a person must submit a request for filing under this subdivision.

5 (e) For the filing of any formation or qualification document
6 that a person requests the administrator to complete within 24
7 hours of the time the administrator receives the request, \$50.00.

8 (f) For the filing of any other document concerning an
9 existing domestic corporation or a qualified foreign corporation
10 that a person requests the administrator to complete within 24
11 hours of the time the administrator receives the request, \$100.00.

12 Sec. 143. (1) If a notice or communication is required or permitted by UNDER this act to be given by mail, it shall be 13 14 mailed, except as otherwise provided in this act, to the person to whom WHICH it is directed at the address designated by him or her 15 THE PERSON for that purpose or, if none is designated, at his or 16 17 her THE PERSON'S last known address. The notice or communication is 18 given when deposited, with postage prepaid, in a post office or 19 official depository under the exclusive care and custody of the 20 United States postal service. POSTAL SERVICE. Unless the 21 corporation has securities registered under section 12 of title 1 of the securities exchange act of 1934, 15 USC 781, the mailing 22 23 shall be SENT BY registered, certified, or other first-class mail 24 except where UNLESS otherwise provided in REQUIRED UNDER this act. 25 (2) If a corporation is required or permitted to provide its 26 shareholders with a written notice or other written report, 27 statement, or communication by UNDER this act, the articles of

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1 incorporation, or the bylaws, the corporation may provide that 2 notice, report, statement, or communication to all shareholders 3 that share a common address by delivering 1 copy of it to the 4 common address if all of the following are met:

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5 (a) The corporation addresses the notice, report, statement,
6 or communication to the shareholders who-THAT share the common
7 address as a group, individually, or in any other form to which any
8 of those shareholders have not objected.

9 (b) At least 60 days before the first delivery of any delivery
10 to a common address under this subsection, the corporation gives
11 notice to the shareholders who THAT share that common address that
12 it intends to provide only 1 copy of notices, reports, statements,
13 or other communications to shareholders that share a common
14 address.

(c) The corporation has not received a written objection from 15 any shareholder that shares a common address to deliveries under 16 this subsection to that shareholder. If it receives a written 17 objection under this subdivision, the corporation within 30 days 18 19 shall begin providing the objecting shareholder with separate 20 copies of any notices, reports, statements, or communications to 21 the shareholders, but the corporation may deliver 1 copy of the 22 notices, reports, statements, or communications to all of the 23 shareholders at that common address that have not objected.

24 (3) If a notice is required or permitted by UNDER this act to
25 be given in writing, electronic transmission is written notice.
26 (4) If a notice or communication is permitted by UNDER this
27 act to be transmitted electronically, the notice or communication

is given when electronically transmitted to the person THAT IS
 entitled to the notice or communication in a manner authorized by
 the person.

4 (5) As used in subsection (2), "address" means a street
5 address, post office box, electronic mail address for electronic
6 transmissions by electronic mail, or telephone facsimile number for
7 electronic transmissions by facsimile.

8 (6) IF THE ADMINISTRATOR IS REQUIRED UNDER THIS ACT TO GIVE 9 NOTICE TO THE CORPORATION, THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ELECTRONICALLY 10 TRANSMIT THE NOTICE TO THE CORPORATION'S RESIDENT AGENT IN THE 11 MANNER AUTHORIZED BY THE CORPORATION.

12 Sec. 151. (1) If the administrator fails to promptly file a 13 document, other than an annual report, submitted for filing under 14 this act, the administrator shall within 10 days after receipt of 15 **RECEIVING** a written request to file the document from the person 16 submitting THAT SUBMITTED the document for filing give written 17 notice of the refusal FAILURE to file the document to that person, 18 specifying the reasons for the refusal FAILURE to file the 19 document. If the document was not originally submitted by electronic transmission, the administrator shall not give the 20 21 written notice by electronic transmission. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION BY POSTING THE NOTICE ON 22 23 THE ADMINISTRATOR'S WEBSITE; BY SENDING THE NOTICE BY MAIL TO THE 24 ADDRESS PROVIDED BY THE PERSON THAT SUBMITTED THE DOCUMENT; OR, IF THE PERSON THAT SUBMITTED THE DOCUMENT HAS PROVIDED THE 25 26 ADMINISTRATOR WITH AN ELECTRONIC MAIL ADDRESS, BY SENDING THE 27 NOTICE TO THAT ELECTRONIC MAIL ADDRESS. The person may seek

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judicial review of the refusal to file the document pursuant to
 UNDER sections 103, 104, and 106 of the administrative procedures
 act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.303, 24.304, and 24.306.

4 (2) If the administrator refuses to authorize or revokes the
5 authorization of a foreign corporation to transact business in this
6 state pursuant to UNDER this act, the foreign corporation may seek
7 judicial review pursuant to UNDER sections 103, 104, and 106 of the
8 administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.303,
9 24.304, and 24.306.

Sec. 202. The articles of incorporation shall contain all of the following:

12 (a) The name of the corporation.

13 (b) The purposes for which the corporation is formed. All of14 the following apply for purposes of this subdivision:

(i) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (ii) or
(iii), it is a sufficient compliance with this subdivision to state
substantially, alone or with specifically enumerated purposes, that
the corporation may engage in any activity within the purposes for
which corporations may be formed under the business corporation
act, and all activities shall by the statement be considered within
the purposes of the corporation, subject to expressed limitations.

(*ii*) Any corporation that proposes to conduct educational
purposes shall state the purposes and shall comply with all
requirements of sections 170 to 177 of 1931 PA 327, MCL 450.170 to
450.177.

26 (iii) A professional corporation shall comply with section
27 283(2) and (3).

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(c) The aggregate number of shares that the corporation has
 authority to issue.

3 (d) If the shares are, or are to be, divided into classes, or
4 into classes and series, the designation of each class and series,
5 the number of shares in each class and series, and a statement of
6 the relative rights, preferences and limitations of the shares of
7 each class and series, to the extent that the designations,
8 numbers, relative rights, preferences, and limitations have been
9 determined.

(e) If any class of shares is to be divided into THE SHARES
ARE TO BE DESIGNATED AND ISSUED IN 1 OR MORE CLASSES OR series, a
statement of any authority vested in the board to divide the class
of shares into series, DESIGNATE AND ISSUE SHARES IN 1 OR MORE
CLASSES OR SERIES, and to determine or change for any CLASS OR
series its designation, number of shares, relative rights,
preferences and limitations.

17 (f) The EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 611(2)(C), THE 18 street address, and the mailing address if different from the 19 street address, of the corporation's initial registered office and 20 the name of the corporation's initial resident agent at that 21 address.

22 (g) The names and addresses of the incorporators.

(h) The duration of the corporation if other than perpetual.
Sec. 217. (1) A EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 212 OR OTHERWISE
PROHIBITED BY LAW, A domestic or foreign corporation may transact
business under any assumed name or names other than its corporate
name , if not precluded from use by section 212, by filing a

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1 certificate stating THAT STATES the true name of the corporation and the assumed name under which the business is to be transacted. 2 The A certificate OF ASSUMED NAME is effective, unless sooner 3 4 terminated by filing a certificate of termination or by the 5 dissolution or withdrawal of the corporation, for a period expiring THAT EXPIRES on December 31 of the fifth full calendar year 6 following the year in which it was filed. The A certificate of 7 assumed name may be extended for additional consecutive periods of 8 9 5 full calendar years each by filing similar certificates not 10 earlier than 90 days before the expiration of the initial or a 11 subsequent 5-year period. The administrator shall notify the 12 corporation of the impending expiration of the certificate of 13 assumed name not later than 90 days before the expiration of the 14 initial or a subsequent 5-year period. IF AUTHORIZED BY THE CORPORATION, THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMIT THE 15 NOTICE TO THE RESIDENT AGENT OF THE CORPORATION. A certificate of 16 assumed name filed under this section does not create substantive 17 18 rights to the use of a particular assumed name.

(2) The same name may be assumed by 2 or more corporations, or by 1 or more corporations and 1 or more limited partnerships or other enterprises participating together in a partnership or joint venture. Each participant corporation shall file a certificate under this section.

(3) A corporation participating THAT PARTICIPATES in a merger,
or any other entity participating THAT PARTICIPATES in a merger
under section 736, may transfer to the surviving entity the use of
an assumed name for which a certificate of assumed name is on file

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with the administrator before the merger, if the transfer is noted 1 2 in the certificate of merger as provided in section 707(1)(g), 712(1)(c), or 736(7)(f) - or other applicable statute. The use of 3 4 an assumed name transferred under this subsection may continue for 5 the remaining effective period of the certificate of assumed name 6 on file before the merger, and the surviving entity may terminate or extend the certificate of assumed name in accordance with UNDER 7 subsection (1). 8

9 (4) A corporation surviving THAT SURVIVES a merger may use as 10 an assumed name the corporate name of a merging corporation, or the 11 name of any other entity participating THAT PARTICIPATES in the 12 merger under section 736, by filing a certificate of assumed name 13 under subsection (1) or by providing for the use of the name as an assumed name in the certificate of merger. The surviving 14 corporation also may file a certificate of assumed name under 15 16 subsection (1) or provide in the certificate of merger for the use 17 as an assumed name of an assumed name of a merging entity THAT IS not transferred under subsection (3). A provision in a certificate 18 19 of merger under this subsection shall be treated as a new 20 certificate of assumed name.

(5) A business organization into which a corporation has converted under section 745 may use an assumed name of the converting corporation, if the corporation has a certificate of assumed name for that assumed name on file with the administrator before the conversion, by providing for the use of the name as an assumed name in the certificate of conversion. The use of an assumed name under this subsection may continue for the remaining

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effective period of the certificate of assumed name on file before
 the conversion, and the surviving business organization may
 terminate or extend the certificate of assumed name in the manner
 described in subsection (1).

5 (6) A corporation into which 1 or more business organizations 6 have converted under section 746 may use as an assumed name the name of any business organization converting THAT CONVERTED into 7 that corporation, or use as an assumed name an assumed name of that 8 9 business organization, by filing a certificate of assumed name 10 under subsection (1) or by providing for the use of that name or 11 assumed name as an assumed name of the corporation in the 12 certificate of conversion. A provision in the certificate of conversion under this subsection shall be treated as a new 13 certificate of assumed name. 14

Sec. 246. (1) The resident agent appointed by a corporation is an agent of the corporation upon whom ON WHICH any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the corporation may be served.

(2) A person, IF AN INDIVIDUAL, whether a resident or 19 20 nonresident of this state, who accepts election, appointment, or 21 employment as a director or officer of a corporation organized FORMED under this act or in existence on the effective date of this 22 act, by the acceptance , is held to have appointed CONSIDERED AN 23 24 APPOINTMENT OF the resident agent of the corporation as his or her 25 agent upon whom ON WHICH process may be served while the person HE 26 OR SHE is a director or officer, in any action commenced in a court 27 of general jurisdiction in this state, arising out of or founded

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upon ON any action of the domestic corporation or of a person THE
 INDIVIDUAL as a director or officer of the domestic corporation.
 Upon AFTER accepting service of process, the resident agent shall
 promptly forward it to the director or officer at his or her last
 known address.

6 (3) THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY SERVE A NOTICE DESCRIBED IN
7 SUBSECTION (1) BY ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMITTING THE NOTICE TO THE
8 RESIDENT AGENT OF THE CORPORATION IN THE MANNER AUTHORIZED BY THE
9 CORPORATION.

10 Sec. 282. As used in this chapter:

(a) "Licensed person" means an individual who is duly licensed or otherwise legally authorized to practice a professional service by a court, department, board, commission, or agency of this state or another jurisdiction. The term includes an entity if all EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING IS MET:

16 (*i*) ALL of its owners are licensed persons.

17 (*ii*) THE ENTITY ITSELF IS LICENSED OR OTHERWISE LEGALLY
18 AUTHORIZED TO PRACTICE A PROFESSIONAL SERVICE BY A COURT,
19 DEPARTMENT, BOARD, COMMISSION, OR AGENCY OF THIS STATE OR ANOTHER
20 JURISDICTION.

(b) "Professional service" means a type of personal service to the public that requires that the provider obtain a license or other legal authorization as a condition precedent to providing that service. Professional service includes, but is not limited to, services provided by a certified or other public accountant, chiropractor, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian, osteopathic physician, physician, surgeon, podiatrist, chiropodist, physician's

assistant, architect, professional engineer, land surveyor, or
 attorney-at-law.

3 Sec. 283. (1) Except as provided in this section, 1 or more
4 licensed persons may form a professional corporation under this
5 chapter.

6 (2) Each EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PERMITTED UNDER SECTION 284(5) OR
7 SECTION 288(2), EACH shareholder of a professional corporation must
8 be a-1 OF THE FOLLOWING:

9 (A) A licensed person in 1 or more of the professional10 services provided by the professional corporation.

(B) AN ENTITY THAT IS DIRECTLY OR BENEFICIALLY OWNED ONLY BY
 PERSONS THAT ARE LICENSED PERSONS IN 1 OR MORE OF THE PROFESSIONAL
 SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION.

14 (3) Except as provided in this section or otherwise
15 prohibited, the articles of incorporation of a professional
16 corporation shall state that the professional corporation is formed
17 to provide 1 or more professional services and shall state the
18 specific professional service or services the professional
19 corporation is formed to provide.

20 (4) The name of a professional corporation shall contain the
21 words "professional corporation" or the abbreviation "P.C." with or
22 without periods or other punctuation.

23 Sec. 286. (1) If SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (2), A PERSON THAT IS 24 ANY OF THE FOLLOWING SHALL WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD SEVER ALL 25 EMPLOYMENT WITH AND ALL DIRECT AND INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTERESTS IN 26 A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION:

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(A) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS an officer, shareholder, agent, or

1 employee of a professional corporation becomes legally disqualified 2 to provide AND WHO BECOMES LEGALLY DISQUALIFIED WITH THE RESULT 3 THAT THE INDIVIDUAL IS NOT A LICENSED PERSON IN AT LEAST 1 OF the 4 professional services provided by the PROFESSIONAL corporation. τ 5 or

(B) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS AN OFFICER, SHAREHOLDER, AGENT, OR 6 7 EMPLOYEE OF A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION, WHO accepts employment that under existing law restricts or limits his or her authority to 8 9 continue providing those professional services, he or she shall 10 sever within a reasonable period all employment with and financial 11 interests in the professional corporation. AND WHO IS NO LONGER 12 AUTHORIZED TO PROVIDE AT LEAST 1 OF THE PROFESSIONAL SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION WITHOUT THOSE RESTRICTIONS 13 14 OR LIMITATIONS.

15 (C) A PERSON THAT IS AN OWNER OF AN ENTITY THAT IS A 16 SHAREHOLDER OF A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION AND THAT BECOMES LEGALLY 17 DISQUALIFIED WITH THE RESULT THAT THE PERSON IS NOT A LICENSED 18 PERSON IN AT LEAST 1 OF THE PROFESSIONAL SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE 19 PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION.

20 (D) A PERSON THAT IS AN ENTITY THAT IS A SHAREHOLDER OF A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION; THAT IS ITSELF LICENSED TO PROVIDE 1 OR 21 MORE PROFESSIONAL SERVICES; AND THAT BECOMES LEGALLY DISQUALIFIED 22 WITH THE RESULT THAT IT IS NOT A LICENSED PERSON IN AT LEAST 1 OF 23 24 THE PROFESSIONAL SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION. 25 (2) IF A PERSON DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) REGAINS STATUS AS 26 A LICENSED PERSON IN 1 OR MORE OF THE PROFESSIONAL SERVICES 27 PROVIDED BY THE PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION, OR REGAINS THE LEGAL

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ABILITY TO PROVIDE 1 OR MORE OF THE PROFESSIONAL SERVICES PROVIDED
 BY THE PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION, AS APPLICABLE, WITHIN 90 DAYS OF
 THE EVENT THAT CAUSED THE LOSS OF THAT STATUS, THE PERSON IS NOT
 REQUIRED TO SEVER EMPLOYMENT WITH AND FINANCIAL INTERESTS IN THE
 PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION.

6 (3) A professional corporation's failure to require compliance 7 with this section is grounds for the forfeiture of its articles of 8 incorporation and its dissolution. If a professional corporation's 9 failure to comply with this section is brought to the attention of 10 the administrator, he or she shall notify the attorney general of 11 the failure and the attorney general may take appropriate action to 12 dissolve the professional corporation.

Sec. 287. (1) A professional corporation shall not engage in
any business other than providing the professional service or
services for which it was specifically incorporated.

16 (2) This chapter does not prohibit a professional corporation17 from doing any of the following:

18 (a) Investing its money in real estate, mortgages, stocks,19 bonds, or any other type of investments.

20 (b) Owning real or personal property necessary to provide a21 professional service or services.

(c) Becoming a partner in a partnership formed under the
uniform partnership act, 1917 PA 72, MCL 449.1 to 449.48, if the
partnership provides 1 OR MORE OF the same professional services as
the professional corporation.

26 (d) Becoming a member or manager of a professional limited27 liability company organized under or subject to chapter 9 of the

Michigan limited liability company act, 1993 PA 23, MCL 450.4901 to
 450.4910, if the professional limited liability company provides 1
 or more of the same professional services as the professional
 corporation.

5 (e) Becoming a shareholder in a professional corporation
6 governed by this chapter, if both professional corporations provide
7 1 or more of the same professional services.

8 Sec. 288. (1) A professional corporation shall not issue any 9 of its capital stock to anyone other than an individual who is duly 10 licensed or otherwise legally authorized to provide the same 11 specific professional services as those for which the professional 12 corporation was incorporated. A PERSON THAT IS ELIGIBLE TO BE A SHAREHOLDER OF THE PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION UNDER SECTION 283(2). 13 The uniform securities act, 1964 PA 265, MCL 451.501 to 451.818, or 14 the uniform securities act (2002), 2008 PA 551, MCL 451.2101 to 15 16 451.2703, does not apply to the issuance or transfer by a 17 professional corporation of its capital stock.

18 (2) Shares of a professional corporation shall not be sold or 19 transferred except to ANYONE OTHER THAN a person who THAT is 20 eligible to be a shareholder of the professional corporation UNDER 21 SECTION 283(2); to the personal representative or estate of a 22 deceased or legally incompetent shareholder; or to a trust or split 23 interest trust in which the trustee and the current income 24 beneficiary are each eligible to be a shareholder of the 25 professional corporation UNDER SECTION 283(2). The personal 26 representative or estate of the shareholder may continue to own 27 shares for a reasonable period but is not authorized to participate

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in any decisions concerning the providing of professional service
 by the professional corporation.

(3) Except as permitted under subsection (2), a shareholder of 3 4 a professional corporation shall not enter into a voting trust 5 agreement or any other type agreement that vests another person with the authority to exercise the voting power of any or all of 6 his or her stock, unless that other person is duly licensed or 7 otherwise legally authorized to provide the same specific 8 9 professional services as those for which the professional 10 corporation was incorporated.ELIGIBLE TO BE A SHAREHOLDER OF THE

11 PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION UNDER SECTION 283(2).

12 (4) The articles of incorporation, bylaws, or a contract may 13 provide specifically for additional restrictions on the transfer of 14 shares and may provide for the redemption or purchase of the shares 15 by the professional corporation or its shareholders at prices and 16 in a manner specifically set forth in the articles, bylaws, or 17 contract.

18 Sec. 301. (1) A corporation may issue the number of shares 19 authorized in its articles of incorporation. The shares may be all 20 of 1 class or may be divided into 2 DESIGNATED AND ISSUED IN 1 or 21 more classes. Each class shall consist of shares having the 22 designations and relative voting, distribution, dividend, 23 liquidation, and other rights, preferences, and limitations, consistent with this act, as stated in the articles of 24 incorporation. The articles of incorporation may deny, limit, or 25 26 otherwise prescribe the voting rights and may limit or otherwise prescribe the distribution, dividend, or liquidation rights of 27

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1 shares of any class.

2 (2) If the shares are divided into 2 or more classes,
3 DESIGNATED AND ISSUED IN MORE THAN 1 CLASS, the shares of each
4 class shall be designated to distinguish them from the shares of
5 the ANY other classes.

6 (3) Subject to the designations, relative rights, preferences,
7 and limitations applicable to separate series WITHIN A CLASS OF
8 SHARES UNDER SECTION 302, each share shall be equal to every other
9 share of the same class.

10 (4) Any of the voting, distribution, liquidation, or other 11 rights, preferences, or limitations of a class or series may be 12 made dependent upon facts or events ascertainable outside of the 13 articles of incorporation or the resolution of the board adopted 14 pursuant to UNDER section 302(3), if the manner in which the facts 15 or events operate on the rights, preferences, or limitations is set 16 forth in the articles of incorporation or board resolution.

Sec. 302. (1) If provided for in the articles of incorporation
OR A BOARD RESOLUTION ADOPTED UNDER SUBSECTION (3), a class of
shares may be divided into DESIGNATED and issued in 1 OR MORE
series. The shares of each series shall be designated to
distinguish them from the shares of the ANY other series and
classes.

(2) Any series of any class and the variations in the relative
 rights and preferences among different series may be prescribed by
 ESTABLISHED IN the articles of incorporation.

26 (3) If the articles of incorporation authorize the board, to27 the extent that the articles of incorporation have not established

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1 series and prescribed variations in the relative rights and 2 preferences among series, the board may divide any class into CLASSES OR SERIES OF SHARES AND ESTABLISHED VARIATIONS IN THE 3 4 RELATIVE RIGHTS AND PREFERENCES AMONG THOSE CLASSES OR SERIES, THE BOARD BY RESOLUTION MAY DESIGNATE SHARES AS 1 OR MORE CLASSES OR 5 6 MAY DESIGNATE A CLASS INTO 1 OR MORE series, and, within the limitations set forth in the articles of incorporation, prescribe 7 MAY ESTABLISH the relative rights and preferences of the shares of 8 9 any THOSE CLASSES OR series.

10 (4) A certificate containing the resolution of the board 11 establishing and designating the series and prescribing the 12 relative rights and preferences shall be filed, and when filed shall constitute IF THE BOARD ADOPTS A RESOLUTION DESCRIBED IN THIS 13 SUBSECTION, THE CORPORATION SHALL FILE A CERTIFICATE THAT CONTAINS 14 THE RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD WITH THE ADMINISTRATOR. WHEN FILED, THE 15 CERTIFICATE DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION IS CONSIDERED an amendment 16 17 to the articles of incorporation.

18 (4) (5) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 19 incorporation, the board may adopt and file an amendment of the 20 articles of incorporation eliminating a series of shares BY 21 RESOLUTION MAY ELIMINATE A CLASS OR SERIES OF SHARES OR AMEND OR ALTER THE RELATIVE RIGHTS AND PREFERENCES OR DESIGNATIONS OF A 22 23 CLASS OR SERIES, if there are no outstanding shares of the CLASS OR 24 series, no outstanding shares or bonds convertible into shares of 25 the CLASS OR series, or other rights, options, or warrants issued 26 by the corporation that could require issuing shares of the CLASS OR series. IF THE BOARD ADOPTS A RESOLUTION DESCRIBED IN THIS 27

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SUBSECTION, THE CORPORATION SHALL FILE A CERTIFICATE THAT CONTAINS
 THE RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD WITH THE ADMINISTRATOR. WHEN FILED, THE
 CERTIFICATE DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION IS CONSIDERED AN AMENDMENT
 TO THE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND HAS THE EFFECT OF ELIMINATING
 FROM THE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION, OR AMENDING OR ALTERING, AS
 APPLICABLE, ALL MATTERS INCLUDED IN THE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
 CONCERNING THE AFFECTED CLASS OR SERIES OF STOCK.

8 (5) THE FILING OF A CERTIFICATE DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3) OR 9 (4) OR THE FILING OF RESTATED ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION DOES NOT 10 PROHIBIT THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS FROM SUBSEQUENTLY ADOPTING A 11 RESOLUTION AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS SECTION.

Sec. 405. (1) Unless otherwise restricted by the articles of incorporation or bylaws, a shareholder may participate in a meeting of shareholders by a conference telephone or by other means of remote communication through which all persons participating in the meeting may communicate with the other participants. IF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING ARE MET:

18 (A) THE USE OF THE MEANS OF REMOTE COMMUNICATION IS AUTHORIZED19 BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS IN ITS SOLE DISCRETION.

20 (B) THE MEANS OF REMOTE COMMUNICATION MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF
21 SUBSECTION (4).

(C) All participants shall be ARE advised of the means, IF
ANY, of remote communication.

24 (2) Participation in a meeting under this section constitutes25 presence in person at the meeting.

26 (3) Unless otherwise restricted by the articles of27 incorporation or bylaws, the board of directors may hold a meeting

1 of shareholders conducted solely by means of remote communication.

(4) Subject IF AUTHORIZED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS IN ITS
SOLE DISCRETION, AND SUBJECT to any guidelines and procedures
adopted by the board of directors, shareholders and proxy holders
THAT ARE not physically present at a meeting of shareholders may
participate in the meeting by means of remote communication and are
considered present in person and may vote at the meeting if all of
the following are met:

9 (a) The corporation implements reasonable measures to verify
10 that each person considered present and permitted to vote at the
11 meeting by means of remote communication is a shareholder or proxy
12 holder.

(b) The corporation implements reasonable measures to provide each shareholder and proxy holder a reasonable opportunity to participate in the meeting and to vote on matters submitted to the shareholders, including an opportunity to read or hear the proceedings of the meeting substantially concurrently with the proceedings.

19 (c) If any shareholder or proxy holder votes or takes other
20 action at the meeting by means of remote communication, a record of
21 the vote or other action is maintained by the corporation.

Sec. 407. (1) The articles of incorporation may provide that any action required or permitted by UNDER this act to be taken at an annual or special meeting of shareholders may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice, and without a vote, if consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, are signed by the holders of outstanding shares having not less than THAT HAVE AT

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1 **LEAST** the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to 2 authorize or take the action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote on the action were present and voted. A written 3 4 consent shall bear the date of signature of the shareholder who 5 THAT signs the consent. Written consents are not effective to take 6 corporate action unless within 60 days after the record date for determining shareholders entitled to express consent to or to 7 dissent from a proposal without a meeting, written consents dated 8 9 not more than 10 days before the record date and signed by a sufficient number of shareholders to take the action are delivered 10 11 to the corporation. Delivery shall be to the corporation's 12 registered office, its principal place of business, or an officer 13 or agent of the corporation having THAT HAS custody of the minutes 14 of the proceedings of its shareholders. Delivery made to a corporation's registered office shall be by hand or by certified or 15 16 registered mail, return receipt requested. Prompt notice of the 17 taking of the corporate action without a meeting by less than 18 unanimous written consent shall be given to shareholders who THAT 19 would have been entitled to notice of the shareholder meeting if 20 the action had been taken at a meeting and who-THAT have not 21 consented to the action in writing. If the action consented to 22 would have required filing of a certificate under any other section 23 of this act if the action had been voted upon ON by shareholders at a meeting of the shareholders, the certificate filed under the 24 25 other section shall state, in lieu of any statement required by the 26 UNDER THAT section concerning a vote of shareholders, that both 27 written consent and written notice have been given as provided in

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1 this section.

2 (2) Any action required or permitted by UNDER this act to be taken at an annual or special meeting of shareholders may be taken 3 4 without a meeting, without prior notice, and without a vote, if before or after the action all the shareholders entitled to vote 5 consent in writing. If the action consented to would have required 6 filing of a certificate under any other section of this act if the 7 action had been voted upon by shareholders at a meeting, the 8 certificate filed under the other section shall state, in lieu of 9 any statement required by the UNDER THAT section concerning a vote 10 11 of shareholders, that written consent has been given as provided in 12 this section.

13 (3) An electronic transmission consenting to an action 14 transmitted by a shareholder or proxy holder, or by a person authorized to act for the shareholder or proxy holder, is written, 15 signed, and dated for the purposes of this section if the 16 electronic transmission is delivered with information from which 17 the corporation can determine that the electronic transmission was 18 19 transmitted by the shareholder or proxy holder, or by the person 20 authorized to act for the shareholder or proxy holder, and the date on which the electronic transmission was transmitted. The date on 21 22 which an electronic transmission is transmitted is the date on 23 which the consent was signed for purposes of this section. A 24 consent given by electronic transmission is not delivered until 25 reproduced in paper form and the paper form delivered to the 26 corporation by delivery to its registered office in this state, its 27 principal place of business, or an officer or agent of the

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corporation having THAT HAS custody of the book in which 1 2 proceedings of meetings of shareholders are recorded. Delivery to a corporation's registered office shall be made by hand or by 3 4 certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. Delivery to 5 a corporation's principal place of business or to an officer or 6 agent of the corporation having THAT HAS custody of the book in 7 which proceedings of meetings of shareholders are recorded shall be made by hand, by certified or registered mail, return receipt 8 9 requested, or in any other manner provided in the articles of incorporation or bylaws or by resolution of the board of directors 10 11 of the corporation.

12 (4) A PERSON MAY EXECUTE A SHAREHOLDER CONSENT UNDER THIS
13 SECTION THAT DIRECTS THAT THE SHAREHOLDER CONSENT WILL TAKE EFFECT
14 AT A FUTURE TIME. ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
15 SUBSECTION:

16 (A) THE PERSON MAY PROVIDE THE DIRECTION THROUGH AN AGENT OR17 IN SOME OTHER MANNER.

(B) SUBJECT TO SUBDIVISION (C), THE PERSON SHALL SELECT A
SPECIFIC DATE ON WHICH THE CONSENT TAKES EFFECT THAT IS NOT MORE
THAN 60 DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE PERSON PROVIDES THE DIRECTION.

(C) THE PERSON MAY DIRECT THAT THE CONSENT WILL TAKE EFFECT AT
THE TIME A SPECIFIED FUTURE EVENT OCCURS RATHER THAN ON A SPECIFIC
DATE UNDER SUBDIVISION (B), IF THAT EVENT WILL OCCUR NOT MORE THAN
60 DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE PERSON PROVIDES THE DIRECTION.

(D) THE CONSENT SHALL ONLY TAKE EFFECT IF THE PERSON IS A
SHAREHOLDER ON THE RECORD DATE APPLICABLE TO THE CONSENT UNDER
SECTION 412(2). A PERSON IS NOT REQUIRED TO BE A SHAREHOLDER AT THE

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TIME THE CONSENT IS EXECUTED OR EVIDENCE OF THE DIRECTION IS
 PROVIDED TO THE CORPORATION FOR THE CONSENT TO TAKE EFFECT.

3 (E) UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE DIRECTION, A DIRECTION IS
4 REVOCABLE AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE CONSENT BECOMES EFFECTIVE.

5 (F) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, IF EVIDENCE OF A 6 DIRECTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION IS PROVIDED TO THE CORPORATION AND 7 IS NOT REVOKED, THE FUTURE TIME ESTABLISHED IN THE DIRECTION IS 8 CONSIDERED THE TIME THE CONSENT TAKES EFFECT AND IS CONSIDERED THE 9 DATE OF SIGNATURE OF THE CONSENT.

Sec. 525. (1) Unless prohibited by the articles of incorporation or bylaws, action required or permitted to be taken under authorization voted at a meeting of the board or a committee of the board, may be taken without a meeting if, before or after the action, all members of the board then in office or of the committee consent to the action in writing or by electronic transmission. The written consents

17 (2) A CONSENT UNDER THIS SECTION shall be filed with the
18 minutes of the proceedings of the board or committee. The consent
19 has the same effect as a vote of the board or committee for all
20 purposes.

(3) AN INDIVIDUAL MAY DIRECT THAT A CONSENT TO AN ACTION OF
THE BOARD OR COMMITTEE WILL TAKE EFFECT AT A FUTURE TIME. ALL OF
THE FOLLOWING APPLY FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION:

24 (A) THE INDIVIDUAL MAY PROVIDE THE DIRECTION THROUGH AN AGENT25 OR IN SOME OTHER MANNER.

26 (B) SUBJECT TO SUBDIVISION (C), THE INDIVIDUAL SHALL SELECT A
27 SPECIFIC DATE ON WHICH THE CONSENT TAKES EFFECT THAT IS NOT MORE

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1 THAN 60 DAYS AFTER THE DATE HE OR SHE PROVIDES THE DIRECTION.

2 (C) THE INDIVIDUAL MAY DIRECT THAT THE CONSENT WILL TAKE
3 EFFECT AT THE TIME A SPECIFIED FUTURE EVENT OCCURS RATHER THAN ON A
4 SPECIFIC DATE UNDER SUBDIVISION (B), IF THAT EVENT WILL OCCUR NOT
5 MORE THAN 60 DAYS AFTER THE DATE HE OR SHE PROVIDES THE DIRECTION.

6 (D) THE CONSENT SHALL ONLY TAKE EFFECT IF THE INDIVIDUAL IS A 7 DIRECTOR AT THE FUTURE TIME SPECIFIED IN THE DIRECTION. AN 8 INDIVIDUAL IS NOT REQUIRED TO BE A DIRECTOR AT THE TIME THE CONSENT 9 IS EXECUTED OR EVIDENCE OF THE DIRECTION IS PROVIDED TO THE 10 CORPORATION FOR THE CONSENT TO TAKE EFFECT.

(E) UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE DIRECTION, A DIRECTION IS
 REVOCABLE AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE CONSENT BECOMES EFFECTIVE.

13 (F) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, IF EVIDENCE OF A
14 DIRECTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION IS PROVIDED TO THE CORPORATION AND
15 IS NOT REVOKED, THE FUTURE TIME ESTABLISHED IN THE DIRECTION IS
16 CONSIDERED THE TIME THE CONSENT TAKES EFFECT.

Sec. 611. (1) In addition to amendment under subsection (2) or
(3), subject to subsection (7), either of the following may amend
the articles of incorporation:

20 (a) Before the first meeting of the board, the incorporators.
21 (b) If the corporation has not yet issued shares or accepted
22 any written subscription for shares, the board of directors.

(2) Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise,
subject to subsection (7), the board may WITHOUT SHAREHOLDER ACTION
adopt 1 or more of the following amendments to the corporation's
articles of incorporation without shareholder action:TO DO ANY OF
THE FOLLOWING:

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(a) Extend the duration of the corporation if it was
 incorporated at a time when limited duration was required by law.

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4 (c) Delete the name and OR address of the initial resident
5 agent or registered office, OR BOTH, if a statement of change THAT
6 CONTAINS THE NAME OF THE CURRENT RESIDENT AGENT AND THE CURRENT
7 REGISTERED OFFICE is on file with the administrator.

8 (d) Change each issued and unissued authorized share of an
9 outstanding class into a greater number of whole shares if the
10 corporation has only shares of that class outstanding.

(e) Change the corporate name by substituting the word corporation", "incorporated", "company", "limited", or the abbreviation "corp.", "inc.", "co.", or "ltd.", for a similar word or abbreviation in the corporate name, or by adding, deleting, or changing a geographical attribution for the corporate name.

16 (f) Any MAKE ANY other change that this act expressly permits17 without shareholder action.

(3) Subject to subsection (7), any amendments of the articles
of incorporation that are not described in subsection (1) or (2),
except as otherwise provided in this act, shall be proposed by the
board and approved by the shareholders as provided in this section.
The board may condition its submission of the amendment to the
shareholders on any basis.

(4) Notice of a meeting setting forth a proposed amendment to
the articles of incorporation or a summary of the changes the
proposed amendment will make shall be given to each shareholder of
record entitled to vote on the proposed amendment within the time

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(b) Delete the names and addresses of the initial directors.

and in the manner provided in this act for giving notice of
 meetings of shareholders.

(5) At a meeting described in subsection (4), a vote of 3 4 shareholders entitled to vote shall be taken on the proposed amendment to the articles of incorporation. The proposed amendment 5 6 is adopted if it receives the affirmative vote of a majority of the 7 outstanding shares entitled to vote on the proposed amendment and, in addition, if any class or series of shares is entitled to vote 8 9 on the proposed amendment as a class, the affirmative vote of a 10 majority of the outstanding shares of that class or series. The 11 voting requirements of this section are subject to any higher 12 voting requirements provided in this act for specific amendments or 13 provided in the articles of incorporation.

14 (6) The shareholders may act on any number of amendments to
15 the articles of incorporation at a meeting described in subsection
16 (4).

17 (7) If an amendment to the articles of incorporation is made,
18 a certificate of amendment must be filed as provided in section
19 631.

Sec. 703a. (1) A plan of merger or share exchange adopted by the board of each constituent corporation shall, except as provided in subsection (2)(e) and (f), SUBSECTIONS (2)(F) AND (G) AND (3), be submitted for approval at a meeting of the shareholders.

24 (2) All of the following apply to the approval of a plan of25 merger or share exchange under this section:

26 (a) The board must recommend the plan of merger or share
27 exchange to the shareholders, OR, IF AN OFFER DESCRIBED IN

SUBSECTION (3) (B) IS MADE, RECOMMEND THAT THE SHAREHOLDERS TENDER
 THEIR SHARES TO THE OFFEROR IN RESPONSE TO THE OFFER, unless
 section 529 applies or the board determines that because of
 conflict of interest, events occurring after the board adopts the
 plan, contractual obligations, or other special circumstances it
 should make no recommendation.

7 (B) If, BECAUSE 1 OR MORE OF THE EXCEPTIONS DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION (A) APPLY, the board does not recommend the plan of 8 9 merger or share exchange to the shareholders, or recommends against 10 the plan of merger or share exchange, in either case because 1 or 11 more of the exceptions described in this subdivision apply, MAKE A 12 RECOMMENDATION DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION (A), OR THE BOARD RECOMMENDS THAT THE SHAREHOLDERS VOTE AGAINST THE PLAN OF MERGER OR 13 SHARE EXCHANGE OR RECOMMENDS AGAINST A TENDER OF SHARES BY THE 14 SHAREHOLDERS IN RESPONSE TO AN OFFER DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION 15 (3) (B), AS APPLICABLE, the board must communicate to the 16 shareholders the basis for its decision. 17

18 (C) (b) The board may condition its submission of the proposed
19 merger or share exchange on any basis.

(D) (c) Notice of the shareholder meeting shall be given to each shareholder of record, whether or not entitled to vote at the meeting, within the time and in the manner provided in this act for giving notice of meetings of shareholders. The notice shall include or be accompanied by all of the following:

(i) A copy or summary of the plan of merger or share exchange.
If a summary of the plan is given, the notice shall state that a
copy of the plan is available on request.

(ii) A statement informing shareholders that are entitled to
 dissent under section 762 that they have the right to dissent and
 to be paid the fair value of their shares by complying with the
 procedures set forth in sections 764 to 772.

5 (E) $\frac{d}{d}$ At the meeting, the shareholders shall vote on the 6 proposed plan of merger or share exchange. The plan is approved if it receives the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of 7 the outstanding shares of the corporation entitled to vote on the 8 plan, and if a class or series is entitled to vote on the plan as a 9 10 class, the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the 11 outstanding shares of the class or series. A class or series of 12 shares is entitled to vote as a class in the case of a merger, if the plan of merger contains a provision that, if contained in a 13 14 proposed amendment to the articles of incorporation, would entitle the class or series of shares to vote as a class, or, in the case 15 of a share exchange, if the class or series is included in the 16 exchange. A class or series of shares is not entitled to vote as a 17 18 class in the case of a merger or share exchange, if the board of 19 directors determines on a reasonable basis that the class or series 20 is to receive consideration under the plan of merger or share exchange that has a fair value that is not less than the fair value 21 22 of the shares of the class or series on the date of adoption of the 23 plan.

(F) (e) Except as provided in section 754 or unless required by the articles of incorporation, action by the shareholders of the surviving corporation on a plan of merger is not required if all of the following apply:

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(i) The articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation
 will not differ from its articles of incorporation before the
 merger.

4 (*ii*) Each shareholder of the surviving corporation whose
5 shares were outstanding immediately before the effective date of
6 the merger will hold the same number of shares, with identical
7 designations, preferences, limitations, and relative rights,
8 immediately after the merger.

9 (G) (f) Except as provided in section 754, action by the
10 shareholders of the acquiring corporation on a plan of share
11 exchange is not required.

(H) (g) A EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3), A plan of
merger or share exchange may provide for differing forms of
consideration for holders of shares in the same class based on the
election of the holders, the amount of shares held, or another
reasonable basis.

(3) UNLESS THE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION PROVIDE OTHERWISE,
APPROVAL OF A PLAN OF MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE BY THE SHAREHOLDERS
OF A CORPORATION THAT HAS A CLASS OF VOTING STOCK REGISTERED WITH
THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION UNDER SECTION 12 OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, 15 USC 78L, IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE
EXECUTION OF THE PLAN OF MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE IS NOT REQUIRED
IF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING ARE MET:

24 (A) THE PLAN OF MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE MEETS BOTH OF THE25 FOLLOWING:

26 (i) IT EXPRESSLY PERMITS OR REQUIRES THE MERGER OR SHARE
27 EXCHANGE TO BE EFFECTED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION.

(*ii*) IT EXPRESSLY PROVIDES THAT, IF THE MERGER OR SHARE
 EXCHANGE IS TO BE EFFECTED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION, THE MERGER OR
 SHARE EXCHANGE WILL BE EFFECTED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER
 SUBDIVISION (F) IS MET.

5 (B) ANOTHER PARTY TO THE MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE, OR A PARENT 6 OF ANOTHER PARTY TO THE MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE, MAKES AN OFFER TO PURCHASE, ON THE TERMS PROVIDED IN THE PLAN OF MERGER OR SHARE 7 EXCHANGE, ANY AND ALL OF THE OUTSTANDING SHARES OF THE CORPORATION 8 9 THAT WOULD BE ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN OR MERGER OR SHARE 10 EXCHANGE IF THIS SUBDIVISION DID NOT APPLY, EXCEPT THAT THE OFFER 11 MAY EXCLUDE SHARES OF THE CORPORATION THAT ARE OWNED AT THE 12 COMMENCEMENT OF THE OFFER BY THE CORPORATION, THE OFFEROR, OR A 13 PARENT OF THE OFFEROR OR BY ANY WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE 14 CORPORATION, OFFEROR, OR PARENT.

15 (C) THE OFFER DISCLOSES THAT THE PLAN OF MERGER OR SHARE 16 EXCHANGE PROVIDES THAT THE MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE WILL BE 17 EFFECTED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE FOLLOWING THE SATISFACTION OF THE 18 REQUIREMENT SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION (F) AND THAT THE SHARES OF THE 19 CORPORATION THAT ARE NOT TENDERED IN RESPONSE TO THE OFFER WILL BE 20 TREATED AS SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION (H).

(D) THE OFFER REMAINS OPEN FOR AT LEAST 20 BUSINESS DAYS OR
FOR ANY OTHER PERIOD THAT IS REQUIRED FOR TENDER OFFERS UNDER THE
RULES OR REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
UNDER SECTION 14(E) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, 15 USC
78N(E).

26 (E) THE OFFEROR PURCHASES ALL SHARES THAT ARE PROPERLY
 27 TENDERED IN RESPONSE TO THE OFFER AND NOT PROPERLY WITHDRAWN.

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(F) SHARES THAT MEET ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ARE COLLECTIVELY 1 2 ENTITLED TO CAST AT LEAST THE MINIMUM NUMBER OF VOTES ON THE MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE THAT, EXCEPT FOR THIS SUBDIVISION, WOULD BE 3 4 REQUIRED UNDER THIS ACT AND UNDER THE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE CORPORATION FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE BY 5 6 THE SHAREHOLDERS AND BY ANY OTHER VOTING GROUP THAT IS ENTITLED TO 7 VOTE ON THE MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE AT A MEETING AT WHICH ALL SHARES ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE APPROVAL WERE PRESENT AND VOTED: 8

9 (i) ARE PURCHASED BY THE OFFEROR IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE OFFER.
10 (ii) ARE OTHERWISE OWNED BY THE OFFEROR OR BY ANY PARENT OR
11 WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE OFFEROR.

(*iii*) ARE SUBJECT TO AN AGREEMENT TO BE TRANSFERRED,
CONTRIBUTED, OR DELIVERED TO THE OFFEROR, ANY PARENT OF THE
OFFEROR, OR ANY WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE OFFEROR IN EXCHANGE
FOR STOCK OR OTHER EQUITY INTERESTS IN THAT OFFEROR, PARENT, OR
SUBSIDIARY.

17 (G) THE OFFEROR OR A WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE OFFEROR
18 MERGES WITH OR INTO, OR EFFECTS A SHARE EXCHANGE IN WHICH IT
19 ACQUIRES SHARES OF, THE CORPORATION.

(H) EACH OUTSTANDING SHARE OF EACH CLASS OR SERIES OF SHARES 20 21 OF THE CORPORATION THAT THE OFFEROR IS OFFERING TO PURCHASE IN 22 ACCORDANCE WITH THE OFFER, AND THAT IS NOT PURCHASED IN ACCORDANCE 23 WITH THE OFFER, IS TO BE CONVERTED IN THE MERGER INTO, OR INTO THE 24 RIGHT TO RECEIVE, OR IS TO BE EXCHANGED IN THE SHARE EXCHANGE FOR, 25 OR FOR THE RIGHT TO RECEIVE, THE SAME AMOUNT AND KIND OF 26 SECURITIES, INTERESTS, OBLIGATIONS, RIGHTS, CASH, OR OTHER PROPERTY 27 TO BE PAID OR EXCHANGED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE OFFER FOR EACH SHARE

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OF THAT CLASS OR SERIES OF SHARES THAT IS TENDERED IN RESPONSE TO 1 2 THE OFFER, EXCEPT THAT SHARES OF THE CORPORATION THAT ARE OWNED BY 3 THE CORPORATION OR THAT ARE DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION (F) (\ddot{u}) OR (iii) NEED NOT BE CONVERTED INTO OR EXCHANGED FOR THE CONSIDERATION 4 5 DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.

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(4) AS USED IN SUBSECTION (3):

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(A) "OFFER" MEANS THE OFFER DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3)(B).

(B) "OFFEROR" MEANS A PERSON THAT MAKES THE OFFER. 8

9 (C) "PARENT" OF AN ENTITY MEANS A PERSON THAT OWNS, DIRECTLY 10 OR INDIRECTLY, THROUGH 1 OR MORE WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES, ALL OF 11 THE OUTSTANDING SHARES OF OR INTERESTS IN THAT ENTITY.

12 (D) SHARES TENDERED IN RESPONSE TO AN OFFER ARE CONSIDERED TO 13 HAVE BEEN "PURCHASED" IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE OFFER AT THE EARLIEST TIME AS OF WHICH BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING ARE MET: 14

15 (i) THE OFFEROR HAS IRREVOCABLY ACCEPTED THOSE SHARES FOR 16 PAYMENT.

17 (*ii*) ONE OF THE FOLLOWING IS MET, AS APPLICABLE:

18 (A) IN THE CASE OF SHARES REPRESENTED BY CERTIFICATES, THE OFFEROR, OR THE OFFEROR'S DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OR OTHER AGENT, HAS 19 20 PHYSICALLY RECEIVED THE CERTIFICATES REPRESENTING THOSE SHARES.

21 (B) IN THE CASE OF SHARES WITHOUT CERTIFICATES, THOSE SHARES 22 HAVE BEEN TRANSFERRED INTO THE ACCOUNT OF THE OFFEROR OR ITS 23 DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OR OTHER AGENT, OR AN AGENT'S MESSAGE 24 RELATING TO THOSE SHARES HAS BEEN RECEIVED BY THE OFFEROR OR ITS 25 DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OR OTHER AGENT.

(E) "WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY" OF A PERSON MEANS AN ENTITY OF 26 27 OR IN WHICH THAT PERSON OWNS, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, THROUGH 1 OR

MORE WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES, ALL OF THE OUTSTANDING SHARES OR
 INTERESTS.

Sec. 707. (1) After a plan of merger or share exchange is
approved, a certificate of merger or share exchange shall be
executed and filed on behalf of each corporation. The certificate
shall set forth the following:

7 (a) In the case of a merger, the statements required by UNDER
8 section 701(2)(a), (b), and (d), and the manner and basis of
9 converting shares of each constituent corporation as set forth in
10 the plan of merger.

(b) In the case of a share exchange, the statement required by
UNDER section 702(2)(a), and the manner and basis of exchanging the
shares to be acquired as set forth in the plan of exchange.

14 (c) A statement that the plan of merger or share exchange has15 been adopted by the boards in accordance with section 701 or 702.

(d) A statement that the plan of merger or share exchange will be furnished by the surviving or acquiring corporation, on request and without cost, to any shareholder of any constituent corporation.

20 (e) If approval of the shareholders of 1 or more corporations 21 party to the merger or share exchange was required, a statement 22 that the plan was approved by the shareholders in accordance with 23 section 703a. IF A PLAN OF MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE IS ADOPTED 24 WITHOUT THE VOTE OF SHAREHOLDERS UNDER SECTION 703A(3), A STATEMENT THAT THE PLAN OF MERGER OR SHARE EXCHANGE HAS BEEN ADOPTED UNDER 25 26 SECTION 703A(3) AND THAT THE CONDITIONS SPECIFIED IN THAT SECTION 27 HAVE BEEN SATISFIED.

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(f) In the case of a merger governed by section 706, a
 statement that the merging corporation has not commenced business,
 has not issued any shares, AND has not elected a board - and that
 the plan of merger was approved by the unanimous consent of the
 incorporators.

6 (g) A statement of any assumed names of merging corporations 7 transferred to the surviving corporation as authorized by UNDER section 217(3), specifying each transferred assumed name and the 8 name of the corporation from which it is transferred. The 9 certificate may include a statement of corporate names or assumed 10 11 names of merging corporations that are to be treated as newly filed 12 assumed names of the surviving corporation pursuant to UNDER section 217(4). 13

14 (2) The SECTION 131 APPLIES IN DETERMINING WHEN A certificate
15 of merger or share exchange shall become UNDER THIS SECTION BECOMES
16 effective. in accordance with section 131.

Sec. 746. (1) A business organization may convert into a
domestic corporation if all of the following requirements are
satisfied:

(a) The conversion is permitted by the law that governs the
internal affairs of the business organization and the business
organization complies with that law in converting.

(b) The business organization proposing to convert into a
 domestic corporation adopts a plan of conversion that includes all
 of the following:

26 (i) The name of the business organization, the type of

27 business organization that is converting, identification of the

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statute that governs the internal affairs of the business 1 2 organization, the name of the surviving domestic corporation into 3 which the business organization is converting, the street address 4 of the surviving domestic corporation, and the principal place of business of the surviving domestic corporation. 5 (*ii*) A description of all of the ownership interests in the 6 business organization, specifying the interests entitled to vote, 7 any rights those interests have to vote collectively or as a class, 8 9 and if the ownership interests are subject to change before the 10 effective date of the conversion, the manner in which the change 11 may occur. 12 (*iii*) The terms and conditions of the proposed conversion, 13 including the manner and basis of converting the ownership 14 interests of the business organization into shares or obligations 15 of the surviving domestic corporation, into cash, into other 16 consideration that may include ownership interests or obligations 17 of an entity that is not a party to the conversion, or into a combination of cash and other consideration. 18 19 (iv) The terms and conditions of the articles and bylaws that 20 are to govern the surviving domestic corporation. 21 (v) Any other provisions with respect to the proposed 22 conversion that the business organization considers necessary or 23 desirable. 24 (B) (c) If a plan of conversion is adopted by the business 25 organization, under subdivision (b), the plan of conversion is

submitted for approval in the manner required by the law governing

the internal affairs of that business organization.

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(C) (d) After the plan of conversion is approved under
 subdivisions (b) and (c), CONVERSION IS APPROVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
 THE LAW THAT GOVERNS THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE BUSINESS
 ORGANIZATION, the business organization files a certificate of
 conversion with the administrator. The certificate of conversion
 shall include all of the following:

7 (i) All of the information described in subdivision (b) (i) and (ii) and the manner and basis of converting the ownership interests 8 9 of the business organization contained in the plan of conversion. THE NAME OF THE BUSINESS ORGANIZATION, THE TYPE OF BUSINESS 10 11 ORGANIZATION THAT IS CONVERTING, IDENTIFICATION OF THE STATUTE THAT 12 GOVERNS THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE BUSINESS ORGANIZATION, THE NAME OF THE SURVIVING DOMESTIC CORPORATION INTO WHICH THE BUSINESS 13 ORGANIZATION IS CONVERTING, THE STREET ADDRESS OF THE SURVIVING 14 DOMESTIC CORPORATION, AND THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS OF THE 15 SURVIVING DOMESTIC CORPORATION. 16

17 (*ii*) A statement that the business organization has, adopted
18 the plan of conversion under subdivision (c).IN CONNECTION WITH THE
19 CONVERSION, COMPLIED WITH THE LAW THAT GOVERNS THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS
20 OF THE BUSINESS ORGANIZATION.

21 (*iii*) A statement that the surviving business corporation will 22 furnish a copy of the plan of conversion, on request and without 23 cost, to any owner of the business organization.

24 (iii) (iv) A statement specifying each assumed name of the
25 business organization to be used by the surviving domestic
26 corporation and authorized under section 217(6).

27

(*iv*) (v)-Articles of incorporation for the surviving domestic

corporation that meet all of the requirements of this act
 applicable to articles of incorporation.

3 (2) Section 131 applies in determining when a certificate of4 conversion under this section becomes effective.

5 (3) When a conversion under this section takes effect, all of6 the following apply:

7 (a) The business organization converts into the surviving
8 domestic corporation. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
9 the surviving domestic corporation is organized under and subject
10 to this act.

11 (b) The surviving domestic corporation has all of the 12 liabilities of the business organization. The conversion of the business organization into a domestic corporation under this 13 14 section shall not be considered to affect any obligations or liabilities of the business organization incurred before the 15 16 conversion or the personal liability of any person incurred before 17 the conversion, and the conversion shall not be considered to 18 affect the choice of law applicable to the business organization 19 with respect to matters arising before the conversion.

20 (c) The title to all real estate and other property and rights 21 owned by the business organization remain vested in the surviving 22 domestic corporation without reversion or impairment. The rights, 23 privileges, powers, and interests in property of the business organization, as well as the debts, liabilities, and duties of the 24 25 business organization, shall not be considered, as a consequence of 26 the conversion, to have been transferred to the surviving domestic 27 corporation to which the business organization has converted for

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1 any purpose of the laws of this state.

2 (d) The surviving domestic corporation may use the name and
3 the assumed names of the business organization if the filings
4 required under section 217(6) or any other applicable statute are
5 made and the laws regarding use and form of names are followed.

6 (e) A proceeding pending against the business organization may
7 be continued as if the conversion had not occurred, or the
8 surviving domestic corporation may be substituted in the proceeding
9 for the business organization.

10 (f) The surviving domestic corporation is considered to be the 11 same entity that existed before the conversion and is considered to 12 be organized on the date that the business organization was 13 originally organized.

14 (g) The ownership interests of the business organization that were to be converted into shares or obligations of the surviving 15 16 domestic corporation or into cash or other property are converted. 17 (h) Unless otherwise provided in a plan of conversion adopted in accordance with this section, UNDER THE LAW THAT GOVERNS THE 18 19 INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE BUSINESS ORGANIZATION, the business 20 organization is not required to wind up its affairs or pay its liabilities and distribute its assets on account of the conversion, 21 and the conversion does not constitute a dissolution of the 22

23 business organization.

Sec. 762. (1) A shareholder is entitled to dissent from, and obtain payment of the fair value of his, her, or its shares in the event of, any of the following corporate actions:

27

(a) Consummation of a plan of merger to which the corporation

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1 is a party if shareholder ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ARE MET:

2 (i) SHAREHOLDER approval is required for the merger under
3 section 703a or 736(5) or the articles of incorporation and the
4 shareholder is entitled to vote on the merger. - or the

5 (*ii*) SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL WOULD BE REQUIRED IF SECTION 703A(3)
6 DID NOT APPLY AND THE SHAREHOLDER IS A SHAREHOLDER ON THE DATE OF
7 THE OFFER UNDER SECTION 703A(3).

8 (iii) THE corporation is a subsidiary that is merged with its9 parent under section 711.

10 (b) Consummation of a plan of share exchange to which the 11 corporation is a party as the corporation whose shares will be 12 acquired, if the shareholder is EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING ARE MET:

13

(i) THE SHAREHOLDER IS entitled to vote on the plan.

14 (*ii*) THE SHAREHOLDER WOULD BE ENTITLED TO VOTE ON THE PLAN IF
15 SECTION 703A(3) DID NOT APPLY AND THE SHAREHOLDER IS A SHAREHOLDER
16 ON THE DATE OF THE OFFER UNDER SECTION 703A(3).

(c) Consummation of a sale or exchange of all, or substantially all, of the property of the corporation other than in the usual and regular course of business, if the shareholder is entitled to vote on the sale or exchange, including a sale in dissolution but not including a sale pursuant to court order.

(d) Consummation of a plan of conversion to which the
corporation is a party as the corporation that is being converted,
if the shareholder is entitled to vote on the plan. However, any
rights provided under this section are not available if that
corporation is converted into a foreign corporation and the
shareholder receives shares that have terms as favorable to the

shareholder in all material respects, and represent at least the
 same percentage interest of the total voting rights of the
 outstanding shares of the corporation, as the shares held by the
 shareholder before the conversion.

5 (e) An amendment of the articles of incorporation giving rise
6 to THAT CREATES a right to dissent under section 621.

7 (f) A transaction giving rise to THAT CREATES a right to
8 dissent under section 754.

9 (g) Any corporate action taken pursuant to a shareholder vote
10 to the extent the articles of incorporation, bylaws, or a
11 resolution of the board provides that voting or nonvoting
12 shareholders are entitled to dissent and obtain payment for their
13 shares.

14 (2) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of
15 incorporation, bylaws, or a resolution of the board, a shareholder
16 may not dissent from any of the following:

17 (a) Any corporate action set forth in subsection (1)(a) to (f) 18 as to shares that are listed on a national securities exchange or 19 designated as a national market system security on an interdealer 20 quotation system by the national association of securities dealers, 21 on the record date fixed to vote on the corporate action or on the 22 date the resolution of the parent corporation's board is adopted in 23 the case of a merger under section 711 that does not require a shareholder vote under section 713. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS 24 SUBDIVISION, "NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE" INCLUDES THE NASDAQ 25 26 GLOBAL SELECT MARKET AND THE NASDAQ GLOBAL MARKET, BUT DOES NOT 27 INCLUDE THE NASDAQ CAPITAL MARKET, FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE NASDAQ

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1 SMALLCAP MARKET.

2 (b) A transaction described in subsection (1)(a) in which
3 shareholders receive cash, shares that satisfy the requirements of
4 subdivision (a) on the effective date of the merger, or any
5 combination of cash and those shares.

6 (c) A transaction described in subsection (1)(b) in which
7 shareholders receive cash, shares that satisfy the requirements of
8 subdivision (a) on the effective date of the share exchange, or any
9 combination of cash and those shares.

(d) A transaction described in subsection (1)(c) that is 10 11 conducted pursuant to a plan of dissolution providing THAT PROVIDES 12 for distribution of substantially all of the corporation's net assets to shareholders in accordance with their respective 13 14 interests within 1 year after the date of closing of the transaction, if the transaction is for cash, shares that satisfy 15 the requirements of subdivision (a) on the date of closing, or any 16 combination of cash and those shares. 17

(e) A transaction described in subsection (1)(d) in which
shareholders receive cash, shares that satisfy the requirements of
subdivision (a) on the effective date of the conversion, or any
combination of cash and those shares.

(3) A shareholder THAT IS entitled to dissent and obtain
payment for shares under subsection (1)(a) to (f) may not challenge
the corporate action creating THAT CREATES that entitlement unless
the action is unlawful or fraudulent with respect to the
shareholder or the corporation.

27

(4) A shareholder that exercises a right to dissent and seek

payment for shares under subsection (1)(g) may not challenge the corporate action creating THAT CREATES that entitlement unless the action is unlawful or fraudulent with respect to the shareholder or the corporation.

5 Sec. 764. (1) If **A** proposed corporate action creating THAT 6 CREATES dissenters' rights under section 762 is submitted to a vote 7 at a shareholders' meeting, the meeting notice must state that 8 shareholders are or may be entitled to assert dissenters' rights 9 under this act and shall-be accompanied by a copy of sections 761 10 to 774.

11 (2) If EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3), IF A corporate 12 action creating THAT CREATES dissenters' rights under section 762 13 is taken without a vote of shareholders, the corporation shall 14 notify in writing all shareholders THAT ARE entitled to assert dissenters' rights that the action was taken and send them the 15 dissenters' notice described in section 766. A shareholder who-THAT 16 17 consents to the corporate action is not entitled to assert 18 dissenters' rights.

(3) IF A CORPORATE ACTION CREATES DISSENTERS' RIGHTS UNDER
SECTION 762(1)(A)(*ii*) OR (B)(*ii*), AN OFFER MADE UNDER SECTION
703A(3) MUST STATE THAT SHAREHOLDERS ARE OR MAY BE ENTITLED TO
ASSERT DISSENTERS' RIGHTS UNDER THIS ACT AND BE ACCOMPANIED BY A
COPY OF SECTIONS 761 TO 774 AND THE DISSENTERS' NOTICE DESCRIBED IN
SECTION 766.

25 Sec. 765. (1) If A proposed corporate action creating THAT
26 CREATES dissenters' rights under section 762 is submitted to a vote
27 at a shareholders' meeting, a shareholder who THAT wishes to assert

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dissenters' rights must deliver to the corporation before the vote is taken written notice of his, or her, OR ITS intent to demand payment for his, or her, OR ITS shares if the proposed action is effectuated and must not vote his, or her, OR ITS shares in favor of the proposed action.

(2) IF A CORPORATE ACTION CREATES DISSENTERS' RIGHTS UNDER 6 SECTION 762(1)(A)(ii) OR (B)(ii), A SHAREHOLDER THAT WISHES TO 7 ASSERT DISSENTERS' RIGHTS MUST DELIVER TO THE CORPORATION BEFORE 8 THE SHARES ARE PURCHASED PURSUANT TO THE OFFER WRITTEN NOTICE OF 9 HIS, HER, OR ITS INTENT TO DEMAND PAYMENT FOR HIS, HER, OR ITS 10 11 SHARES IF THE PROPOSED ACTION IS TAKEN AND MUST NOT TENDER, OR 12 CAUSE OR PERMIT TO BE TENDERED, ANY SHARES IN RESPONSE TO THE 13 OFFER.

(3) (2) A shareholder who THAT does not satisfy the
requirements of subsection (1) OR (2), AS APPLICABLE, is not
entitled to payment for his, or her, OR ITS shares under this act.
Sec. 778. (1) "Equity security" means any 1 of the following:
(a) Any stock or similar security, certificate of interest, or

19 participation in any profit sharing agreement, voting trust 20 certificate, or voting share.

(b) Any security that is convertible, with or without
consideration, into an equity security, or any warrant or other
security that carries any right to subscribe to or purchase an
equity security.

(c) Any put, call, straddle, or other option or privilege of
buying an equity security from or selling an equity security to
another person without being bound to do so.

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(2) Subject to subsection (3), "interested shareholder" means
 any person, other than the corporation or any subsidiary, that is
 either of the following:

4 (a) The beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 10% or
5 more of the voting power of the outstanding voting shares of the
6 corporation.

7 (b) An affiliate of the corporation and at any time within the
8 2-year period immediately before the date in question was the
9 beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 10% or more of the
10 voting power of the then outstanding voting shares of the
11 corporation.

(3) Both of the following apply for the purpose of determining
whether a person is an interested shareholder under subsection
(2) (a) or (b):

(a) The number of shares of voting shares considered to be outstanding includes all voting shares that are owned by the person except for those shares that are issuable under any agreement, arrangement, or understanding, or on the exercise of conversion rights, warrants or options, or otherwise.

20 (b) Voting shares acquired by the person from the corporation 21 or acquired in a public offering by or on behalf of the 22 corporation, whether acquired before or after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subdivision, WHETHER ACQUIRED 23 BEFORE OR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE 2016 AMENDATORY ACT THAT 24 AMENDED THIS SUBDIVISION, VOTING SHARES THAT MEET ANY OF THE 25 26 FOLLOWING are not considered to be outstanding or beneficially 27 owned by that A person, unless the corporation determines otherwise

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by a resolution of the board adopted before the person acquired
 those voting shares: -

3 (i) ARE ACQUIRED BY THE PERSON FROM THE CORPORATION.
4 (ii) ARE ACQUIRED BY THE PERSON IN A PUBLIC OFFERING BY OR ON
5 BEHALF OF THE CORPORATION.

6 (iii) IN A TRANSACTION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 703A(3), ARE
7 ACQUIRED BY THE PERSON IN AN OFFER DESCRIBED IN SECTION 703A(3).

(4) "Market value" means either of the following:

9 (a) With respect to shares, the highest closing sale price
10 during the 30-day period immediately preceding the date in question
11 of a share that is listed on any of the following:

12 (i) The composite tape for New York stock exchange-listed
13 STOCK EXCHANGE-LISTED securities.

14 (*ii*) If not listed under subparagraph (*i*), the New York stock
 15 exchange.STOCK EXCHANGE.

16 (iii) If not listed under subparagraph (i) or (ii), the
17 principal United States security exchange registered under the
18 securities exchange act of 1934, 15 USC 78a to 78pp.

19 (iv) If not listed under subparagraph (i), (ii), or (iii), the 20 highest closing bid quotation during the 30-day period preceding 21 the date in question as listed on the national association of 22 securities dealers, inc. automated quotations system or any other 23 system then in use.

(*iv*) (*v*) If a listing is not available under subparagraphs (*i*)
to (*iv*), (*iii*), the fair market value of the shares, on the date in
question, as determined in good faith by the corporation's board of
directors.

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(b) With respect to property other than cash or shares, the
 fair market value of the property on the date in question, as
 determined in good faith by the corporation's board of directors.

4 (5) "Subsidiary" means a legal entity of which a majority of
5 the voting shares are owned, directly or indirectly, by another
6 person.

Sec. 784. (1) Unless a corporation's articles of incorporation
provide otherwise, the requirements of section 780 do not apply to
any business combination of any of the following:

10 (a) A corporation that does not have a class of voting stock
11 registered with the securities and exchange commission SECURITIES
12 AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION pursuant to section 12 of the securities
13 exchange act of 1934, 15 USC 78*l*.

14 (b) A corporation whose original articles of incorporation contain a provision or whose shareholders adopt an amendment to the 15 articles of the corporation after May 29, 1984 by a vote of not 16 less than AT LEAST 90% of the votes of each class of stock entitled 17 to be cast by the shareholders of the corporation and not less than 18 19 AT LEAST 2/3 of the votes of each class of stock entitled to be 20 cast by the shareholders of the corporation other than voting 21 shares beneficially owned by interested shareholders of the 22 corporation, that expressly elects not to be governed by this 23 chapter.

(c) An investment company THAT IS registered under the
 investment company act of 1940, 15 USC 80a-1 to 80a-64.
 (2) For purposes of subsection (1)(a), all shareholders of a
 corporation that have executed an agreement to which the

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1 corporation is an executing party that governs the purchase and

2 sale of shares of the corporation or a voting trust agreement that

3 governs shares of the corporation are considered a single

4 beneficial owner of the shares covered by the agreement.

5 Sec. 911. (1) A domestic corporation and each foreign 6 corporation **THAT IS** subject to chapter 10 shall file a report with 7 the administrator no-NOT later than May 15 of each year. The report 8 shall be on a form approved by the administrator, signed by an 9 authorized officer or agent of the corporation, and contain all of 10 the following information:

11

(a) The name of the corporation.

12 (b) The name of its resident agent and address of its13 registered office in this state.

14 (c) The names and addresses of its president, secretary,15 treasurer, and directors.

16 (d) General THE GENERAL nature and kind of business in which17 the corporation is engaged.

(e) For each foreign corporation authorized to transact
business in this state, the total number of authorized shares and
the most recent percentage used in computation of the tax required
by the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1101 to
208.1601.

(E) (f) For each professional corporation, the names and
addresses of its shareholders and a certification that both of the
following are met:

26 (i) Each shareholder is a licensed person in 1 or more of the27 professional services provided by the professional corporation.

(ii) The corporation meets the other requirements of chapter
 2A.

3 (2) A corporation THAT IS formed or authorized to do business
4 on or after January 1 and before May 16 of a calendar year is not
5 required to file the report described in subsection (1) for that
6 calendar year.

7 (3) If there are no changes in the information provided in the
8 last filed report required under subsection (1), the corporation
9 may file a report that certifies to the administrator that no
10 changes in the required information have occurred since the last
11 filed report. A report filed under this subsection shall be on a
12 form approved by the administrator and filed no-NOT later than the
13 date required under section 911.

14 Sec. 922. (1) If a domestic corporation neglects or refuses to file any AN annual report or pay any AN annual filing fee or a 15 penalty added to the fee required by law, and the neglect or 16 17 refusal continues for a period of 2 years from the date on which the annual report or filing fee was due, the corporation shall be 18 19 IS automatically dissolved 60 days after the expiration of the 2-20 year period. The administrator shall notify the corporation of the 21 impending dissolution not later than 90 days before the 2-year 22 period has expired. EXPIRES. Until a corporation has been IS 23 dissolved, it is entitled to issuance by the administrator, upon ON request, of a certificate of good standing setting forth that it 24 25 has been IS validly incorporated as a domestic corporation and that 26 it is validly in existence under laws of this state.

27

(2) If a foreign corporation neglects or refuses for 1 year to

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1 file the AN annual report or pay the AN annual filing fee or a 2 penalty added to the fee required by law, its certificate of authority is subject to revocation in accordance with section 1042. 3 4 Until revocation of its certificate of authority, or its withdrawal 5 from this state or termination of its existence, the foreign 6 corporation is entitled to issuance by the administrator, upon ON 7 request, of a certificate of good standing setting forth that it has been IS validly authorized to transact business in this state 8 and that it holds a valid certificate of authority to transact 9 business in this state. 10

(3) THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMIT A
 NOTIFICATION OF PENDING DISSOLUTION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) TO
 THE RESIDENT AGENT OF THE CORPORATION IN THE MANNER AUTHORIZED BY
 THE CORPORATION.

Sec. 923. (1) If good cause is shown, the administrator may extend the time for filing a report for not more than 1 year from the due date of the filing.

18 (2) The administrator may report promptly to the attorney 19 general any failure or neglect under sections VIOLATION OF SECTION 20 921, 922, 931, and OR 932, and the attorney general may bring an 21 action for imposition of the prescribed penalties. If a domestic or 22 foreign corporation neglects or refuses to file its report within 23 the time prescribed by UNDER this act, the administrator shall 24 notify the corporation of that fact by mail directed to its 25 registered office not later than 90 days after the due date of the 26 filing.

27

(3) THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMIT A

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NOTIFICATION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2) TO THE RESIDENT AGENT OF
 THE CORPORATION IN THE MANNER AUTHORIZED BY THE CORPORATION.

Sec. 1016. (1) A certificate setting forth THAT STATES that 3 4 the A corporation is in good standing under the laws of the 5 jurisdiction of its incorporation, executed by the official of the jurisdiction who has custody of the records pertaining to 6 7 corporations and dated not earlier than 30 days before filing of the application, shall be attached to the application of a foreign 8 corporation. If the certificate is in a foreign language, a 9 translation of the certificate under oath of the translator shall 10 11 be attached to the certificate.

12 (2) Upon filing of the IF AN application IS FILED, accompanied 13 by the filing and franchise fees prescribed by law, the 14 administrator shall issue to the foreign corporation a certificate of authority to transact business in this state. Upon the issuance 15 of IF a certificate of authority IS ISSUED, the foreign corporation 16 17 is authorized to transact in this state any business of the 18 character set forth DESCRIBED in its application , which THAT a 19 domestic corporation formed under this act may lawfully transact. 20 The authority continues so long as the foreign corporation retains 21 its authority to transact such THAT business in the jurisdiction of 22 its incorporation and its authority to transact business in this 23 state has not been IS NOT surrendered, suspended, or revoked.

Sec. 1021. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a foreign corporation **THAT IS** authorized to transact business in this state changes its corporate name, enlarges, limits, or otherwise changes the business that the foreign corporation

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proposes to do in this state, or otherwise TAKES ANY OTHER ACTION 1 2 THAT affects the information set forth in its application for 3 certificate of authority to transact business in this state, the 4 corporation shall file an amended application with the 5 administrator not later than 30 days after the time that change 6 becomes effective. A foreign corporation may make a change in the registered office or resident agent under section 242. An amended 7 application under this subsection shall set forth INCLUDE all of 8 9 the following:

10 (a) The name of the foreign corporation as it appears on the 11 records of the administrator and the jurisdiction of its 12 incorporation.

(b) The date the foreign corporation was authorized to do 13 business in this state. 14

15 (c) If the name of the foreign corporation has been changed, a statement of the name relinquished, a statement of the new name, 16 17 and a statement that the change of name has been effected WAS 18 CHANGED under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation and 19 the date the change NAME was effected. CHANGED.

20 (d) If the business the foreign corporation proposes to do in 21 this state is to be enlarged, limited, or otherwise changed, a 22 statement reflecting DESCRIBING the change and a statement that the 23 foreign corporation is authorized to do in the jurisdiction of its 24 incorporation the business that it proposes to do in this state.

25

(e) Any additional information required by the administrator. 26 (2) If a foreign corporation that is authorized to transact 27 business in this state is the survivor of a merger permitted under

the laws of the jurisdiction in which the foreign corporation is 1 2 incorporated, not later than 30 days after the merger becomes 3 effective, the foreign corporation shall file a certificate issued 4 by the proper officer of the jurisdiction of its incorporation 5 attesting to the occurrence of the merger. If the merger changed 6 the corporate name of the foreign corporation, enlarged, limited, or changed the business the foreign corporation proposes to do in 7 this state, or affected the information set forth in the 8 application, the foreign corporation shall also comply with 9 10 subsection (1).

11 (3) If a foreign corporation that is authorized to transact 12 business in this state is the survivor of a conversion permitted 13 under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the foreign corporation 14 is incorporated, not later than 30 days after the conversion becomes effective, the foreign corporation shall file a certificate 15 issued by the proper officer of the jurisdiction of its 16 17 incorporation attesting to the occurrence of the conversion. If the 18 conversion changed the corporate name of the foreign corporation, 19 enlarged, limited, or changed the business the foreign corporation 20 proposes to do in this state, or affected the information set forth 21 in the application, the foreign corporation shall also comply with 22 subsection (1).

(4) A foreign corporation that has been authorized to transact
business in this state and that, after its authorization, increases
the number of authorized shares attributable to this state shall
file an amended application giving a detailed account of the amount
of the increase, and shall pay an additional franchise fee on

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account of the increase attributable to this state as prescribed by
 law. The amended application shall be filed within 30 days after
 the end of the corporation's fiscal year. The number of shares
 attributable to this state shall be determined under section 1062.

Sec. 1042. (1) The administrator shall revoke a certificate of 5 6 authority of a foreign corporation only if he or she has given the 7 foreign corporation not less than AT LEAST 90 days' notice, BY MAIL OR BY ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION UNDER SUBSECTION (2), that a default 8 under section 1041 exists and that HE OR SHE WILL REVOKE its 9 certificate of authority will be revoked unless the default is 10 11 cured within 90 days after the notice is mailed OR ELECTRONICALLY 12 TRANSMITTED, and the corporation fails within 90 days THE 90-DAY **PERIOD** to cure the default. 13

14 (2) The notice shall be sent by first class mail to the
15 corporation at its registered office in this state. THE
16 ADMINISTRATOR MAY ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMIT A NOTICE DESCRIBED IN
17 SUBSECTION (1) TO THE RESIDENT AGENT OF THE CORPORATION IN THE
18 MANNER AUTHORIZED BY THE CORPORATION.

19 (3) Upon revoking IF HE OR SHE REVOKES a certificate of 20 authority UNDER THIS SECTION, the administrator shall issue a 21 certificate of revocation and mail a copy to the corporation at its 22 registered office in this state.SHALL MAIL, OR, IF AUTHORIZED BY 23 THE CORPORATION, MAY ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMIT, A COPY OF THE CERTIFICATE OF REVOCATION TO THE RESIDENT AGENT OF THE CORPORATION. 24 (4) Issuing the certificate of revocation has the same force 25 26 and effect as issuing a certificate of withdrawal under section 27 1031.

Sec. 1056. (1) Any foreign corporation THAT IS not authorized
 to transact business in this state and IS not required to be
 authorized to transact business in this state may register its
 corporate name under this act, if permissible under section 212.

5 (2) Registration shall be made A FOREIGN CORPORATION SHALL
6 REGISTER ITS CORPORATE NAME UNDER THIS SECTION by filing all of the
7 following in the office of the administrator:

8 (a) An application for registration executed on behalf of the 9 corporation, setting forth THAT INCLUDES the name and the mailing 10 address of the corporation, the jurisdiction of its incorporation, 11 the date of its incorporation, a statement that it is carrying on 12 or doing business, and a brief statement of the business in which 13 it is engaged.

(b) A certificate THAT IS dated not earlier than 30 days
before filing of the application, setting forth-STATING that the
corporation is in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction
of its incorporation, executed by the office of the jurisdiction
which-THAT has custody of the records pertaining to corporations.

19 (3) Unless sooner terminated by the filing of a certificate of 20 termination, the registration shall be OF THE CORPORATE NAME OF A FOREIGN CORPORATION IS effective until the close of the calendar 21 22 year in which the application for registration is filed. However, 23 registrations A REGISTRATION filed after September 30 of a year 24 shall expire EXPIRES at the end of the following calendar year. The 25 administrator shall notify the corporation of the impending 26 expiration not later than AT LEAST 90 days before the expiration of 27 the registration. THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMIT THE

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NOTIFICATION TO THE RESIDENT AGENT OF THE CORPORATION IN THE MANNER 1 2 AUTHORIZED BY THE CORPORATION. A foreign corporation which THAT has 3 in effect a registration of its corporate name may renew the 4 registration from year to year by filing annually an application 5 for renewal and a certificate of good standing as required for the 6 original registration. A renewal application may be filed between 7 October 1 and December 31 in each year, and shall extend the registration for the following calendar year. 8

9 Sec. 1060. (1) The fees a person shall pay to the
10 administrator when the documents described in this subsection are
11 delivered to him or her for filing are as follows:WHEN DELIVERING A
12 DOCUMENT DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION TO THE ADMINISTRATOR FOR
13 FILING, A PERSON SHALL PAY THE ADMINISTRATOR WHICHEVER OF THE
14 FOLLOWING FEES APPLY TO THAT DOCUMENT:

15 (a) Articles of a domestic corporation, \$10.00.\$100.00.

16 (b) Application of a foreign corporation for a certificate of
17 authority to transact business in this state, \$10.00.\$100.00.

18 (c) Amendment to the articles of a domestic corporation,
19 \$10.00.\$25.00.

20 (d) Amended application for a certificate of authority to
21 transact business in this state, \$10.00.\$25.00.

(e) Certificate of merger, conversion, or share exchange underchapter 7, \$50.00.

24 (f) Certificate attesting to the occurrence of a merger OR
25 CONVERSION of a foreign corporation under section 1021,

26 \$10.00.**\$25.00.**

27 (g) Certificate of dissolution, \$10.00.\$25.00.

(h) Application for withdrawal and issuance of a certificate 1 2 of withdrawal of a foreign corporation, \$10.00.\$25.00. (i) Application for reservation of corporate name, 3 4 \$10.00.**\$25.00**. (j) Certificate of assumed name or a certificate of 5 6 termination of assumed name, \$10.00.\$25.00. (k) Statement of change of registered office or resident 7 agent, \$5.00.**\$25.00.** 8 (1) Restated articles of domestic corporations, \$10.00.\$25.00. 9 (m) Certificate of abandonment, \$10.00.\$25.00. 10 11 (n) Certificate of correction, \$10.00.\$25.00. 12 (o) Certificate of revocation of dissolution proceedings, 13 \$10.00.**\$25.00**. (p) Certificate of renewal of corporate existence, 14 \$10.00.**\$25.00**. 15 (q) For examining a special report required by law, \$2.00. 16 17 (r) Certificate of registration of corporate name of a foreign corporation, \$50.00. 18 19 (s) Certificate of renewal of registration of corporate name 20 of a foreign corporation, \$50.00. (t) Certificate of termination of registration of corporate 21 22 name of a foreign corporation, \$10.00.\$25.00. (u) Report required under section 911, \$15.00 if paid after 23 September 30, 2019. Before October 1, 2019, the fee is \$25.00. 24 (2) The fees described in subsection (1) are in addition to 25 any franchise fees prescribed in this act. The administrator shall 26 27 not refund all or any part of a fee described in this section.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (9), the administrator
 shall deposit all fees received and collected under this section in
 the state treasury to the credit of the administrator, who may only
 use the money credited pursuant to legislative appropriation and
 only in carrying out those duties of the department required by
 law.

7 (4) The fees described in this section apply to documents
8 filed by a domestic or foreign regulated investment company as
9 defined in section 1064.

10 (5) If any money received by the administrator from fees paid 11 under subsection (1)(u) is not appropriated to the department in 12 that fiscal year, the money remaining from those fees shall revert 13 to the general fund of this state.

(6) A minimum charge of \$1.00 for each certificate and 50 14 cents per folio shall be paid to the administrator for certifying a 15 part of a file or record pertaining to a corporation if a fee for 16 17 that service is not described in subsection (1). The administrator may furnish copies of documents, reports, and papers required or 18 19 permitted by law to be filed with the administrator, and shall 20 charge for those copies the fee established in a schedule of fees 21 adopted by the administrator with the approval of the state 22 administrative board. The administrator shall retain the revenue collected under this subsection, and the department shall use it to 23 24 defray the costs for its copying and certifying services.

(7) If a domestic or foreign corporation pays fees or
penalties by check and the check is dishonored, the fee is unpaid
and the administrator shall rescind the filing of all related

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1 documents.

2 (8) The administrator may accept a credit card in lieu of cash
3 or check as payment of a fee under this act. The administrator
4 shall determine which credit cards he or she shall accept for
5 payment.

6 (9) The administrator may charge a nonrefundable fee of up to 7 \$50.00 for any document submitted or certificate sent by facsimile 8 or electronic transmission. The administrator shall retain the 9 revenue collected under this subsection and the department shall 10 use it to carry out its duties required by law.

(10) The administrator shall waive any fee otherwise required under this section if a majority of the shares of the domestic or foreign corporation responsible for paying the fee are, and the corporation provides proof satisfactory to the administrator that those shares are, held by 1 or more honorably discharged veterans of the armed forces of the United States.

Enacting section 1. Section 1062 of the business corporationact, 1972 PA 284, MCL 450.2062, is repealed.

19 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days20 after the date it is enacted into law.

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Final Page