HOUSE BILL No. 6050

November 10, 2016, Introduced by Reps. Tedder and Howrylak and referred to the Committee on Health Policy.

A bill to amend 1976 PA 451, entitled

"The revised school code,"

by amending sections 1178, 1179, and 1179a (MCL 380.1178, 380.1179, and 380.1179a), sections 1178 and 1179 as amended and section 1179a as added by 2013 PA 187.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 1178. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a school 2 administrator, teacher, or other school employee designated by the 3 school administrator, who in good faith administers medication to a 4 pupil in the presence of another adult or in an emergency that 5 threatens the life or health of the pupil, pursuant to written permission of the pupil's parent or quardian, and in compliance 6 7 with the instructions of a physician, physician's assistant, or 8 certified nurse practitioner, or a school employee who in good 9 faith administers an epinephrine auto-injector to an individual

1 consistent with the policies under section 1179a, is not liable in
2 a criminal action or for civil damages as a result of an act or
3 omission in the administration of the medication or epinephrine,
4 auto-injector, except for an act or omission amounting to gross
5 negligence or willful and wanton misconduct.

6 (2) If a school employee is a licensed registered professional
7 nurse, subsection (1) applies to that school employee regardless of
8 whether the medication or epinephrine auto-injector is administered
9 in the presence of another adult.

10 (3) A school district, nonpublic school, member of a school 11 board, or director or officer of a nonpublic school is not liable 12 for damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person 13 or property allegedly arising from a person acting under this 14 section.

Sec. 1179. (1) If the conditions prescribed in subsection (2) are met, notwithstanding any school or school district policy to the contrary, a pupil of a public school or nonpublic school may possess and use 1 or more of the following at school, on schoolsponsored transportation, or at any activity, event, or program sponsored by or in which the pupil's school is participating:

(a) A metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler to
alleviate asthmatic symptoms or for use before exercise to prevent
the onset of asthmatic symptoms.

24 (b) An epinephrine auto-injector or epinephrine inhaler
25 EPINEPHRINE to treat anaphylaxis.

26 (2) Subsection (1) applies to a pupil if all of the following27 conditions are met:

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(a) The pupil has written approval to possess and use the
 inhaler or epinephrine auto-injector as described in subsection (1)
 from the pupil's physician or other health care provider authorized
 by law to prescribe an inhaler or epinephrine auto-injector and, if
 the pupil is a minor, from the pupil's parent or legal guardian.

6 (b) The principal or other chief administrator of the pupil's
7 school has received a copy of each written approval required under
8 subdivision (a) for the pupil.

9 (c) There is on file at the pupil's school a written emergency 10 care plan that contains specific instructions for the pupil's 11 needs, that is prepared by a physician licensed in this state in 12 collaboration with the pupil and the pupil's parent or legal 13 guardian, and that is updated as necessary for changing 14 circumstances.

(3) A school district, nonpublic school, member of a school 15 board, director or officer of a nonpublic school, or employee of a 16 17 school district or nonpublic school is not liable for damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property 18 19 allegedly arising from a pupil being prohibited by an employee of 20 the school or school district from using an inhaler or epinephrine 21 auto-injector because of the employee's reasonable belief formed 22 after a reasonable and ordinary inquiry that the conditions 23 prescribed in subsection (2) had not been satisfied. A school 24 district, nonpublic school, member of a school board, director or 25 officer of a nonpublic school, or employee of a school district or nonpublic school is not liable for damages in a civil action for 26 27 injury, death, or loss to person or property allegedly arising from

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1 a pupil being permitted by an employee of the school or school 2 district to use or possess an inhaler or epinephrine auto-injector because of the employee's reasonable belief formed after a 3 4 reasonable and ordinary inquiry that the conditions prescribed in subsection (2) had been satisfied. This subsection does not 5 6 eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that a 7 school district, nonpublic school, member of a school board, director or officer of a nonpublic school, or employee of a school 8 9 district or nonpublic school may have under section 1178 or other 10 state law.

(4) As part of its general powers, a school district may request a pupil's parent or legal guardian to provide an extra inhaler or EXTRA epinephrine auto-injector to designated school personnel for use in case of emergency. A parent or legal guardian is not required to provide an extra inhaler or EXTRA epinephrine auto-injector to school personnel.

17 (5) A principal or other chief administrator who is aware that 18 a pupil is in possession of an inhaler or epinephrine auto-injector 19 pursuant to this section shall notify each of the pupil's classroom 20 teachers of that fact and of the provisions of this section.

21 (6) As used in this section and in section 1179a:

22 (a) "School board" includes a school board, intermediate23 school board, or the board of directors of a public school academy.

24 (b) "School district" includes a school district, intermediate25 school district, or public school academy.

Sec. 1179a. (1) Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, a
school board shall ensure that, in each school it operates with an

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instructional and administrative staff of at least 10, there are at 1 2 least 2 employees at the school who have been trained in the appropriate use and administration of an epinephrine auto-injector 3 4 and that, in each school it operates with an instructional and 5 administrative staff of fewer than 10, there is at least 1 employee 6 at the school who has been trained in the appropriate use and 7 administration of an epinephrine. auto-injector. The training required under this subsection shall be conducted under the 8 supervision of, and shall include evaluation by, a licensed 9 10 registered professional nurse.

11 (2) Not later than the beginning of the 2014-2015 school year, 12 a school board shall develop and implement policies that are consistent with the department's medication administration 13 guidelines, as revised under subsection (4), and that provide for 14 the possession of at least 2 DOSES OF epinephrine auto-injectors in 15 each school operated by the school board to be used for 16 17 administration by a licensed registered professional nurse who is 18 employed or contracted by the school district or by a school 19 employee who is trained in the administration of an epinephrine 20 auto-injector under subsection (1) and is authorized to administer an epinephrine auto-injector under the policies. The policies shall 21 22 authorize a licensed registered professional nurse who is employed 23 or contracted by the school district or a school employee who is 24 trained in the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector under 25 subsection (1) to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a pupil who has a prescription on file at the school. The policies 26 27 also shall authorize a licensed registered professional nurse who

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1 is employed or contracted by the school district or a school
2 employee who is trained in the administration of an epinephrine
3 auto-injector under subsection (1) to administer an epinephrine
4 auto-injector to any other individual on school grounds who is
5 believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction. The policies also
6 shall require notification to the parent or legal guardian of a
7 pupil to whom an epinephrine auto-injector has been administered.

8 (3) A licensed registered professional nurse who is employed
9 or contracted by the school district or a school employee who is
10 trained in the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector under
11 subsection (1) may possess and administer an epinephrine. auto12 injector.

(4) The department, in conjunction with the department of 13 community health AND HUMAN SERVICES and with input from the 14 Michigan association ASSOCIATION of school nurses, SCHOOL NURSES, 15 the Michigan nurses association, NURSES ASSOCIATION, the Michigan 16 parent teacher association, PARENT TEACHER ASSOCIATION, the 17 18 American college COLLEGE of allergy, asthma, and immunology, 19 ALLERGY, ASTHMA, AND IMMUNOLOGY, the Michigan chapter of the 20 American academy ACADEMY of pediatrics, PEDIATRICS, the school-21 community health alliance SCHOOL-COMMUNITY HEALTH ALLIANCE of 22 Michigan, and other school health organizations and entities, shall 23 identify, develop, and adopt appropriate revisions to the 24 medication administration guidelines issued by the department, 25 including, but not limited to, those relating to the specification 26 of training needs and requirements for the administration and 27 maintenance of stock epinephrine, auto-injectors, including

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stocking of both junior and regular dose DOSES OF epinephrine,
 auto-injectors, as necessary, and storage requirements.

3 (5) At least annually, a school district shall report to the
4 department, in the form and manner prescribed by the department,
5 all instances of administration of an epinephrine auto-injector to
6 a pupil at school. The reporting shall include at least all of the
7 following:

8 (a) The number of instances of administration of an
9 epinephrine auto-injector to a pupil at school in a school year.
10 (b) The number of pupils who were administered an epinephrine
11 auto-injector at school who were not previously known to be
12 severely allergic.

13 (c) The number of pupils who were administered an epinephrine
14 auto-injector at school using the school's stock of epinephrine.
15 auto-injectors.

(6) A school board shall attempt to obtain funding or 16 17 resources from private sources, or from another source other than 18 this state, for fulfilling the requirements of this section. If a 19 school board is unable to obtain this alternative funding for all 20 or part of its costs of complying with this section, the school 21 board may apply to the department for reimbursement for the 22 unfunded costs of complying with this section, in the form and 23 manner prescribed by the department. The legislature shall 24 appropriate funds for making this reimbursement. The department 25 shall make the reimbursement according to the appropriation that is 26 made for this purpose. The department annually shall submit a 27 report to the legislature detailing the number of school boards

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that apply for reimbursement and the number of school boards that
 are able to secure alternative funding.

3 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days4 after the date it is enacted into law.

5 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect
6 unless Senate Bill No. or House Bill No. 6049 (request no.
7 06667'16) of the 98th Legislature is enacted into law.