SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 953

A bill to amend 1972 PA 106, entitled "Highway advertising act of 1972,"

by amending sections 2, 3, 4, 6, 7b, 11, 11a, 17, and 17a (MCL 252.302, 252.303, 252.304, 252.306, 252.307b, 252.311, 252.311a, 252.317, and 252.317a), sections 2, 4, 6, 11, 11a, and 17 as amended and sections 7b and 17a as added by 2014 PA 2 and section 3 as amended by 2006 PA 448.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

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Sec. 2. As used in this act:

2 (a) "Abandoned or discontinued sign or sign structure" or
3 "abandoned sign" means a sign or sign structure subject to this
4 act, the owner of which has failed to secure a permit, has failed
5 to identify the sign or sign structure, or has failed to respond to

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1 notice.

(b) "Adjacent area" means the area measured from the nearest
edge of the right-of-way of an interstate highway, freeway, or
primary highway and, in urbanized areas, extending 3,000 feet
perpendicularly and then along a line parallel to the right-of-way
line or, outside of urbanized areas, extending perpendicularly to
the limit where a sign is visible and then along a line parallel to
the right-of-way line.

9 (c) "Annual permit" means a permit for a billboard under this10 act.

(d) "Billboard" means a sign separate from a premises erected for the purpose of advertising a product, event, person, or subject not related to the premises on which the sign is located. Billboard does not include an off-premises directional sign.

(e) "Business area" means an adjacent area that is zoned by a 15 state, county, township, or municipal zoning authority for 16 17 industrial or commercial purposes, customarily referred to as "b" or business, "c" or commercial, "i" or industrial, "m" or 18 manufacturing, and "s" or service, and all other similar 19 20 classifications and that is within a city, village, or charter 21 township or is within 1 mile of the corporate limits of a city, 22 village, or charter township or is beyond 1 mile of the corporate 23 limits of a city, village, or charter township and contains 1 or 24 more permanent structures devoted to the industrial or commercial purposes described in this subdivision and that extends along the 25 26 highway a distance of 800 feet beyond each edge of the activity. 27 BUSINESS AREA INCLUDES AN ADJACENT AREA THAT IS ZONED BY A STATE,

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COUNTY, CITY, VILLAGE, TOWNSHIP, OR CHARTER TOWNSHIP ZONING 1 2 AUTHORITY AS PART OF A COMPREHENSIVE LAND DEVELOPMENT PROJECT OR PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT IN WHICH COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY 3 4 IS ALLOWED. Each side of the highway is considered separately in 5 applying this definition except that where it is not 6 topographically feasible for a sign or sign structure to be erected 7 or maintained on the same side of the highway as the permanent structure devoted to industrial or commercial purposes, a business 8 9 area may be established on the opposite side of a primary highway in an area zoned commercial or industrial or in an unzoned area 10 11 with the approval of the state highway commission. A permanent 12 structure devoted to industrial or commercial purposes does not result in the establishment of a business area on both sides of the 13 highway. AS USED IN THIS SUBDIVISION, "PERMANENT STRUCTURE DEVOTED 14 TO INDUSTRIAL OR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES" INCLUDES A SCHOOL BUILDING OR 15 A HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING, INCLUDING AN ATHLETIC FIELD OR FACILITY, 16 17 THAT IS LOCATED ON PUBLIC SCHOOL PROPERTY AND USED FOR INSTRUCTIONAL OR NONINSTRUCTIONAL SCHOOL PURPOSES. All measurements 18 19 shall be from the outer edge of the regularly used building, 20 parking lot, or storage or processing area of the commercial or 21 industrial activity and not from the property lines of the 22 activities and shall be along or parallel to the edge or pavement 23 of the highway. Commercial or industrial purposes are those 24 activities generally restricted to commercial or industrial zones 25 in jurisdictions that have zoning. In addition, the following 26 activities are not commercial or industrial:

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(i) Agricultural, animal husbandry, forestry, grazing,

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farming, and related activities, including, but not limited to,
 wayside fresh produce stands.

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(*ii*) Transient or temporary activities.

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(iii) Activities not visible from the main-traveled way.

5 (*iv*) Activities conducted in a building principally used as a
6 residence, or in a building located on property that is used
7 principally for residential purposes or for the activities in
8 subparagraph (*i*).

9 (v) Railroad tracks and minor sidings.

10 (*vi*) Outdoor advertising.

11 (vii) Activities more than 660 feet from the main-traveled12 way.

13 (viii) Activities that have not been in continuous operation14 of a business or commercial nature for at least 2 years.

15 (*ix*) Public utility facilities, whether regularly staffed or16 not.

17 (x) Structures associated with on-site outdoor recreational
18 activities such as riding stables, golf course shops, and
19 campground offices.

20 (xi) Activities conducted in a structure for which an
21 occupancy permit has not been issued or that is not a fully
22 enclosed building, having all necessary utility service and
23 sanitary facilities required for its intended commercial or
24 industrial use.

(xii) A storage facility for a business or other activity not
located on the same property, except a storage building having at
least 10 separate units that are available for rent by the public.

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(xiii) A temporary business solely established to qualify as
 commercial or industrial activity under this act.

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(f) "Department" means the state transportation department.

(g) "Destroyed sign" means a nonconforming sign that has been damaged by storm, fire, or other casualty that requires customary maintenance and repair in excess of 60% of the replacement cost of a new sign structure constructed of equivalent materials and

8 equipment. Destroyed sign does not include a nonconforming sign9 that has been damaged by vandalism or a negligent act of a person.

10 (h) "Digital billboard" means a sign or sign structure that 11 utilizes an electronic means to display a series of messages that 12 are changed by electronic means. Digital billboard does not include 13 a sign that contains an embedded electronic message device or a 14 trivision sign.

15 (i) "Digital billboard permit" means a permit for a digital16 billboard that is renewable on an annual basis.

17 (j) "Directional sign" means a sign that contains only
18 directional information regarding and the identification of 1 of
19 the following:

20 (i) A public or private activity or attraction that is owned
21 or operated by the federal or a state or local government or an
22 agency of the federal or a state or local government.

23 (*ii*) A publicly or privately owned natural phenomenon or a
24 historic, cultural, scientific, educational, or religious site.

(iii) An area that is in the interest of the traveling public,
if the area is of natural scenic beauty or is naturally suited for
outdoor recreation.

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1 (k) "Embedded electronic message device" means an accessory 2 that is made part of a sign, sign face, or sign structure with a total area that is less than that of the sign face to which it is 3 4 attached, and displays only static messages containing text or 5 numbers that are directly associated with the current advertiser. 6 Embedded electronic message device does not include a digital billboard or a device that displays graphics other than messages 7 8 containing text or numbers.

9 (1) "Erect" means to construct, build, raise, assemble, place,
10 affix, attach, create, paint, draw, or in any other way bring into
11 being or establish. ERECT INCLUDES BEING IN THE PROCESS OF
12 CONSTRUCTING, BUILDING, RAISING, ASSEMBLING, PLACING, AFFIXING,
13 ATTACHING, CREATING, PAINTING, DRAWING, OR IN ANY OTHER WAY
14 BRINGING INTO BEING OR ESTABLISHING.

(m) "Existing vegetation" means trees, bushes, and ground cover that the department intends to maintain and that are at least the same size as similar vegetation that the department would customarily install and maintain or allow to be installed and maintained as part of a roadside management plan, roadside management project, or landscaping project.

(n) "Freeway" means a divided highway of not less than 2 lanes in each direction to which owners or occupants of abutting property or the public do not have a right of ingress or egress to, from, or across the highway, except at points determined by or as otherwise provided by the authorities responsible for the freeway.

26 (o) "Incorporated municipality" means a city, village, or27 charter township.

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(p) "Index" means the Detroit consumer price index for all
 urban consumers published by the United States bureau BUREAU of
 labor statistics LABOR STATISTICS or, if that index ceases to be
 published by the United States bureau BUREAU of labor statistics,
 LABOR STATISTICS, the published index that most closely measures
 inflation, as determined by the department.

7 (q) "Interim permit" means a permit that can be utilized by
8 the applicant to construct a sign structure that is visible from a
9 freeway, interstate, or primary highway.

(r) "Interstate highway" means a highway officially designated
as a part of the national system of interstate and defense highways
by the department and approved by the federal government under 23
USC 103.

14 (s) "Location" means a place where a sign structure subject to15 this act is located.

(t) "Main-traveled way" means the traveled way of a highway on which through traffic is carried. Main-traveled way includes the traveled way of each of the separate roadways for traffic in opposite directions on a divided highway. Main-traveled way does not include facilities such as frontage roads, turning roadways, or parking areas.

(u) "Maintain" means to allow to exist and includes the
periodic changing of advertising messages, and customary
maintenance and repair of signs and sign structures.

(v) "Nationally known" means an activity or attraction that isall of the following:

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(*i*) An active part of a national advertising promotion.

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(*ii*) Listed on a national register, if applicable.

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(*iii*) Staffed and maintains a register of visitors.

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(*iv*) Listed in national travel guides.

4 (v) Organized to provide information or conducted tours for a
5 significant portion of the year, or for at least 3 months if the
6 activity or attraction is seasonal in nature.

7 (w) "Nonconforming sign" means a sign or sign structure, other
8 than a nonstandard sign or a sign that is erected and maintained in
9 a business area along a scenic byway prior to the designation as a
10 scenic byway, that satisfies 1 of the following:

(i) Was legally erected before March 31, 1972 but A PERMIT FOR
 THE SIGN OR SIGN STRUCTURE could not be legally erected ISSUED
 under the current provisions of this act.

14 (*ii*) Is a sign or sign structure regulated under this act that
15 FOR WHICH A PERMIT was legally erected ISSUED after March 31, 1972
16 but A PERMIT FOR THE SIGN OR SIGN STRUCTURE could not be legally
17 erected ISSUED under the current provisions of this act.

18 (x) "Nonstandard sign" means a sign or sign structure other 19 than a nonconforming sign, that is subject to this act, FOR WHICH A 20 PERMIT was legally erected ISSUED UNDER THIS ACT before March 23, 21 1999, is not a nonconforming sign, and does not comply with the 22 spacing requirements in section 17(1) OR (2), but otherwise 23 complies with this act.

(y) "On-premises sign" means a sign advertising activities conducted or maintained on the property on which it is located. The boundary of the property shall be as determined by tax rolls, deed registrations, and apparent land use delineations. If a sign

1 consists principally of brand name or trade name advertising and 2 the product or service advertised is only incidental to the 3 principal activity conducted or maintained on the property, or if 4 the sign brings rental income to the property owner or sign owner, it shall be considered the business of outdoor advertising and not 5 6 an on-premises sign. On-premises sign does not include a sign on a narrow strip of land contiguous to the advertised activity, or a 7 sign on an easement on adjacent property, when the purpose is 8 9 clearly to circumvent the intent of this act.

10 (z) "Person" means any individual, partnership, private
11 association, or corporation, state, county, city, village,
12 township, charter township, or other public or municipal
13 association or corporation.

14 (aa) "Primary highway" means a highway other than an15 interstate highway or freeway that is a regulated route.

16 (BB) "PUBLIC SCHOOL PROPERTY" MEANS PROPERTY OWNED OR LEASED
17 BY THE GOVERNING BOARD OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL OR PROPERTY OWNED OR
18 LEASED BY A FOUNDATION OWNED OR MANAGED BY THE GOVERNING BOARD OF A
19 PUBLIC SCHOOL.

20 (CC) (bb) "Regionally known" means an activity or attraction
21 that is all of the following:

(i) Known throughout this state or the peninsula of this state
in which the activity or attraction is located and in 1 or more
states adjoining this state.

25 (*ii*) Listed on a state register, if applicable.

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(*iii*) Staffed and maintains a register of visitors.

27 (*iv*) Organized to provide information or conducted tours for a

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significant portion of the year, or for at least 3 months if the
 activity or attraction is seasonal in nature.

3 (DD) (cc)—"Regulated route" means an interstate highway,
4 freeway, or primary highway required to be regulated under 23 USC
5 131 and any other route that is required to be regulated or may
6 become required to be regulated by the department under this act or
7 another state or federal statute or legal requirement.

8 (EE) (dd) "Religious organization sign" means a sign, not
9 larger than 8 square feet, that gives notice of religious services.

(FF) (ee) "Scenic byway" means a regulated route that is
required to be regulated as a scenic byway under 23 USC 131.

(GG) (ff) "Secondary highway" means a state secondary road or
 county primary road.

14 (HH) (gg)—"Service club sign" means a sign, not larger than 8 15 square feet, that gives notice about nonprofit service clubs or 16 charitable associations.

(II) (hh)—"Sign" means any outdoor sign, display, device,
figure, painting, drawing, message, placard, poster, billboard, or
other thing, whether placed individually or on a T-type, V-type,
back to back, or double-faced display, that is designed, intended,
or used to advertise or inform.

(JJ) (ii) "Sign structure" means the assembled components that make up an outdoor advertising display, including, but not limited to, uprights, supports, facings, and trim. A sign structure may contain 1 or 2 signs per facing and may be double-faced, back to back, T-type, or V-type.

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(KK) (jj) "Tobacco product" means any tobacco product sold to

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the general public and includes, but is not limited to, cigarettes,
 tobacco snuff, and chewing tobacco.

(11) (kk)-"Trivision sign" means a sign or sign structure that 3 4 uses mechanical means to display more than 1 message in sequence. (MM) (*ll*)-"Unzoned commercial or industrial area" means an 5 area that is within an adjacent area, that is not zoned by state or 6 local law, regulation, or ordinance, OR PUBLIC SCHOOL PROPERTY THAT 7 IS SUBJECT TO JURISDICTION CONFERRED UNDER SECTION 1263(3) OF THE 8 REVISED SCHOOL CODE, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.1263, that contains 1 or 9 more permanent structures devoted to the industrial or commercial 10 11 purposes described in subdivision (e), and that extends along the 12 highway a distance of 800 feet beyond each edge of the activity. 13 Each side of the highway is considered separately in applying this 14 definition except that where it is not topographically feasible for a sign or sign structure to be erected or maintained on the same 15 16 side of the highway as the permanent structure devoted to 17 industrial or commercial purposes, an unzoned commercial or 18 industrial area may be established on the opposite side of a 19 primary highway in an area zoned commercial or industrial or in an 20 unzoned area with the approval of the state highway commission. A 21 permanent structure devoted to industrial or commercial purposes does not result in the establishment of an unzoned commercial or 22 23 industrial area on both sides of the highway. All measurements 24 shall be from the outer edge of the regularly used building, 25 parking lot, or storage or processing area of the commercial or 26 industrial activity and not from the property lines of the 27 activities and shall be along or parallel to the edge or pavement

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of the highway. Commercial or industrial purposes are those
 activities generally restricted to commercial or industrial zones
 in jurisdictions that have zoning. In addition, the following
 activities are not commercial or industrial:

5 (i) Agricultural, animal husbandry, forestry, grazing, farming
6 and related activities, including, but not limited to, wayside
7 fresh produce stands.

8

(*ii*) Transient or temporary activities.

9 (*iii*) Activities not visible from the main-traveled way.

10 (*iv*) Activities conducted in a building principally used as a 11 residence, or in a building located on property that is used 12 principally for residential purposes or for the activities in 13 subparagraph (*i*).

14 (v) Railroad tracks and minor sidings.

15 (*vi*) Outdoor advertising.

16 (vii) Activities more than 660 feet from the main-traveled17 way.

18 (viii) Activities that have not been in continuous operation19 of a business or commercial nature for at least 2 years.

20 (*ix*) Public utility facilities, whether regularly staffed or21 not.

(x) Structures associated with on-site outdoor recreational
activities such as riding stables, golf course shops, and
campground offices.

25 (xi) Activities conducted in a structure for which an
26 occupancy permit has not been issued or that is not a fully
27 enclosed building, having all necessary utility service and

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sanitary facilities required for its intended commercial or
 industrial use.

3 (xii) A storage facility for a business or other activity not
4 located on the same property, except a storage building having at
5 least 10 separate units that are available for rent by the public.

6 (xiii) A temporary business solely established to qualify as7 commercial or industrial activity under this act.

8 (NN) (mm) "Visible" means a sign that has a message that is
9 capable of being seen by an individual of normal visual acuity when
10 traveling in a motor vehicle.

11 Sec. 3. To **PROMOTE THE REASONABLE, ORDERLY, AND EFFECTIVE** 12 DISPLAY OF OUTDOOR ADVERTISING, TO improve and enhance scenic 13 beauty consistent with section 131 of title 23 of the United States 14 Code, 23 USC 131, and to limit and reduce the illegal possession 15 and use of tobacco by minors, the legislature finds it appropriate to regulate and control outdoor advertising and outdoor advertising 16 17 as it pertains to tobacco adjacent to the streets, roads, highways, and freeways within this state and that outdoor advertising is 18 19 SERVES A PUBLIC NEED AS a legitimate accessory commercial use of 20 private property, is an integral part of the marketing function, 21 and an established segment of the economy of this state.

Sec. 4. This act regulates and controls the size, lighting, and spacing of signs and sign structures in adjacent areas and occupies the whole field of that regulation and control except for the following:

26 (a) A county, city, village, township, or charter township may27 enact ordinances to regulate and control the operation, size,

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lighting, and spacing of signs and sign structures but shall not 1 2 permit a sign or sign structure that is otherwise prohibited by this act or require or cause the removal of lawfully erected signs 3 4 or sign structures subject to this act without the payment of just 5 compensation. A sign owner shall apply for an annual permit pursuant to section 6 for each sign to be maintained or to be 6 7 erected within that county, city, village, charter township, or township. A sign erected or maintained within that county, city, 8 9 village, township, or charter township shall also comply with all applicable provisions of this act. An ordinance or code adopted by 10 11 a county, city, village, township, or charter township that 12 regulates the operation, size, lighting, or spacing of signs and sign structures and that is more stringent than the laws of this 13 state is not made void by this act. 14

(b) A county, city, village, charter township, or township 15 vested by law with authority to enact zoning codes has full 16 17 authority under its own zoning codes or ordinances to establish commercial or industrial areas and the actions of a county, city, 18 19 village, charter township, or township in so doing shall be 20 accepted for the purposes of this act. However, except as provided 21 in subdivision (a), zoning that is not part of a comprehensive 22 zoning plan and is taken primarily to permit outdoor advertising 23 structures shall not be accepted for purposes of this act. A zone in which limited commercial or industrial activities are permitted 24 25 as incidental to other primary land uses is not a commercial or 26 industrial zone for outdoor advertising control purposes.

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(c) An ordinance or code of a city, village, township, or

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charter township that existed on March 31, 1972 and that prohibits
 signs or sign structures is not made void by this act.

3 (d) A county ordinance that regulates and controls the size,
4 lighting, and spacing of signs and sign structures shall only apply
5 in a township within the county if the township has not enacted an
6 ordinance to regulate and control the size, lighting, and spacing
7 of signs and sign structures.

8 (e) A county, on its own initiative or at the request of a
9 city, village, township, or charter township within that county,
10 may prepare a model ordinance as described in subdivision (a). A
11 city, village, township, or charter township within that county may
12 adopt the model ordinance.

13 Sec. 6. (1) A sign owner shall apply for an annual permit on a 14 form prescribed by the department for each sign or sign structure to be maintained or erected in an adjacent area where the facing of 15 the sign or sign structure is visible from a regulated route. The 16 17 form shall require the name and business address of the applicant, 18 the name and address of the owner of the property on which the sign 19 or sign structure is to be located, the date the sign or sign 20 structure, if currently maintained, was erected, the zoning 21 classification of the property, a precise description of where the sign or sign structure is or will be situated and a certification 22 23 that the sign or sign structure is not prohibited by section 18(a), 24 (b), (c), or (d) and that the sign or sign structure does not violate any provisions of this act. The sign permit application 25 26 shall include a statement signed by the owner of the land on which 27 the sign or sign structure is to be placed, acknowledging that no

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1 trees or shrubs in the adjacent highway right-of-way may be 2 removed, trimmed, or in any way damaged or destroyed without the written authorization of the department. The EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE 3 4 **PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, THE** department may require 5 documentation to verify the zoning CLASSIFICATION OF THE PROPERTY, the consent of the land owner, and any other matter considered 6 essential to the evaluation of compliance with this act. THE 7 DEPARTMENT SHALL NOT REQUIRE A SIGNED WRITTEN STATEMENT FROM A 8 COUNTY, CITY, VILLAGE, TOWNSHIP, OR CHARTER TOWNSHIP AS PART OF THE 9 DOCUMENTATION IT MAY REQUIRE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION. A sign owner 10 11 shall apply for a separate annual permit for each sign or sign 12 structure for each regulated route subject to this act from which 13 the facing of the sign or sign structure is visible.

14 (2) The owner of a sign or sign structure shall apply for an 15 annual permit for each sign or sign structure that becomes subject to the permit requirements of this act because of a change in 16 17 highway designation or other reason not within the control of the 18 sign owner within 2 months after receiving notice from the 19 department that the sign or sign structure is subject to the permit 20 requirements of this act. Both of the following apply to an annual 21 permit issued under this subsection:

22 (a) The annual permit is not subject to section 7a.

23 (b) The annual permit may not be surrendered for an interim24 permit under section 7a(3).

25 (3) In EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, IN
26 addition to an annual permit under subsection (1), a sign owner
27 shall apply for and the department shall issue a digital billboard

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permit for each digital billboard that is not a nonconforming sign 1 2 and that meets the requirements of section 17(3) to be maintained or erected in an adjacent area where the facing of the sign or sign 3 4 structure is visible from a regulated route. The information 5 provided by an applicant under this subsection shall be on a form 6 prescribed by the department. A sign owner shall apply for a separate digital billboard permit for each sign or sign structure 7 allowed under section 17(3) for each regulated route from which the 8 9 facing of the sign or sign structure is visible. The owner of a 10 sign or sign structure shall apply for a digital billboard permit 11 for each digital billboard that becomes subject to the permit 12 requirements of this act because of a change in highway designation or other reason not within the control of the sign owner within 2 13 14 months after receiving notice from the department that the sign or sign structure is subject to the permit requirements of this act. 15 Both of the following apply to a digital billboard permit issued 16 under this subsection: 17

(a) The digital billboard permit is not subject to section 7a.
(b) The digital billboard permit may not be surrendered for an
interim permit under section 7a(3).

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, within 90
days after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this
subsection, the owner of a digital billboard that was legally
erected, OR WHO APPLIED FOR A DIGITAL BILLBOARD PERMIT before the
effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection
shall apply AUGUST 1, 2015 THAT WAS REVOKED OR DENIED, MAY APPLY
for, and the department shall issue, a digital billboard permit. A

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digital billboard permitted under this subsection or subsection (5)
is exempt from section 17(3), and the department shall not require
any form of consideration for a digital billboard permitted under
this subsection or subsection (5) other than payment of the
appropriate application fee and annual renewal fees as required
under this act.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, if, on 7 the effective date of the amendatory act that added this 8 subsection, OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2016, an individual has obtained 9 10 location approval from the department and approval from the local 11 unit of government having jurisdiction of that location to erect 12 CONVERT AN EXISTING BILLBOARD TO a digital billboard, he or she 13 shall apply for, and the department shall issue, a digital 14 billboard permit.

15 (6) Both of the following apply to the owner of a nonstandard16 sign:

17 (a) In addition to an annual permit under subsection (1), the 18 owner of a nonstandard sign may apply for a digital billboard 19 permit to erect and maintain a digital billboard on a nonstandard 20 sign by applying for a digital billboard permit on a form 21 prescribed by the department, paying the required fee, and 22 surrendering 3 interim permits to the department. The owner of a 23 nonstandard sign seeking a digital billboard permit under this 24 subsection shall apply for a separate digital billboard permit for 25 each sign or sign structure for each regulated route from which the 26 facing of the sign or sign structure is visible, but shall not be 27 required to surrender more than a total of 3 interim permits.

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(b) Beginning EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS 1 2 SUBDIVISION, BEGINNING on the effective date of the amendatory act 3 that added this subdivision JANUARY 30, 2014 and ending 1 year 4 after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this 5 subdivision, JANUARY 30, 2015, for the first 8 nonstandard signs 6 for which the owner applies for a digital billboard permit under subdivision (a), the owner shall not be required to surrender 3 7 interim permits. This subdivision only applies to signs located in 8 9 a county having a population of not less than 750,000. The spacing 10 requirements under section 17(4) apply to the first 8 nonstandard 11 signs for which the owner applies for a digital billboard permit 12 under subdivision (a). THE JANUARY 30, 2015 DEADLINE DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE EXTENDED FOR AN OWNER WHO HAS APPLIED FOR 13 A DIGITAL BILLBOARD PERMIT UNDER THIS SECTION AND HAS APPLIED FOR, 14 BUT NOT YET RECEIVED, APPROVAL FROM A LOCAL UNIT OF GOVERNMENT 15 HAVING JURISDICTION OF THE LOCATION UPON WHICH HE OR SHE SEEKS TO 16 17 ERECT A DIGITAL BILLBOARD. THE EXTENSION DESCRIBED IN THIS 18 SUBDIVISION SHALL BE FOR AN AMOUNT OF TIME EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF 19 TIME THAT ELAPSED BETWEEN THE DATE OF APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL TO 20 THE LOCAL UNIT OF GOVERNMENT AND THE DATE APPROVAL IS GRANTED BY 21 THE LOCAL UNIT OF GOVERNMENT. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A 2-SIDED SIGN OR SIGN STRUCTURE THAT WAS ERECTED ON OR BEFORE 22 23 JANUARY 30, 2014 SHALL BE TREATED AS A SINGLE SIGN OR SIGN 24 STRUCTURE AND THE OWNER SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO SURRENDER MORE 25 THAN 3 INTERIM PERMITS UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION. AN OWNER MAY REAPPLY 26 FOR A DIGITAL BILLBOARD PERMIT THAT HE OR SHE PREVIOUSLY APPLIED 27 FOR AND WAS EITHER DENIED OR REVOKED BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2016. UPON A

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REAPPLICATION DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBDIVISION, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
 ISSUE A DIGITAL BILLBOARD PERMIT TO THE OWNER IF THE OWNER IS IN
 COMPLIANCE WITH THE OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBSECTION.

Sec. 7b. (1) Notwithstanding anything in this act to the
contrary, the department may issue a permit for a directional sign
for a publicly or privately owned activity or attraction that is
nationally known or regionally known, that is of outstanding
interest to the traveling public, and that is generally considered
to be 1 of the following:

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(a) A natural phenomenon.

11 (b) A scenic attraction.

12 (c) A historic, educational, cultural, scientific, or13 religious site.

14 (d) An outdoor recreational area.

15 (2) A permit issued under this section is exempt from section
16 7a, is not transferable, and is not eligible to be surrendered for
17 an interim permit.

18 (3) A permit issued under this section shall be for a sign
19 that is no larger than 150 square feet in size, no more than 20
20 feet high, and no more than 20 feet long, including border and trim
21 and excluding supports.

(4) A sign for which a permit is issued under this sectionshall not be any of the following:

(a) Closer than 2,000 feet to an interchange, rest area, park
land, scenic area, or intersection at-grade along the interstate
system, a freeway, or a primary highway, as measured from the
nearest point of the beginning or ending of pavement widening at

1 the exit from, or entrance to, the main-traveled way.

2 (b) Closer than 1 mile to another directional sign on either3 side of the road facing the same direction.

4 (c) Located adjacent to a regulated route at a distance5 greater than 50 air miles from the activity or attraction.

6 (5) The department shall not issue a permit under this section
7 if there are more than 3 signs identifying the same activity or
8 attraction facing the same direction on either side of the road
9 along a single regulated route approaching the activity or
10 attraction.

11 (6) The message displayed on a sign for which a permit is 12 issued under this section shall only identify the activity or attraction and directional information useful to the traveler in 13 locating the activity or attraction, including mileage, route 14 numbers, WEBSITE ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF THE ACTIVITY OR 15 ATTRACTION, and exit numbers. The message displayed on a sign for 16 17 which a permit is issued under this section shall not include 18 descriptive words or phrases or pictorial or photographic 19 representations of the activity or attraction or the surrounding 20 area.

Sec. 11. (1) A-EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (5), A person who trims or removes trees or shrubs within a highway right-of-way for the purpose of making a proposed or existing sign more visible without a permit issued under section 11a is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 30 days or a fine of \$10,000.00 or up to 5 times the value of the trees or shrubs trimmed or removed, whichever is greater. The value of the

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removed trees or shrubs shall be determined by the department under
 section 11a.

3 (2) If a sign owner, sign owner's agent, or a property owner
4 or agent of a property owner with whom the sign owner has a
5 contractual relationship to maintain the sign on his or her
6 property trims or removes trees or shrubs without first having
7 obtained a permit under section 11a, the sign owner is not eligible
8 to obtain a permit under section 11a for 3 years from the date of
9 trimming or removal of trees or shrubs.

(3) If trees or shrubs have been trimmed or removed without a 10 11 permit under section 11a by a sign owner, a sign owner's agent, a 12 property owner, or a property owner's agent, the department shall 13 conduct a hearing under the administrative procedures act of 1969, 14 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328. After providing notice and opportunity for hearing under the administrative procedures act of 15 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328, the department may impose 16 17 a fine not to exceed 5 times the value of the vegetation that was 18 trimmed or removed, restrict future vegetation management permits, 19 restrict use of the sign or sign structure for a period not to 20 exceed 1 year, or, for a second or subsequent violation, remove the 21 sign under section 19. A sign, the use of which has been restricted 22 under this subsection, shall not be considered an abandoned sign.

(4) If a sign is removed under this section and the department
subsequently receives an application for a permit under section 6
for the same area, the department shall consider that the
conditions for the permit issued under section 6 remain in force
for spacing and all other requirements of this act.

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(5) A PERSON MAY TRIM OR REMOVE TREES OR SHRUBS WITHIN THE
 RIGHT-OF-WAY OF A PRIMARY HIGHWAY FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING AN
 EXISTING SIGN MORE VISIBLE IF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING ARE SATISFIED:

4 (A) THE TREES OR SHRUBS TO BE REMOVED ARE WITHIN 500 FEET OF 5 THE SIGN, AND THE SIGN IS LOCATED IN A COUNTY HAVING A POPULATION 6 OF NOT LESS THAN 750,000.

7 (B) THE PRIMARY HIGHWAY BORDERS 2 COUNTIES, AND EACH COUNTY
8 HAS A POPULATION OF NOT LESS THAN 750,000.

9 Sec. 11a. (1) Subject to the requirements of this section, the 10 department is authorized to and shall issue permits for the 11 management of vegetation to the owner of a sign, agent of the owner 12 of a sign, or a property owner or agent of a property owner with 13 whom the sign owner has a contractual relationship to maintain the 14 sign on his or her property, subject to this act.

(2) A sign owner may apply to the department for a permit to 15 manage vegetation using the department's approved form. The 16 17 application shall be accompanied by an application fee of \$150.00 to cover the costs of evaluating and processing the application. 18 19 Beginning October 1, 2014, the department shall annually adjust the 20 application fee to ensure that the fee covers the total cost of 21 evaluating and processing the application. The department shall not 22 increase the application fee by an annual percentage amount greater 23 than the index.

(3) An application submitted under subsection (2) shall be on
a form and in a manner specified by the department and shall
clearly identify the vegetation to be managed in order to create
visibility of the sign within the billboard viewing zone and all

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proposed mitigation for the impacts of the vegetation management undertaken. The application shall also include anticipated management that will be needed in the future to maintain the visibility of the sign within the billboard viewing zone for the time specified in subsection (6) and procedures for clearing vegetation as determined by the department.

(4) Unless otherwise agreed to by the department and an 7 applicant, the department shall issue its decision on an 8 9 application no later than 90 days after receipt of a completed 10 application. The department shall approve the application, approve 11 the application with modification, or deny the application. In 12 deciding whether to approve an application, approve an application 13 with modification, or deny an application, the department shall 14 consider the vegetation management that was previously allowed at the billboard site. If the department approves the application or 15 approves the application with modification, it shall notify the 16 17 applicant. The notification required by this subsection shall include the value of the vegetation to be managed as determined 18 under subsection (5). The notification shall also include any 19 20 required mitigation for the vegetation to be managed and all 21 conditions and requirements associated with the issuance of the permit. The permit fee is \$500.00, except that in special and 22 23 unique situations and circumstances where the department incurs 24 additional costs directly attributable to the approval of the permit, a fee greater than \$500.00 adequate for the recovery of 25 26 additional costs may be assessed. Beginning October 1, 2014, the 27 department shall annually adjust the permit fee to ensure that the

fee covers the total cost of issuing the permit and the cost of all 1 2 departmental responsibilities associated with the permit. The 3 department shall not increase the permit fee by an annual 4 percentage amount greater than the consumer price index. Upon 5 receipt of the permit fee, payment for the value of the vegetation, and compliance with department conditions and requirements, the 6 department shall issue the permit. Within 5 years after the 7 issuance of a vegetation management permit under this section, if a 8 9 sign owner applies to manage vegetation at the same location, he or 10 she may trim or remove any vegetation that has regrown if that 11 vegetation was originally trimmed or removed under the vegetation 12 management permit, and is not required to pay the value of the 13 vegetation that has regrown or any fees other than the application 14 fees required under this act.

15 (5) The department shall annually develop and publish a replacement cost schedule for trees and shrubs to be removed under 16 17 a vegetation management permit. The replacement cost schedule shall 18 specify the size, number, type, and cost of replacement trees to be 19 paid for by an applicant based on the diameter at breast height for 20 each tree that is removed and a conversion factor determined by the 21 department for the number of replacement trees required for any 22 shrubs that are removed. The total cost shall be based on the 23 department's total cost for planting trees according to the most 24 recent version of the standard specifications for construction used 25 by the department and the expected cost of plants, labor, and 26 materials required to install and establish plants for that year. 27 As an alternative, the department and the applicant may agree that

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1 the department will develop the value of the vegetation to be 2 trimmed or removed using the most recent version of the international society of arboriculture's quide for plant appraisal 3 4 and the corresponding Michigan tree evaluation supplement to the 5 guide for plant appraisal published by the Michigan forestry and 6 park association. The department may use another objective authoritative guide in consultation with representatives of the 7 outdoor advertising industry and other interested parties if either 8 9 the guide or the supplement has not been updated in more than 5 10 years. The department, in consultation with representatives of the 11 outdoor advertising industry and other interested parties, may 12 develop a value schedule for vegetation.

13 (6) Subject to this subsection, a permit to manage vegetation 14 shall provide for a minimum of 5 seconds of continuous, clear, and unobstructed view of the billboard face based on travel at the 15 posted speed as measured from the point directly adjacent to the 16 17 point of the billboard closest to the highway. The department and the applicant may enter into an agreement, at the request of the 18 19 applicant, identifying the specific location of the continuous, 20 clear, and unobstructed view within the billboard viewing zone. The 21 specific location may begin at a point anywhere within the 22 billboard viewing zone but shall result in a continuous, clear, and 23 unobstructed view of not less than 5 seconds. An applicant shall 24 apply for a permit that minimizes the amount of vegetation to be 25 managed for the amount of viewing time requested. Applications for 26 vegetation management that provide for greater than 5 seconds of 27 continuous, clear, and unobstructed viewing at the posted speed as

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measured from a point directly adjacent to the point of the 1 2 billboard closest to the highway shall not be rejected based solely upon the application exceeding the 5-second minimum. For billboards 3 4 spaced less than 500 feet apart, vegetation management, when permitted, shall provide for a minimum of 5 seconds of continuous, 5 clear, and unobstructed view of the billboard face based on travel 6 7 at the posted speed or the distance between the billboard and the adjacent billboard, whichever is less. 8

9 (7) The department shall issue permits for vegetation
10 management in a viewing cone or, at the department's discretion,
11 another shape that provides for the continuous, clear, and
12 unobstructed view of the billboard face. The department may, in its
13 discretion, issue a permit for vegetation management outside of the
14 billboard viewing zone.

15 (8) If no suitable alternative exists or the applicant is 16 unable to provide acceptable mitigation, the department may deny an 17 application or provide a limited permit to manage vegetation if 1 18 or more of the following situations exist:

19 (a) The vegetation management would have an adverse impact on20 safety.

(b) The vegetation management would have an adverse impact onoperations of a state trunk line highway.

23 (c) The vegetation management conflicts with federal or state24 law or promulgated rules.

25 (d) The applicant does not have the approval of the owner of26 the property.

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(e) The vegetation to be managed is existing vegetation and

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was planted, permitted to be planted, or allowed to grow naturally
 by the department for a specific purpose, as shown by the
 department's records or the department's practices.

4 (f) Existing vegetation greater than 8 feet in height would be
5 managed for a newly constructed billboard or vegetation existed
6 that was greater than 8 feet in height that obscured a billboard or
7 would have obscured the billboard before it was constructed. When
8 denying an application or providing a limited permit, The
9 department shall consider previous vegetation management that was
10 allowed at the billboard site.

(g) The vegetation management would occur on a scenic or heritage route that was designated on or before January 1, 2007, unless the proposed vegetation management permit is for vegetation management for a sign that would be a conforming sign or a nonstandard sign if the sign was not located on a scenic byway or heritage route.

17 (h) The application is for a sign that was found, after a18 hearing in accordance with section 19, to not be in compliance with19 this act.

(i) Other special or unique circumstances or conditions exist,
including, but not limited to, adverse impact on the environment,
natural features, or adjacent property owners.

(9) If the department denies an application or issues a
limited permit under this section, the department shall provide a
specific rationale for denying an application or approving a
limited permit.

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(10) No later than 45 days after receiving a denial of a

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1 request to begin the 5 seconds of continuous, clear, and 2 unobstructed view at a point other than a point directly adjacent to the point of the billboard closest to the highway as provided in 3 4 subsection (6), or a denial or a limited permit under subsection 5 (8), an applicant may request review and reconsideration of the 6 denial or limited permit. The applicant shall submit its request in writing on a form as determined by the department. The applicant 7 shall state the specific item or items for which review and 8 9 reconsideration are being requested. An applicant who received a 10 limited permit may manage vegetation in accordance with that permit 11 during the review and reconsideration period.

12 (11) The department shall develop and maintain a procedure for 13 review and reconsideration of applications that are denied or that 14 result in the issuance of a limited permit. This procedure shall include at least 2 levels of review and provide for input from the 15 applicant. The review period shall not exceed 120 days. The 16 17 department shall consult with all affected and interested parties, including, but not limited to, representatives of the outdoor 18 19 advertising industry, in the development of this procedure.

(12) If, after review and reconsideration under subsection
(10), the applicant is denied a permit or issued a limited permit,
the applicant may appeal the decision of the department to a court
of competent jurisdiction.

(13) All work performed in connection with trimming, removing,
or relocating vegetation shall be performed at the sign owner's
expense.

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(14) Except for ground cover, the department shall not plant

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1 or authorize to be planted any vegetation that obstructs, or
2 through expected normal growth will obstruct in the future, the
3 visibility within the billboard viewing zone of any portion of a
4 sign face subject to this act. Both of the following apply to
5 vegetation planted or allowed to be planted by the department:

6 (a) If the vegetation planted or allowed to be planted by the 7 department within the billboard viewing zone after January 1, 2007 8 obstructs the visibility of any portion of a sign face subject to 9 this act, the department shall trim or remove at the department's 10 cost, or allow the sign permit holder to trim or remove, the 11 vegetation obstructing the visibility of any portion of the sign 12 face.

13 (b) This subsection does not apply to the replacement of14 existing vegetation that was removed for transportation purposes.

(15) The department shall consider the impact on the 15 visibility of a billboard before erecting or authorizing the 16 17 erection of a digital information sign or any other sign within the 18 highway right-of-way. A billboard owner may propose, and the 19 department shall consider, the relocation of an existing sign 20 within the highway right-of-way. A billboard owner is responsible 21 for all costs associated with relocation of a sign under this 22 subsection. Not later than 90 days after receipt of a billboard 23 owner's request for the relocation of an existing sign, the 24 department shall respond in writing to the billboard owner with 1 25 of the following:

26 (a) Notice of department approval of relocating the sign, an27 estimate of the cost associated with relocating the sign, and

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notice that all costs associated with the proposed sign relocation
 are the responsibility of the billboard owner.

3 (b) Notice of department denial of relocation of the sign and
4 the justification for that denial that may include, but is not
5 limited to, federal requirements, safety considerations, or
6 emergency or operational purposes.

7 (16) A person who under the authority of a permit obtained
8 under this section trims or removes more trees and shrubs than the
9 permit authorizes is subject to 1 or more of the following
10 penalties:

(a) For the first 3 violations during a 3-year period, a
penalty of an amount up to \$5,000.00 or the amount authorized as a
penalty in section 11(1), whichever is greater.

(b) For the fourth violation during a 3-year period and any
additional violation during that period, a penalty of an amount up
to \$25,000.00 or double the amount authorized as a penalty in
section 11(1), whichever is greater, for each violation.

(c) For the fourth violation during a 3-year period, and any additional violation, a person is not eligible to obtain or renew a permit under this section for a period of 3 years from the date of the fourth violation.

(17) If the department alleges that a person has trimmed or removed more trees or shrubs than the permit authorizes, then the department shall notify the person of its intent to seek 1 or more of the penalties provided in subsection (16). The notification shall be in writing and delivered via United States certified mail, and shall detail the conduct the department alleges constitutes a

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violation of subsection (16), and shall indicate the penalties the 1 2 department is seeking under subsection (16). Notification shall occur within 30 days after the filing of the completion order for 3 4 the trimming or removal of trees or shrubs the department alleges 5 violated the permit. Any allegation by the department that a person has trimmed or removed more trees or shrubs than the permit 6 authorizes is subject to the appeals process contained in 7 subsections (10), (11), and (12). 8

9

(18) As used in this section:

10 (a) "Billboard viewing zone" means the 1,000-foot area 11 measured at the pavement edge of the main-traveled way closest to 12 FROM WHICH the billboard FACE IS INTENDED TO BE VIEWED having as its terminus the point of the right-of-way line immediately 13 adjacent to the MAIN-TRAVELED WAY FROM WHICH THE billboard IS 14 INTENDED TO BE VIEWED except that, for a location where a 15 16 vegetation permit has been granted within the 5 years prior to the 17 effective date of the 2013 amendatory act that amended this subdivision, the billboard viewing zone includes the area subject 18 19 to the vegetation permit. BILLBOARD VIEWING ZONE INCLUDES A HIGHWAY 20 MEDIAN.

(b) "Vegetation management" means the trimming, removal, or
relocation of trees, shrubs, or other plant material.

(c) "Viewing cone" means the triangular area described as the point directly below the face of the billboard closest to the highway, the point directly below the billboard face farthest away from the highway, a point as measured from a point directly adjacent to the part of the billboard closest to the closest edge

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of the highway and extending back parallel to the highway the
 distance that provides the view of the billboard prescribed in this
 section, and the triangle described by the points extending upward
 to the top of the billboard.

Sec. 17. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (10)
and (11), along interstate highways and freeways, a sign structure
located in a business area or unzoned commercial or industrial area
shall not be erected or maintained closer than 1,000 feet to
another sign structure on the same side of the highway.

10 (2) Along primary highways, a sign structure shall not be
11 erected or maintained closer than 500 feet to another sign
12 structure.

13 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), a sign 14 utilizing a digital billboard permit shall not be closer than 1,750 feet to another sign utilizing a digital billboard permit on either 15 side of the highway facing the same direction of oncoming traffic. 16 17 (4) Beginning on the effective date of the amendatory act that 18 added this subsection JANUARY 30, 2014 and ending 1 year after the 19 effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection, 20 JANUARY 30, 2015, for the first 8 nonstandard signs for which the 21 owner applies for a digital billboard permit under section 6(6)(a) 22 without having to surrender 3 interim permits as provided under 23 section 6(6)(b), each sign shall not be closer than 1,000 feet to 24 another sign using a digital billboard permit on either side of the highway facing the same direction of traffic. This subsection only 25 26 applies to signs located in a county having a population of not 27 less than 750,000.

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(5) This section does not apply to signs separated by a
 building or other visual obstruction in such a manner that only 1
 sign located within the spacing distances is visible from the
 highway at any time, provided that the building or other visual
 obstruction has not been created for the purpose of visually
 obstructing either of the signs at issue.

7 (6) Along interstate highways and freeways located outside of
8 incorporated municipalities, a sign structure shall not be
9 permitted adjacent to or within 500 feet of an interchange, an
10 intersection at grade, or a safety roadside rest area. The 500 feet
11 shall be measured from the point of beginning or ending of pavement
12 widening at the exit from, or entrance to, the main-traveled way.

13 (7) Official signs as described in section 13(1)(a) and on-14 premises signs shall not be counted and measurements shall not be 15 made from them for purposes of determining compliance with the 16 spacing requirements in this section.

17 (8) Except as provided in subsection (3), the spacing
18 requirements in this section apply separately to each side of the
19 highway.

20 (9) The spacing requirements in this section shall be measured
21 along the nearest edge of the pavement of the highway between
22 points directly opposite each sign.

(10) A sign that was erected in compliance with the spacing requirements of this section that were in effect at the time when the sign was erected, but that does not comply with the spacing requirements of this section after March 23, 1999, is not unlawful under section 22.

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(11) Along an interstate highway that is designated by 1
 letter and 3 numbers and located in a county with a population of
 less than 211,000 but more than 175,000, an existing sign structure
 that was erected prior to March 24, 2011 shall not be closer than
 900 feet to another sign structure on the same side of the highway.

6 (12) Nothing in this section shall be construed to cause a
7 sign that FOR WHICH A PERMIT was legally erected ISSUED UNDER THIS
8 ACT prior to March 23, 1999 to be defined as a nonconforming sign.

9 Sec. 17a. (1) A nonconforming sign may continue to exist as 10 long as it is not a destroyed, abandoned, discontinued, or 11 prohibited sign. A nonconforming sign that has not displayed an 12 advertising message for more than 1 year shall be considered an 13 abandoned sign.

14 (2) A sign owner may perform customary maintenance and repair
15 of a nonconforming sign. The annual cost of the customary
16 maintenance and repair shall not exceed 40% of the replacement cost
17 of a new THE NONCONFORMING sign. structure constructed using
18 equivalent materials and equipment.

19 (3) A sign owner may perform customary maintenance and repair 20 of a nonconforming sign that is damaged as a result of storm, fire, 21 or casualty. Customary maintenance and repair of a nonconforming 22 sign that is damaged as a result of storm, fire, or casualty shall 23 not exceed 60% of the replacement cost of a new THE NONCONFORMING 24 sign. structure constructed using equivalent materials and 25 equipment. The 60% limitation in this subsection does not apply if 26 the damage to the nonconforming sign is caused by vandalism or a 27 negligent act of a person other than the sign owner.

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(4) A nonconforming sign owner may not take any action that
 places this state out of compliance with federal statutes,
 published rules, regulations, or the federal-state agreement on
 outdoor advertising.

5 (5) A nonstandard sign may continue to exist and a sign owner
6 may perform any action to a nonstandard sign that is allowed under
7 this act, except for the following:

8 (a) Increasing the overall height of an existing sign
9 structure.

(A) (b) Increasing the total square footage of a sign face to
 a size greater than its original square footage.

12 (B) (c) Increasing the number of sign faces to more than 2.

13 (6) As used in this section: , "customary maintenance and 14 repair"

(A) "CUSTOMARY MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR" means the repair or 15 replacement of materials or equipment with equivalent materials or 16 17 equipment on a sign or sign structure that restores the structural 18 integrity of the sign or sign structure or the functionality of the 19 equipment. Customary maintenance and repair includes, but is not 20 limited to, modifications to the sign or sign structure that are 21 designed to comply with state and federal worker safety regulations 22 and requirements, modifications to the sign structure that are 23 primarily for the conservation of energy or environmental preservation, paint, the installation of trim or borders, and 24 removal of 1 or more sign faces or relocation of all or part of the 25 26 sign or sign structure upon request by the department. All of the 27 following apply to customary maintenance and repair:

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(i) (a) Customary maintenance and repair does not include any
 of the following:

3 (A) (i) Enlargement of the sign or sign structure. As used in
4 this subparagraph, SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH, "enlargement of the sign or
5 sign structure" does not include either of the following:

6

(I) (A) The installation of a temporary copy enhancement.

7 (II) (B) The installation of an embedded message device, if
8 the installation is not prohibited by federal statute or a rule
9 promulgated by the federal highway administration.

10 (B) (*ii*) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,
11 SUBDIVISION, a change in the location of the sign structure.

12 (C) (iii) An increase in the height of the sign structure.

13

(D) (*iv*) Installation of additional signs on a sign structure.

14

(E) (v) Electrification of the sign or sign structure.

(ii) (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, 15 16 customary maintenance and repair includes a modification to a sign 17 or sign structure that was completed prior to January 1, 2007, other than electrification, conversion to a digital billboard, or 18 19 conversion to a trivision sign. Customary maintenance and repair 20 includes the reversal of electrification, conversion to a digital 21 billboard, or conversion to a trivision sign if the 22 electrification, conversion to a digital billboard, or conversion 23 to a trivision sign was completed before January 1, 2007.

(B) "REPLACEMENT COST" MEANS THE TOTAL SUM OF THE COSTS
INCURRED TO ERECT A NEW REPLACEMENT SIGN OR SIGN STRUCTURE WITH
EQUIVALENT MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT AT CURRENT MARKET PRICES.

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