## **HOUSE BILL No. 4962**

September 13, 2011, Introduced by Rep. Walsh and referred to the Committee on Tax Policy.

A bill to amend 1967 PA 281, entitled

"Income tax act of 1967,"

by amending section 665 (MCL 206.665), as added by 2011 PA 38.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 665. (1) Sales of the taxpayer in this state are
  determined as follows:
- 3 (a) Sales of tangible personal property are in this state if
- 4 the property is shipped or delivered, or, in the case of
- 5 electricity and gas, the contract requires the property to be
- 6 shipped or delivered, to any purchaser within this state based on
- 7 the ultimate destination at the point that the property comes to
- 8 rest regardless of the free on board point or other conditions of
- 9 the sales.
  - (b) Receipts from the sale, lease, rental, or licensing of

- 1 real property are in this state if that property is located in this
- 2 state.
- 3 (c) Receipts from the lease or rental of tangible personal
- 4 property are sales in this state to the extent that the property is
- 5 utilized USED in this state. The extent of utilization of tangible
- 6 personal property in this state is determined by multiplying the
- 7 receipts by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of
- 8 days of physical location of the property in this state during the
- 9 lease or rental period in the tax year and the denominator of which
- 10 is the number of days of physical location of the property
- 11 everywhere during all lease or rental periods in the tax year. FOR
- 12 APPORTIONMENT PURPOSES ONLY, PREWRITTEN COMPUTER SOFTWARE IS USED
- 13 IN THIS STATE WHEN THE COMPUTER HARDWARE ACCESSING THE SOFTWARE IS
- 14 PHYSICALLY LOCATED IN THIS STATE. If the physical location of the
- 15 property during the lease or rental period is unknown or cannot be
- 16 determined, the tangible personal property is utilized USED in the
- 17 state in which the property was located at the time the lease or
- 18 rental payer obtained possession.
- 19 (d) Receipts from the lease or rental of mobile transportation
- 20 property owned by the taxpayer are in this state to the extent that
- 21 the property is used in this state. The extent to which an aircraft
- 22 will be deemed to be used in this state and the amount of receipts
- 23 that is to be included in the numerator of this state's sales
- 24 factor are determined by multiplying all the receipts from the
- 25 lease or rental of the aircraft by a fraction, the numerator of
- 26 which is the number of landings of the aircraft in this state and
- 27 the denominator of which is the total number of landings of the

- 1 aircraft. If the extent of the use of any transportation property
- 2 within this state cannot be determined, then the receipts are in
- 3 this state if the property has its principal base of operations in
- 4 this state.
- 5 (e) Royalties and other income received for the use of or for
- 6 the privilege of using intangible property, including patents,
- 7 know-how, formulas, designs, processes, patterns, copyrights, trade
- 8 names, service names, franchises, licenses, contracts, customer
- 9 lists, custom computer software, or similar items, are attributed
- 10 to the state in which the property is used by the purchaser. If the
- 11 property is used in more than 1 state, the royalties or other
- 12 income shall be apportioned to this state pro rata according to the
- 13 portion of use in this state. If the portion of use in this state
- 14 cannot be determined, the royalties or other income shall be
- 15 excluded from both the numerator and the denominator. Intangible
- 16 property is used in this state if the purchaser uses the intangible
- 17 property or the rights to the intangible property in the regular
- 18 course of its business operations in this state, regardless of the
- 19 location of the purchaser's customers.
- 20 (2) Sales from the performance of services are in this state
- 21 and attributable to this state as follows:
- 22 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all receipts
- 23 from the performance of services are included in the numerator of
- 24 the apportionment factor if the recipient of the services receives
- 25 all of the benefit of the services in this state. If the recipient
- 26 of the services receives some of the benefit of the services in
- 27 this state, the receipts are included in the numerator of the

- 1 apportionment factor in proportion to the extent that the recipient
- 2 receives benefit of the services in this state.
- 3 (b) Sales derived from securities brokerage services
- 4 attributable to this state are determined by multiplying the total
- 5 dollar amount of receipts from securities brokerage services by a
- 6 fraction, the numerator of which is the sales of securities
- 7 brokerage services to customers within this state, and the
- 8 denominator of which is the sales of securities brokerage services
- 9 to all customers. Receipts from securities brokerage services
- 10 include commissions on transactions, the spread earned on principal
- 11 transactions in which the broker buys or sells from its account,
- 12 total margin interest paid on behalf of brokerage accounts owned by
- 13 the broker's customers, and fees and receipts of all kinds from the
- 14 underwriting of securities. If receipts from brokerage services can
- 15 be associated with a particular customer, but it is impractical to
- 16 associate the receipts with the address of the customer, then the
- 17 address of the customer shall be presumed to be the address of the
- 18 branch office that generates the transactions for the customer.
- 19 (c) Sales of services that are derived directly or indirectly
- 20 from the sale of management, distribution, administration, or
- 21 securities brokerage services to, or on behalf of, a regulated
- 22 investment company or its beneficial owners, including receipts
- 23 derived directly or indirectly from trustees, sponsors, or
- 24 participants of employee benefit plans that have accounts in a
- 25 regulated investment company, shall be attributable to this state
- 26 to the extent that the shareholders of the regulated investment
- 27 company are domiciled within this state. For purposes of this

- 1 subdivision, "domicile" means the shareholder's mailing address on
- 2 the records of the regulated investment company. If the regulated
- 3 investment company or the person providing management services to
- 4 the regulated investment company has actual knowledge that the
- 5 shareholder's primary residence or principal place of business is
- 6 different than the shareholder's mailing address, then the
- 7 shareholder's primary residence or principal place of business is
- 8 the shareholder's domicile. A separate computation shall be made
- 9 with respect to the receipts derived from each regulated investment
- 10 company. The total amount of sales attributable to this state shall
- 11 be equal to the total receipts received by each regulated
- 12 investment company multiplied by a fraction determined as follows:
- 13 (i) The numerator of the fraction is the average of the sum of
- 14 the beginning-of-year and end-of-year number of shares owned by the
- 15 regulated investment company shareholders who have their domicile
- 16 in this state.
- 17 (ii) The denominator of the fraction is the average of the sum
- 18 of the beginning-of-year and end-of-year number of shares owned by
- 19 all shareholders.
- 20 (iii) For purposes of the fraction, the year shall be the tax
- 21 year of the regulated investment company that ends with or within
- 22 the tax year of the taxpayer.
- 23 (3) Receipts from the origination of a loan or gains from the
- 24 sale of a loan secured by residential real property are deemed a
- 25 sale in this state only if 1 or more of the following apply:
- (a) The real property is located in this state.
- 27 (b) The real property is located both within this state and 1

- 1 or more other states and more than 50% of the fair market value of
- 2 the real property is located within this state.
- 3 (c) More than 50% of the real property is not located in any 1
- 4 state and the borrower is located in this state.
- 5 (4) Interest from loans secured by real property is in this
- 6 state if the property is located within this state, if the property
- 7 is located both within this state and 1 or more other states and if
- 8 more than 50% of the fair market value of the real property is
- 9 located within this state, or if more than 50% of the fair market
- 10 value of the real property is not located within any 1 state but
- 11 the borrower is located in this state. The determination of whether
- 12 the real property securing a loan is located within this state
- 13 shall be made as of the time the original agreement was made and
- 14 any and all subsequent substitutions of collateral shall be
- 15 disregarded.
- 16 (5) Interest from a loan not secured by real property is in
- 17 this state if the borrower is located in this state.
- 18 (6) Gains from the sale of a loan not secured by real
- 19 property, including income recorded under the coupon stripping
- 20 rules of section 1286 of the internal revenue code, are in this
- 21 state if the borrower is in this state.
- 22 (7) Receipts from credit card receivables, including interest,
- 23 fees, and penalties from credit card receivables and receipts from
- 24 fees charged to cardholders, such as annual fees, are in this state
- 25 if the billing address of the cardholder is in this state.
- (8) Receipts from the sale of credit card or other receivables
- 27 are in this state if the billing address of the customer is in this

- 1 state. Credit card issuer's reimbursements fees are in this state
- 2 if the billing address of the cardholder is in this state. Receipts
- 3 from merchant discounts, computed net of any cardholder
- 4 chargebacks, but not reduced by any interchange transaction fees or
- 5 by any issuer's reimbursement fees paid to another for charges made
- 6 by its cardholders, are in this state if the commercial domicile of
- 7 the merchant is in this state.
- 8 (9) Loan servicing fees derived from loans of another secured
- 9 by real property are in this state if the real property is located
- 10 in this state, if the real property is located both within and
- 11 outside of this state and 1 or more states if more than 50% of the
- 12 fair market value of the real property is located in this state, or
- 13 if more than 50% of the fair market value of the real property is
- 14 not located in any 1 state but the borrower is located in this
- 15 state. Loan servicing fees derived from loans of another not
- 16 secured by real property are in this state if the borrower is
- 17 located in this state. If the location of the security cannot be
- 18 determined, then loan servicing fees for servicing either the
- 19 secured or the unsecured loans of another are in this state if the
- 20 lender to whom the loan servicing service is provided is located in
- 21 this state.
- 22 (10) Receipts from the sale of securities and other assets
- 23 from investment and trading activities, including, but not limited
- 24 to, interest, dividends, and gains are in this state in either of
- 25 the following circumstances:
- 26 (a) The person's customer is in this state.
- (b) If the location of the person's customer cannot be

- 1 determined, both of the following apply:
- 2 (i) Interest, dividends, and other income from investment
- 3 assets and activities and from trading assets and activities,
- 4 including, but not limited to, investment securities; trading
- 5 account assets; federal funds; securities purchased and sold under
- 6 agreements to resell or repurchase; options; futures contracts;
- 7 forward contracts; notional principal contracts such as swaps;
- 8 equities; and foreign currency transactions are in this state if
- 9 the average value of the assets is assigned to a regular place of
- 10 business of the taxpayer within this state. Interest from federal
- 11 funds sold and purchased and from securities purchased under resale
- 12 agreements and securities sold under repurchase agreements is in
- 13 this state if the average value of the assets is assigned to a
- 14 regular place of business of the taxpayer within this state. The
- 15 amount of receipts and other income from investment assets and
- 16 activities is in this state if assets are assigned to a regular
- 17 place of business of the taxpayer within this state.
- 18 (ii) The amount of receipts from trading assets and activities,
- 19 including, but not limited to, assets and activities in the matched
- 20 book, in the arbitrage book, and foreign currency transactions, but
- 21 excluding amounts otherwise sourced in this section, is in this
- 22 state if the assets are assigned to a regular place of business of
- 23 the taxpayer within this state.
- 24 (11) Receipts from transportation services rendered by a
- 25 person subject to tax in another state are in this state and shall
- 26 be attributable to this state as follows:
- 27 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (b) through

- 1 (e), receipts shall be proportioned based on the ratio of revenue
- 2 miles of the person in this state to the revenue miles of the
- 3 person everywhere.
- 4 (b) Receipts from maritime transportation services shall be
- 5 attributable to this state as follows:
- 6 (i) 50% of those receipts that either originate or terminate in
- 7 this state.
- 8 (ii) 100% of those receipts that both originate and terminate
- 9 in this state.
- (c) Receipts attributable to this state of a person whose
- 11 business activity consists of the transportation both of property
- 12 and of individuals shall be proportioned based on the total
- 13 receipts for passenger miles and ton mile fractions, separately
- 14 computed and individually weighted by the ratio of receipts from
- 15 passenger transportation to total receipts from all transportation,
- 16 and by the ratio of receipts from freight transportation to total
- 17 receipts from all transportation, respectively.
- 18 (d) Receipts attributable to this state of a person whose
- 19 business activity consists of the transportation of oil by pipeline
- 20 shall be proportioned based on the ratio of the receipts for the
- 21 barrel miles transported in this state to the receipts for the
- 22 barrel miles transported by the person everywhere.
- (e) Receipts attributable to this state of a person whose
- 24 business activities consist of the transportation of gas by
- 25 pipeline shall be proportioned based on the ratio of the receipts
- 26 for the 1,000 cubic feet miles transported in this state to the
- 27 receipts for the 1,000 cubic feet miles transported by the person

- 1 everywhere.
- 2 (12) For purposes of subsection (11), if a taxpayer can show
- 3 that revenue mile information is not available or cannot be
- 4 obtained without unreasonable expense to the taxpayer, receipts
- 5 attributable to this state shall be that portion of the revenue
- 6 derived from transportation services performed everywhere that the
- 7 miles of transportation services performed in this state bear to
- 8 the miles of transportation services performed everywhere. If the
- 9 department determines that the information required for the
- 10 calculations under subsection (11) are not available or cannot be
- 11 obtained without unreasonable expense to the taxpayer, the
- 12 department may use other available information that in the opinion
- 13 of the department will result in an equitable allocation of the
- 14 taxpayer's receipts to this state.
- 15 (13) Except as provided in subsections (14) through (19),
- 16 receipts from the sale of telecommunications service or mobile
- 17 telecommunications service are in this state if the customer's
- 18 place of primary use of the service is in this state. As used in
- 19 this subsection, "place of primary use" means the customer's
- 20 residential street address or primary business street address where
- 21 the customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily
- 22 occurs. For mobile telecommunications service, the customer's
- 23 residential street address or primary business street address is
- 24 the place of primary use only if it is within the licensed service
- 25 area of the customer's home service provider.
- 26 (14) Receipts from the sale of telecommunications service sold
- 27 on an individual call-by-call basis are in this state if either of

- 1 the following applies:
- 2 (a) The call both originates and terminates in this state.
- 3 (b) The call either originates or terminates in this state and
- 4 the service address is located in this state.
- 5 (15) Receipts from the sale of postpaid telecommunications
- 6 service are in this state if the origination point of the
- 7 telecommunication signal, as first identified by the service
- 8 provider's telecommunication system or as identified by information
- 9 received by the seller from its service provider if the system used
- 10 to transport telecommunication signals is not the seller's, is
- 11 located in this state.
- 12 (16) Receipts from the sale of prepaid telecommunications
- 13 service or prepaid mobile telecommunications service are in this
- 14 state if the purchaser obtains the prepaid card or similar means of
- 15 conveyance at a location in this state. Receipts from recharging a
- 16 prepaid telecommunications service or mobile telecommunications
- 17 service are in this state if the purchaser's billing information
- 18 indicates a location in this state.
- 19 (17) Receipts from the sale of private communication services
- 20 are in this state as follows:
- 21 (a) 100% of the receipts from the sale of each channel
- 22 termination point within this state.
- 23 (b) 100% of the receipts from the sale of the total channel
- 24 mileage between each termination point within this state.
- 25 (c) 50% of the receipts from the sale of service segments for
- 26 a channel between 2 customer channel termination points, 1 of which
- 27 is located in this state and the other is located outside of this

- 1 state, which segments are separately charged.
- 2 (d) The receipts from the sale of service for segments with a
- 3 channel termination point located in this state and in 2 or more
- 4 other states or equivalent jurisdictions, and which segments are
- 5 not separately billed, are in this state based on a percentage
- 6 determined by dividing the number of customer channel termination
- 7 points in this state by the total number of customer channel
- 8 termination points.
- 9 (18) Receipts from the sale of billing services and ancillary
- 10 services for telecommunications service are in this state based on
- 11 the location of the purchaser's customers. If the location of the
- 12 purchaser's customers is not known or cannot be determined, the
- 13 sale of billing services and ancillary services for
- 14 telecommunications service is in this state based on the location
- 15 of the purchaser.
- 16 (19) Receipts to access a carrier's network or from the sale
- 17 of telecommunications services for resale are in this state as
- 18 follows:
- 19 (a) 100% of the receipts from access fees attributable to
- 20 intrastate telecommunications service that both originates and
- 21 terminates in this state.
- 22 (b) 50% of the receipts from access fees attributable to
- 23 interstate telecommunications service if the interstate call either
- 24 originates or terminates in this state.
- 25 (c) 100% of the receipts from interstate end user access line
- 26 charges, if the customer's service address is in this state. As
- 27 used in this subdivision, "interstate end user access line charges"

- 1 includes, but is not limited to, the surcharge approved by the
- 2 federal communications commission and levied pursuant to 47 CFR 69.
- 3 (d) Gross receipts from sales of telecommunications services
- 4 to other telecommunication service providers for resale shall be
- 5 sourced to this state using the apportionment concepts used for
- 6 non-resale receipts of telecommunications services if the
- 7 information is readily available to make that determination. If the
- 8 information is not readily available, then the taxpayer may use any
- 9 other reasonable and consistent method.
- 10 (20) Except as otherwise provided under this subsection, for a
- 11 taxpayer whose business activities include live radio or television
- 12 programming as described in subsector code 7922 of industry group
- 13 792 under the standard industrial classification code as compiled
- 14 by the United States department of labor or are included in
- 15 industry groups GROUP 483, 484, 781, or 782 under the standard
- 16 industrial classification code as compiled by the United States
- 17 department of labor, or any combination of the business activities
- 18 included in those groups, media receipts are in this state and
- 19 attributable to this state only if the commercial domicile of the
- 20 customer is in this state and the customer has a direct connection
- 21 or relationship with the taxpayer pursuant to a contract under
- 22 which the media receipts are derived. For media receipts from the
- 23 sale of advertising, if the customer of that advertising is
- 24 commercially domiciled in this state and receives some of the
- 25 benefit of the sale of that advertising in this state, the media
- 26 receipts from the advertising to that customer are included in the
- 27 numerator of the apportionment factor in proportion to the extent

- 1 that the customer receives the benefit of the advertising in this
- 2 state. For purposes of this subsection, if the taxpayer is a
- 3 broadcaster and if the customer receives some of the benefit of the
- 4 advertising in this state, the media receipts for that sale of
- 5 advertising from that customer shall be proportioned based on the
- 6 ratio that the broadcaster's viewing or listening audience in this
- 7 state bears to its total viewing or listening audience everywhere.
- 8 As used in this subsection:
- 9 (a) "Media property" means motion pictures, television
- 10 programs, internet programs and websites, other audiovisual works,
- 11 and any other similar property embodying words, ideas, concepts,
- 12 images, or sound without regard to the means or methods of
- 13 distribution or the medium in which the property is embodied.
- 14 (b) "Media receipts" means receipts from the sale, license,
- 15 broadcast, transmission, distribution, exhibition, or other use of
- 16 media property and receipts from the sale of media services. Media
- 17 receipts do not include receipts from the sale of media property
- 18 that is a consumer product that is ultimately sold at retail.
- 19 (c) "Media services" means services in which the use of the
- 20 media property is integral to the performance of those services.
- 21 (21) Terms used in subsections (13) through (20) have the same
- 22 meaning as those terms defined in the streamlined sales and use tax
- 23 agreement administered under the streamlined sales and use tax
- 24 administration act, 2004 PA 174, MCL 205.801 to 205.833.
- 25 (22) For purposes of this section, a borrower is considered
- 26 located in this state if the borrower's billing address is in this

27 state.

- 1 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect January
- **2** 1, 2012.