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HOUSE BILL No. 4367

March 1, 2007, Introduced by Rep. Farrah and referred to the Committee on Tax Policy.

A bill to provide for the imposition, levy, computation, collection, assessment, reporting, payment, and enforcement of taxes on certain commercial, business, and financial activities; to prescribe the powers and duties of public officers and state departments; to provide for the inspection of certain taxpayer records; to provide for interest and penalties; to provide exemptions, credits, and refunds; to provide for the disposition of funds; to provide for the interrelation of this act with other acts; and to make appropriations.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

CHAPTER 1

Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the

- 1 "Michigan business tax act".
- 2 Sec. 2. (1) The tax imposed under this act is an indivisible
- 3 tax and not a combination or series of smaller taxes. The
- 4 legislature finds that the tax base calculated and apportioned
- 5 under this act is a reasonable measure of a taxpayer's business
- 6 activity in this state.
- 7 (2) A term used in this act and not defined differently shall
- 8 have the same meaning as when used in comparable context in the
- 9 laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes in
- 10 effect for the tax year unless a different meaning is clearly
- 11 required. A reference in this act to the internal revenue code
- 12 includes other provisions of the laws of the United States relating
- 13 to federal income taxes.
- 14 Sec. 3. (1) "Affiliated group" means 2 or more United States
- 15 persons, 1 of which owns or controls, directly or indirectly, more
- 16 than 50% of the ownership interest with voting rights of the other
- 17 United States persons.
- 18 (2) "Business activity" means a transfer of legal or equitable
- 19 title to or rental of property, whether real, personal, or mixed,
- 20 tangible or intangible, or the performance of services, or a
- 21 combination thereof, made or engaged in, or caused to be made or
- 22 engaged in, whether in intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce,
- 23 with the object of gain, benefit, or advantage, whether direct or
- 24 indirect, to the taxpayer or to others, but does not include the
- 25 services rendered by an employee to his or her employer, services
- 26 as a director of a corporation, or a casual transaction. Although
- 27 an activity of a taxpayer may be incidental to another or others of

- 1 his or her business activities, each activity shall be considered
- 2 to be business engaged in within the meaning of this act.
- 3 (3) "Business income" means federal taxable income plus the
- 4 amount of a deduction claimed under section 199 of the internal
- 5 revenue code related to domestic production activities, except that
- 6 for a person other than a corporation business income means that
- 7 part of federal taxable income derived from business activity plus
- 8 the amount of a deduction claimed under section 199 of the internal
- 9 revenue code related to domestic production activities. For a
- 10 partnership, business income includes payments and items of income
- 11 and expense that are attributable to business activity of the
- 12 partnership and separately reported to the partners.
- Sec. 4. (1) "Casual transaction" means a transaction made or
- 14 engaged in other than in the ordinary course of repeated and
- 15 successive transactions of a like character, except that a
- 16 transaction made or engaged in by a person that is incidental to
- 17 that person's regular business activity is a business activity
- 18 within the meaning of this act. A transaction that is incidental to
- 19 a person's regular business activity includes transactions that
- 20 occur as a result of or in connection with the person's regular
- 21 business activity. Sales of intangible investment assets by an
- 22 individual that are not incidental to the individual's regular
- 23 business activity, and that result in gross receipts of less than
- 24 \$350,000.00 in any 1 tax year, are considered not to be repeated
- 25 and successive, and are considered to be casual transactions.
- 26 (2) "Client" means an entity whose employment operations are
- 27 managed by a professional employer organization.

- 1 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (4) and (5),
- 2 "compensation" means all wages, salaries, fees, bonuses,
- 3 commissions, or other payments made in the tax year on behalf of or
- 4 for the benefit of employees, officers, or directors of the
- 5 taxpayers. Compensation includes, but is not limited to, payments
- 6 that are subject to or specifically exempt or excepted from
- 7 withholding under sections 3401 to 3406 of the internal revenue
- 8 code. Compensation also includes, on a cash or accrual basis
- 9 consistent with the taxpayer's method of accounting for federal
- 10 income tax purposes, payments to individuals not currently working,
- 11 payments to dependents and heirs of individuals based on current or
- 12 previous labor services rendered by those individuals, payments to
- 13 a pension, retirement, or profit sharing plan, and payments for
- 14 insurance for which employees are the beneficiaries, including
- 15 payments under health and welfare and noninsured benefit plans and
- 16 payment of fees for the administration of health and welfare and
- 17 noninsured benefit plans. Compensation does not include any of the
- 18 following:
- 19 (a) Discounts on the price of the taxpayer's merchandise or
- 20 services sold to the taxpayer's employees, officers, or directors
- 21 that are not available to other customers.
- (b) Payments to an independent contractor.
- 23 (c) Payments to state and federal unemployment compensation
- 24 funds.
- 25 (d) The employer's portion of payments under the federal
- 26 insurance contributions act, chapter 21 of subtitle C of the
- 27 internal revenue code, 26 USC 3101 to 3128, the railroad retirement

- 1 tax act, chapter 22 of subtitle C of the internal revenue code, 26
- 2 USC 3201 to 3233, and similar social insurance programs.
- 3 (e) Payments, including self-insurance payments, for worker's
- 4 compensation insurance or federal employers' liability act
- 5 insurance pursuant to 45 USC 51 to 60.
- 6 (f) Payments under health and welfare and noninsured benefit
- 7 plans for the benefit of persons who are residents of this state
- 8 and payments of fees for the administration of health and welfare
- 9 and noninsured benefit plans for the benefit of persons who are
- 10 residents of this state.
- 11 (4) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5), for
- 12 purposes of determining compensation of a professional employer
- 13 organization, compensation includes payments by the professional
- 14 employer organization to the officers and employees of an entity
- 15 whose employment operations are managed by the professional
- 16 employer organization. Except as otherwise provided in subsection
- 17 (5), compensation of the entity whose employment operations are
- 18 managed by a professional employer organization does not include
- 19 compensation paid by the professional employer organization to the
- 20 officers and employees of the entity whose employment operations
- 21 are managed by the professional employer organization.
- 22 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (4), the
- 23 following apply:
- 24 (a) A professional employer organization and a client may
- 25 jointly elect, in a manner determined by the department, to include
- 26 in the compensation of the client, and exclude from the
- 27 compensation of the professional employer organization,

- 1 compensation paid by the professional employer organization to the
- 2 officers of the client and to employees of the professional
- 3 employer organization who are assigned to and perform services for
- 4 the client and who are not temporary employees.
- 5 (b) Officers and employees of a client that has made an
- 6 election under subdivision (a) include employees for whom the
- 7 professional employer organization is required to withhold taxes
- 8 for federal income tax purposes. This subdivision does not apply to
- 9 compensation paid to a temporary employee.
- 10 (c) A professional employer organization that has made an
- 11 election under subdivision (a) shall submit to the client, within
- 12 30 days after the end of the client's tax year, a statement
- 13 reporting the compensation paid to employees and officers of the
- 14 client that was reimbursed by the client. If the report required by
- 15 this subdivision is not submitted, the amount of compensation shall
- 16 be considered to be the entire amount paid by the client to the
- 17 professional employer organization.
- 18 (6) "Corporation" means a taxpayer that is required or has
- 19 elected to file as a corporation under the internal revenue code.
- 20 (7) "Department" means the department of treasury.
- 21 Sec. 5. (1) "Employee" means an employee as defined in section
- 22 3401(c) of the internal revenue code. A person from whom an
- 23 employer is required to withhold for federal income tax purposes is
- 24 prima facie considered an employee.
- 25 (2) "Employer" means an employer as defined in section 3401(d)
- 26 of the internal revenue code. A person required to withhold for
- 27 federal income tax purposes is prima facie considered an employer.

- 1 (3) "Federal taxable income" means taxable income as defined
- 2 in section 63 of the internal revenue code.
- 3 (4) "Financial organization" means all of the following:
- **4** (a) Bank.
- 5 (b) Industrial bank.
- 6 (c) Trust company.
- 7 (d) Building and loan or savings and loan association.
- 8 (e) Bank holding company as defined in 12 USC 1841.
- 9 (f) Credit union.
- 10 (g) Safety and collateral deposit company.
- 11 (h) Regulated investment company as defined in the internal
- 12 revenue code.
- 13 (i) Securitization entity the sole business activity of which
- 14 is to issue securities that provide for a fixed principal amount or
- 15 similar amount and that are primarily serviced by the cash flows of
- 16 a discrete pool, either fixed or revolving, of receivables or other
- 17 assets that by their terms convert into cash in a finite period of
- 18 time.
- 19 (j) Person, firm, corporation, or any other legal entity,
- 20 without regard to classification for tax purposes, which derives
- 21 more than 50% of its gross receipts from 1 or more of the following
- 22 activities:
- 23 (i) Making, acquiring, selling, or servicing loans or
- 24 extensions of credit. Loans and extensions of credit include any of
- 25 the following:
- 26 (A) Secured or unsecured consumer loans.
- 27 (B) Installment obligations.

- 1 (C) Mortgages or other loans secured by real estate or
- 2 tangible personal property.
- 3 (D) Credit card loans.
- 4 (E) Secured and unsecured commercial loans of any type.
- 5 (F) Loans arising in factoring.
- 6 (ii) Leasing or acting as an agent, broker, or advisor in
- 7 connection with leasing real and personal property that is the
- 8 economic equivalent of an extension of credit if the transaction is
- 9 not treated as a lease for federal income tax purposes.
- 10 (iii) Motor vehicle leasing in which the lessee has a right or
- 11 obligation to purchase the vehicle at the end of the lease term.
- 12 (iv) Operating a credit card business.
- (v) Rendering estate or trust services.
- 14 (vi) Receiving, maintaining, or otherwise handling deposits.
- 15 (5) "Foreign person" means either of the following:
- 16 (a) An individual who is not a United States resident, whether
- 17 or not the individual is subject to taxation under the internal
- 18 revenue code.
- 19 (b) A person formed under the laws of a foreign country or a
- 20 political subdivision of a foreign country, whether or not the
- 21 person is subject to taxation under the internal revenue code.
- Sec. 6. (1) "Gross receipts" means the entire amount received
- 23 by the taxpayer from any activity whether in intrastate,
- 24 interstate, or foreign commerce carried on for direct or indirect
- 25 gain, benefit, or advantage to the taxpayer or to others except for
- 26 the following:
- 27 (a) Proceeds from sales by a principal that the taxpayer

- 1 collects in an agency capacity solely on behalf of the principal
- 2 and delivers to the principal.
- 3 (b) Amounts received by the taxpayer as an agent solely on
- 4 behalf of the principal that are expended by the taxpayer for any
- 5 of the following:
- 6 (i) The performance of a service by a third party for the
- 7 benefit of the principal that is required by law to be performed by
- 8 a licensed person.
- 9 (ii) The performance of a service by a third party for the
- 10 benefit of the principal that the taxpayer has not undertaken a
- 11 contractual duty to perform.
- 12 (iii) Principal and interest under a mortgage loan or land
- 13 contract, lease or rental payments, or taxes, utilities, or
- 14 insurance premiums relating to real or personal property owned or
- 15 leased by the principal.
- 16 (iv) A capital asset of a type that is, or under the internal
- 17 revenue code will become, eligible for depreciation, amortization,
- 18 or accelerated cost recovery by the principal for federal income
- 19 tax purposes, or for real property owned or leased by the
- 20 principal.
- 21 (v) Property not described under subparagraph (iv) that is
- 22 purchased by the taxpayer on behalf of the principal and that the
- 23 taxpayer does not take title to or use in the course of performing
- 24 its contractual business activities.
- 25 (vi) Fees, taxes, assessments, levies, fines, penalties, or
- 26 other payments established by law that are paid to a governmental
- 27 entity and that are the legal obligation of the principal.

- 1 (c) Amounts that are excluded from gross income of a foreign
- 2 corporation engaged in the international operation of aircraft
- 3 under section 883(a) of the internal revenue code.
- 4 (d) Amounts received by an advertising agency used to acquire
- 5 advertising media time, space, production, or talent on behalf of
- 6 another person.
- 7 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
- 8 amounts received by a taxpayer that manages real property owned by
- 9 the taxpayer's client that are deposited into a separate account
- 10 kept in the name of the taxpayer's client and that are not
- 11 reimbursements to the taxpayer and are not indirect payments for
- 12 management services that the taxpayer provides to that client.
- (f) Proceeds from the taxpayer's transfer of an account
- 14 receivable if the sale that generated the account receivable was
- 15 included in gross receipts for federal income tax purposes. This
- 16 subdivision does not apply to a taxpayer that during the tax year
- 17 both buys and sells any receivables.
- 18 (g) Proceeds from any of the following:
- 19 (i) The original issue of stock or equity instruments.
- 20 (ii) The original issue of debt instruments.
- 21 (h) Refunds from returned merchandise.
- (i) Cash and in-kind discounts.
- 23 (j) Trade discounts.
- (k) Federal, state, or local tax refunds.
- 25 (l) Security deposits.
- (m) Payment of the principal portion of loans.
- (n) Value of property received in a like-kind exchange.

- 1 (o) Proceeds from a sale, transaction, exchange, involuntary
- 2 conversion, or other disposition of tangible, intangible, or real
- 3 property that is a capital asset as defined in section 1221(a) of
- 4 the internal revenue code or land that qualifies as property used
- 5 in the trade or business as defined in section 1231(b) of the
- 6 internal revenue code, less any gain from the disposition to the
- 7 extent that gain is included in federal taxable income.
- 8 (p) The proceeds from a policy of insurance, a settlement of a
- 9 claim, or a judgment in a civil action less any proceeds under this
- 10 subdivision that are included in federal taxable income.
- 11 (2) "Insurance company" means an authorized insurer as defined
- 12 in section 106 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL
- **13** 500.106.
- 14 (3) "Internal revenue code" means the United States internal
- 15 revenue code of 1986 in effect on January 1, 2008 or, at the option
- 16 of the taxpayer, in effect for the tax year.
- 17 (4) "Inventory" means, except as provided in subdivision (e),
- 18 all of the following:
- 19 (a) The stock of goods held for resale in the regular course
- 20 of trade of a retail or wholesale business.
- 21 (b) Finished goods, goods in process, and raw materials of a
- 22 manufacturing business.
- (c) Materials and supplies, including repair parts and fuel.
- 24 (d) Property accounted for as inventory according to generally
- 25 accepted accounting principles and reflected on the balance sheets
- 26 of the taxpayer.
- (e) Inventory does not include either of the following:

- 1 (i) Personal property under lease or principally intended for
- 2 lease rather than sale.
- 3 (ii) Property allowed a deduction or allowance for depreciation
- 4 or depletion under the internal revenue code.
- 5 (5) "Officer" means an officer of a corporation other than a
- 6 subchapter S corporation, including all of the following:
- 7 (a) The chairperson of the board.
- 8 (b) The president, vice president, secretary, or treasurer of
- 9 the corporation or board.
- 10 (c) Persons performing similar duties to persons described in
- 11 subdivisions (a) and (b).
- Sec. 7. (1) "Partner" means a partner or member of a
- 13 partnership.
- 14 (2) "Partnership" means a taxpayer that is required to or has
- 15 elected to file as a partnership for federal income tax purposes.
- 16 (3) "Person" means an individual, firm, bank, financial
- 17 institution, limited partnership, copartnership, partnership, joint
- 18 venture, association, corporation, receiver, estate, trust, or any
- 19 other group or combination of groups acting as a unit.
- 20 (4) "Professional employer organization" means an organization
- 21 that provides the management and administration of the human
- 22 resources of another entity by contractually assuming substantial
- 23 employer rights and responsibilities through a professional
- 24 employer agreement that establishes an employer relationship with
- 25 the leased officers or employees assigned to the other entity by
- 26 doing all of the following:
- 27 (a) Maintaining the right of direction and control of

- 1 employees' work, although this responsibility may be shared with
- 2 the other entity.
- 3 (b) Paying wages and employment taxes of the employees out of
- 4 its own accounts.
- 5 (c) Reporting, collecting, and depositing state and federal
- 6 employment taxes for the employees.
- 7 (d) Retaining the right to hire and fire employees.
- 8 (5) "Rent" includes a lease payment or other payment for the
- 9 use of any property to which the taxpayer does not have legal or
- 10 equitable title.
- 11 (6) "Revenue mile" means the transportation for a
- 12 consideration of 1 net ton in weight or 1 passenger the distance of
- 13 1 mile.
- Sec. 8. (1) "Sale" or "sales" means, except as provided in
- 15 subdivision (d), the amounts received by the taxpayer as
- 16 consideration from the following:
- 17 (a) The transfer of title to, or possession of, property that
- 18 is stock in trade or other property of a kind that would properly
- 19 be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the
- 20 close of the tax period or property held by the taxpayer primarily
- 21 for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's
- 22 trade or business. For intangible property, the amounts received
- 23 shall be limited to any gain received from the disposition of that
- 24 property.
- 25 (b) The performance of services that constitute business
- 26 activities other than those included in subdivision (a), or any
- 27 combination of business activities described in this subdivision

- 1 and subdivision (a).
- 2 (c) The rental, lease, licensing, or use of tangible or
- 3 intangible property, including interest, that constitutes business
- 4 activity.
- 5 (d) If the taxpayer is not a dealer in marketable securities,
- 6 sale or sales do not include interest earned on marketable
- 7 securities.
- 8 (2) "Shareholder" means a person who owns outstanding stock in
- 9 a business or is a member of a business entity that files as a
- 10 corporation for federal income tax purposes. An individual is
- 11 considered as the owner of the stock owned, directly or indirectly,
- 12 by or for family members as defined by section 318(a)(1) of the
- 13 internal revenue code.
- 14 (3) "State" means any state of the United States, the District
- 15 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or
- 16 possession of the United States, and any foreign country, or a
- 17 political subdivision of any of the foregoing.
- Sec. 9. (1) "Tax base" means gross receipts before
- 19 apportionment or allocation plus the additions provided in this
- 20 section.
- 21 (2) Add the total value of assets at the beginning of the tax
- 22 year as determined under subdivision (a), not including inventory,
- 23 or for a financial organization or a mortgage company as defined in
- 24 section 45, the average value of property owned by the taxpayer as
- 25 determined under subdivision (b):
- 26 (a) The total asset value of the taxpayer is the value of
- 27 assets reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting

- 1 principles, including the assets of each entity included in a
- 2 combined or consolidated return. As used in this subdivision,
- 3 "assets" includes the following subparagraphs (i) through (x) and
- **4** excludes subparagraphs (xi) through (xv):
- (i) Cash.
- 6 (ii) Trade notes and accounts receivable.
- 7 (iii) Loans to shareholders.
- 8 (iv) Mortgage and real estate loans.
- 9 (v) Other investments.
- (vi) Buildings and other depreciable assets less accumulated
- 11 depreciation.
- 12 (vii) Depletable assets less accumulated depreciation.
- 13 (viii) Land, net of amortization.
- 14 (ix) Amortizable intangible assets, less accumulated
- 15 amortization.
- 16 (x) Other assets.
- 17 (xi) United States treasury securities or other United States
- 18 government obligations exempted from state taxation under federal
- **19** law.
- 20 (xii) Tax exempt obligations.
- 21 (xiii) Goodwill.
- (xiv) Assets the situs of which is outside the United States.
- (xv) Deferred tax assets.
- 24 (b) Real and tangible personal property owned by the taxpayer
- 25 is valued at its original cost. The average value of the taxpayer's
- 26 real and tangible personal property is determined by averaging the
- 27 values at the beginning and ending of the tax year, unless the

- 1 treasurer requires the periodic averaging of values during the tax
- 2 year if the treasurer determines that periodic averaging is
- 3 reasonably required to reflect properly the average value of the
- 4 taxpayer's property.
- 5 (3) If business income less, to the extent included in federal
- 6 taxable income, dividends received or considered received including
- 7 the foreign dividend gross-up provided for in the internal revenue
- 8 code is greater than zero, multiply that amount by 15 and add the
- 9 result to the tax base. Business income attributable to an
- 10 ownership interest in a partnership shall not be included in the
- 11 calculation under this subsection if the partnership is separately
- 12 subjected to this tax.
- Sec. 10. (1) "Tax" means the tax imposed under this act,
- 14 including interest and penalties under this act, unless the term is
- 15 given a more limited meaning in the context of this act or a
- 16 provision of this act.
- 17 (2) "Tax year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year
- 18 ending during the calendar year, upon the basis of which the tax
- 19 base of a taxpayer is computed under this act. If a return is made
- 20 for a fractional part of a year, tax year means the period for
- 21 which the return is made. Except for the first return required by
- 22 this act, a taxpayer's tax year is for the same period as is
- 23 covered by its federal income tax return. A person that has a 52-
- 24 or 53-week tax year beginning not more than 7 days before December
- 25 31 of any year is considered to have a tax year beginning after
- 26 December of that tax year.
- 27 (3) "Taxpayer" means a person, an affiliated group that elects

- 1 to file a consolidated return, or a unitary business liable for a
- 2 tax, interest, or penalty under this act.
- 3 (4) "Temporary employee" means an employee that meets both of
- 4 the following criteria:
- 5 (a) The wages and other compensation of the employee are
- 6 determined exclusively by the entity that supplies the temporary
- 7 employee.
- 8 (b) The employee is employed by an entity that provides the
- 9 employee primarily for the purpose of meeting temporary or seasonal
- 10 employee needs of an entity's customers.
- 11 (5) "United States person" means that term as defined in
- 12 section 7701(a)(30) of the internal revenue code.
- 13 (6) "Unrelated business activity" means any business activity
- 14 that gives rise to unrelated taxable income as defined in the
- 15 internal revenue code.
- 16 Sec. 11. (1) A foreign person shall calculate business income
- 17 under this section and, except as otherwise provided in this
- 18 section, the tax base of a foreign person is subject to all
- 19 adjustments and other provisions of this act.
- 20 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, except for a
- 21 taxpayer that pays the tax imposed under sections 21 and 22, the
- 22 tax base of a foreign person includes the sum of business income
- 23 and the additions under section 9 that are related to United States
- 24 business activity, whether or not the foreign person is subject to
- 25 taxation under the internal revenue code.
- 26 (3) Compensation of a foreign person is total compensation
- 27 paid to employees, officers, and directors of the foreign person

- 1 for services performed in the United States.
- 2 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3), a
- 3 foreign person that does not have a permanent establishment in the
- 4 United States and whose business activity consists of the
- 5 transportation of persons or property for others by motor vehicle
- 6 may elect for purposes of this section to calculate compensation
- 7 related to United States business activity by 1 of the following
- 8 methods:
- 9 (a) Calculate compensation under subsection (3) and reduce the
- 10 final calculation by 50%.
- 11 (b) Calculate compensation by determining total compensation
- 12 everywhere, apportioned to the United States by a formula, the
- 13 numerator of which is revenue miles traveled in the United States
- 14 and the denominator of which is revenue miles traveled everywhere.
- 15 (5) To calculate business income and the additions under
- 16 section 9 that are related to United States business activity, a
- 17 foreign person that does not have a permanent establishment in the
- 18 United States during the tax year or that is not subject to
- 19 taxation under the internal revenue code for the tax year may use
- 20 amounts that reasonably approximate the federal taxable income and
- 21 the permitted deductions the person would have had had the person
- 22 been subject to the internal revenue code, provided the foreign
- 23 person does not in the ordinary course of its business maintain tax
- 24 or financial accounting records in accordance with the tax
- 25 accounting requirements of the internal revenue code. The tax base
- 26 of a foreign person described in this subsection shall not include
- 27 gross income from sales shipped or delivered to any purchaser

- 1 within the United States and for which title transfers outside the
- 2 United States.
- 3 (6) To calculate business income and the additions under
- 4 section 9 that are related to United States business activity, a
- 5 Canadian person that is subject to Canadian federal income tax
- 6 under the income tax act (R.S.C. 1985, c. 1 (5th Supp)) may use
- 7 amounts properly calculated under the income tax act (R.S.C. 1985,
- 8 c. 1 (5th Supp)) to reasonably approximate business income and the
- 9 additions under section 9 that are related to United States
- 10 business activity. Amounts calculated under this subsection are
- 11 presumed to reasonably approximate business income and the
- 12 additions under section 9 that are related to United States
- 13 business activity. The tax base of a Canadian person shall not
- 14 include gross income from sales shipped or delivered to any
- 15 purchaser within the United States and for which title transfers
- 16 outside the United States. As used in this subsection, "Canadian
- 17 person" means a foreign person that does not have a permanent
- 18 establishment in the United States during the tax year or that is
- 19 not subject to taxation under the internal revenue code for the tax
- 20 year and is either of the following:
- 21 (a) An entity formed under the laws of Canada or a province of
- 22 Canada.
- 23 (b) An individual who is physically present in Canada in the
- 24 aggregate exceeding 182 days in the tax year.
- 25 (7) As used in this section:
- 26 (a) "Business income" means, for a foreign person, gross
- 27 income attributable to the taxpayer's United States business

- 1 activity and gross income derived from sources within the United
- 2 States minus the deductions allowed under the internal revenue code
- 3 that are related to that gross income. Gross income includes the
- 4 proceeds from sales shipped or delivered to any purchaser within
- 5 the United States and for which title transfers within the United
- 6 States; proceeds from services performed within the United States;
- 7 and a pro rata proportion of the proceeds from services performed
- 8 both within and outside the United States, based on cost of
- 9 performance.
- 10 (b) "Compensation" means, for a foreign person, the daily
- 11 compensation paid to each employee, officer, and director of the
- 12 foreign person multiplied by the number of days that the employee,
- 13 officer, or director has physical contact with the United States in
- 14 the tax year. Physical contact with the United States for any part
- 15 of a day equals 1 day.
- 16 (c) "Gross receipts" means, for a foreign person, gross
- 17 receipts as defined in section 6(1) from United States business
- 18 activity or from sources within the United States. Gross receipts
- 19 includes all sales for which title transfers within the United
- 20 States; proceeds from all services performed within the United
- 21 States; and a pro rata portion of proceeds from services performed
- 22 both within and outside of the United States based on costs of
- 23 performance.
- 24 (d) "Permanent establishment" means either of the following:
- 25 (i) If an income tax treaty applies to the foreign person, that
- 26 term as defined in that income tax treaty in effect between the
- 27 United States and another nation.

- 1 (ii) If an income tax treaty does not apply to the foreign
- 2 person, that term as defined in the United States model income tax
- 3 convention.
- 4 (e) "Property" means, for a foreign person, all of the
- 5 taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented in
- 6 the United States during the tax year.
- 7 Sec. 12. The tax base of nonprofit persons not required to pay
- 8 federal income taxes shall be the sum of the additions specified in
- 9 section 9.
- 10 CHAPTER 2
- 11 Sec. 20. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this act, there
- 12 is levied and imposed a specific tax of 0.125% on the tax base of
- 13 every person with business activity within this state adjusted for
- 14 the exemptions provided in section 23 allocated or apportioned to
- 15 this state
- 16 (2) The tax levied and imposed under this section is upon the
- 17 privilege of doing business and not upon income or property.
- 18 Sec. 21. (1) Each insurance company shall pay a tax determined
- 19 under this section.
- 20 (2) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the tax
- 21 imposed by this act on each insurance company shall be a tax equal
- 22 to 1.25% of gross direct premiums written on property or risk
- 23 located or residing in this state. Direct premiums do not include
- 24 any of the following:
- 25 (a) Premiums on policies not taken.
- 26 (b) Returned premiums on canceled policies.
- (c) Receipts from the sale of annuities.

- 1 (d) Receipts on reinsurance premiums if the tax has been paid
- 2 on the original premiums.
- 3 (3) The tax calculated under this section is in lieu of all
- 4 other privilege or franchise fees or taxes imposed by any other law
- 5 of this state, except taxes on real and personal property, taxes
- 6 collected under the general sales tax act, 1933 PA 167, MCL 205.1
- 7 to 205.78, and taxes collected under the use tax act, 1937 PA 94,
- 8 MCL 205.91 to 205.111, and except as otherwise provided in this act
- 9 and in the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to
- **10** 500.8302.
- 11 Sec. 22. (1) An insurance company is subject to the tax
- 12 imposed by this act or by section 476a of the insurance code of
- 13 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.476a, if applicable, whichever is
- 14 greater.
- 15 (2) The tax year of an insurance company is the calendar year.
- 16 (3) Notwithstanding section 72, an insurance company shall
- 17 file the annual return required under this act before March 2 after
- 18 the end of the tax year, and an automatic extension under section
- 19 72(4) is not available.
- 20 (4) For the purpose of calculating an estimated payment
- 21 required by section 70, the greater of the amount of tax imposed on
- 22 an insurance company under this act or under section 476a of the
- 23 insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.476a, shall be
- 24 considered the insurance company's tax liability for the
- 25 immediately preceding tax year.
- 26 (5) The requirements of section 28(1)(f) of 1941 PA 122, MCL
- 27 205.28, that prohibit an employee or authorized representative of,

- 1 a former employee or authorized representative of, or anyone
- 2 connected with the department from divulging any facts or
- 3 information obtained in connection with the administration of a
- 4 tax, do not apply to disclosure of a tax return required by this
- 5 section.
- 6 Sec. 23. (1) The following are exempt from the tax imposed by
- 7 this act:
- 8 (a) The United States, this state, other states, and the
- 9 agencies, political subdivisions, and enterprises of the United
- 10 States, this state, and other states.
- 11 (b) A person who is exempt from federal income tax under the
- 12 internal revenue code, and a partnership, limited liability
- 13 company, joint venture, general partnership, limited partnership,
- 14 unincorporated association, or other group or combination of
- 15 entities acting as a unit if the activities of the entity are
- 16 exclusively related to the charitable, educational, or other
- 17 purpose or function that is the basis for the exemption under the
- 18 internal revenue code from federal income taxation of the partners
- 19 or members and if all of the partners or members of the entity are
- 20 exempt from federal income tax under the internal revenue code,
- 21 except the following:
- 22 (i) An organization included under section 501(c)(12) or
- 23 501(c)(16) of the internal revenue code.
- 24 (ii) An organization exempt under section 501(c)(4) of the
- 25 internal revenue code that would be exempt under section 501(c)(12)
- 26 of the internal revenue code except that it failed to meet the
- 27 requirements in section 501(c)(12) that 85% or more of its income

- 1 consist of amounts collected from members.
- 2 (iii) The adjusted tax base attributable to the activities
- 3 giving rise to the unrelated taxable business income of an exempt
- 4 person.
- 5 (c) A nonprofit cooperative housing corporation. As used in
- 6 this subdivision, "nonprofit cooperative housing corporation" means
- 7 a cooperative housing corporation that is engaged in providing
- 8 housing services to its stockholders and members and that does not
- 9 pay dividends or interest on stock or membership investment but
- 10 that does distribute all earnings to its stockholders or members.
- 11 The exemption under this subdivision does not apply to a business
- 12 activity of a nonprofit cooperative housing corporation other than
- 13 providing housing services to its stockholders and members.
- 14 (d) That portion of the tax base attributable to the
- 15 production of agricultural goods by a person whose primary activity
- 16 is the production of agricultural goods. "Production of
- 17 agricultural goods" means commercial farming, including, but not
- 18 limited to, cultivation of the soil; growing and harvesting of an
- 19 agricultural, horticultural, or floricultural commodity; dairying;
- 20 raising of livestock, bees, fish, fur-bearing animals, or poultry;
- 21 or turf or tree farming, but does not include the marketing at
- 22 retail of agricultural goods except for sales of nursery stock
- 23 grown by the seller and sold to a nursery dealer licensed under
- 24 section 9 of the insect pest and plant disease act, 1931 PA 189,
- 25 MCL 286.209.
- 26 (e) Except as provided in subsection (3), a farmers'
- 27 cooperative corporation organized within the limitations of section

- 1 98 of 1931 PA 327, MCL 450.98, that was at any time exempt under
- 2 subdivision (c) because the corporation was exempt from federal
- 3 income taxes under section 521 of the internal revenue code and
- 4 that would continue to be exempt under section 521 of the internal
- 5 revenue code except for either of the following activities:
- 6 (i) The corporation's repurchase from nonproducer customers of
- 7 portions or components of commodities the corporation markets to
- 8 those nonproducer customers and the corporation's subsequent
- 9 manufacturing or marketing of the repurchased portions or
- 10 components of the commodities.
- 11 (ii) The corporation's incidental or emergency purchases of
- 12 commodities from nonproducers to facilitate the manufacturing or
- 13 marketing of commodities purchased from producers.
- 14 (f) That portion of the tax base attributable to the direct
- 15 and indirect marketing activities of a farmers' cooperative
- 16 corporation organized within the limitations of section 98 of 1931
- 17 PA 327, MCL 450.98, if those marketing activities are provided on
- 18 behalf of the members of that corporation and are related to the
- 19 members' direct sales of their products to third parties or, for
- 20 livestock, are related to the members' direct or indirect sales of
- 21 that product to third parties. Marketing activities for a product
- 22 that is not livestock are not exempt under this subdivision if the
- 23 farmers' cooperative corporation takes physical possession of the
- 24 product. As used in this subdivision, "marketing activities" means
- 25 activities that include, but are not limited to, all of the
- 26 following:
- 27 (i) Activities under the agricultural commodities marketing

- 1 act, 1965 PA 232, MCL 290.651 to 290.674, and the agricultural
- 2 marketing and bargaining act, 1972 PA 344, MCL 290.701 to 290.726.
- 3 (ii) Dissemination of market information.
- 4 (iii) Establishment of price and other terms of trade.
- (iv) Promotion.
- 6 (v) Research relating to members' products.
- 7 (q) That portion of the tax base attributable to the services
- 8 provided by an attorney-in-fact to a reciprocal insurer pursuant to
- 9 chapter 72 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.7200
- **10** to 500.7234.
- 11 (h) That portion of the tax base attributable to a multiple
- 12 employer welfare arrangement that provides dental benefits only and
- 13 that has a certificate of authority under chapter 70 of the
- 14 insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.7001 to 500.7090.
- 15 (2) Subsection (1)(e) does not exempt a farmers' cooperative
- 16 corporation if the total dollar value of the farmers' cooperative
- 17 corporation's incidental and emergency purchases described in
- 18 subsection (1)(e)(ii) are equal to or greater than 5% of the
- 19 corporation's total purchases.
- 20 (3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a farmers'
- 21 cooperative corporation shall exclude from adjusted tax base the
- 22 revenue and expenses attributable to business transacted with
- 23 farmer or farmer cooperative corporation patrons to whom net
- 24 earnings are allocated in the form of patronage dividends as
- 25 defined in section 1388 of the internal revenue code.
- 26 (4) As used in subsection (1)(b), "exclusively" means that
- 27 term as applied for purposes of section 501(c)(3) of the internal

- 1 revenue code.
- 2 Sec. 24. (1) A taxpayer that meets the criteria under
- 3 subsection (4) and that is a qualified start-up business that does
- 4 not have business income for 2 consecutive tax years may claim a
- 5 credit against the tax imposed under this act for the second of
- 6 those 2 consecutive tax years and each immediately following
- 7 consecutive tax year in which the taxpayer does not have business
- 8 income equal to the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year in
- 9 which the taxpayer has no business income. If the taxpayer has
- 10 business income in any tax year after the credit under this section
- 11 is claimed, the taxpayer shall claim the credit under this section
- 12 for any following tax year only if the taxpayer subsequently has no
- 13 business income for 2 consecutive tax years. The taxpayer may claim
- 14 the credit for the second of those 2 consecutive tax years and each
- 15 immediately following consecutive tax year in which the taxpayer
- 16 does not have business income.
- 17 (2) A credit under this section shall not be claimed for more
- 18 than a total of 5 tax years.
- 19 (3) A taxpayer that qualified to claim the credit under
- 20 section 31a of former 1975 PA 228 may claim the credit under this
- 21 section for a total of 5 years, reduced by the number of years the
- 22 taxpayer was eliqible to claim the credit under section 31a of
- 23 former 1975 PA 228.
- 24 (4) If a taxpayer that took the credit under this section has
- 25 no business activity in this state and has any business activity
- 26 outside of this state for any of the first 3 tax years after the
- 27 last tax year for which it took the credit under this section, the

- 1 taxpayer shall add to its tax liability the following amounts:
- 2 (a) If the taxpayer has no business activity in this state for
- 3 the first tax year after the last tax year for which a credit under
- 4 this section is claimed, 100% of the total of all credits claimed
- 5 under this section.
- 6 (b) If the taxpayer has no business activity in this state for
- 7 the second tax year after the last tax year for which a credit
- 8 under this section is claimed, 67% of the total of all credits
- 9 claimed under this section.
- 10 (c) If the taxpayer has no business activity for the third tax
- 11 year after the last tax year for which a credit under this section
- 12 is claimed, 33% of the total of all credits claimed under this
- 13 section.
- 14 (5) A member of an affiliated group as defined in this act, a
- 15 controlled group of corporations as defined in section 1563 of the
- 16 internal revenue code and further described in 26 CFR 1.414(b)-1
- and 1.414(c)-1 to 1.414(c)-5, or an entity under common control as
- 18 defined by the internal revenue code shall determine number of
- 19 employees, sales, and business income for purposes of this section
- 20 on a consolidated basis.
- 21 (6) For the tax year for which a credit under this section is
- 22 claimed, compensation, directors' fees, or distributive shares paid
- 23 by the taxpayer to any 1 of the following shall not exceed
- **24** \$135,000.00:
- 25 (a) A shareholder or officer of a corporation other than an S
- 26 corporation.
- 27 (b) A partner of a partnership or limited liability

- 1 partnership.
- 2 (c) A shareholder of an S corporation.
- 3 (d) A member of a limited liability corporation.
- 4 (e) An individual who is an owner.
- 5 (7) As used in this section:
- 6 (a) "Business income" means business income as defined in
- 7 section 3 excluding funds received from small business innovation
- 8 research grants and small business technology transfer programs
- 9 established under the small business innovation development act of
- 10 1982, Public Law 97-219, reauthorized under the small business
- 11 research and development enhancement act, Public Law 102-564, and
- 12 subsequently reauthorized under the small business reauthorization
- 13 act of 2000, Public Law 106-554.
- 14 (b) "Michigan economic development corporation" means the
- 15 public body corporate created under section 28 of article VII of
- 16 the state constitution of 1963 and the urban cooperation act of
- 17 1967, 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 7, MCL 124.501 to 124.512, by a contractual
- 18 interlocal agreement effective April 5, 1999, as amended, between
- 19 local participating economic development corporations formed under
- 20 the economic development corporations act, 1974 PA 338, MCL
- 21 125.1601 to 125.1636, and the Michigan strategic fund.
- (c) "Qualified start-up business" means a business that meets
- 23 all of the following criteria as certified annually by the Michigan
- 24 economic development corporation:
- 25 (i) Has fewer than 25 full-time equivalent employees.
- 26 (ii) Has sales of less than \$1,000,000.00 in the tax year for
- 27 which the credit under this section is claimed.

- 1 (iii) Research and development expenses make up at least 15% of
- 2 its expenses in the tax year for which the credit under this
- 3 section is claimed.
- 4 (iv) Is not publicly traded.
- 5 (v) Met 1 of the following criteria during 1 of the initial 2
- 6 consecutive tax years in which the qualified start-up business had
- 7 no business income:
- 8 (A) During the immediately preceding 7 years was in 1 of the
- 9 first 2 years of contribution liability under section 19 of the
- 10 Michigan employment security act, 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1, MCL 421.19.
- 11 (B) During the immediately preceding 7 years would have been
- 12 in 1 of the first 2 years of contribution liability under section
- 13 19 of the Michigan employment security act, 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1,
- 14 MCL 421.19, if the qualified start-up business had employees and
- 15 was liable under the Michigan employment security act, 1936 (Ex
- 16 Sess) PA 1, MCL 421.1 to 421.75.
- 17 (C) During the immediately preceding 7 years would have been
- 18 in 1 of the first 2 years of contribution liability under section
- 19 19 of the Michigan employment security act, 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1,
- 20 MCL 421.19, if the qualified start-up business had not assumed
- 21 successor liability under section 15(g) of the Michigan employment
- 22 security act, 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1, MCL 421.15.
- 23 (d) "Research and development" means qualified research as
- 24 that term is defined in section 41(d) of the internal revenue code.
- 25 Sec. 25. (1) The credit provided in this section shall be
- 26 taken before any other credit under this act and is available to
- 27 any person with gross receipts that do not exceed \$10,000,000.00

- 1 and with adjusted business income minus the loss adjustment that
- 2 does not exceed \$475,000.00, subject to the following:
- 3 (a) An individual, a partnership, or a subchapter S
- 4 corporation is disqualified if the individual, any 1 partner of the
- 5 partnership, or any 1 shareholder of the subchapter S corporation
- 6 receives more than \$115,000.00 as a distributive share of the
- 7 adjusted business income minus the loss adjustment of the
- 8 individual, the partnership, or the subchapter S corporation.
- 9 (b) A corporation other than a subchapter S corporation is
- 10 disqualified if either of the following occur for the respective
- 11 tax year:
- 12 (i) Compensation and directors' fees of a shareholder or
- 13 officer exceed \$115,000.00.
- 14 (ii) The sum of the following amounts exceeds \$115,000.00:
- 15 (A) Compensation and directors' fees of a shareholder.
- 16 (B) The product of the percentage of outstanding ownership or
- 17 of outstanding stock owned by that shareholder multiplied by the
- 18 difference between the sum of business income and, to the extent
- 19 deducted in determining federal taxable income, a carry back or a
- 20 carry over of a net operating loss or capital loss, minus the loss
- 21 adjustment.
- (c) Subject to the reduction percentage determined under
- 23 subsection (3), the credit determined under this subsection shall
- 24 be reduced by the following percentages in the following
- 25 circumstances:
- 26 (i) If an individual, any 1 partner of the partnership, or any
- 27 1 shareholder of the subchapter S corporation receives as a

- 1 distributive share of adjusted business income minus the loss
- 2 adjustment of the individual, partnership, or subchapter S
- 3 corporation; if compensation and directors' fees of a shareholder
- 4 or officer of a corporation other than a subchapter S corporation
- 5 are; or if the sum of the amounts in subdivision (b) (ii) (A) and (B)
- 6 is more than \$95,000.00 but less than \$100,000.00, the credit is
- 7 reduced by 20%.
- 8 (ii) If an individual, any 1 partner of the partnership, or any
- 9 1 shareholder of the subchapter S corporation receives as a
- 10 distributive share of adjusted business income minus the loss
- 11 adjustment of the individual, partnership, or subchapter S
- 12 corporation; if compensation and directors' fees of a shareholder
- or officer of a corporation other than a subchapter S corporation
- 14 are; or if the sum of the amounts in subdivision (b) (ii) (A) and (B)
- 15 is \$100,000.00 or more but less than \$105,000.00, the credit is
- 16 reduced by 40%.
- 17 (iii) If an individual, any 1 partner of the partnership, or any
- 18 1 shareholder of the subchapter S corporation receives as a
- 19 distributive share of adjusted business income minus the loss
- 20 adjustment of the individual, partnership, or subchapter S
- 21 corporation; if compensation and directors' fees of a shareholder
- 22 or officer of a corporation other than a subchapter S corporation
- 23 are; or if the sum of the amounts in subdivision (b) (ii) (A) and (B)
- 24 is \$105,000.00 or more but less than \$110,000.00, the credit is
- reduced by 60%.
- 26 (iv) If an individual, any 1 partner of the partnership, or any
- 27 1 shareholder of the subchapter S corporation receives as a

- 1 distributive share of adjusted business income minus the loss
- 2 adjustment of the individual, partnership, or subchapter S
- 3 corporation; if compensation and directors' fees of a shareholder
- 4 or officer of a corporation other than a subchapter S corporation
- 5 are; or if the sum of the amounts in subdivision (b) (ii) (A) and (B)
- 6 is \$110,000.00 or more but not in excess of \$115,000.00, the credit
- 7 is reduced by 80%.
- 8 (2) For the purposes of determining disqualification under
- 9 subsection (1), an active shareholder's share of business income
- 10 shall not be attributed to another active shareholder.
- 11 (3) To determine the reduction percentage under subsection
- 12 (1)(c), the following apply:
- 13 (a) The reduction percentage for a partnership or subchapter S
- 14 corporation is based on the distributive share of adjusted business
- 15 income minus loss adjustment of the partner or shareholder with the
- 16 greatest distributive share of adjusted business income minus loss
- 17 adjustment.
- 18 (b) The reduction percentage for a corporation other than a
- 19 subchapter S corporation is the greater of the following:
- 20 (i) The reduction percentage based on the compensation and
- 21 directors' fees of the shareholder or officer with the greatest
- 22 amount of compensation and directors' fees.
- 23 (ii) The reduction percentage based on the sum of the amounts
- 24 in subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A) and (B) for the shareholder or officer
- 25 with the greatest sum of the amounts in subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A) and
- **26** (B).
- 27 (4) A person who qualifies under subsection (1) is allowed a

- 1 credit against the tax imposed under section 20. The credit under
- 2 this subsection is the amount by which the tax imposed under
- 3 section 20 exceeds 1.8% of adjusted business income.
- 4 (5) If gross receipts exceed \$9,000,000.00, the credit shall
- 5 be reduced by a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of
- 6 gross receipts over \$9,000,000.00 and the denominator of which is
- 7 \$1,000,000.00. The credit shall not exceed 100% of the tax
- 8 liability imposed by section 20.
- 9 (6) An affiliated group as defined in this act, a controlled
- 10 group of corporations as defined in section 1563 of the internal
- 11 revenue code and further described in 26 CFR 1.414(b)-1 and
- 12 1.414(c)-1 to 1.414(c)-5, or an entity under common control as
- 13 defined by the internal revenue code shall not take the credit
- 14 allowed by this section unless the business activities of the
- 15 entities are consolidated. The gross receipts, adjusted business
- 16 income, and tax base of all members of the group must be combined
- 17 to determine eligibility and to compute the credit under this
- 18 section. If any 1 individual, partner, officer, or shareholder has
- 19 compensation or a distributive share of adjusted business income,
- 20 or a combination of compensation and a distributive share of
- 21 adjusted business income, in excess of the amounts specified in
- 22 this section from any 1 member of the group, the group is not
- 23 eligible for the credit. Each member's business activities
- 24 attributable to its tax year or years ending within the calendar
- 25 year are required to be consolidated on a form prescribed by the
- 26 department.
- 27 (7) For a person that reports for a tax year less than 12

- 1 months, the amounts specified in this section for gross receipts,
- 2 adjusted business income, and share of business income shall be
- 3 multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of
- 4 months in the tax year and the denominator of which is 12.
- **5** (8) The department shall permit a taxpayer that elects to
- 6 claim the credit allowed under this section based on the amount by
- 7 which the tax imposed under section 20 exceeds the percentage of
- 8 adjusted business income for the tax year as determined under
- 9 subsection (4), and that is not required to reduce the credit
- 10 pursuant to subsection (1) or (5), to file and pay the tax imposed
- 11 by this act without computing the tax imposed under section 20.
- 12 (9) If a professional employer organization does not make an
- 13 election under section 4(5) with each of its clients, the
- 14 professional employer organization shall not claim a credit under
- 15 this section. If a client does not make an election under section
- 16 4(5) with its professional employer organization, the client shall
- 17 not claim a credit under this section.
- 18 (10) As used in this section:
- 19 (a) "Active shareholder" means a shareholder who receives at
- 20 least \$10,000.00 in compensation, directors' fees, or dividends
- 21 from the business, and who owns at least 5% of the outstanding
- 22 stock or other ownership interest.
- 23 (b) "Adjusted business income" means business income as
- 24 defined in section 3 with all of the following adjustments:
- 25 (i) Add compensation and directors' fees of active shareholders
- 26 of a corporation.
- 27 (ii) Add, to the extent deducted in determining federal taxable

- 1 income, a carry back or a carry over of a net operating loss.
- 2 (iii) Add, to the extent deducted in determining federal taxable
- 3 income, a capital loss.
- 4 (iv) Add compensation and directors' fees of officers of a
- 5 corporation.
- 6 (c) "Loss adjustment" means the amount by which adjusted
- 7 business income was less than zero in any of the 5 tax years
- 8 immediately preceding the tax year for which eligibility for the
- 9 credit under this section is being determined. In determining the
- 10 loss adjustment for a tax year, a taxpayer is not required to use
- 11 more of the taxpayer's total negative adjusted business income than
- 12 the amount needed to qualify the taxpayer for the credit under this
- 13 section. A taxpayer shall not be considered to have used any
- 14 portion of the taxpayer's negative adjusted business income amount
- 15 unless the portion used is necessary to qualify for the credit
- 16 under this section. A taxpayer shall not reuse a negative adjusted
- 17 business income amount used as a loss adjustment in a previous tax
- 18 year or use a negative adjusted business income amount from a year
- 19 in which the taxpayer did not receive the credit under this
- 20 section.
- 21 (d) "Subchapter S corporation" means a corporation that elects
- 22 to be subject to taxation under subchapter S of chapter 1 of
- 23 subtitle A of the internal revenue code, 26 USC 1361 to 1379.
- Sec. 26. (1) For tax years that begin after December 31, 2008,
- 25 a taxpayer that has been issued a tax voucher certificate under
- 26 section 23 of the Michigan early stage venture investment act of
- 27 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2253, or any taxpayer to which all or a

- 1 portion of a tax voucher is transferred pursuant to the Michigan
- 2 early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL
- 3 125.2231 to 125.2263, may use the tax voucher to pay a liability of
- 4 the taxpayer due under this act.
- 5 (2) On and after November 21, 2005, the total amount of all
- 6 tax voucher certificates that shall be approved under this section,
- 7 section 37e of former 1975 PA 228, and the Michigan early stage
- 8 venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2231 to
- 9 125.2263, shall not exceed an amount sufficient to allow the
- 10 Michigan early stage venture investment corporation to raise
- 11 \$450,000,000.00 for the purposes authorized under the Michigan
- 12 early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL
- 13 125.2231 to 125.2263. The total amount of all tax voucher
- 14 certificates under this section and section 37e of former 1975 PA
- 15 228 shall not exceed \$600,000,000.00.
- 16 (3) The department shall not approve a tax voucher certificate
- 17 under section 23(2) of the Michigan early stage venture investment
- 18 act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2253, after December 31, 2015.
- 19 (4) For tax voucher certificates approved under subsection
- 20 (2), the amount of tax voucher certificates approved by the
- 21 department for use in any tax year shall not exceed 25% of the
- 22 total amount of all tax voucher certificates approved by the
- 23 department.
- 24 (5) Investors shall apply to the Michigan early stage venture
- 25 investment corporation for approval of tax voucher certificates at
- 26 the time and in the manner required under the Michigan early stage
- 27 venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2231 to

- **1** 125.2263.
- 2 (6) The Michigan early stage venture investment corporation
- 3 shall determine which investors are eligible for tax vouchers and
- 4 the amount of the tax vouchers allowed to each investor as provided
- 5 in the Michigan early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA
- 6 296, MCL 125.2231 to 125.2263.
- 7 (7) The tax voucher certificate, and any completed transfer
- 8 form that was issued pursuant to the Michigan early stage venture
- 9 investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2231 to 125.2263,
- 10 shall be attached to the taxpayer's annual return under this act.
- 11 The department may prescribe and implement alternative methods of
- 12 reporting and recording ownership, transfer, and utilization of tax
- 13 voucher certificates that are not inconsistent with this act.
- 14 (8) A tax voucher shall be used to pay a liability of the
- 15 taxpayer due under this act only in a tax year that begins after
- 16 December 31, 2008. The amount of the tax voucher that may be used
- 17 to pay a liability of the taxpayer due under this act in any tax
- 18 year shall not exceed the lesser of the following:
- 19 (a) The amount of the tax voucher stated on the tax voucher
- 20 certificate held by the taxpayer.
- 21 (b) The amount authorized to be used in the tax year under the
- 22 terms of the tax voucher certificate.
- 23 (c) The taxpayer's liability due under this act for the tax
- 24 year for which the tax voucher is to be applied.
- 25 (9) The department shall administer transfers of tax voucher
- 26 certificates or the transfer of the right to be issued and receive
- 27 a tax voucher certificate as provided in the Michigan early stage

- 1 venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2231 to
- 2 125.2263, and shall take any action necessary to enforce and
- 3 effectuate the permissible issuance and use of tax voucher
- 4 certificates in a manner authorized under this section and the
- 5 Michigan early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296,
- 6 MCL 125.2231 to 125.2263.
- 7 (10) If the amount of a tax voucher certificate held by a
- 8 taxpayer or transferee exceeds the amount the taxpayer or
- 9 transferee may use under subsection (8)(b) or (c) in a tax year,
- 10 that excess may be used by the taxpayer or transferee to pay,
- 11 subject to the limitations of subsection (8), any future liability
- 12 of the taxpayer or transferee under this act.
- 13 (11) If a taxpayer requests, the department shall issue
- 14 separate replacement tax voucher certificates, or replacement
- 15 approval letters, evidencing the right of the holder to be issued
- 16 and receive a tax voucher certificate in an aggregate amount equal
- 17 to the amount of a tax voucher certificate or an approval letter
- 18 presented by a taxpayer. Replacement tax voucher certificates may
- 19 be used, and replacement approval letters may be issued, to
- 20 evidence the right to be issued and receive a tax voucher
- 21 certificate that will be used for 1 or more of the following
- 22 purposes:
- 23 (a) To pay any liability of the taxpayer under this act to the
- 24 extent permitted in any tax year by subsection (8).
- 25 (b) To pay any liability of the taxpayer under and to the
- 26 extent allowed under section 270 of the income tax act of 1967,
- 27 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.270.

- 1 (c) To be transferred to a taxpayer who may use the
- 2 replacement tax voucher certificate to pay any liability under this
- 3 act to the extent allowed under subsection (8).
- 4 (d) To be transferred to a person who may use the tax voucher
- 5 certificate to pay any liability under and to the extent allowed
- 6 under section 270 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL
- **7** 206.270.
- 8 (12) As used in this section:
- 9 (a) "Investor" means that term as defined in the Michigan
- 10 early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL
- **11** 125.2231 to 125.2263.
- 12 (b) "Certificate" means the certificate issued under section
- 13 23 of the Michigan early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003
- **14** PA 296, MCL 125.2253.
- 15 (c) "Transferee" means a taxpayer to whom a tax voucher
- 16 certificate has been transferred under section 23 of the Michigan
- 17 early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL
- 18 125.2253, and this section.
- 19 Sec. 27. (1) A taxpayer that is not subject to the income tax
- 20 act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.1 to 206.532, may claim a credit
- 21 against the tax imposed by this act, subject to the applicable
- 22 limitations under this section, equal to 50% of the aggregate
- 23 amount of charitable contributions made by the taxpayer during the
- 24 tax year to all of the following:
- 25 (a) A public broadcast station as defined by 47 USC 397 that
- 26 is not affiliated with an institution of higher education.
- (b) A public library.

- 1 (c) An institution of higher learning located in this state or
- 2 a nonprofit corporation, fund, foundation, trust, or association
- 3 organized and operated exclusively for the benefit of an
- 4 institution of higher learning.
- 5 (d) The Michigan colleges foundation.
- 6 (2) The tax credit allowed under this section for a donation
- 7 under subsection (1)(c) is allowed only if the donee corporation,
- 8 fund, foundation, trust, or association is controlled or approved
- 9 and reviewed by the governing board of the institution of higher
- 10 learning that benefits from the charitable contributions. The
- 11 nonprofit corporation, fund, foundation, trust, or association
- 12 shall provide copies of its annual independently audited financial
- 13 statements to the auditor general of this state and chairpersons of
- 14 the appropriation committees of the senate and house or
- 15 representatives.
- 16 (3) The credit allowed under this section for any tax year
- 17 shall not exceed 5% of the tax liability of the taxpayer for that
- 18 tax year as determined without regard to this section or \$5,000.00,
- 19 whichever is less.
- 20 (4) If the amount of the credit allowed under this section
- 21 exceeds the tax liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, that
- 22 portion of the credit that exceeds the tax liability shall not be
- 23 refunded.
- 24 (5) As used in this section:
- 25 (a) "Institution of higher learning" means an educational
- 26 institution located within this state meeting all of the following
- 27 requirements:

- 1 (i) Maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and has a
- 2 regularly enrolled body of students in attendance at the place
- 3 where its educational activities are carried on.
- 4 (ii) Regularly offers education above the twelfth grade.
- 5 (iii) Awards associate, bachelor's, master's, or doctoral
- 6 degrees or any combination of those degrees or higher education
- 7 credits acceptable for those degrees granted by other institutions
- 8 of higher learning.
- (iv) Is recognized by the state board of education as an
- 10 institution of higher learning and appears as an institution of
- 11 higher learning in the annual publication of the department of
- 12 education entitled "the directory of institutions of higher
- 13 education".
- 14 (b) "Public library" means a public library as defined in
- 15 section 2 of 1977 PA 89, MCL 397.552.
- 16 Sec. 28. (1) A taxpayer that is an employer or carrier that is
- 17 subject to the worker's disability compensation act of 1969, 1969
- 18 PA 317, MCL 418.101 to 418.941, may claim a credit against the tax
- 19 imposed by this act an amount equal to the amount paid during that
- 20 tax year by the taxpayer pursuant to section 352 of the worker's
- 21 disability compensation act of 1969, 1969 PA 317, MCL 418.352, as
- 22 certified by the director of the bureau of worker's disability
- 23 compensation pursuant to section 391(6) of the worker's disability
- 24 compensation act of 1969, 1969 PA 317, MCL 418.391.
- 25 (2) A taxpayer that claims a credit under this section shall
- 26 claim a portion of the credit allowed by this section equal to the
- 27 payments made during a calendar quarter pursuant to section 352 of

- 1 the worker's disability compensation act of 1969, 1969 PA 317, MCL
- 2 418.352, against the estimated tax payments made under section 71.
- 3 Any subsequent increase or decrease in the amount claimed for
- 4 payments made by the insurer or self-insurer shall be reflected in
- 5 the amount of the credit taken for the calendar quarter in which
- 6 the amount of the adjustment is finalized.
- 7 (3) The credit under this section is in addition to any other
- 8 credits the taxpayer is eligible for under this act.
- 9 (4) If the amount of the credit allowed under this section
- 10 exceeds the tax liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, that
- 11 portion of the credit that exceeds the tax liability shall be
- 12 refunded.
- Sec. 29. (1) Subject to the applicable limitations in this
- 14 section, a taxpayer that does not claim a credit under section 261
- 15 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.261, may claim
- 16 a credit against the tax imposed by this act equal to 50% of the
- 17 amount the taxpayer contributed during the tax year to an endowment
- 18 fund of a community foundation.
- 19 (2) The credit allowed by this section shall not exceed 5% of
- 20 the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year before claiming any
- 21 credits allowed by this act or \$5,000.00, whichever is less.
- 22 (3) If the amount of the credit allowed under this section
- 23 exceeds the tax liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, that
- 24 portion of the credit that exceeds the tax liability shall not be
- 25 refunded.
- 26 (4) A taxpayer may claim a credit under this section for
- 27 contributions to a community foundation made before the expiration

- 1 of the 18-month period after a community foundation was
- 2 incorporated or established during which the community foundation
- 3 must build an endowment value of \$100,000.00 as provided in
- 4 subsection (6)(g). If the community foundation does not reach the
- 5 required \$100,000.00 endowment value during that 18-month period,
- 6 contributions to the community foundation made after the date on
- 7 which the 18-month period expires shall not be used to calculate a
- 8 credit under this section. At any time after the expiration of the
- 9 18-month period under subsection (6)(g) that the community
- 10 foundation has an endowment value of \$100,000.00, the community
- 11 foundation may apply to the department for certification under this
- 12 section.
- 13 (5) On or before July 1 of each year, the department shall
- 14 report to the house of representatives committee on tax policy and
- 15 the senate finance committee the total amount of tax credits
- 16 claimed under this section and under section 261 of the income tax
- 17 act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.261, for the immediately
- 18 preceding tax year.
- 19 (6) As used in this section, "community foundation" means an
- 20 organization that applies for certification under subsection (4) on
- 21 or before May 15 of the tax year for which the taxpayer is claiming
- 22 the credit and that the department certifies for that tax year as
- 23 meeting all of the following requirements:
- 24 (a) Qualifies for exemption from federal income taxation under
- 25 section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
- 26 (b) Supports a broad range of charitable activities within the
- 27 specific geographic area of this state that it serves, such as a

- 1 municipality or county.
- 2 (c) Maintains an ongoing program to attract new endowment
- 3 funds by seeking gifts and bequests from a wide range of potential
- 4 donors in the community or area served.
- 5 (d) Is publicly supported as defined by the regulations of the
- 6 United States department of treasury, 26 CFR 1.170A-9(e)(10). To
- 7 maintain certification, the community foundation shall submit
- 8 documentation to the department annually that demonstrates
- 9 compliance with this subdivision.
- 10 (e) Is not a supporting organization as an organization is
- 11 described in section 509(a)(3) of the internal revenue code and in
- 12 26 CFR 1.509(a)-4 and 1.509(a)-5.
- 13 (f) Meets the requirements for treatment as a single entity
- 14 contained in 26 CFR 1.170A-9(e)(11).
- 15 (g) Except as provided in subsection (4), is incorporated or
- 16 established as a trust at least 6 months before the beginning of
- 17 the tax year for which the credit under this section is claimed and
- 18 that has an endowment value of at least \$100,000.00 before the
- 19 expiration of 18 months after the community foundation is
- 20 incorporated or established.
- 21 (h) Has an independent governing body representing the general
- 22 public's interest and that is not appointed by a single outside
- 23 entity.
- 24 (i) Provides evidence to the department that the community
- 25 foundation has, before the expiration of 6 months after the
- 26 community foundation is incorporated or established, and maintains
- 27 continually during the tax year for which the credit under this

- 1 section is claimed, at least 1 part-time or full-time employee.
- 2 (j) For community foundations that have an endowment value of
- 3 \$1,000,000.00 or more only, the community foundation is subject to
- 4 an annual independent financial audit and provides copies of that
- 5 audit to the department not more than 3 months after the completion
- 6 of the audit. For community foundations that have an endowment
- 7 value of less than \$1,000,000.00, the community foundation is
- 8 subject to an annual review and an audit every third year.
- 9 (k) In addition to all other criteria listed in this
- 10 subsection for a community foundation that is incorporated or
- 11 established after January 9, 2001, operates in a county of this
- 12 state that was not served by a community foundation when the
- 13 community foundation was incorporated or established or operates as
- 14 a geographic component of an existing certified community
- 15 foundation.
- 16 Sec. 30. (1) A taxpayer who does not claim a credit under
- 17 section 261 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL
- 18 206.261, for a contribution to a shelter for homeless persons, food
- 19 kitchen, food bank, or other entity, the primary purpose of which
- 20 is to provide overnight accommodation, food, or meals to persons
- 21 who are indigent, may claim a credit against the tax imposed by
- 22 this act equal to 50% of the cash amount the taxpayer contributed
- 23 during the tax year to a shelter for homeless persons, food
- 24 kitchen, food bank, or other entity, the primary purpose of which
- 25 is to provide overnight accommodation, food, or meals to persons
- 26 who are indigent, if a contribution to that entity is tax
- 27 deductible for the donor under the internal revenue code.

- 1 (2) The credit allowed by this section shall not exceed 5% of
- 2 the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year before claiming any
- 3 credits allowed by this act or \$5,000.00, whichever is less.
- 4 (3) If the amount of the credit allowed under this section
- 5 exceeds the tax liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, that
- 6 portion of the credit that exceeds the tax liability shall not be
- 7 refunded.
- 8 (4) An entity described in subsection (1) may request that the
- 9 department determine whether a contribution to that entity
- 10 qualifies for the credit under this section. The department shall
- 11 make a determination and respond to a request no later than 30 days
- 12 after the department receives the request.
- 13 (5) On or before July 1 of each year, the department shall
- 14 report to the house of representatives committee on tax policy and
- 15 the senate committee on finance the total amount of tax credits
- 16 claimed under this section, section 29, and section 261 of the
- 17 income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.261, for the
- 18 immediately preceding tax year.
- 19 Sec. 31. (1) A taxpayer may claim a credit against the tax
- 20 imposed by this act for 1 or more of the following as applicable:
- 21 (a) The credit allowed under subsection (2).
- (b) The credit allowed under subsection (6).
- 23 (2) A taxpayer that is certified under the Michigan next
- 24 energy authority act, 2002 PA 593, MCL 207.821 to 207.827, as an
- 25 eligible taxpayer may claim a nonrefundable credit for the tax year
- 26 equal to the amount determined under subdivision (a) or (b),
- 27 whichever is less:

- 1 (a) The amount by which the taxpayer's tax liability
- 2 attributable to qualified business activity for the tax year
- 3 exceeds the taxpayer's baseline tax liability attributable to
- 4 qualified business activity.
- 5 (b) Ten percent of the amount by which the taxpayer's adjusted
- 6 qualified business activity performed in this state outside of a
- 7 renaissance zone for the tax year exceeds the taxpayer's adjusted
- 8 qualified business activity performed in this state outside of a
- 9 renaissance zone for the 2001 tax year under section 39e of former
- **10** 1975 PA 228.
- 11 (3) For any tax year in which the eligible taxpayer's tax
- 12 liability attributable to qualified business activity for the tax
- 13 year does not exceed the taxpayer's baseline tax liability
- 14 attributable to qualified business activity, the eligible taxpayer
- 15 shall not claim the credit allowed under subsection (2).
- 16 (4) An affiliated group as defined in this act, a controlled
- 17 group of corporations as defined in section 1563 of the internal
- 18 revenue code and further described in 26 CFR 1.414(b)-1 and
- 19 1.414(c)-1 to 1.414(c)-5, or an entity under common control as
- 20 defined by the internal revenue code shall not take the credit
- 21 allowed under subsection (2) unless the qualified business activity
- 22 of the group or entities is consolidated.
- 23 (5) A taxpayer that claims a credit under subsection (2) shall
- 24 attach a copy of each of the following as issued pursuant to the
- 25 Michigan next energy authority act, 2002 PA 593, MCL 207.821 to
- 26 207.827, to the annual return required under this act for each tax
- 27 year in which the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under

- 1 subsection (2):
- 2 (a) The proof of certification that the taxpayer is an
- 3 eligible taxpayer for the tax year.
- 4 (b) The proof of certification of the taxpayer's tax liability
- 5 attributable to qualified business activity for the tax year.
- **6** (c) The proof of certification of the taxpayer's baseline tax
- 7 liability attributable to qualified business activity.
- **8** (6) A taxpayer that is a qualified alternative energy entity
- 9 may claim a credit for the taxpayer's qualified payroll amount. A
- 10 taxpayer shall claim the credit under this subsection after all
- 11 allowable nonrefundable credits under this act.
- 12 (7) If the credit allowed under subsection (6) exceeds the tax
- 13 liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, that portion of the
- 14 credit that exceeds the tax liability shall be refunded.
- 15 (8) As used in this section:
- 16 (a) "Adjusted qualified business activity performed in this
- 17 state outside of a renaissance zone" means either of the following:
- 18 (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii), the taxpayer's
- 19 payroll for qualified business activity performed in this state
- 20 outside of a renaissance zone.
- 21 (ii) For a partnership, limited liability company, S
- 22 corporation, or individual, the amount determined under
- 23 subparagraph (i) plus the product of the following as related to the
- 24 taxpayer:
- 25 (A) Business income.
- 26 (B) The apportionment factor as determined under chapter 3.
- 27 (C) The alternative energy business activity factor.

- 1 (b) "Alternative energy business activity factor" means a
- 2 fraction, the numerator of which is the ratio of the value of the
- 3 taxpayer's property used for qualified business activity and
- 4 located in this state outside of a renaissance zone for the year
- 5 for which the factor is being calculated to the value of all of the
- 6 taxpayer's property located in this state for that year plus the
- 7 ratio of the taxpayer's payroll for qualified business activity
- 8 performed in this state outside of a renaissance zone for that year
- 9 to all of the taxpayer's payroll in this state for that year and
- 10 the denominator of which is 2.
- 11 (c) "Alternative energy marine propulsion system",
- 12 "alternative energy system", "alternative energy vehicle", and
- 13 "alternative energy technology" mean those terms as defined in the
- 14 Michigan next energy authority act, 2002 PA 593, MCL 207.821 to
- **15** 207.827.
- 16 (d) "Alternative energy zone" means a renaissance zone
- 17 designated as an alternative energy zone by the board of the
- 18 Michigan strategic fund under section 8a of the Michigan
- 19 renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2688a.
- 20 (e) "Baseline tax liability attributable to qualified business
- 21 activity" means the taxpayer's tax liability for the 2001 tax year
- 22 under former 1975 PA 228 multiplied by the taxpayer's alternative
- 23 energy business activity factor for the 2001 tax year under former
- 24 1975 PA 228. A taxpayer with a 2001 tax year of less than 12 months
- 25 under former 1975 PA 228 shall annualize the amount calculated
- 26 under this subdivision as necessary to determine baseline tax
- 27 liability attributable to qualified business activity that reflects

- 1 a 12-month period.
- 2 (f) "Eligible taxpayer" means a taxpayer that has proof of
- 3 certification of qualified business activity under the Michigan
- 4 next energy authority act, 2002 PA 593, MCL 207.821 to 207.827.
- 5 (g) "Payroll" means total salaries and wages before deducting
- 6 any personal or dependency exemptions.
- 7 (h) "Qualified alternative energy entity" means a taxpayer
- 8 located in an alternative energy zone.
- 9 (i) "Qualified business activity" means research, development,
- 10 or manufacturing of an alternative energy marine propulsion system,
- 11 an alternative energy system, an alternative energy vehicle,
- 12 alternative energy technology, or renewable fuel.
- 13 (j) "Qualified employee" means an individual who is employed
- 14 by a qualified alternative energy entity, whose job
- 15 responsibilities are related to the research, development, or
- 16 manufacturing activities of the qualified alternative energy
- 17 entity, and whose regular place of employment is within an
- 18 alternative energy zone.
- 19 (k) "Qualified payroll amount" means an amount equal to
- 20 payroll of the qualified alternative energy entity attributable to
- 21 all qualified employees in the tax year of the qualified
- 22 alternative energy entity for which the credit under subsection (6)
- 23 is being claimed, multiplied by the tax rate for that tax year.
- 24 (1) "Renaissance zone" means a renaissance zone designated
- 25 under the Michigan renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2681
- 26 to 125.2696.
- 27 (m) "Renewable fuel" means 1 or more of the following:

- 1 (i) Biodiesel or biodiesel blends containing at least 20%
- 2 biodiesel. As used in this subparagraph, "biodiesel" means a diesel
- 3 fuel substitute consisting of methyl or ethyl esters produced from
- 4 the transesterification of animal or vegetable fats with methanol
- 5 or ethanol.
- 6 (ii) Biomass. As used in this subparagraph, "biomass" means
- 7 residues from the wood and paper products industries, residues from
- 8 food production and processing, trees and grasses grown
- 9 specifically to be used as energy crops, and gaseous fuels produced
- 10 from solid biomass, animal wastes, municipal waste, or landfills.
- 11 (n) "Tax liability attributable to qualified business
- 12 activity" means the taxpayer's tax liability multiplied by the
- 13 taxpayer's alternative energy business activity factor for the tax
- **14** year.
- 15 (o) "Tax rate" means the rate imposed under section 51e of the
- 16 income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.51e, annualized as
- 17 necessary, for the tax year in which the qualified alternative
- 18 energy entity claims a credit under subsection (6).
- 19 Sec. 32. (1) For a period of time not to exceed 20 years as
- 20 determined by the Michigan economic growth authority, a taxpayer
- 21 that is an authorized business or an eligible taxpayer may claim a
- 22 credit against the tax imposed by section 20 equal to the amount
- 23 certified each year by the Michigan economic growth authority as
- 24 follows:
- 25 (a) For an authorized business for the tax year, an amount not
- 26 to exceed the payroll of the authorized business attributable to
- 27 employees who perform qualified new jobs as determined under the

- 1 Michigan economic growth authority act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.801 to
- 2 207.810, multiplied by the tax rate.
- 3 (b) For an eligible business as determined under section
- 4 8(5)(a) of the Michigan economic growth authority act, 1995 PA 24,
- 5 MCL 207.808, an amount not to exceed 50% of the payroll of the
- 6 eligible taxpayer attributable to employees who perform retained
- 7 jobs as determined under the Michigan economic growth authority
- 8 act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.801 to 207.810, multiplied by the tax rate
- 9 for the tax year.
- 10 (c) For an eliqible business as determined under section
- 11 8(5)(b) of the Michigan economic growth authority act, 1995 PA 24,
- 12 MCL 207.808, an amount not to exceed the payroll of the eligible
- 13 taxpayer attributable to employees who perform retained jobs as
- 14 determined under the Michigan economic growth authority act, 1995
- 15 PA 24, MCL 207.801 to 207.810, multiplied by the tax rate for the
- 16 tax year.
- 17 (2) A taxpayer shall not claim a credit under this section
- 18 unless the Michigan economic growth authority has issued a
- 19 certificate to the taxpayer. The taxpayer shall attach the
- 20 certificate to the annual return filed under this act on which a
- 21 credit under this section is claimed.
- 22 (3) The certificate required by subsection (2) shall state all
- 23 of the following:
- 24 (a) The taxpayer is an authorized business or an eligible
- 25 taxpayer.
- 26 (b) The amount of the credit under this section for the
- 27 authorized business or eligible taxpayer for the designated tax

- 1 year.
- 2 (c) The taxpayer's federal employer identification number or
- 3 the Michigan department of treasury number assigned to the
- 4 taxpayer.
- 5 (4) The Michigan economic growth authority may certify a
- 6 credit under this section based on an agreement entered into prior
- 7 to January 1, 2008 pursuant to section 37c of former 1975 PA 228.
- 8 The number of years for which the credit may be claimed under this
- 9 section shall equal the maximum number of years designated in the
- 10 resolution reduced by the number of years for which a credit has
- 11 been claimed under section 37c of former 1975 PA 228.
- 12 (5) If the credit allowed under this section exceeds the tax
- 13 liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, that portion of the
- 14 credit that exceeds the tax liability of the taxpayer shall be
- 15 refunded.
- 16 (6) A taxpayer that claims a credit under subsection (1)(a),
- 17 section 33(a), or section 37c or 37d of former 1975 PA 228, that
- 18 has an agreement with the Michigan economic growth authority based
- 19 on qualified new jobs as defined in section 3(n)(ii) of the
- 20 Michigan economic growth authority act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.803,
- 21 and that removes from this state 51% or more of those qualified new
- 22 jobs within 3 years after the first year in which the taxpayer
- 23 claims a credit described in this subsection shall pay to the
- 24 department no later than 12 months after those qualified new jobs
- 25 are removed from the state an amount equal to the total of all
- 26 credits described in this subsection that were claimed by the
- 27 taxpayer.

- 1 (7) If the Michigan economic growth authority or a designee of
- 2 the Michigan economic growth authority requests that a taxpayer who
- 3 claims the credit under this section get a statement prepared by a
- 4 certified public accountant verifying that the actual number of new
- 5 jobs created is the same number of new jobs used to calculate the
- 6 credit under this section, the taxpayer shall get the statement and
- 7 attach that statement to its annual return under this act on which
- 8 the credit under this section is claimed.
- 9 (8) For a credit allowed under this section, an affiliated
- 10 group as defined in this act, a controlled group of corporations as
- 11 defined in section 1563 of the internal revenue code and further
- 12 described in 26 CFR 1.414(b)-1 and 1.414(c)-1 to 1.414(c)-5, or an
- 13 entity under common control as defined by the internal revenue code
- 14 shall claim only 1 credit for each tax year as follows:
- 15 (a) For an authorized business, for each expansion or location
- 16 evidenced by a written agreement whether or not a combined or
- 17 consolidated return is filed.
- 18 (b) For an eligible taxpayer, as provided in each written
- 19 agreement whether or not a combined or consolidated return is
- 20 filed.
- 21 (9) A credit shall not be claimed by a taxpayer under this
- 22 section if the taxpayer's initial certification as required in
- 23 subsection (3) is issued after December 31, 2013.
- 24 (10) As used in this section:
- 25 (a) "Authorized business", "facility", "full-time job",
- 26 "qualified high-technology business", and "written agreement" mean
- 27 those terms as defined in the Michigan economic growth authority

- 1 act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.801 to 207.810.
- 2 (b) "Eligible taxpayer" means an eligible business that meets
- 3 the criteria under section 8(5) of the Michigan economic growth
- 4 authority act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.808.
- 5 (c) "Michigan economic growth authority" means the Michigan
- 6 economic growth authority created in the Michigan economic growth
- 7 authority act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.801 to 207.810.
- 8 (d) "Payroll" means the total salaries and wages before
- 9 deducting any personal or dependency exemptions.
- 10 (e) "Qualified new jobs" means 1 or more of the following:
- 11 (i) The average number of full-time jobs at a facility of an
- 12 authorized business for a tax year in excess of the average number
- 13 of full-time jobs the authorized business maintained in this state
- 14 prior to the expansion or location as that is determined under the
- 15 Michigan economic growth authority act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.801 to
- **16** 207.810.
- 17 (ii) The average number of full-time jobs at a facility created
- 18 by an eligible business within 120 days before becoming an
- 19 authorized business that is in excess of the average number of
- 20 full-time jobs that the business maintained in this state 120 days
- 21 before becoming an authorized business, as determined under the
- 22 Michigan economic growth authority act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.801 to
- 23 207.810.
- 24 (f) "Tax rate" means the rate imposed under section 51e of the
- 25 income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.51e, for the tax year
- 26 in which the tax year of the taxpayer for which the credit is being
- 27 computed begins.

- 1 Sec. 33. (1) A taxpayer that is a business located and
- 2 conducting business activity within a renaissance zone may claim a
- 3 credit against the tax imposed by this act for the tax year to the
- 4 extent and for the duration provided pursuant to the Michigan
- 5 renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2681 to 125.2696, equal
- 6 to the lesser of the following:
- 7 (a) The tax liability attributable to business activity
- 8 conducted within a renaissance zone in the tax year.
- 9 (b) Ten percent of adjusted services performed in a designated
- 10 renaissance zone.
- 11 (c) For a taxpayer located and conducting business activity in
- 12 a renaissance zone before January 1, 2008, the product of the
- 13 following:
- 14 (i) The credit claimed under section 39b of former 1975 PA 228
- 15 for the tax year ending in 2007.
- 16 (ii) The ratio of the taxpayer's payroll in this state in the
- 17 tax year divided by the taxpayer's payroll in this state in its tax
- 18 year ending in 2007 under former 1975 PA 228.
- 19 (iii) The ratio of the taxpayer's renaissance zone business
- 20 activity factor for the tax year divided by the taxpayer's
- 21 renaissance zone business activity factor for its tax year ending
- 22 in 2007 under section 39b of former 1975 PA 228.
- 23 (2) Any portion of the taxpayer's tax liability that is
- 24 attributable to illegal activity conducted in the renaissance zone
- 25 shall not be used to calculate a credit under this section.
- 26 (3) The credit allowed under this section continues through
- 27 the tax year in which the renaissance zone designation expires.

- 1 (4) If the amount of the credit allowed under this section
- 2 exceeds the tax liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, that
- 3 portion of the credit that exceeds the tax liability shall not be
- 4 refunded.
- 5 (5) A taxpayer that claims a credit under this section shall
- 6 not employ, pay a speaker fee to, or provide any remuneration,
- 7 compensation, or consideration to any person employed by the state,
- 8 the state administrative board created in 1921 PA 2, MCL 17.1 to
- 9 17.3, or the renaissance zone review board created in 1996 PA 376,
- 10 MCL 125.2681 to 125.2696, whose employment relates or related in
- 11 any way to the authorization or enforcement of the credit allowed
- 12 under this section for any year in which the taxpayer claims a
- 13 credit under this section and for the 3 years after the last year
- 14 that a credit is claimed.
- 15 (6) To be eligible for the credit allowed under this section,
- 16 an otherwise qualified taxpayer shall file an annual return under
- 17 this act in a format determined by the department.
- 18 (7) Any portion of the taxpayer's tax liability that is
- 19 attributable to business activity related to the operation of a
- 20 casino, and business activity that is associated or affiliated with
- 21 the operation of a casino, including, but not limited to, the
- 22 operation of a parking lot, hotel, motel, or retail store, shall
- 23 not be used to calculate a credit under this section.
- 24 (8) As used in this section:
- 25 (a) "Adjusted services performed in a designated renaissance
- 26 zone" means either of the following:
- (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii), the sum of the

- 1 taxpayer's payroll for services performed in a designated
- 2 renaissance zone plus an amount equal to the amount deducted in
- 3 arriving at federal taxable income for the tax year for
- 4 depreciation, amortization, or immediate or accelerated write-off
- 5 for tangible property exempt under section 7ff of the general
- 6 property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ff, in the tax year or, for
- 7 new property, in the immediately following tax year.
- 8 (ii) For a partnership, limited liability company, S
- 9 corporation, or individual, the amount determined under
- 10 subparagraph (i) plus the product of the following as related to the
- 11 taxpayer if greater than zero:
- 12 (A) Business income.
- 13 (B) The ratio of the taxpayer's total sales in this state
- 14 during the tax year divided by the taxpayer's total sales
- 15 everywhere during the tax year.
- 16 (C) The renaissance zone business activity factor.
- 17 (b) "Casino" means a casino regulated by this state pursuant
- 18 to the Michigan gaming control and revenue act, the Initiated Law
- 19 of 1996, MCL 432.201 to 432.226.
- (c) "New property" means property that has not been subject
- 21 to, or exempt from, the collection of taxes under the general
- 22 property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.1 to 211.157, and has not
- 23 been subject to, or exempt from, ad valorem property taxes levied
- 24 in another state, except that receiving an exemption as inventory
- 25 property does not disqualify property.
- (d) "Payroll" means total salaries and wages before deducting
- 27 any personal or dependency exemptions.

- 1 (e) "Renaissance zone" means that term as defined in the
- 2 Michigan renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2681 to
- **3** 125.2696.
- 4 (f) "Renaissance zone business activity factor" means a
- 5 fraction, the numerator of which is the ratio of the average value
- 6 of the taxpayer's property located in a designated renaissance zone
- 7 to the average value of the taxpayer's property in this state plus
- 8 the ratio of the taxpayer's payroll for services performed in a
- 9 designated renaissance zone to all of the taxpayer's payroll in
- 10 this state and the denominator of which is 2.
- 11 (g) "Tax liability attributable to business activity conducted
- 12 within a renaissance zone" means the taxpayer's tax liability
- 13 multiplied by the renaissance zone business activity factor.
- 14 Sec. 34. (1) A qualified taxpayer with a rehabilitation plan
- 15 certified after December 31, 2007 or a qualified taxpayer that has
- 16 a rehabilitation plan certified before January 1, 2008 under
- 17 section 39c of former 1975 PA 228 for the rehabilitation of a
- 18 historic resource for which a certification of completed
- 19 rehabilitation has been issued after the end of the taxpayer's last
- 20 tax year may credit against the tax imposed by this act the amount
- 21 determined pursuant to subsection (2) for the qualified
- 22 expenditures for the rehabilitation of a historic resource pursuant
- 23 to the rehabilitation plan in the year in which the certification
- 24 of completed rehabilitation of the historic resource is issued
- 25 provided that the certification of completed rehabilitation was
- 26 issued not more than 5 years after the rehabilitation plan was
- 27 certified by the Michigan historical center.

- 1 (2) The credit allowed under this section shall be 25% of the
- 2 qualified expenditures that are eligible for the credit under
- 3 section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code if the taxpayer is
- 4 eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal
- 5 revenue code or, if the taxpayer is not eligible for the credit
- 6 under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, 25% of the
- 7 qualified expenditures that would qualify under section 47(a)(2) of
- 8 the internal revenue code except that the expenditures are made to
- 9 a historic resource that is not eligible for the credit under
- 10 section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, subject to both of
- 11 the following:
- 12 (a) A taxpayer with qualified expenditures that are eligible
- 13 for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code
- 14 may not claim a credit under this section for those qualified
- 15 expenditures unless the taxpayer has claimed and received a credit
- 16 for those qualified expenditures under section 47(a)(2) of the
- 17 internal revenue code.
- 18 (b) A credit under this section shall be reduced by the amount
- 19 of a credit received by the taxpayer for the same qualified
- 20 expenditures under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code.
- 21 (3) To be eligible for the credit under this section, the
- 22 taxpayer shall apply to and receive from the Michigan historical
- 23 center certification that the historic significance, the
- 24 rehabilitation plan, and the completed rehabilitation of the
- 25 historic resource meet the criteria under subsection (6) and either
- 26 of the following:
- 27 (a) All of the following criteria:

- ${f 1}$ (i) The historic resource contributes to the significance of
- 2 the historic district in which it is located.
- 3 (ii) Both the rehabilitation plan and completed rehabilitation
- 4 of the historic resource meet the federal secretary of the
- 5 interior's standards for rehabilitation and quidelines for
- 6 rehabilitating historic buildings, 36 CFR part 67.
- 7 (iii) All rehabilitation work has been done to or within the
- 8 walls, boundaries, or structures of the historic resource or to
- 9 historic resources located within the property boundaries of the
- 10 property.
- 11 (b) The taxpayer has received certification from the national
- 12 park service that the historic resource's significance, the
- 13 rehabilitation plan, and the completed rehabilitation qualify for
- 14 the credit allowed under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue
- 15 code.
- 16 (4) If a qualified taxpayer is eligible for the credit allowed
- 17 under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, the qualified
- 18 taxpayer shall file for certification with the center to qualify
- 19 for the credit allowed under section 47(a)(2) of the internal
- 20 revenue code. If the qualified taxpayer has previously filed for
- 21 certification with the center to qualify for the credit allowed
- 22 under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, additional
- 23 filing for the credit allowed under this section is not required.
- 24 (5) The center may inspect a historic resource at any time
- 25 during the rehabilitation process and may revoke certification of
- 26 completed rehabilitation if the rehabilitation was not undertaken
- 27 as represented in the rehabilitation plan or if unapproved

- 1 alterations to the completed rehabilitation are made during the 5
- 2 years after the tax year in which the credit was claimed. The
- 3 center shall promptly notify the department of a revocation.
- 4 (6) Qualified expenditures for the rehabilitation of a
- 5 historic resource may be used to calculate the credit under this
- 6 section if the historic resource meets 1 of the criteria listed in
- 7 subdivision (a) and 1 of the criteria listed in subdivision (b):
- 8 (a) The resource is 1 of the following during the tax year in
- 9 which a credit under this section is claimed for those qualified
- 10 expenditures:
- 11 (i) Individually listed on the national register of historic
- 12 places or state register of historic sites.
- 13 (ii) A contributing resource located within a historic district
- 14 listed on the national register of historic places or the state
- 15 register of historic sites.
- 16 (iii) A contributing resource located within a historic district
- 17 designated by a local unit pursuant to an ordinance adopted under
- 18 the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to
- **19** 399.215.
- 20 (b) The resource meets 1 of the following criteria during the
- 21 tax year in which a credit under this section is claimed for those
- 22 qualified expenditures:
- 23 (i) The historic resource is located in a designated historic
- 24 district in a local unit of government with an existing ordinance
- 25 under the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to
- **26** 399.215.
- 27 (ii) The historic resource is located in an incorporated local

- 1 unit of government that does not have an ordinance under the local
- 2 historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 399.215, and
- 3 has a population of less than 5,000.
- 4 (iii) The historic resource is located in an unincorporated
- 5 local unit of government.
- 6 (iv) The historic resource is located in an incorporated local
- 7 unit of government that does not have an ordinance under the local
- 8 historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 399.215, and is
- 9 located within the boundaries of an association that has been
- 10 chartered under 1889 PA 39, MCL 455.51 to 455.72.
- 11 (7) If a qualified taxpayer is a partnership, limited
- 12 liability company, or subchapter S corporation, the qualified
- 13 taxpayer may assign all or any portion of a credit allowed under
- 14 this section to its partners, members, or shareholders, based on
- 15 the partner's, member's, or shareholder's proportionate share of
- 16 ownership or based on an alternative method approved by the
- 17 department. A credit assignment under this subsection is
- 18 irrevocable and shall be made in the tax year in which a
- 19 certificate of completed rehabilitation is issued. A qualified
- 20 taxpayer may claim a portion of a credit and assign the remaining
- 21 credit amount. A partner, member, or shareholder that is an
- 22 assignee shall not subsequently assign a credit or any portion of a
- 23 credit assigned to the partner, member, or shareholder under this
- 24 subsection. A credit amount assigned under this subsection may be
- 25 claimed against the partner's, member's, or shareholder's tax
- 26 liability under this act or under the income tax act of 1967, 1967
- 27 PA 281, MCL 206.1 to 206.532. A credit assignment under this

- 1 subsection shall be made on a form prescribed by the department.
- 2 The qualified taxpayer and assignees shall send a copy of the
- 3 completed assignment form to the department in the tax year in
- 4 which the assignment is made and attach a copy of the completed
- 5 assignment form to the annual return required to be filed under
- 6 this act for that tax year.
- 7 (8) If the credit allowed under this section for the tax year
- 8 and any unused carryforward of the credit allowed by this section
- 9 exceed the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year, that portion
- 10 that exceeds the tax liability for the tax year shall not be
- 11 refunded but may be carried forward to offset tax liability in
- 12 subsequent tax years for 10 years or until used up, whichever
- 13 occurs first. An unused carryforward of a credit under section 39c
- 14 of former 1975 PA 228 that was unused at the end of the last tax
- 15 year for which former 1975 PA 228 was in effect may be claimed
- 16 against the tax imposed under section 20 for the years the
- 17 carryforward would have been available under section 39c of former
- **18** 1975 PA 228.
- 19 (9) If the taxpayer sells a historic resource for which a
- 20 credit was claimed under this section or under section 39c of
- 21 former 1975 PA 228 less than 5 years after the year in which the
- 22 credit was claimed, the following percentage of the credit amount
- 23 previously claimed relative to that historic resource shall be
- 24 added back to the tax liability of the taxpayer in the year of the
- **25** sale:
- 26 (a) If the sale is less than 1 year after the year in which
- 27 the credit was claimed, 100%.

- 1 (b) If the sale is at least 1 year but less than 2 years after
- 2 the year in which the credit was claimed, 80%.
- 3 (c) If the sale is at least 2 years but less than 3 years
- 4 after the year in which the credit was claimed, 60%.
- 5 (d) If the sale is at least 3 years but less than 4 years
- 6 after the year in which the credit was claimed, 40%.
- 7 (e) If the sale is at least 4 years but less than 5 years
- 8 after the year in which the credit was claimed, 20%.
- 9 (f) If the sale is 5 years or more after the year in which the
- 10 credit was claimed, an addback to the taxpayer's tax liability
- 11 shall not be made.
- 12 (10) If a certification of completed rehabilitation is revoked
- 13 under subsection (5) less than 5 years after the year in which a
- 14 credit was claimed under this section or under section 39c of
- 15 former 1975 PA 228, the following percentage of the credit amount
- 16 previously claimed relative to that historic resource shall be
- 17 added back to the tax liability of the taxpayer in the year of the
- 18 revocation:
- 19 (a) If the revocation is less than 1 year after the year in
- 20 which the credit was claimed, 100%.
- 21 (b) If the revocation is at least 1 year but less than 2 years
- 22 after the year in which the credit was claimed, 80%.
- 23 (c) If the revocation is at least 2 years but less than 3
- 24 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 60%.
- 25 (d) If the revocation is at least 3 years but less than 4
- years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 40%.
- 27 (e) If the revocation is at least 4 years but less than 5

- 1 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 20%.
- 2 (f) If the revocation is 5 years or more after the year in
- 3 which the credit was claimed, an addback to the taxpayer's tax
- 4 liability shall not be made.
- 5 (11) The department of history, arts, and libraries through
- 6 the Michigan historical center may impose a fee to cover the
- 7 administrative cost of implementing the program under this section.
- 8 (12) The qualified taxpayer shall attach all of the following
- 9 to the qualified taxpayer's annual return required under this act
- 10 or under the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.1 to
- 11 206.532, if applicable, on which the credit is claimed:
- 12 (a) Certification of completed rehabilitation.
- 13 (b) Certification of historic significance related to the
- 14 historic resource and the qualified expenditures used to claim a
- 15 credit under this section.
- 16 (c) A completed assignment form if the qualified taxpayer has
- 17 assigned any portion of a credit allowed under this section to a
- 18 partner, member, or shareholder or if the taxpayer is an assignee
- 19 of any portion of a credit allowed under this section.
- 20 (13) The department of history, arts, and libraries shall
- 21 promulgate rules to implement this section pursuant to the
- 22 administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to
- 24.328.
- 24 (14) The total of the credits claimed under this section and
- 25 section 266 of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL
- 26 206.266, for a rehabilitation project shall not exceed 25% of the
- 27 total qualified expenditures eligible for the credit under this

- 1 section for that rehabilitation project.
- 2 (15) The department of history, arts, and libraries through
- 3 the Michigan historical center shall report all of the following to
- 4 the legislature annually for the immediately preceding state fiscal
- 5 year:
- 6 (a) The fee schedule used by the center and the total amount
- 7 of fees collected.
- 8 (b) A description of each rehabilitation project certified.
- 9 (c) The location of each new and ongoing rehabilitation
- 10 project.
- 11 (16) As used in this section:
- 12 (a) "Contributing resource" means a historic resource that
- 13 contributes to the significance of the historic district in which
- 14 it is located.
- 15 (b) "Historic district" means an area, or group of areas not
- 16 necessarily having contiguous boundaries, that contains 1 resource
- 17 or a group of resources that are related by history, architecture,
- 18 archaeology, engineering, or culture.
- 19 (c) "Historic resource" means a publicly or privately owned
- 20 historic building, structure, site, object, feature, or open space
- 21 located within a historic district designated by the national
- 22 register of historic places, the state register of historic sites,
- 23 or a local unit acting under the local historic districts act, 1970
- 24 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 399.215, or that is individually listed on
- 25 the state register of historic sites or national register of
- 26 historic places, and includes all of the following:
- 27 (i) An owner-occupied personal residence or a historic resource

- 1 located within the property boundaries of that personal residence.
- 2 (ii) An income-producing commercial, industrial, or residential
- 3 resource or a historic resource located within the property
- 4 boundaries of that resource.
- 5 (iii) A resource owned by a governmental body, nonprofit
- 6 organization, or tax-exempt entity that is used primarily by a
- 7 taxpayer lessee in a trade or business unrelated to the
- 8 governmental body, nonprofit organization, or tax-exempt entity and
- 9 that is subject to tax under this act.
- 10 (iv) A resource that is occupied or utilized by a governmental
- 11 body, nonprofit organization, or tax-exempt entity pursuant to a
- 12 long-term lease or lease with option to buy agreement.
- (v) Any other resource that could benefit from rehabilitation.
- (d) "Last tax year" means the taxpayer's tax year under former
- 15 1975 PA 228 that begins after December 31, 2006 and before January
- **16** 1, 2008.
- 17 (e) "Local unit" means a county, city, village, or township.
- 18 (f) "Long-term lease" means a lease term of at least 27.5
- 19 years for a residential resource or at least 31.5 years for a
- 20 nonresidential resource.
- 21 (g) "Michigan historical center" or "center" means the state
- 22 historic preservation office of the Michigan historical center of
- 23 the department of history, arts, and libraries or its successor
- 24 agency.
- (h) "Open space" means undeveloped land, a naturally
- 26 landscaped area, or a formal or man-made landscaped area that
- 27 provides a connective link or a buffer between other resources.

- (i) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
 association, governmental entity, or other legal entity.
- 3 (j) "Qualified expenditures" means capital expenditures that
- 4 qualify for a rehabilitation credit under section 47(a)(2) of the
- 5 internal revenue code if the taxpayer is eligible for the credit
- 6 under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code or, if the
- 7 taxpayer is not eliqible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of
- 8 the internal revenue code, the qualified expenditures that would
- 9 qualify under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code except
- 10 that the expenditures are made to a historic resource that is not
- 11 eliqible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal
- 12 revenue code that were paid not more than 5 years after the
- 13 certification of the rehabilitation plan that included those
- 14 expenditures was approved by the center, and that were paid after
- 15 December 31, 1998 for the rehabilitation of a historic resource.
- 16 Qualified expenditures do not include capital expenditures for
- 17 nonhistoric additions to a historic resource except an addition
- 18 that is required by state or federal regulations that relate to
- 19 historic preservation, safety, or accessibility.
- (k) "Qualified taxpayer" means a person that is an assignee
- 21 under subsection (7) or either owns the resource to be
- 22 rehabilitated or has a long-term lease agreement with the owner of
- 23 the historic resource and that has qualified expenditures for the
- 24 rehabilitation of the historic resource equal to or greater than
- 25 10% of the state equalized valuation of the property. If the
- 26 historic resource to be rehabilitated is a portion of a historic or
- 27 nonhistoric resource, the state equalized valuation of only that

- 1 portion of the property shall be used for purposes of this
- 2 subdivision. If the assessor for the local tax collecting unit in
- 3 which the historic resource is located determines the state
- 4 equalized valuation of that portion, that assessor's determination
- 5 shall be used for purposes of this subdivision. If the assessor
- 6 does not determine that state equalized valuation of that portion,
- 7 qualified expenditures, for purposes of this subdivision, shall be
- 8 equal to or greater than 5% of the appraised value as determined by
- 9 a certified appraiser. If the historic resource to be rehabilitated
- 10 does not have a state equalized valuation, qualified expenditures
- 11 for purposes of this subdivision shall be equal to or greater than
- 12 5% of the appraised value of the resource as determined by a
- 13 certified appraiser.
- 14 (l) "Rehabilitation plan" means a plan for the rehabilitation
- 15 of a historic resource that meets the federal secretary of the
- 16 interior's standards for rehabilitation and quidelines for
- 17 rehabilitation of historic buildings under 36 CFR part 67.
- 18 Sec. 35. (1) Subject to the criteria under this section, a
- 19 qualified taxpayer that has unused credits or has a preapproval
- 20 letter issued after December 31, 2007 and before January 1, 2013,
- 21 or a taxpayer that received a preapproval letter prior to January
- 22 1, 2008 under section 38g of former 1975 PA 228 and has not
- 23 received a certificate of completion prior to the taxpayer's last
- 24 tax year, provided that the project is completed not more than 5
- 25 years after the preapproval letter for the project is issued, or an
- 26 assignee under subsection (20), (21), or (22) may claim a credit
- 27 that has been approved under subsection (2), (3), or (4) against

- 1 the tax imposed by this act equal to either of the following:
- 2 (a) If the total of all credits for a project is \$1,000,000.00
- 3 or less, 10% of the cost of the qualified taxpayer's eligible
- 4 investment paid or accrued by the qualified taxpayer on an eligible
- 5 property provided that the project does not exceed the amount
- 6 stated in the preapproval letter. If eligible investment exceeds
- 7 the amount of eligible investment in the preapproval letter for
- 8 that project, the total of all credits for the project shall not
- 9 exceed the total of all credits on the certificate of completion.
- 10 (b) If the total of all credits for a project is more than
- 11 \$1,000,000.00 but \$30,000,000.00 or less and, except as provided in
- 12 subsection (6)(b), the project is located in a qualified local
- 13 governmental unit, a percentage as determined by the Michigan
- 14 economic growth authority not to exceed 10% of the cost of the
- 15 qualified taxpayer's eligible investment as determined under
- 16 subsection (9) paid or accrued by the qualified taxpayer on an
- 17 eligible property. If eligible investment exceeds the amount of
- 18 eligible investment in the preapproval letter for that project, the
- 19 total of all credits for the project shall not exceed the total of
- 20 all credits on the certificate of completion.
- 21 (2) If the cost of a project will be \$2,000,000.00 or less, a
- 22 qualified taxpayer shall apply to the Michigan economic growth
- 23 authority for approval of the project under this subsection. An
- 24 application under this subsection shall state whether the project
- 25 is a multiphase project. The chairperson of the Michigan economic
- 26 growth authority or his or her designee is authorized to approve an
- 27 application or project under this subsection. Only the chairperson

- 1 of the Michigan economic growth authority is authorized to deny an
- 2 application or project under this subsection. A project shall be
- 3 approved or denied not more than 45 days after receipt of the
- 4 application. If the chairperson of the Michigan economic growth
- 5 authority or his or her designee does not approve or deny the
- 6 application within 45 days after the application is received by the
- 7 Michigan economic growth authority, the application is considered
- 8 approved as written. The total of all credits for all projects
- 9 approved under this subsection shall not exceed \$10,000,000.00 in
- 10 any calendar year. If the chairperson of the Michigan economic
- 11 growth authority or his or her designee approves a project under
- 12 this subsection, the chairperson of the Michigan economic growth
- 13 authority or his or her designee shall issue a preapproval letter
- 14 that states that the taxpayer is a qualified taxpayer; the maximum
- 15 total eligible investment for the project on which credits may be
- 16 claimed and the maximum total of all credits for the project when
- 17 the project is completed and a certificate of completion is issued;
- 18 and the project number assigned by the Michigan economic growth
- 19 authority. If a project is denied under this subsection, a taxpayer
- 20 is not prohibited from subsequently applying under this subsection
- 21 for the same project or for another project. If the authority
- 22 approves a total of all credits for all projects under this
- 23 subsection of less than \$10,000,000.00 in a calendar year, the
- 24 authority may carry forward for 1 year only the difference between
- 25 \$10,000,000.00 and the total of all credits for all projects under
- 26 this subsection approved in the immediately preceding calendar
- 27 year. The Michigan economic growth authority shall develop and

- 1 implement the use of the application form to be used for projects
- 2 under this subsection. Before the Michigan economic growth
- 3 authority substantially changes the form, the Michigan economic
- 4 growth authority shall adopt the changes by resolution and give
- 5 notice of the proposed resolution to the secretary of the senate,
- 6 to the clerk of the house of representatives, and to each person
- 7 who requested from the Michigan economic growth authority in
- 8 writing or electronically to be notified regarding proposed
- 9 resolutions. The notice and proposed resolution and all attachments
- 10 shall be published on the Michigan economic growth authority's
- 11 internet website. The Michigan economic growth authority shall hold
- 12 a public hearing not sooner than 14 days and not later than 30 days
- 13 after the date notice of a proposed resolution is given and offer
- 14 an opportunity for persons to present data, views, questions, and
- 15 arguments. The Michigan economic growth authority board members or
- 16 1 or more persons designated by the Michigan economic growth
- 17 authority who have knowledge of the subject matter of the proposed
- 18 resolution shall be present at the public hearing and shall
- 19 participate in the discussion of the proposed resolution. The
- 20 Michigan economic growth authority may act on the proposed
- 21 resolution no sooner than 14 days after the public hearing. The
- 22 Michigan economic growth authority shall produce a final decision
- 23 document that describes the basis for its decision. The final
- 24 resolution and all attachments and the decision document shall be
- 25 provided to the secretary of the senate and to the clerk of the
- 26 house of representatives and shall be published on the Michigan
- 27 economic growth authority's internet website. The notice shall

- 1 include all of the following:
- 2 (a) A copy of the proposed resolution and all attachments.
- 3 (b) A statement that any person may express any data, views,
- 4 or arguments regarding the proposed resolution.
- 5 (c) The address to which written comments may be sent and the
- 6 date by which comments must be mailed or electronically
- 7 transmitted, which date shall not be restricted to only before the
- 8 date of the public hearing.
- 9 (d) The date, time, and place of the public hearing.
- 10 (3) If the cost of a project will be for more than
- 11 \$2,000,000.00 but \$10,000,000.00 or less, a qualified taxpayer
- 12 shall apply to the Michigan economic growth authority for approval
- 13 of the project under this subsection. An application under this
- 14 subsection shall state whether the project is a multiphase project.
- 15 The chairperson of the Michigan economic growth authority or his or
- 16 her designee is authorized to approve an application or project
- 17 under this subsection. Only the chairperson of the Michigan
- 18 economic growth authority is authorized to deny an application or
- 19 project under this subsection. A project shall be approved or
- 20 denied not more than 45 days after receipt of the application. If
- 21 the chairperson of the Michigan economic growth authority or his or
- 22 her designee does not approve or deny an application within 45 days
- 23 after the application is received by the Michigan economic growth
- 24 authority, the application is considered approved as written. The
- 25 total of all credits for all projects approved under this
- 26 subsection shall not exceed \$30,000,000.00 in any calendar year. If
- 27 the authority approves a total of all credits for all projects

- 1 under this subsection of less than \$30,000,000.00 in a calendar
- 2 year, the authority may carry forward for 1 year only the
- 3 difference between \$30,000,000.00 and the total of all credits for
- 4 all projects approved under this subsection in the immediately
- 5 preceding calendar year. The criteria in subsection (7) shall be
- 6 used when approving projects under this subsection. When approving
- 7 projects under this subsection, priority shall be given to projects
- 8 on a facility. The total of all credits for an approved project
- 9 under this subsection shall not exceed \$1,000,000.00. A taxpayer
- 10 may apply under this subsection instead of subsection (4) for
- approval of a project that will be for more than \$10,000,000.00,
- 12 but the total of all credits for that project shall not exceed
- 13 \$1,000,000.00. If the chairperson of the Michigan economic growth
- 14 authority or his or her designee approves a project under this
- 15 subsection, the chairperson of the Michigan economic growth
- 16 authority or his or her designee shall issue a preapproval letter
- 17 that states that the taxpayer is a qualified taxpayer; the maximum
- 18 total eligible investment for the project on which credits may be
- 19 claimed and the maximum total of all credits for the project when
- 20 the project is completed and a certificate of completion is issued;
- 21 and the project number assigned by the Michigan economic growth
- 22 authority. If a project is denied under this subsection, a taxpayer
- 23 is not prohibited from subsequently applying under this subsection
- 24 or subsection (4) for the same project or for another project.
- 25 (4) If the cost of a project will be for more than
- 26 \$10,000,000.00 and, except as provided in subsection (6)(b), the
- 27 project is located in a qualified local governmental unit, a

- 1 qualified taxpayer shall apply to the Michigan economic growth
- 2 authority for approval of the project. An application under this
- 3 subsection shall state whether the project is a multiphase project.
- 4 The Michigan economic growth authority shall approve or deny the
- 5 project not more than 65 days after receipt of the application. A
- 6 project under this subsection shall not be approved without the
- 7 concurrence of the state treasurer. If the Michigan economic growth
- 8 authority does not approve or deny the application within 65 days
- 9 after it receives the application, the Michigan economic growth
- 10 authority shall send the application to the state treasurer. The
- 11 state treasurer shall approve or deny the application within 5 days
- 12 after receipt of the application. If the state treasurer does not
- 13 deny the application within 5 days after receipt of the
- 14 application, the application is considered approved. The Michigan
- 15 economic growth authority shall approve a limited number of
- 16 projects under this subsection during each calendar year as
- 17 provided in subsection (6). The Michigan economic growth authority
- 18 shall use the criteria in subsection (7) when approving projects
- 19 under this subsection, when determining the total amount of
- 20 eligible investment, and when determining the percentage of
- 21 eligible investment for the project to be used to calculate a
- 22 credit. The total of all credits for an approved project under this
- 23 subsection shall not exceed the amount designated in the
- 24 preapproval letter for that project. If the Michigan economic
- 25 growth authority approves a project under this subsection, the
- 26 Michigan economic growth authority shall issue a preapproval letter
- 27 that states that the taxpayer is a qualified taxpayer; the

- 1 percentage of eligible investment for the project determined by the
- 2 Michigan economic growth authority for purposes of subsection
- 3 (1)(b); the maximum total eligible investment for the project on
- 4 which credits may be claimed and the maximum total of all credits
- 5 for the project when the project is completed and a certificate of
- 6 completion is issued; and the project number assigned by the
- 7 Michigan economic growth authority. The Michigan economic growth
- 8 authority shall send a copy of the preapproval letter to the
- 9 department. If a project is denied under this subsection, a
- 10 taxpayer is not prohibited from subsequently applying under this
- 11 subsection or subsection (3) for the same project or for another
- 12 project.
- 13 (5) If the project is on property that is functionally
- 14 obsolete, the taxpayer shall include with the application an
- 15 affidavit signed by a level 3 or level 4 assessor, that states that
- 16 it is the assessor's expert opinion that the property is
- 17 functionally obsolete and the underlying basis for that opinion.
- 18 (6) The Michigan economic growth authority may approve not
- 19 more than 17 projects each calendar year under subsection (4), and
- 20 the following limitations apply:
- 21 (a) Of the 17 projects allowed under this subsection, the
- 22 total of all credits for each project may be more than
- 23 \$10,000,000.00 but \$30,000,000.00 or less for up to 2 projects.
- 24 (b) Of the 17 projects allowed under this subsection, up to 3
- 25 projects may be approved for projects that are not in a qualified
- 26 local governmental unit if the property is a facility for which
- 27 eligible activities are identified in a brownfield plan or, for 1

- 1 of the 3 projects, if the property is not a facility but is
- 2 functionally obsolete or blighted, property identified in a
- 3 brownfield plan. For purposes of this subdivision, a facility
- 4 includes a building or complex of buildings that was used by a
- 5 state or federal agency and that is no longer being used for the
- 6 purpose for which it was used by the state or federal agency.
- 7 (c) Of the 2 projects allowed under subdivision (a), 1 may be
- 8 a project that also qualifies under subdivision (b).
- 9 (7) The Michigan economic growth authority shall review all
- 10 applications for projects under subsection (4) and, if an
- 11 application is approved, shall determine the maximum total of all
- 12 credits for that project. Before approving a project for which the
- 13 total of all credits will be more than \$10,000,000.00 but
- 14 \$30,000,000.00 or less only, the Michigan economic growth authority
- 15 shall determine that the project would not occur in this state
- 16 without the tax credit offered under subsection (4). The Michigan
- 17 economic growth authority shall consider the following criteria to
- 18 the extent reasonably applicable to the type of project proposed
- 19 when approving a project under subsection (4), and the chairperson
- 20 of the Michigan economic growth authority or his or her designee
- 21 shall consider the following criteria to the extent reasonably
- 22 applicable to the type of project proposed when approving a project
- 23 under subsection (2) or (3) or when considering an amendment to a
- 24 project under subsection (9):
- 25 (a) The overall benefit to the public.
- 26 (b) The extent of reuse of vacant buildings and redevelopment
- 27 of blighted property.

- 1 (c) Creation of jobs.
- 2 (d) Whether the eligible property is in an area of high
- 3 unemployment.
- 4 (e) The level and extent of contamination alleviated by the
- 5 qualified taxpayer's eligible activities to the extent known to the
- 6 qualified taxpayer.
- 7 (f) The level of private sector contribution.
- 8 (g) The cost gap that exists between the site and a similar
- 9 greenfield site as determined by the Michigan economic growth
- **10** authority.
- 11 (h) If the qualified taxpayer is moving from another location
- 12 in this state, whether the move will create a brownfield.
- 13 (i) Whether the financial statements of the qualified taxpayer
- 14 indicate that it is financially sound and that the project is
- 15 economically sound.
- 16 (j) Any other criteria that the Michigan economic growth
- 17 authority or the chairperson of the Michigan economic growth
- 18 authority, as applicable, considers appropriate for the
- 19 determination of eligibility under subsection (3) or (4).
- 20 (8) A qualified taxpayer may apply for projects under this
- 21 section for eligible investment on more than 1 eligible property in
- 22 a tax year. Each project approved and each project for which a
- 23 certificate of completion is issued under this section shall be for
- 24 eligible investment on 1 eligible property.
- 25 (9) If, after a taxpayer's project has been approved and the
- 26 taxpayer has received a preapproval letter but before the project
- 27 is completed, the taxpayer determines that the project cannot be

- 1 completed as preapproved, the taxpayer may petition the Michigan
- 2 economic growth authority to amend the project. The total of
- 3 eligible investment for the project as amended shall not exceed the
- 4 amount allowed in the preapproval letter for that project.
- 5 (10) A project may be a multiphase project. If a project is a
- 6 multiphase project, when each component of the multiphase project
- 7 is completed, the taxpayer shall submit documentation that the
- 8 component is complete, an accounting of the cost of the component,
- 9 and the eligible investment for the component of each taxpayer
- 10 eligible for a credit for the project of which the component is a
- 11 part to the Michigan economic growth authority or the designee of
- 12 the Michigan economic growth authority, who shall verify that the
- 13 component is complete. When the completion of the component is
- 14 verified, a component completion certificate shall be issued to the
- 15 qualified taxpayer which shall state that the taxpayer is a
- 16 qualified taxpayer, the credit amount for the component, the
- 17 qualified taxpayer's federal employer identification number or the
- 18 Michigan treasury number assigned to the taxpayer, and the project
- 19 number. The taxpayer may assign all or part of the credit for a
- 20 multiphase project as provided in this section after a component
- 21 completion certificate for a component is issued. The qualified
- 22 taxpayer may transfer ownership of or lease the completed component
- 23 and assign a proportionate share of the credit for the entire
- 24 project to the qualified taxpayer that is the new owner or lessee.
- 25 A multiphase project shall not be divided into more than 20
- 26 components. A component is considered to be completed when a
- 27 certificate of occupancy has been issued by the local municipality

- 1 in which the project is located for all of the buildings or
- 2 facilities that comprise the completed component and a component
- 3 completion certificate is issued. A credit assigned based on a
- 4 multiphase project shall be claimed by the assignee in the tax year
- 5 in which the assignment is made. The total of all credits for a
- 6 multiphase project shall not exceed the amount stated in the
- 7 preapproval letter for the project under subsection (1). If all
- 8 components of a multiphase project are not completed by 10 years
- 9 after the date on which the preapproval letter for the project was
- 10 issued, the qualified taxpayer that received the preapproval letter
- 11 for the project shall pay to the state treasurer, as a penalty, an
- 12 amount equal to the sum of all credits claimed and assigned for all
- 13 components of the multiphase project and no credits based on that
- 14 multiphase project shall be claimed after that date by the
- 15 qualified taxpayer or any assignee of the qualified taxpayer. The
- 16 penalty under this subsection is subject to interest on the amount
- 17 of the credit claimed or assigned determined individually for each
- 18 component at the rate in section 23(2) of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.23,
- 19 beginning on the date that the credit for that component was
- 20 claimed or assigned. As used in this subsection, "proportionate
- 21 share" means the same percentage of the total of all credits for
- 22 the project that the qualified investment for the completed
- 23 component is of the total qualified investment stated in the
- 24 preapproval letter for the entire project.
- 25 (11) When a project under this section is completed, the
- 26 taxpayer shall submit documentation that the project is completed,
- 27 an accounting of the cost of the project, the eligible investment

- 1 of each taxpayer if there is more than 1 taxpayer eligible for a
- 2 credit for the project, and, if the taxpayer is not the owner or
- 3 lessee of the eligible property on which the eligible investment
- 4 was made at the time the project is completed, that the taxpayer
- 5 was the owner or lessee of that eligible property when all eligible
- 6 investment of the taxpayer was made. The chairperson of the
- 7 Michigan economic growth authority or his or her designee, for
- 8 projects approved under subsection (2) or (3), or the Michigan
- 9 economic growth authority, for projects approved under subsection
- 10 (4), shall verify that the project is completed. The Michigan
- 11 economic growth authority shall conduct an on-site inspection as
- 12 part of the verification process for projects approved under
- 13 subsection (4). When the completion of the project is verified, a
- 14 certificate of completion shall be issued to each qualified
- 15 taxpayer that has made eligible investment on that eligible
- 16 property. The certificate of completion shall state the total
- 17 amount of all credits for the project and that total shall not
- 18 exceed the maximum total of all credits listed in the preapproval
- 19 letter for the project under subsection (2), (3), or (4) as
- 20 applicable and shall state all of the following:
- (a) That the taxpayer is a qualified taxpayer.
- (b) The total cost of the project and the eligible investment
- 23 of each qualified taxpayer.
- 24 (c) Each qualified taxpayer's credit amount.
- 25 (d) The qualified taxpayer's federal employer identification
- 26 number or the Michigan treasury number assigned to the taxpayer.
- (e) The project number.

- 1 (f) For a project approved under subsection (4) for which the
- 2 total of all credits is more than \$10,000,000.00 but \$30,000,000.00
- 3 or less, the total of all credits and the schedule on which the
- 4 annual credit amount shall be claimed by the qualified taxpayer.
- 5 (g) For a multiphase project under subsection (10), the amount
- 6 of each credit assigned and the amount of all credits claimed in
- 7 each tax year before the year in which the project is completed.
- 8 (12) Except as otherwise provided in this section, qualified
- 9 taxpayers shall claim credits under this section in the tax year in
- 10 which the certificate of completion is issued. For a project
- 11 approved under subsection (4) for which the total of all credits is
- more than \$10,000,000.00 but \$30,000,000.00 or less, the qualified
- 13 taxpayer shall claim 10% of its approved credit each year for 10
- 14 years. A credit assigned based on a multiphase project shall be
- 15 claimed in the year in which the credit is assigned.
- 16 (13) The cost of eligible investment for leased machinery,
- 17 equipment, or fixtures is the cost of that property had the
- 18 property been purchased minus the lessor's estimate, made at the
- 19 time the lease is entered into, of the market value the property
- 20 will have at the end of the lease. A credit for property described
- 21 in this subsection is allowed only if the cost of that property had
- 22 the property been purchased and the lessor's estimate of the market
- 23 value at the end of the lease are provided to the Michigan economic
- 24 growth authority.
- 25 (14) Credits claimed by a lessee of eligible property are
- 26 subject to the total of all credits limitation under this section.
- 27 (15) Each qualified taxpayer and assignee under subsection

- 1 (20), (21), or (22) that claims a credit under this section shall
- 2 attach a copy of the certificate of completion and, if the credit
- 3 was assigned, a copy of the assignment form provided for under this
- 4 section to the annual return filed under this act on which the
- 5 credit under this section is claimed. An assignee of a credit based
- 6 on a multiphase project shall attach a copy of the assignment form
- 7 provided for under this section and the component completion
- 8 certificate provided for in subsection (10) to the annual return
- 9 filed under this act on which the credit is claimed but is not
- 10 required to file a copy of a certificate of completion.
- 11 (16) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection or
- 12 subsection (10), (18), (20), (21), or (22), a credit under this
- 13 section shall be claimed in the tax year in which the certificate
- 14 of completion is issued to the qualified taxpayer. For a project
- 15 described in subsection (11)(f) for which a schedule for claiming
- 16 annual credit amounts is designated on the certificate of
- 17 completion by the Michigan economic growth authority, the annual
- 18 credit amount shall be claimed in the tax year specified on the
- 19 certificate of completion.
- 20 (17) The credits approved under this section shall be
- 21 calculated after application of all other credits allowed under
- 22 this act. The credits under this section shall be calculated before
- 23 the calculation of the credit under section 32.
- 24 (18) If the credit allowed under this section for the tax year
- 25 and any unused carryforward of the credit allowed under this
- 26 section exceed the qualified taxpayer's or assignee's tax liability
- 27 for the tax year, that portion that exceeds the tax liability for

- 1 the tax year shall not be refunded but may be carried forward to
- 2 offset tax liability in subsequent tax years for 10 years or until
- 3 used up, whichever occurs first. Except as otherwise provided in
- 4 this subsection, the maximum time allowed under the carryforward
- 5 provisions under this subsection begins with the tax year in which
- 6 the certificate of completion is issued to the qualified taxpayer.
- 7 If the qualified taxpayer assigns all or any portion of its credit
- 8 approved under this section, the maximum time allowed under the
- 9 carryforward provisions for an assignee begins to run with the tax
- 10 year in which the assignment is made and the assignee first claims
- 11 a credit, which shall be the same tax year. The maximum time
- 12 allowed under the carryforward provisions for an annual credit
- 13 amount for a credit allowed under subsection (4) begins to run in
- 14 the tax year for which the annual credit amount is designated on
- 15 the certificate of completion issued under this section. A credit
- 16 carryforward available under section 38q of former 1975 PA 228 that
- 17 is unused at the end of the last tax year may be claimed against
- 18 the tax imposed under act for the years the carryforward would have
- 19 been available under former 1975 PA 228.
- 20 (19) If a project or credit under this section is for the
- 21 addition of personal property, if the cost of that personal
- 22 property is used to calculate a credit under this section, and if
- 23 the personal property is sold or disposed of or transferred from
- 24 eligible property to any other location, the qualified taxpayer
- 25 that sold, disposed of, or transferred the personal property shall
- 26 add the same percentage as determined under subsection (1) of the
- 27 federal basis of the personal property used for determining gain or

- 1 loss as of the date of the sale, disposition, or transfer to the
- 2 qualified taxpayer's tax liability under this act after application
- 3 of all credits under this act for the tax year in which the sale,
- 4 disposition, or transfer occurs. If a qualified taxpayer has an
- 5 unused carryforward of a credit under this section, the amount
- 6 otherwise added under this subsection to the qualified taxpayer's
- 7 tax liability may instead be used to reduce the qualified
- 8 taxpayer's carryforward under subsection (18).
- 9 (20) For credits under this section for projects for which a
- 10 certificate of completion is issued before January 1, 2006 and
- 11 except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if a qualified
- 12 taxpayer pays or accrues eligible investment on or to an eligible
- 13 property that is leased for a minimum term of 10 years or sold to
- 14 another taxpayer for use in a business activity, the qualified
- 15 taxpayer may assign all or a portion of the credit under this
- 16 section based on that eliqible investment to the lessee or
- 17 purchaser of that eligible property. A credit assignment under this
- 18 subsection shall only be made to a taxpayer that when the
- 19 assignment is complete will be a qualified taxpayer. All credit
- 20 assignments under this subsection are irrevocable and, except for a
- 21 credit based on a multiphase project, shall be made in the tax year
- 22 in which the certificate of completion is issued, unless the
- 23 assignee is an unknown lessee. If a qualified taxpayer wishes to
- 24 assign all or a portion of its credit to a lessee but the lessee is
- 25 unknown in the tax year in which the certificate of completion is
- 26 issued, the qualified taxpayer may delay claiming and assigning the
- 27 credit until the first tax year in which the lessee is known. A

- 1 qualified taxpayer may claim a portion of a credit and assign the
- 2 remaining credit amount. Except as otherwise provided in this
- 3 subsection, if the qualified taxpayer both claims and assigns
- 4 portions of the credit, the qualified taxpayer shall claim the
- 5 portion it claims in the tax year in which the certificate of
- 6 completion is issued or, for a credit assigned and claimed for a
- 7 multiphase project before a certificate of completion is issued,
- 8 the taxpayer shall claim the credit in the year in which the credit
- 9 is assigned. If a qualified taxpayer assigns all or a portion of
- 10 the credit and the eliqible property is leased to more than 1
- 11 taxpayer, the qualified taxpayer shall determine the amount of
- 12 credit assigned to each lessee. A lessee shall not subsequently
- 13 assign a credit or any portion of a credit assigned under this
- 14 subsection. A purchaser may subsequently assign a credit or any
- 15 portion of a credit assigned to the purchaser under this subsection
- 16 to a lessee of the eligible property. The credit assignment under
- 17 this subsection shall be made on a form prescribed by the Michigan
- 18 economic growth authority. The qualified taxpayer shall send a copy
- 19 of the completed assignment form to the Michigan economic growth
- 20 authority in the tax year in which the assignment is made. The
- 21 assignee shall attach a copy of the completed assignment form to
- 22 its annual return required to be filed under this act, for the tax
- 23 year in which the assignment is made and the assignee first claims
- 24 a credit, which shall be the same tax year. In addition to all
- 25 other procedures under this subsection, the following apply if the
- 26 total of all credits for a project is more than \$10,000,000.00 but
- **27** \$30,000,000.00 or less:

- 1 (a) The credit shall be assigned based on the schedule
- 2 contained in the certificate of completion.
- 3 (b) If the qualified taxpayer assigns all or a portion of the
- 4 credit amount, the qualified taxpayer shall assign the annual
- 5 credit amount for each tax year separately.
- 6 (c) More than 1 annual credit amount may be assigned to any 1
- 7 assignee and the qualified taxpayer may assign all or a portion of
- 8 each annual credit amount to any assignee.
- 9 (d) The qualified taxpayer shall not assign more than the
- 10 annual credit amount for each tax year.
- 11 (21) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, for
- 12 projects for which a certificate of completion is issued before
- 13 January 1, 2006, and except as otherwise provided in this
- 14 subsection, if a qualified taxpayer is a partnership, limited
- 15 liability company, or subchapter S corporation, the qualified
- 16 taxpayer may assign all or a portion of a credit under this section
- 17 to its partners, members, or shareholders, based on their
- 18 proportionate share of ownership of the partnership, limited
- 19 liability company, or subchapter S corporation or based on an
- 20 alternative method approved by the Michigan economic growth
- 21 authority. A credit assignment under this subsection is irrevocable
- 22 and, except for a credit assignment based on a multiphase project,
- 23 shall be made in the tax year in which a certificate of completion
- 24 is issued. A qualified taxpayer may claim a portion of a credit and
- 25 assign the remaining credit amount. Except as otherwise provided in
- 26 this subsection, if the qualified taxpayer both claims and assigns
- 27 portions of the credit, the qualified taxpayer shall claim the

- 1 portion it claims in the tax year in which a certificate of
- 2 completion is issued or for a credit assigned and claimed for a
- 3 multiphase project, before the component completion certificate is
- 4 issued, the taxpayer shall claim the credit in the year in which
- 5 the credit is assigned. A partner, member, or shareholder that is
- 6 an assignee shall not subsequently assign a credit or any portion
- 7 of a credit assigned under this subsection. The credit assignment
- 8 under this subsection shall be made on a form prescribed by the
- 9 Michigan economic growth authority. The qualified taxpayer shall
- 10 send a copy of the completed assignment form to the Michigan
- 11 economic growth authority in the tax year in which the assignment
- 12 is made. A partner, member, or shareholder who is an assignee shall
- 13 attach a copy of the completed assignment form to its annual return
- 14 required under this act, for the tax year in which the assignment
- 15 is made and the assignee first claims a credit, which shall be the
- 16 same tax year. A credit assignment based on a credit for a
- 17 component of a multiphase project that is completed before January
- 18 1, 2006 shall be made under this subsection. In addition to all
- 19 other procedures under this subsection, the following apply if the
- 20 total of all credits for a project is more than \$10,000,000.00 but
- **21** \$30,000,000.00 or less:
- 22 (a) The credit shall be assigned based on the schedule
- 23 contained in the certificate of completion.
- 24 (b) If the qualified taxpayer assigns all or a portion of the
- 25 credit amount, the qualified taxpayer shall assign the annual
- 26 credit amount for each tax year separately.
- (c) More than 1 annual credit amount may be assigned to any 1

- 1 assignee and the qualified taxpayer may assign all or a portion of
- 2 each annual credit amount to any assignee.
- 3 (d) The qualified taxpayer shall not assign more than the
- 4 annual credit amount for each tax year.
- 5 (22) For projects approved under section 38g of former 1975 PA
- 6 228 for which a certificate of completion is issued on and after
- 7 January 1, 2006, a qualified taxpayer may assign all or a portion
- 8 of a credit allowed under section 38g(2), (3), or (33) of former
- 9 1975 PA 228 under this subsection. A credit assignment under this
- 10 subsection is irrevocable and, except for a credit assignment based
- 11 on a multiphase project, shall be made in the tax year in which a
- 12 certificate of completion is issued unless the assignee is an
- 13 unknown lessee. If a qualified taxpayer wishes to assign all or a
- 14 portion of its credit to a lessee but the lessee is unknown in the
- 15 tax year in which the certificate of completion is issued, the
- 16 qualified taxpayer may delay claiming and assigning the credit
- 17 until the first tax year in which the lessee is known. A qualified
- 18 taxpayer may claim a portion of a credit and assign the remaining
- 19 credit amount. If the qualified taxpayer both claims and assigns
- 20 portions of the credit, the qualified taxpayer shall claim the
- 21 portion it claims in the tax year in which a certificate of
- 22 completion is issued pursuant to section 38g of former 1975 PA 228.
- 23 An assignee may subsequently assign a credit or any portion of a
- 24 credit assigned under this subsection to 1 or more assignees. An
- 25 assignment under this subsection of a credit allowed under section
- 26 38g(2), (3), or (33) of former 1975 PA 228 shall not be made after
- 27 10 years after the first tax year in which that credit under

- 1 section 38g(2), (3), or (33) of former 1975 PA 228 may be claimed.
- 2 The credit assignment or a subsequent reassignment under this
- 3 subsection shall be made on a form prescribed by the Michigan
- 4 economic growth authority. The qualified taxpayer shall send a copy
- 5 of the completed assignment form to the Michigan economic growth
- 6 authority in the tax year in which an assignment or reassignment is
- 7 made. An assignee or subsequent reassignee shall attach a copy of
- 8 the completed assignment form to its annual return required under
- 9 this act, for the tax year in which the assignment or reassignment
- 10 is made and the assignee or reassignee first claims a credit, which
- 11 shall be the same tax year. A credit assignment based on a credit
- 12 for a component of a multiphase project that is completed before
- 13 January 1, 2006 shall be made under section 38g(18) of former 1975
- 14 PA 228. A credit assignment based on a credit for a component of a
- 15 multiphase project that is completed on or after January 1, 2006
- 16 may be made under this section. In addition to all other procedures
- 17 and requirements under this section, the following apply if the
- 18 total of all credits for a project is more than \$10,000,000.00 but
- **19** \$30,000,000.00 or less:
- 20 (a) The credit shall be assigned based on the schedule
- 21 contained in the certificate of completion.
- 22 (b) If the qualified taxpayer assigns all or a portion of the
- 23 credit amount, the qualified taxpayer shall assign the annual
- 24 credit amount for each tax year separately.
- (c) More than 1 annual credit amount may be assigned to any 1
- 26 assignee, and the qualified taxpayer may assign all or a portion of
- 27 each annual credit amount to any assignee.

- 1 (23) A qualified taxpayer or assignee under subsection (20),
- 2 (21), or (22) shall not claim a credit under subsection (1)(a) or
- 3 (b) based on eligible investment on which a credit claimed under
- 4 section 38d of former 1975 PA 228 was based.
- 5 (24) The Michigan economic growth authority may certify a
- 6 credit under this section based on an agreement entered into prior
- 7 to January 1, 2008 pursuant to section 38g of former 1975 PA 228.
- 8 The number of years for which the credit under this subsection may
- 9 be claimed under this act shall equal the maximum number of years
- 10 designated in the agreement reduced by the number of years for
- 11 which a credit had been claimed under section 38g of former 1975 PA
- **12** 228.
- 13 (25) An eligible taxpayer that claims a credit under this
- 14 section is not prohibited from claiming a credit under section 32.
- 15 However, the eligible taxpayer shall not claim a credit under this
- 16 section and section 32 based on the same costs.
- 17 (26) Eligible investment attributable or related to the
- 18 operation of a professional sports stadium, and eligible investment
- 19 that is associated or affiliated with the operation of a
- 20 professional sports stadium, including, but not limited to, the
- 21 operation of a parking lot or retail store, shall not be used as a
- 22 basis for a credit under this section. Professional sports stadium
- 23 does not include a professional sports stadium that will no longer
- 24 be used by a professional sports team on and after the date that an
- 25 application related to that professional sports stadium is filed
- 26 under this section.
- 27 (27) Eligible investment attributable or related to the

- 1 operation of a casino, and eligible investment that is associated
- 2 or affiliated with the operation of a casino, including, but not
- 3 limited to, the operation of a parking lot, hotel, motel, or retail
- 4 store, shall not be used as a basis for a credit under this
- 5 section. As used in this subsection, "casino" means a casino
- 6 regulated by this state pursuant to the Michigan gaming control and
- 7 revenue act, the Initiated Law of 1996, MCL 432.201 to 432.226.
- 8 (28) Eligible investment attributable or related to the
- 9 construction of a new landfill or the expansion of an existing
- 10 landfill regulated under part 115 of the natural resources and
- 11 environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.11501 to
- 12 324.11550, shall not be used as a basis for a credit under this
- 13 section.
- 14 (29) The Michigan economic growth authority annually shall
- 15 prepare and submit to the house of representatives and senate
- 16 committees responsible for tax policy and economic development
- 17 issues a report on the credits under subsection (3). The report
- 18 shall include, but is not limited to, all of the following:
- 19 (a) A listing of the projects under subsection (3) that were
- 20 approved in the calendar year.
- 21 (b) The total amount of eligible investment for projects
- 22 approved under subsection (3) in the calendar year.
- 23 (30) As used in this section:
- 24 (a) "Annual credit amount" means the maximum amount that a
- 25 qualified taxpayer is eligible to claim each tax year for a project
- 26 for which the total of all credits is more than \$10,000,000.00 but
- 27 \$30,000,000.00 or less, which shall be 10% of the qualified

- 1 taxpayer's credit amount approved under subsection (3).
- 2 (b) "Authority" means a brownfield redevelopment authority
- 3 created under the brownfield redevelopment financing act, 1996 PA
- 4 381, MCL 125.2651 to 125.2672.
- 5 (c) "Authorized business", "full-time job", "new capital
- 6 investment", "qualified high-technology business", "retained jobs",
- 7 and "written agreement" mean those terms as defined in the Michigan
- 8 economic growth authority act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.801 to 207.810.
- 9 (d) "Blighted", "brownfield plan", "eligible activities",
- 10 "facility", "functionally obsolete", "qualified local governmental
- 11 unit", and "response activity" mean those terms as defined in the
- 12 brownfield redevelopment financing act, 1996 PA 381, MCL 125.2651
- **13** to 125.2672.
- 14 (e) "Eligible investment" means demolition, construction,
- 15 restoration, alteration, renovation, or improvement of buildings or
- 16 site improvements on eligible property and the addition of
- 17 machinery, equipment, and fixtures to eligible property after the
- 18 date that eligible activities on that eligible property have
- 19 started pursuant to a brownfield plan under the brownfield
- 20 redevelopment financing act, 1996 PA 381, MCL 125.2651 to 125.2672,
- 21 and after the date that the preapproval letter is issued, if the
- 22 costs of the eliqible investment are not otherwise reimbursed to
- 23 the taxpayer or paid for on behalf of the taxpayer from any source
- 24 other than the taxpayer. The addition of leased machinery,
- 25 equipment, or fixtures to eligible property by a lessee of the
- 26 machinery, equipment, or fixtures is eligible investment if the
- 27 lease of the machinery, equipment, or fixtures has a minimum term

- 1 of 10 years or is for the expected useful life of the machinery,
- 2 equipment, or fixtures, and if the owner of the machinery,
- 3 equipment, or fixtures is not the qualified taxpayer with regard to
- 4 that machinery, equipment, or fixtures.
- 5 (f) "Eligible property" means that term as defined in the
- 6 brownfield redevelopment financing act, 1996 PA 381, MCL 125.2651
- 7 to 125.2672, except that, for purposes of subsection (2), all of
- 8 the following apply:
- 9 (i) Eligible property means property identified under a
- 10 brownfield plan that was used or is currently used for commercial,
- 11 industrial, or residential purposes and that is 1 of the following:
- 12 (A) Property for which eligible activities are identified
- 13 under the brownfield plan, is in a qualified local governmental
- 14 unit, and is a facility, functionally obsolete, or blighted.
- 15 (B) Property that is not in a qualified local governmental
- 16 unit but is within a downtown development district established
- 17 under 1975 PA 197, MCL 125.1651 to 125.1681, and is functionally
- 18 obsolete or blighted, and a component of the project on that
- 19 eligible property is 1 or more of the following:
- 20 (I) Infrastructure improvements that directly benefit the
- 21 eligible property.
- 22 (II) Demolition of structures that is not response activity
- 23 under section 20101 of the natural resources and environmental
- 24 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
- 25 (III) Lead or asbestos abatement.
- 26 (IV) Site preparation that is not response activity under
- 27 section 20101 of the natural resources and environmental protection

- 1 act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
- 2 (C) Property for which eligible activities are identified
- 3 under the brownfield plan, is not in a qualified local governmental
- 4 unit, and is a facility.
- 5 (ii) Eligible property includes parcels that are adjacent or
- 6 contiguous to the eligible property if the development of the
- 7 adjacent or contiquous parcels is estimated to increase the
- 8 captured taxable value of the property or tax reverted property
- 9 owned or under the control of a land bank fast track authority
- 10 pursuant to the land bank fast track authority act, 2003 PA 258,
- **11** MCL 124.751 to 124.774.
- 12 (iii) Eligible property includes, to the extent included in the
- 13 brownfield plan, personal property located on the eligible
- 14 property.
- 15 (iv) Eligible property does not include qualified agricultural
- 16 property exempt under section 7ee of the general property tax act,
- 17 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ee, from the tax levied by a local school
- 18 district for school operating purposes to the extent provided under
- 19 section 1211 of the revised school code, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.1211.
- 20 (g) "Last tax year" means the taxpayer's tax year under former
- 21 1975 PA 228 that begins after December 31, 2006 and before January
- **22** 1, 2008.
- (h) "Michigan economic growth authority" means the Michigan
- 24 economic growth authority created in the Michigan economic growth
- 25 authority act, 1995 PA 24, MCL 207.801 to 207.810.
- (i) "Multiphase project" means a project approved under this
- 27 section that has more than 1 component, each of which can be

- 1 completed separately.
- 2 (j) "Personal property" means that term as defined in section
- 3 8 of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.8, except
- 4 that personal property does not include either of the following:
- 5 (i) Personal property described in section 8(h), (i), or (j) of
- 6 the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.8.
- 7 (ii) Buildings described in section 14(6) of the general
- 8 property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.14.
- 9 (k) "Project" means the total of all eligible investment on an
- 10 eligible property or, for purposes of subsection (6)(b), 1 of the
- 11 following:
- 12 (i) All eligible investment on property not in a qualified
- 13 local governmental unit that is a facility.
- 14 (ii) All eligible investment on property that is not a facility
- 15 but is functionally obsolete or blighted.
- 16 (1) "Qualified local governmental unit" means that term as
- 17 defined in the obsolete property rehabilitation act, 2000 PA 146,
- **18** MCL 125.2781 to 125.2797.
- 19 (m) "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer that meets both of
- 20 the following criteria:
- 21 (i) Owns or leases eligible property.
- 22 (ii) Certifies that, except as otherwise provided in this
- 23 subparagraph, the department of environmental quality has not sued
- 24 or issued a unilateral order to the taxpayer pursuant to part 201
- 25 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA
- 26 451, MCL 324.20101 to 324.20142, to compel response activity on or
- 27 to the eligible property, or expended any state funds for response

- 1 activity on or to the eligible property and demanded reimbursement
- 2 for those expenditures from the qualified taxpayer. However, if the
- 3 taxpayer has completed all response activity required by part 201
- 4 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA
- 5 451, MCL 324.20101 to 324.20142, is in compliance with any deed
- 6 restriction or administrative or judicial order related to the
- 7 required response activity, and has reimbursed the state for all
- 8 costs incurred by the state related to the required response
- 9 activity, the taxpayer meets the criteria under this subparagraph.
- 10 Sec. 36. (1) A qualified taxpayer that makes an eligible
- 11 contribution in an eligible business may claim a credit against the
- 12 tax imposed by the act equal to 50% of the taxpayer's eligible
- 13 contribution, not to exceed \$500,000.00.
- 14 (2) Prior to making an eligible contribution, a qualified
- 15 taxpayer shall submit an application to the authority for approval
- 16 of the credit. The application shall include at least all of the
- 17 following:
- 18 (a) An economic impact analysis, including all of the
- 19 following:
- 20 (i) The impact on both the qualified taxpayer and eligible
- 21 business.
- 22 (ii) The innovation impact on the technology sector.
- 23 (iii) The number of jobs created.
- 24 (b) A project and collaboration structure that includes:
- 25 (i) The structure of investment between the qualified taxpayer
- 26 and eligible business.
- 27 (ii) Technology development roles and responsibilities.

- 1 (iii) A commercialization plan, including intellectual property
- 2 structure.
- 3 (c) A technology summary, including a due diligence review by
- 4 the qualified taxpayer.
- 5 (d) Other collaborators or interested and supportive
- 6 businesses.
- 7 (i) A financial summary.
- 8 (ii) Total eligible contribution by the qualified taxpayer.
- 9 (iii) In-kind services provided by the qualified taxpayer.
- 10 (iv) Other investors or service providers in the project.
- 11 (v) Total overall investment into the project.
- 12 (3) The authority shall develop criteria to competitively
- 13 review applications, including, but not limited to, criteria
- 14 related to all of the following:
- 15 (a) Economic impact in Michigan.
- 16 (b) Total cash investment by the qualified taxpayer.
- 17 (c) Total in-kind services provided by the qualified taxpayer.
- (d) Other collaborators and services provided.
- 19 (e) Impact of technology development across specific and other
- 20 sectors.
- 21 (f) The commercialization plan and potential for
- 22 commercialization.
- 23 (4) A qualified taxpayer shall not claim a credit under this
- 24 section unless the Michigan economic growth authority has issued a
- 25 certificate to the taxpayer. The taxpayer shall attach the
- 26 certificate to the annual return filed under this act on which a
- 27 credit under this section is claimed.

- 1 (5) The certificate required by subsection (4) shall state all
- 2 of the following:
- 3 (a) The taxpayer is an eligible business.
- 4 (b) The amount of the credit under this section for the
- 5 eligible business for the designated tax year, which shall be the
- 6 year in which contribution is made.
- 7 (c) The taxpayer's federal employer identification number or
- 8 the Michigan department of treasury number assigned to the
- 9 taxpayer.
- 10 (6) The authority shall not grant more than 25 credits under
- 11 this section for any 1 year, based on an application and a
- 12 competitive review criteria.
- 13 (7) A qualified taxpayer that receives a credit under this
- 14 section and the eligible business to which a contribution is made
- 15 shall enter into an agreement with the authority that requires the
- 16 qualified taxpayer and the eligible business to comply with the
- 17 relevant provisions of the application as determined by the
- 18 authority for a period of 5 years. If the authority determines that
- 19 there has not been compliance with the requirements of the terms of
- 20 the agreement, the qualified taxpayer shall be liable for an amount
- 21 equal to 125% of the total of all credits received under this
- 22 section for all tax years.
- 23 (8) As used in this section:
- 24 (a) "Authority" means the Michigan economic growth authority
- 25 created in the Michigan economic growth authority act, 1995 PA 24,
- 26 MCL 207.801 to 207.810.
- (b) "Eligible contribution" means the transfer of pecuniary

- 1 interest in the form of cash, for the purposes of research and
- 2 development and technology innovation. An eligible contribution
- 3 does not include contract research.
- 4 (c) "Eligible business" means a taxpayer engaged in research
- 5 and development that together with any affiliates employs fewer
- 6 than 50 full-time employees or has gross receipts of less than
- 7 \$10,000,000.00 and has no prior financial interest in the qualified
- 8 taxpayer and in which the qualified taxpayer has no prior financial
- 9 interest.
- 10 (d) "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer that meets all of
- 11 the following criteria:
- 12 (i) Proposes to fund, support, and collaborate in the research
- 13 and development and technology innovation with an eligible business
- 14 located in this state.
- 15 (ii) Has not received a credit under this section in the past
- 16 calendar year.
- 17 (e) "Research and development" means 1 of the following:
- 18 (i) Translational research conducted with the objective of
- 19 attaining a specific benefit or to solve a practical problem.
- 20 (ii) Activity that seeks to utilize, synthesize, or apply
- 21 existing knowledge, information, or resources to the resolution of
- 22 a specified problem, question, or issue, with high potential for
- 23 commercial application to create jobs in this state.
- 24 (iii) Original investigation for the advancement of scientific
- 25 or technological knowledge that will enhance the research capacity
- 26 of this state in a way that increases the ability to attract to or
- 27 develop companies, jobs, researchers, or students in this state.

- 1 Sec. 37. (1) A taxpayer, other than a taxpayer that is a
- 2 member of an affiliated group, a controlled group of corporations,
- 3 or an entity under common control, whose gross receipts allocated
- 4 or apportioned to this state are greater than \$350,000.00 but less
- 5 than \$700,000.00, may claim a credit against the tax imposed under
- 6 this act equal to the tax liability after the credit under section
- 7 25 and before all other credits multiplied by a fraction the
- 8 numerator of which is the difference between the taxpayer's
- 9 allocated or apportioned gross receipts and \$700,000.00 and the
- denominator of which is \$350,000.00.
- 11 (2) A taxpayer that is a member of an affiliated group, a
- 12 controlled group of corporations, or an entity under common
- 13 control, whose gross receipts allocated or apportioned to this
- 14 state are greater than \$100,000.00 but less than \$200,000.00, may
- 15 claim a credit against the tax imposed under this act equal to the
- 16 tax liability after the credit under section 25 and before all
- 17 other credits multiplied by a fraction the numerator of which is
- 18 the difference between the taxpayer's allocated or apportioned
- 19 gross receipts and \$200,000.00 and the denominator of which is
- 20 \$200,000.00.
- 21 Sec 38. (1) A taxpayer that maintains a headquarters facility
- 22 in this state may claim a credit against the tax imposed by this
- 23 act equal to the aggregate amount of all credits calculated under
- 24 subsection (2).
- 25 (2) The credit under this section shall be calculated
- 26 individually for each headquarters staff employee as follows:
- 27 (a) If the annual wages subject to taxation for federal

- 1 medicare payments for a headquarters staff employee are greater
- 2 than the average annual wages subject to taxation for federal
- 3 medicare payments for employees who are not headquarters staff
- 4 employees, then subtract the amount of the average annual wages
- 5 subject to taxation for federal medicare payments for employees of
- 6 the taxpayer who are not headquarters staff employees from each
- 7 headquarters staff employee's annual wages subject to taxation for
- 8 federal medicare payments or \$200,000.00, whichever is less.
- 9 (b) Multiply the result of the calculation in subdivision (a)
- **10** by 0.10.
- 11 (3) If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability of
- 12 the taxpayer for the tax year, the excess shall not be refunded.
- 13 (4) As used in this section:
- 14 (a) "Administrative employee" means an employee who is not
- 15 primarily involved in manual work and whose work is directly
- 16 related to management policies or general headquarters operations.
- 17 (b) "Executive employee" means an employee who is primarily
- 18 engaged in the management of all or part of the total business
- 19 enterprise.
- 20 (c) "Full-time" means a minimum of 35 hours of an employee's
- 21 time a week for the entire normal year of company operations.
- 22 (d) "Headquarters facility" means the principal or central
- 23 administrative office of a multistate taxpayer where not fewer than
- 24 500 full-time headquarters staff employees are located and employed
- 25 and where the primary headquarters related functions and services
- 26 are performed. If 90% or more of a taxpayer's headquarters-related
- 27 functions and services are performed in this state, all sites in

- 1 this state where such activities are performed are deemed to be 1
- 2 headquarters facility.
- 3 (e) "Headquarters-related functions and services" means those
- 4 functions involving financial, personnel, administrative, legal,
- 5 planning, or similar business functions performed by headquarters
- 6 staff employees.
- 7 (f) "Headquarters staff employee" means a full-time executive,
- 8 administrative, or professional employee performing headquarters-
- 9 related functions and services.
- 10 (g) "Professional employee" means an employee whose primary
- 11 duties require knowledge of an advanced type in a field of science
- 12 or learning. Such knowledge is characterized by a prolonged course
- 13 of specialized study. A professional employee's work must be
- 14 original and creative in nature and cannot be standardized over a
- 15 specific period of time. The work must require consistent exercise
- 16 of discretion, and the employee must spend at least 80% of his or
- 17 her time performing work directly related to management policies
- 18 and centralized activities.
- 19 CHAPTER 3
- Sec. 40. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the
- 21 entire tax base of the taxpayer whose business activities are
- 22 confined solely to this state shall be allocated to this state.
- 23 Sec. 42. All of the tax base, other than the tax base derived
- 24 principally from transportation or financial services or
- 25 specifically allocated, shall be apportioned to this state by
- 26 multiplying the tax base by the sales factor. However, a taxpayer
- 27 that has no sales within this state shall apportion the tax base

- 1 using the average of the payroll and property factors.
- 2 Sec. 43. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the
- 3 property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the
- 4 average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property
- 5 owned or rented in this state during the tax year and the
- 6 denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's
- 7 real and tangible personal property owned or rented during the tax
- 8 year.
- 9 (2) The property factor for a foreign person is a fraction,
- 10 the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real
- 11 and tangible personal property owned or rented in this state during
- 12 the tax year by the taxpayer and the denominator of which is the
- 13 average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal
- 14 property owned or rented in the United States during the tax year.
- 15 (3) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its original
- 16 cost. Property rented by the taxpayer is valued at 8 times the net
- 17 annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual rental
- 18 rate paid by the taxpayer less any annual rental rate received by
- 19 the taxpayer from subrentals.
- 20 (4) The average value of property shall be determined by
- 21 averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the tax year,
- 22 except that the department may require the periodic averaging of
- 23 values during the tax year if doing that is reasonably required to
- 24 properly reflect the average value of the taxpayer's property.
- 25 Sec. 44. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2),
- 26 the payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the
- 27 total wages paid in this state during the tax year by the taxpayer

- 1 and the denominator of which is the total wages paid everywhere
- 2 during the tax year by the taxpayer. For the purposes of this
- 3 chapter only, "wages" means all wages, salaries, fees, bonuses, and
- 4 commissions paid in the tax year on behalf of or for the benefit of
- 5 employees, officers, or directors of the taxpayer and includes, but
- 6 is not limited to, payments that are subject to or specifically
- 7 exempt or excepted from withholding under sections 3401 to 3406 of
- 8 the internal revenue code.
- 9 (2) The payroll factor for a foreign person is a fraction, the
- 10 numerator of which is the total wages paid for services performed
- 11 in this state during the tax year by the taxpayer and the
- 12 denominator of which is the total wages paid for services performed
- in the United States during the tax year by the taxpayer.
- 14 (3) Wages are considered paid in this state in the following
- 15 circumstances:
- 16 (a) The individual's service is performed entirely within the
- 17 state.
- 18 (b) The individual's service is performed both within and
- 19 without the state, but the service performed without the state is
- 20 incidental to the individual's service within the state.
- 21 (c) Some of the individual's service is performed in the state
- 22 and the base of operations or, if there is no base of operations,
- 23 the place from which the service is directed or controlled is in
- 24 the state; or the base of operations or the place from which the
- 25 service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some
- 26 part of the service is performed, but the individual's residence is
- 27 in this state.

- 1 Sec. 45. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)
- 2 and section 46, the sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of
- 3 which is the total sales of the taxpayer in this state during the
- 4 tax year and the denominator of which is the total sales of the
- 5 taxpayer everywhere during the tax year.
- 6 (2) The sales factor for a foreign person is a fraction, the
- 7 numerator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer in this state
- 8 during the tax year and the denominator of which is the total sales
- 9 of the taxpayer in the United States during the tax year.
- 10 (3) Sales of tangible personal property are in this state if
- 11 the property is shipped or delivered to any purchaser within this
- 12 state regardless of the free on board point or other conditions of
- 13 the sales and if personal property is shipped from an office,
- 14 store, warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in this state
- 15 and the taxpayer is not taxable in the state of the purchaser. For
- 16 the purposes of this subsection only, "state" means any state of
- 17 the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
- 18 Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, or a
- 19 political subdivision thereof.
- 20 (4) Sales in this state also include the receipts from the
- 21 sale, lease, rental, or licensing of real property located in this
- 22 state and the lease, rental, or licensing of tangible personal
- 23 property located in this state.
- 24 (5) Royalties and other income received for the use of or for
- 25 the privilege of using intangible property, including patents,
- 26 know-how, formulas, designs, processes, patterns, copyrights, trade
- 27 names, service names, franchises, licenses, contracts, customer

- 1 lists, or similar items, are attributed to the state in which the
- 2 property is used by the purchaser. If the property is used in more
- 3 than 1 state, the royalties or other income shall be apportioned to
- 4 this state pro rata according to the portion of use in this state.
- 5 If the portion of use in this state cannot be determined, the
- 6 royalties or other income shall be excluded from both the numerator
- 7 and the denominator. Intangible property is used in this state if
- 8 the purchaser uses the intangible property or the rights to the
- 9 intangible property in the regular course of its business
- 10 operations in this state, regardless of the location of the
- 11 purchaser's customers.
- 12 (6) Sales, other than sales of tangible personal property, are
- in this state in any of the following circumstances:
- 14 (a) The business activity is performed in this state.
- 15 (b) The business activity is performed both within and outside
- 16 of this state and, based on costs of performance, a greater
- 17 proportion of the business activity is performed within this state
- 18 than is performed outside this state.
- 19 (c) The business activity is planning, designing, or otherwise
- 20 facilitating construction activities within this state.
- 21 (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6), receipts
- 22 derived by a mortgage company from the origination or sale of a
- 23 loan secured by residential real property is deemed a sale in this
- 24 state only if 1 or more of the following apply:
- 25 (a) The real property is located in this state.
- 26 (b) The real property is located both within this state and 1
- 27 or more other states and more than 50% of the fair market value of

- 1 the real property is located within this state.
- 2 (c) More than 50% of the real property is not located in any 1
- 3 state and the borrower is located in this state.
- 4 (8) For purposes of subsection (7), a borrower is considered
- 5 located in this state if the borrower's billing address is in this
- 6 state.
- 7 (9) For purposes of subsection (7), "mortgage company" means a
- 8 person who has greater than 70% of its revenues, in the ordinary
- 9 course of business, from the origination, sale, or servicing of
- 10 residential mortgage loans.
- 11 Sec. 46. (1) Notwithstanding section 45, a spun off
- 12 corporation that qualified to calculate its sales factor for 7
- 13 years under section 54 of former 1975 PA 228 may elect to calculate
- 14 its sales factor under this section for an additional 4 years
- 15 following those 7 years or 3 years if a taxpayer had an election
- 16 approved under section 54(1)(e) of former 1975 PA 228. Prior to the
- 17 end of the first year following the 7 years for which the taxpayer
- 18 qualified under section 54 of former 1975 PA 228 and if the spun
- 19 off corporation is not required to file amended returns under
- 20 section 54(5) of former 1975 PA 228, the spun off corporation may
- 21 request, in writing, approval from the state treasurer for the
- 22 election of the 4 additional years under this section. If the
- 23 taxpayer had an election approved under section 54(1)(e) of former
- 24 1978 PA 228, the taxpayer is not required to seek approval under
- 25 this section. The state treasurer must approve the election under
- 26 this subsection if the requirements of this section are met. The
- 27 request shall include all of the following:

- 1 (a) A statement that the spun off corporation qualifies for
- 2 the election under this section.
- 3 (b) A list of all corporations, limited liability companies,
- 4 and any other business entities that the spun off corporation
- 5 controlled at the time of the restructuring transaction.
- 6 (c) A commitment by the spun off corporation to invest at
- 7 least an additional \$200,000,000.00 of capital investment in this
- 8 state within the additional 4 years and maintain at least 80% of
- 9 the number of full-time equivalent employees in this state based on
- 10 the number of full-time equivalent employees in this state at the
- 11 beginning of the additional 4-year period for all of the additional
- 12 4 years; a commitment by the spun off corporation to invest an
- additional \$400,000,000.00 in this state within the additional 4
- 14 years; or a commitment by the spun off corporation to invest a
- 15 total of \$1,300,000,000.00 in this state within the 11-year period
- 16 beginning with the year in which the restructuring transaction
- 17 under which a spun off corporation qualified under this subsection
- 18 was completed. The 4 years under this subdivision begins with the
- 19 eighth year following the tax year in which the restructuring
- 20 transaction under which a spun off corporation qualified under this
- 21 subsection was completed. For purposes of this subdivision, the
- 22 number of full-time equivalent employees includes employees in all
- 23 of the following circumstances:
- 24 (i) On temporary layoff.
- (ii) On strike.
- 26 (iii) On a type of temporary leave other than the type under
- 27 subparagraphs (i) and (ii).

- (iv) Transferred by the spun off corporation to a related
 entity or to its immediately preceding former parent corporation.
- 3 (v) Transferred by the spun off corporation to another
- 4 employer because of the sale of the spun off corporation's location
- 5 in this state that was the work site of the employees.
- 6 (2) Prior to the end of the eleventh year following the
- 7 restructuring transaction under which a spun off corporation
- 8 qualified under subsection (1), a taxpayer that is a buyer of a
- 9 plant located in this state that was included in the initial
- 10 restructuring transaction under subsection (1) may elect to
- 11 calculate its sales factor under subsection (3) and disregard sales
- 12 by the taxpayer attributable to that plant to a former parent of a
- 13 spun off corporation and the sales attributable to the plant shall
- 14 be treated as sales by a spun off corporation. This election shall
- 15 extend for a period of 4 years following the date that the plant
- 16 was purchased reduced by the number of years for which the taxpayer
- 17 calculated its sales factor pursuant to section 54(2) of former
- 18 1975 PA 228. On or before the due date for filing the buyer's first
- 19 annual return under this act following the purchase of the plant,
- 20 the buyer shall request, in writing, approval from the state
- 21 treasurer for the election provided under this section and shall
- 22 attach a statement that the buyer qualifies for the election under
- 23 this section.
- 24 (3) A spun off corporation qualified under subsection (1) or
- 25 (2) that makes an election and is approved under subsection (1) or
- 26 (2) calculates its sales factor under section 45 subject to both of
- 27 the following:

- 1 (a) A purchaser in this state under section 45 does not
- 2 include a person that purchases from a seller that was included in
- 3 the purchaser's combined or consolidated annual return under this
- 4 act but, as a result of the restructuring transaction, ceased to be
- 5 included in the purchaser's combined or consolidated annual return
- 6 under this act. This subdivision applies only to sales that
- 7 originate from a plant located in this state.
- 8 (b) Total sales under section 45 do not include sales to a
- 9 purchaser that was a member of a Michigan affiliated group that had
- 10 included the seller in the filing of a combined or consolidated
- 11 annual return under this act but, as a result of the restructuring
- 12 transaction, ceased to include the seller. This subdivision applies
- 13 only to sales that originate from a plant located in this state to
- 14 a location in this state.
- 15 (4) At the end of the fourth tax year following an election
- 16 under this section, if the spun off corporation that elected to
- 17 calculate its sales factor under this section for the additional 4
- 18 years allowed under subsection (1) has failed to maintain the
- 19 required number of employees or failed to pay or accrue the capital
- 20 investment required under subsection (1)(c), the spun off
- 21 corporation shall file amended annual returns under this act for
- 22 the first through fourth tax years following the election under
- 23 this section, regardless of the statute of limitations under
- 24 section 27a of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.27a, and pay any additional tax
- 25 plus interest based on the sales factor as calculated under section
- 26 45. Interest shall be calculated from the due date of the annual
- 27 return under this act or former 1975 PA 228 on which an exemption

- 1 under this section was first claimed.
- 2 (5) The amount of the spun off corporation's investment
- 3 commitments required under this section shall not be reduced by the
- 4 amount of any qualifying investments in Michigan plants that are
- 5 sold.
- 6 (6) As used in this section:
- 7 (a) "Spun off corporation" means an entity treated as a
- 8 controlled corporation under section 355 of the internal revenue
- 9 code. Controlled corporation includes a corporate subsidiary
- 10 created for the purpose of a restructuring transaction, a limited
- 11 liability company, or an operational unit or division with business
- 12 activities that were previously carried out as a part of the
- 13 distributing corporation.
- 14 (b) "Restructuring transaction" means a tax free distribution
- 15 under section 355 of the internal revenue code and includes tax
- 16 free transactions under section 355 that are commonly referred to
- 17 as spin offs, split ups, split offs, or type D reorganizations.
- Sec. 47. (1) The tax base of a taxpayer whose business
- 19 activities consist of transportation services rendered either
- 20 entirely within or partly within and partly outside this state
- 21 shall be determined under the provisions of this section and
- 22 section 48.
- 23 (2) The tax base attributable to this state of a taxpayer
- 24 described subsection (1), other than a taxpayer whose activity
- 25 consists of the transportation of oil or gas by pipeline, is that
- 26 portion of the tax base of the taxpayer derived from transportation
- 27 services wherever performed that the revenue miles of the taxpayer

- 1 in this state bear to the revenue miles of the taxpayer everywhere.
- 2 (3) The tax base attributable to this state of a taxpayer
- 3 whose business activity consists of the transportation both of
- 4 property and of individuals shall be that portion of the entire tax
- 5 base of the taxpayer that is equal to the sum of its passenger
- 6 miles and ton mile fractions, separately computed and individually
- 7 weighted by the ratio of gross receipts from passenger
- 8 transportation to total gross receipts from all transportation, and
- 9 by the ratio of gross receipts from freight transportation to total
- 10 gross receipts from all transportation, respectively.
- 11 (4) If the department determines that the information required
- 12 for the calculations under this section is not available or cannot
- 13 be obtained without unreasonable expense to the taxpayer, the
- 14 department may use other available information that in the opinion
- 15 of the department will result in an equitable allocation of the
- 16 taxpayer's receipts to this state.
- 17 Sec. 48. (1) The tax base attributable to this state of a
- 18 taxpayer whose business activity consists of the transportation of
- 19 oil by pipeline, is the tax base of the taxpayer in the ratio that
- 20 the barrel miles transported in this state bear to the barrel miles
- 21 transported by the taxpayer everywhere.
- 22 (2) The tax base attributable to this state of a taxpayer
- 23 whose business activities consists of the transportation of gas by
- 24 pipeline is the tax base of the taxpayer in the ratio that the
- 25 1,000 cubic feet miles transported in this state bear to the 1,000
- 26 cubic feet miles transported by the taxpayer everywhere.
- 27 Sec. 49. The tax base attributable to this state of a taxpayer

- 1 that is a financial organization is either of the following:
- 2 (a) The entire tax base of a taxpayer whose business
- 3 activities are confined solely to this state.
- 4 (b) For a taxpayer whose business activities are conducted
- 5 both within and outside of this state, that portion of its tax base
- 6 as its gross business in this state is to its gross business
- 7 everywhere during the period covered by its return. Gross business
- 8 is the sum of all of the following:
- 9 (i) Fees, commissions, or other compensation for financial
- 10 services.
- 11 (ii) Gross profits from trading in stocks, bonds, or other
- 12 securities.
- 13 (iii) Interest charged to customers for carrying debit balances
- 14 of margin accounts, without deduction of any costs incurred in
- 15 carrying the accounts.
- 16 (iv) Interest and dividends received.
- 17 (v) Any other gross income resulting from the operation as a
- 18 financial organization.
- 19 (c) A taxpayer whose assets were wholly owned either directly
- 20 or indirectly by a taxpayer from whom a spun off corporation
- 21 qualifies to apportion its tax base under section 46 and that
- 22 ceased to be wholly owned on November 30, 2006 may annually elect
- 23 on its originally filed tax return to apportion its tax base to
- 24 this state using the same receipts factor reported on the combined
- 25 tax return filed by its former parent company for the same taxable
- 26 year.
- 27 Sec. 50. (1) If the apportionment provisions of this act do

- 1 not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activity
- 2 in this state, the taxpayer may petition for or the treasurer may
- 3 require the following, with respect to all or a portion of the
- 4 taxpayer's business activity, if reasonable:
- 5 (a) Separate accounting.
- 6 (b) The exclusion of 1 or more of the factors.
- 7 (c) The inclusion of 1 or more additional factors that will
- 8 fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in this state.
- 9 (d) The use of any other method to effectuate an equitable
- 10 allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's tax base.
- 11 (2) An alternate method may be used only if it is approved by
- 12 the department.
- 13 (3) The apportionment provisions of this act shall fairly
- 14 represent the business activity attributed to the taxpayer in this
- 15 state, taken as a whole and without a separate examination of the
- 16 specific elements of the tax base unless it can be demonstrated
- 17 that the business activity attributed to the taxpayer in this state
- 18 is out of all appropriate proportion to the actual business
- 19 transacted in this state and leads to a grossly distorted result.
- 20 The tax levied under this act is an indivisible tax and not a
- 21 combination or series of several smaller taxes and relief from
- 22 apportionment shall be given only in extraordinary circumstances.
- 23 (4) The filing of a return or an amended return is not
- 24 considered a petition for the purposes of subsection (1).
- 25 CHAPTER 4
- 26 Sec. 70. (1) A taxpayer that reasonably expects liability for
- 27 the tax year to exceed \$600.00 shall file an estimated return and

- 1 pay an estimated tax for each quarter of the taxpayer's tax year.
- 2 (2) For taxpayers on a calendar year basis, the quarterly
- 3 returns and estimated payments shall be made by April 15, July 15,
- 4 October 15, and January 15. Taxpayers not on a calendar year basis
- 5 shall file quarterly returns and make estimated payments on the
- 6 appropriate due date which in the taxpayer's fiscal year
- 7 corresponds to the calendar year.
- 8 (3) The estimated payment made with each quarterly return of
- 9 each tax year shall be for the estimated tax base for the quarter
- 10 or 25% of the estimated annual liability. The second, third, and
- 11 fourth estimated payments in each tax year shall include
- 12 adjustments, if necessary, to correct underpayments or overpayments
- 13 from previous quarterly payments in the tax year to a revised
- 14 estimate of the annual tax liability.
- 15 (4) The interest provided by this act shall not be assessed if
- 16 any of the following occur:
- 17 (a) If the sum of the estimated payments equals at least 85%
- 18 of the liability and the amount of each estimated payment
- 19 reasonably approximates the tax liability incurred during the
- 20 quarter for which the estimated payment was made.
- 21 (b) If the preceding year's tax liability under this act or
- 22 former 1975 PA 228 was \$20,000.00 or less and if the taxpayer
- 23 submitted 4 equal installments the sum of which equals the
- 24 immediately preceding tax year's tax liability.
- 25 (5) Each estimated return shall be made on a form prescribed
- 26 by the department and shall include an estimate of the annual tax
- 27 liability and other information required by the state treasurer.

- 1 The form prescribed under this subsection may be combined with any
- 2 other tax reporting form prescribed by the department.
- 3 (6) With respect to a taxpayer filing an estimated tax return
- 4 for the taxpayer's first tax year of less than 12 months, the
- 5 amounts paid with each return shall be proportional to the number
- 6 of payments made in the first tax year.
- 7 (7) Payments made under this section shall be a credit against
- 8 the payment required with the annual tax return required in section
- 9 72.
- 10 (8) If the department considers it necessary to insure payment
- 11 of the tax or to provide a more efficient administration of the
- 12 tax, the department may require filing of the returns and payment
- 13 of the tax for other than quarterly or annual periods.
- 14 (9) A taxpayer that elects under the internal revenue code to
- 15 file an annual federal income tax return by March 1 in the year
- 16 following the taxpayer's tax year and does not make a quarterly
- 17 estimate or payment, or does not make a quarterly estimate or
- 18 payment and files a tentative annual return with a tentative
- 19 payment by January 15 in the year following the taxpayer's tax year
- 20 and a final return by April 15 in the year following the taxpayer's
- 21 tax year, has the same option in filing the estimated and annual
- 22 returns required by this act.
- 23 Sec. 71. If a taxpayer's tax year to which this act applies
- 24 ends before December 31, 2008 or if a taxpayer's first tax year is
- 25 less than 12 months then a taxpayer subject to this act may elect
- 26 to compute the tax imposed by this act for the portion of that tax
- 27 year to which this act applies or that first tax year in accordance

- 1 with 1 of the following methods:
- 2 (a) The tax may be computed as if this act were effective on
- 3 the first day of the taxpayer's annual accounting period and the
- 4 amount computed shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of
- 5 which is the number of months in the taxpayer's first tax year and
- 6 the denominator of which is 12.
- 7 (b) The tax may be computed by determining the tax base in the
- 8 first tax year in accordance with an accounting method satisfactory
- 9 to the department that reflects the actual tax base attributable to
- 10 the period.
- 11 Sec. 72. (1) An annual or final return shall be filed with the
- 12 department in the form and content prescribed by the department by
- 13 the last day of the fourth month after the end of the taxpayer's
- 14 tax year. Any final liability shall be remitted with this return. A
- 15 person whose apportioned or allocated gross receipts are less than
- 16 \$350,000.00 does not need to file a return or pay the tax imposed
- 17 under this act.
- 18 (2) If a person has apportioned or allocated gross receipts
- 19 for a tax year of less than 12 months, the amount in subsection (1)
- 20 shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the
- 21 number of months in the tax year and the denominator of which is
- **22** 12.
- 23 (3) The department, upon application of the taxpayer and for
- 24 good cause shown, may extend the date for filing the annual return.
- 25 Interest at the rate under section 23(2) of 1941 PA 122, MCL
- 26 205.23, shall be added to the amount of the tax unpaid for the
- 27 period of the extension. The treasurer shall require with the

- 1 application payment of the estimated tax liability unpaid for the
- 2 tax period covered by the extension.
- 3 (4) If a taxpayer is granted an extension of time within which
- 4 to file the federal income tax return for any tax year, the filing
- 5 of a copy of the request for extension together with a tentative
- 6 return and payment of an estimated tax with the department by the
- 7 due date provided in subsection (1) shall automatically extend the
- 8 due date for the filing of an annual or final return under this act
- 9 until the last day of the eighth month following the original due
- 10 date of the return. Interest at the rate under section 23(2) of
- 11 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.23, shall be added to the amount of the tax
- 12 unpaid for the period of the extension.
- 13 (5) An affiliated group as defined in this act, a controlled
- 14 group of corporations as defined in section 1563 of the internal
- 15 revenue code and further described in 26 CFR 1.414(b)-1 and
- 16 1.414(c)-1 to 1.414(c)-5, or an entity under common control as
- 17 defined in the internal revenue code shall consolidate the gross
- 18 receipts of the members of the affiliated group, member
- 19 corporations of the controlled group, or entities under common
- 20 control that have apportioned or allocated gross receipts, to
- 21 determine whether the group or entity shall pay a tax or file a
- 22 return as provided under subsection (1). An individual member of an
- 23 affiliated group or controlled group of corporations or an entity
- 24 under common control is not required to file a return or pay the
- 25 tax under this act if that member or entity has apportioned or
- 26 allocated gross receipts of less than \$100,000.00.
- 27 Sec. 73. (1) A taxpayer required to file a return under this

- 1 act may be required to furnish a true and correct copy of any
- 2 return or portion of any return filed under the provisions of the
- 3 internal revenue code.
- 4 (2) A taxpayer shall file an amended return with the
- 5 department showing any alteration in or modification of a federal
- 6 income tax return that affects its tax base under this act. The
- 7 amended return shall be filed within 120 days after the final
- 8 determination by the internal revenue service.
- 9 Sec. 74. (1) At the request of the department, a person
- 10 required by the internal revenue code to file or submit an
- 11 information return of income paid to others shall, to the extent
- 12 the information is applicable to residents of this state, at the
- 13 same time file or submit the information in the form and content
- 14 prescribed to the department.
- 15 (2) At the request of the department, a voluntary association,
- 16 joint venture, partnership, estate, or trust shall file a copy of
- 17 any tax return or portion of any tax return that was filed under
- 18 the provisions of the internal revenue code. The department may
- 19 prescribe alternate forms of returns.
- 20 Sec. 75. (1) A taxpayer that is engaged in a unitary business
- 21 shall file a consolidated or combined return that includes each
- 22 United States person engaged in the unitary business. Each United
- 23 States person engaged in a unitary business or included in a
- 24 consolidated or combined return shall be treated as a single
- 25 taxpayer and all intercompany transactions shall be eliminated from
- 26 the tax base and the apportionment formula under this act.
- 27 (2) The common parent of an affiliated group may, on or before

- 1 the due date including any extensions granted for filing the
- 2 original return, elect to file a consolidated or combined return
- 3 regardless of whether each person is part of the unitary business
- 4 or is otherwise subject to tax under this act. If an election to
- 5 file a consolidated or combined return is made under this
- 6 subsection, the election may not be revoked unless the department
- 7 consents in writing to a change in the filing method.
- 8 (3) As used in this section, "unitary business" means business
- 9 activities or operations that result in a flow of value between
- 10 multiple entities that are related through common ownership or in a
- 11 flow of value within a single legal entity regardless of whether
- 12 each entity is a sole proprietorship, corporation, partnership, or
- 13 trust. Flow of value is determined by reviewing the totality of the
- 14 facts and circumstances of the business activities and operations.
- 15 Sec. 76. Except as expressly provided in section 75, a
- 16 provision of this act shall not be construed to permit or require
- 17 the filing of a consolidated or combined return or a consolidation
- 18 or combination of the tax base or apportionment factors of 2 or
- 19 more United States persons.
- 20 CHAPTER 5
- 21 Sec. 80. (1) The tax imposed by this act shall be administered
- 22 by the department of treasury pursuant to 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.1 to
- 23 205.31, and this act. If a conflict exists between 1941 PA 122, MCL
- 24 205.1 to 205.31, and this act, the provisions of this act apply.
- 25 (2) The department may promulgate rules to implement this act
- 26 pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306,
- 27 MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

- 1 (3) The department shall prescribe forms for use by taxpayers
- 2 and may promulgate rules in conformity with this act for the
- 3 maintenance by taxpayers of records, books, and accounts, and for
- 4 the computation of the tax, the manner and time of changing or
- 5 electing accounting methods and of exercising the various options
- 6 contained in this act, the making of returns, and the
- 7 ascertainment, assessment, and collection of the tax imposed under
- 8 this act.
- 9 (4) The tax imposed by this act is in addition to all other
- 10 taxes for which the taxpayer may be liable.
- 11 (5) The department shall prepare and publish statistics from
- 12 the records kept to administer the tax imposed by this act that
- 13 detail the distribution of tax receipts by type of business, legal
- 14 form of organization, sources of tax base, timing of tax receipts,
- 15 and types of deductions. The statistics shall not result in the
- 16 disclosure of information regarding any specific taxpayer.
- 17 Sec. 81. The proceeds of the tax collected under this act
- 18 shall be deposited in the general fund.
- 19 Sec. 82. There is appropriated to the department for the 2006-
- 20 2007 state fiscal year the sum of \$10,000,000.00 to implement the
- 21 requirements of this act. Any portion of this amount under this
- 22 section that is not expended in the 2006-2007 state fiscal year
- 23 shall not lapse to the general fund but shall be carried forward in
- 24 a work project account that is in compliance with section 451a of
- 25 the management and budget act, 1984 PA 431, MCL 18.1451a, for the
- 26 following state fiscal year.
- 27 CHAPTER 6

- 1 Sec. 90. If a final order of a court of competent jurisdiction
- 2 for which all rights of appeal have been exhausted or have expired
- 3 determines that any provision of this act that provides a
- 4 deduction, credit, or exemption with respect to employment,
- 5 persons, services, investment, or any other activity that is
- 6 limited only to this state is unconstitutional or applies to
- 7 employment, persons, services, investment, or any other activity
- 8 outside of this state, that credit, deduction, or exemption shall
- 9 be severed and shall not be in effect for any other tax year for
- 10 which the final order shall apply, and the remaining provisions of
- 11 this act shall remain in effect.
- Sec. 91. If a final order of a court of competent jurisdiction
- 13 for which all rights of appeal have been exhausted or have expired
- 14 determines that any provision of this act is subject to the
- 15 limitations of Public Law 86-272 or that the application of the
- 16 apportionment provisions of this act to section 9(2) or (3) is
- 17 unconstitutional, both of the following apply:
- 18 (a) The provisions of section 9(2) and (3) are severed from
- 19 this act.
- 20 (b) The rate imposed under section 20 for any tax year to
- 21 which that final order applies shall be 0.375%.
- 22 Enacting section 1. This act takes effect January 1, 2008 and
- 23 applies to all tax years ending after December 31, 2007.
- 24 Enacting section 2. This act does not take effect unless all
- 25 of the following bills of the 94th Legislature are enacted into
- 26 law:
- 27 (a) Senate Bill No. or House Bill No. 4369 (request no.

01851'07).

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