SENATE BILL No. 1193

March 6, 2008, Introduced by Senators RICHARDVILLE, WHITMER, CHERRY, BIRKHOLZ, JELINEK, KAHN, HARDIMAN and PAPPAGEORGE and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1931 PA 328, entitled

"The Michigan penal code,"

by amending section 356a (MCL 750.356a), as amended by 1998 PA 311.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 356a. (1) A person who commits larceny by stealing or unlawfully removing or taking any wheel, tire, air bag, CATALYTIC CONVERTER, radio, stereo, clock, telephone, computer, or other electronic device in or on any motor vehicle, house trailer, trailer, or semitrailer is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of not more than \$10,000.00, or both.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person who enters or breaks into a motor vehicle, house trailer, trailer, or

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semitrailer to steal or unlawfully remove property from it is
 guilty of a crime as follows:

3 (a) If the value of the property is less than \$200.00, the
4 person is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for
5 not more than 93 days or a fine of not more than \$500.00 or 3 times
6 the value of the property, whichever is greater, or both
7 imprisonment and a fine.

8 (b) If any of the following apply, the person is guilty of a
9 misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or
10 a fine of not more than \$2,000.00 or 3 times the value of the
11 property, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment and a fine:
12 (i) The value of the property is \$200.00 or more but less than

13 \$1,000.00.

14 (*ii*) The person violates subdivision (a) and has 1 or more 15 prior convictions for committing or attempting to commit an offense 16 under this section or a local ordinance substantially corresponding 17 to this section.

(c) If any of the following apply, the person is guilty of a
felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a
fine of not more than \$10,000.00 or 3 times the value of the
property, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment and a fine:

(i) The value of the property is \$1,000.00 or more but less
than \$20,000.00.

(*ii*) The person violates subdivision (b) (*i*) and has 1 or more
prior convictions for violating or attempting to violate this
section. For purposes of this subparagraph, however, a prior
conviction does not include a conviction for a violation or

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1 attempted violation of subdivision (a) or (b) (ii).

2 (d) If any of the following apply, the person is guilty of a
3 felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 10 years or a
4 fine of not more than \$15,000.00 or 3 times the value of the
5 property, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment and a fine:

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(i) The property has a value of \$20,000.00 or more.

7 (*ii*) The person violates subdivision (c) (*i*) and has 2 or more
8 prior convictions for committing or attempting to commit an offense
9 under this section. For purposes of this subparagraph, however, a
10 prior conviction does not include a conviction for a violation or
11 attempted violation of subdivision (a) or (b) (*ii*).

12 (3) A person who violates subsection (2) (a) or (b) and who 13 breaks, tears, cuts, or otherwise damages any part of the motor 14 vehicle, house trailer, trailer, or semitrailer is guilty of a 15 felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a 16 fine of not more than \$10,000.00, or both, regardless of the value 17 of the property.

18 (4) The values of property stolen or unlawfully removed in
19 separate incidents pursuant to a scheme or course of conduct within
20 any 12-month period may be aggregated to determine the total value
21 of property stolen or unlawfully removed.

(5) If the prosecuting attorney intends to seek an enhanced
sentence based upon the defendant having 1 or more prior
convictions, the prosecuting attorney shall include on the
complaint and information a statement listing the prior conviction
or convictions. The existence of the defendant's prior conviction
or convictions shall be determined by the court, without a jury, at

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Senate Bill No. 1193 as amended December 18, 2008 sentencing or at a separate hearing for that purpose before 1 sentencing. The existence of a prior conviction may be established 2 by any evidence relevant for that purpose, including, but not 3 limited to, 1 or more of the following: 4 5 (a) A copy of the judgment of conviction. (b) A transcript of a prior trial, plea-taking, or sentencing. 6 7 (c) Information contained in a presentence report. (d) The defendant's statement. 8 (6) If the sentence for a conviction under this section is 9 enhanced by 1 or more prior convictions, those prior convictions 10 shall not be used to further enhance the sentence for the 11 conviction pursuant to section 10, 11, or 12 of chapter IX of the 12 code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 769.10, 769.11, and 13 14 769.12. [Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect April 1, 2009.]

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