HOUSE BILL No. 4651

A bill to amend 1949 PA 300, entitled

"Michigan vehicle code,"

by amending sections 328 and 907 (MCL 257.328 and 257.907),

section 328 as amended by 1995 PA 287 and section 907 as amended by 2002 PA 534.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 328. (1) The owner of a motor vehicle who operates or 2 permits the operation of the motor vehicle upon the highways of this state or the operator of the motor vehicle shall produce, 3 4 pursuant to subsection (2), upon the request of a police officer, 5 evidence that the motor vehicle is insured under chapter 31 of the insurance code of 1956, Act No. 218 of the Public Acts of 6 7 1956, being sections 500.3101 to 500.3179 of the Michigan 8 Compiled Laws 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3101 to 500.3179. An owner 9 or operator of a motor vehicle who fails to produce evidence of

May 7, 2003, Introduced by Reps. Milosch, Hoogendyk, Brandenburg, Hummel, Caswell, Sheen, LaJoy, Voorhees, Vander Veen, Drolet, Pappageorge and Kooiman and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

insurance under this subsection when requested to produce that 1 evidence or who fails to have motor vehicle insurance for the 2 vehicle as required under chapter 31 of Act No. 218 of the 3 Public Acts of 1956 the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 4 5 500.3101 to 500.3179, is responsible for a civil infraction. (2) A certificate of insurance -, if issued by an insurance 6 7 meets meeting the requirements of sections 3101 and 3102 of Act 8 No. 218 of the Public Acts of 1956, being sections 500.3101 and 9 500.3102 of the Michigan Compiled Laws the insurance code of 10 11 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3101 and 500.3102, is in force shall 12 be accepted as prima facie evidence that insurance is in force for the motor vehicle described in the certificate of insurance 13 until the expiration date shown on the certificate. 14 certificate, in addition to describing the motor vehicles for 15 which insurance is in effect, shall state the name of each person 16 named on the policy, policy declaration, or a declaration 17 18 certificate whose operation of the vehicle would cause the liability coverage of that insurance to become void. 19

(3) If an owner or operator of a motor vehicle is determined to be responsible for a violation of subsection (1), the court in which the civil infraction determination is entered may require the person to surrender his or her operator's or chauffeur's license unless proof that the vehicle has insurance meeting the requirements of sections 3101 and 3102 of <u>Act No. 218 of the</u> <u>Public Acts of 1956</u> the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3101 and 500.3102, is submitted to the court. <u>If</u> Except as

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1 otherwise provided in section 907(15), if the person submits proof to the court that the vehicle has insurance meeting the 2 requirements of sections 3101 and 3102 of Act No. 218 of the 3 Public Acts of 1956 the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 4 5 500.3101 and 500.3102, in addition to the civil fine and costs provided by section 907, the court shall assess a fee of \$25.00. 6 If the court requires the license to be surrendered, the court 7 shall order the secretary of state to suspend the person's 8 The court shall immediately destroy the license and 9 license. shall forward to the secretary of state an abstract of the court 10 record as required by section 732. Upon receipt of the abstract, 11 12 the secretary of state shall suspend the person's license beginning with the date on which a person is determined to be 13 responsible for the civil infraction for a period of 30 days or 14 until proof of insurance -which - that meets the requirements of 15 sections 3101 and 3102 of Act No. 218 of the Public Acts of 16 17 1956 the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3101 and 500.3102, is submitted to the secretary of state, whichever 18 occurs later. A person who submits proof of insurance to the 19 20 secretary of state under this subsection shall pay a service fee 21 of \$25.00 to the secretary of state. The person shall not be required to be examined as set forth in section 320c and shall 22 23 not be required to pay a replacement license fee.

(4) If an owner or operator of a motor vehicle is determined
to be responsible for a violation of subsection (1), the court in
which the civil infraction determination is entered shall notify
the secretary of state of the vehicle registration number and the

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1 year and make of the motor vehicle being operated at the time of This notification shall be made on the abstract 2 the violation. or on a form approved by the supreme court administrator. Upon 3 receipt, the secretary of state shall immediately enter this 4 5 information in the records of the department. The secretary of state shall not renew, transfer, or replace the registration 6 plate of the vehicle involved in the violation or allow the 7 purchase of a new registration plate for the vehicle involved in 8 the violation until the owner meets the requirements of section 9 227a or unless the vehicle involved in the violation is 10 11 transferred or sold to a person other than the owner's spouse, 12 mother, father, sister, brother, or child.

13 (5) An owner or operator of a motor vehicle who knowingly
14 produces false evidence under this section is guilty of a
15 misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year,
16 or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or both.

17 (6) Points shall not be entered on a driver's record pursuant18 to section 320a for a violation of this section.

19 (7) This section does not apply to the owner or operator of a
20 motor vehicle that is registered in a state other than this state
21 or a foreign country or province.

Sec. 907. (1) A violation of this act, or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to a provision of this act, which is designated a civil infraction shall not be considered a lesser included offense of a criminal offense.

26 (2) If a person is determined pursuant to sections 741 to 75027 to be responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a civil

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infraction under this act or a local ordinance substantially 1 corresponding to a provision of this act, the judge, district 2 court referee, or district court magistrate may order the person 3 to pay a civil fine of not more than \$100.00 and costs as 4 5 provided in subsection (4). However, for a violation of section 674(1)(s) or a local ordinance substantially 6 corresponding to section 674(1)(s), the person shall be ordered 7 to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of 8 not less than \$50.00 or more than \$100.00. For a violation of 9 section 328 or 710d, the civil fine ordered under this subsection 10 shall not exceed \$10.00. For a violation of section 710e, the 11 12 civil fine and court costs ordered under this subsection shall be \$25.00. For a violation of section 682 or a local ordinance 13 substantially corresponding to section 682, the person shall be 14 ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil 15 fine of not less than \$100.00 or more than \$500.00. Permission 16 may be granted for payment of a civil fine and costs to be made 17 within a specified period of time or in specified installments, 18 but unless permission is included in the order or judgment, the 19 20 civil fine and costs shall be payable immediately.

(3) Except as provided in this subsection, if a person is determined to be responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a civil infraction under this act or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to a provision of this act while driving a commercial motor vehicle, he or she shall be ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of not more than \$250.00. If a person is determined to be responsible

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or responsible "with explanation" for a civil infraction under
 section 319g or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to
 section 319g, that person shall be ordered to pay costs as
 provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of not more than
 \$10,000.00.

6 (4) If a civil fine is ordered under subsection (2) or (3), the judge, district court referee, or district court magistrate 7 shall summarily tax and determine the costs of the action, which 8 are not limited to the costs taxable in ordinary civil actions, 9 and may include all expenses, direct and indirect, to which the 10 **11** plaintiff has been put in connection with the civil infraction, 12 up to the entry of judgment. Except in a civil infraction for a parking violation, costs of not less than \$5.00 shall be 13 ordered. Costs shall not be ordered in excess of \$100.00. A 14 civil fine ordered under subsection (2) or (3) shall not be 15 waived unless costs ordered under this subsection are waived. 16 Except as otherwise provided by law, costs are payable to the 17 general fund of the plaintiff. 18

19 (5) In addition to a civil fine and costs ordered under 20 subsection (2) or (3) and subsection (4), the judge, district 21 court referee, or district court magistrate may order the person 22 to attend and complete a program of treatment, education, or 23 rehabilitation.

(6) A district court referee or district court magistrate
shall impose the sanctions permitted under subsections (2), (3),
and (5) only to the extent expressly authorized by the chief
judge or only judge of the district court district.

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1 (7) Each district of the district court and each municipal court may establish a schedule of civil fines and costs to be 2 imposed for civil infractions -which - that occur within the 3 respective district or city. If a schedule is established, it 4 5 shall be prominently posted and readily available for public inspection. A schedule need not include all violations -which 6 that are designated by law or ordinance as civil infractions. A 7 schedule may exclude cases on the basis of a defendant's prior 8 record of civil infractions or traffic offenses, or a combination 9 of civil infractions and traffic offenses. 10

(8) The state court administrator shall annually publish and 11 12 distribute to each district and court a recommended range of civil fines and costs for first-time civil infractions. This 13 recommendation is not binding upon the courts having jurisdiction 14 over civil infractions but is intended to act as a normative 15 guide for judges, district court referees, and district court 16 17 magistrates and a basis for public evaluation of disparities in 18 the imposition of civil fines and costs throughout the state.

19 (9) If a person has received a civil infraction citation for 20 defective safety equipment on a vehicle under section 683, the 21 court shall waive <u>a</u> any civil fine and costs, upon receipt of 22 certification by a law enforcement agency that repair of the 23 defective equipment was made before the appearance date on the 24 citation.

(10) A default in the payment of a civil fine or costs
ordered under subsection (2), (3), or (4) or an installment of
the fine or costs may be collected by a means authorized for the

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enforcement of a judgment under chapter 40 of the revised
 judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.4001 to 600.4065, or
 under chapter 60 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961
 PA 236, MCL 600.6001 to 600.6098.

5 (11) If a person fails to comply with an order or judgment
6 issued pursuant to this section —, within the time prescribed by
7 the court, the driver's license of that person shall be suspended
8 pursuant to section 321a until full compliance with that order or
9 judgment occurs. In addition to this suspension, the court may
10 also proceed under section 908.

11 (12) The court shall waive any civil fine <u>or</u> and cost 12 against a person who received a civil infraction citation for a 13 violation of section 710d if the person, before the appearance 14 date on the citation, supplies the court with evidence of 15 acquisition, purchase, or rental of a child seating system 16 meeting the requirements of section 710d.

17 (13) In addition to any fines and costs ordered to be paid 18 under this section, the judge, district court referee, or district court magistrate shall levy an assessment of \$5.00 for 19 each civil infraction determination, except for a parking 20 21 violation or a violation for which the total fine and costs imposed are \$10.00 or less. Upon payment of the assessment, the 22 clerk of the court shall transmit the assessment levied to the 23 state treasury to be deposited into the Michigan justice training 24 fund. An assessment levied under this subsection is not a civil 25 fine for purposes of section 909. 26

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(14) If a person has received a citation for a violation of

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section 223, the court shall waive any fine and costs, upon
 receipt of certification by a law enforcement agency that the
 person, before the appearance date on the citation, produced a
 valid registration certificate that was valid on the date the
 violation of section 223 occurred.

6 (15) The court shall waive any civil fine, fee, and cost 7 against a person who received a civil infraction citation for a 8 violation of section 328 if, before the appearance date on the 9 citation, the person supplies the court with evidence that the 10 vehicle was, at the time of operation, insured under chapter 31 11 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3101 to 12 500.3179.