SENATE BILL No. 810

November 1, 2001, Introduced by Senator PETERS and referred to the Committee on Senior Citizens and Veterans Affairs.

A bill to amend 1980 PA 523, entitled
"Michigan code of military justice of 1980,"
by amending sections 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 25, 26,
27, 29, 80, 84, 85, 92, 94, 99, 103, 105, 107, 108, 112, 113,
132, and 134 (MCL 32.1002, 32.1003, 32.1004, 32.1007, 32.1008,
32.1009, 32.1013, 32.1014, 32.1015, 32.1016, 32.1025, 32.1026,
32.1027, 32.1029, 32.1080, 32.1084, 32.1085, 32.1092, 32.1094,
32.1099, 32.1103, 32.1105, 32.1107, 32.1108, 32.1112, 32.1113,
32.1132, and 32.1134), section 16 as amended by 1990 PA 300, and
by adding sections 50a, 88, 109, and 121.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 2. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Accuser" means a person who signs and swears to
- 3 charges, a person who directs that charges be signed and sworn to

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- 1 by another, or a person who has an interest other than an
- 2 official interest in the prosecution of the accused.
- 3 (B) "ACTIVE SERVICE" MEANS SERVICE, ACTIVE STATE SERVICE, OR
- 4 SPECIAL DUTY REQUIRED BY LAW, REGULATION, OR ORDER OF THE
- 5 GOVERNOR. ACTIVE SERVICE INCLUDES THE CONTINUING OBLIGATIONS OF
- 6 ACTIVE MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD AND THE DEFENSE FORCE BY
- 7 VIRTUE OF THEIR COMMISSIONS, APPOINTMENTS, OR ENLISTMENTS.
- 8 (C) $\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(b)}}$ "Active state duty" means the actual weekend,
- 9 annual training, or special call up duty in the state military
- 10 forces and includes travel to and from the duty site or station.
- 11 (D) "ACTIVE STATE SERVICE" MEANS MILITARY SERVICE IN SUPPORT
- 12 OF CIVIL AUTHORITIES ORDERED BY THE GOVERNOR OR AS PROVIDED BY
- 13 THE MICHIGAN MILITARY ACT.
- 14 (E) "APPREHENSION" MEANS THE TAKING OF A PERSON INTO
- 15 CUSTODY.
- **16** (F) (c) "Commanding officer" includes only a commissioned
- 17 officer.
- 18 (G) "CONFINEMENT" MEANS THE PHYSICAL RESTRAINT OF A PERSON.
- 19 (H) "CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE" MEANS OPIUM, HEROIN, COCAINE,
- 20 AMPHETAMINE, LYSERGIC ACID DIETHYLAMIDE, METHAMPHETAMINE, PHENCY-
- 21 CLIDINE, BARBITURIC ACID, MARIHUANA, ANY COMPOUND OR DERIVATIVE
- 22 OF ANY SUCH SUBSTANCE, AND ANY OTHER SUBSTANCE THAT IS LISTED IN
- 23 SCHEDULES I THROUGH V OF SECTION 202 OF THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES
- 24 ACT, 21 U.S.C. 812, INCLUDING ANY SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS THERETO.
- 25 (I) "CORRECTIONAL CUSTODY" MEANS THE PHYSICAL RESTRAINT OF A
- 26 PERSON DURING DUTY OR NONDUTY WHILE ON ACTIVE STATE DUTY AND
- 27 INCLUDES EXTRA DUTY, FATIGUE DUTY, OR HARD LABOR.

- 1 (J) (d) "Enlisted member" means a person in an enlisted 2 grade.
- 3 (K) "FEDERAL SERVICE" MEANS MILITARY DUTY IN THE ARMED
- 4 FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE
- 5 ARMY NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE AIR NATIONAL
- 6 GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES, WHILE SUBJECT TO THE UNIFORM CODE OF
- 7 MILITARY JUSTICE, TITLE 10, CHAPTER 47, UNITED STATES CODE.
- 8 (l) $\overline{\text{(e)}}$ "Grade" means a step or degree, in a graduated
- 9 scale of office or military rank, that is established and desig-
- 10 nated as a grade by law or rule.
- 11 (M) (f) "Judge advocate" means an officer of the judge
- 12 advocate general's corps who is designated as a judge advocate
- 13 BY THE STATE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL.
- 14 (N) (g) "Military" includes each armed force of the United
- 15 States AND EACH COMPONENT OF THE STATE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.
- 16 (0) (h) "Military court" means a court-martial, a court of
- 17 inquiry, or the military appeals tribunal.
- 18 (P) (i) "Military judge" means A JUDGE ADVOCATE DESIGNATED
- 19 AS A MILITARY JUDGE BY THE STATE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL OR an
- 20 official of a general or special court-martial detailed
- 21 APPOINTED pursuant to section 26.
- 22 (O) "MINOR OFFENSE" MEANS AN OFFENSE UNDER A PUNITIVE SEC-
- 23 TION OF THIS ACT THAT A COMMANDING OFFICER CONSIDERS MINOR.
- 24 (R) (j) "Officer" means a commissioned or warrant
- 25 officer.

- 1 (S) $\frac{(k)}{(k)}$ "Staff judge advocate" means the commissioned
- 2 officer responsible for supervising the administration of
- 3 military justice within a command.
- 4 (T) $\frac{(l)}{(l)}$ "State judge advocate general" means the commis-
- 5 sioned officer responsible for supervising the administration of
- 6 the military justice in the state military forces.
- 7 (U) (T) "State military forces" means the national guard
- 8 of the state, as defined in 70A Stat. 596, 32 U.S.C. 101(3), and
- 9 any other military force organized under the laws of the state.
- 10 (V) (n) "Summary court officer" means an official
- 11 detailed APPOINTED pursuant to section 16(c) who is authorized
- 12 to serve warrants.
- 13 (W) (v) "Superior commissioned officer" means a commis-
- 14 sioned officer superior in rank or command.
- 15 (X) "UNIT" MEANS A REGULARLY ORGANIZED BODY OF THE MILITARY
- 16 THAT IS NOT LARGER THAN A COMPANY OR SQUADRON.
- 17 Sec. 3. (1) This code shall apply APPLIES to all members
- 18 of the Michigan national guard while on active state duty STATE
- 19 MILITARY FORCES WHEN NOT IN FEDERAL SERVICE, AND TO ALL OTHER
- 20 PERSONS LAWFULLY CALLED, ORDERED, DRAFTED, TRANSFERRED OR
- 21 INDUCTED INTO, OR ORDERED TO DUTY IN OR WITH THE STATE MILITARY
- 22 FORCES, FROM THE DATE THEY ARE REQUIRED BY THE TERMS OF THE CALL,
- 23 ORDER, OR OTHER DIRECTIVE. PERSONS SUBJECT TO THIS CODE SHALL
- 24 INCLUDE ALL PERSONS SERVING IN THE STATE MILITARY FORCES PURSUANT
- 25 TO TITLE 32 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE AND ALL PERSONS OF THE
- 26 STATE MILITARY FORCES IN ACTIVE SERVICE.

- 1 (2) This code shall apply APPLIES to a person subject to
- 2 this code while serving out of state and while going to and
- 3 returning from the service out of state to the same extent as a
- 4 person serving within the state.
- 5 (3) Courts-martial and courts of inquiry may be convened and
- 6 held in units of the state military forces while serving out of
- 7 state with the same jurisdiction and powers as if held within the
- 8 state. Offenses committed out of state may be tried and punished
- 9 either out of state or within the state.
- 10 Sec. 4. (1) Subject to the limitation of actions under sec-
- 11 tion 43, a person charged with having committed, while in a
- 12 status in which the person was subject to this act, an offense
- 13 under this code may be relieved from amenability to trial by
- 14 court-martial by reason of the termination of the status WHO IS
- 15 SUBJECT TO THIS CODE AND CHARGED WITH AN OFFENSE UNDER THIS CODE
- 16 IS NOT RELIEVED FROM A TRIAL BY COURT-MARTIAL BECAUSE HIS OR HER
- 17 MILITARY SERVICE IS TERMINATED.
- 18 (2) Each person discharged from the state military forces
- 19 who is later charged with having fraudulently obtained his or her
- 20 discharge, except as provided in section 43, is subject to trial
- 21 by court-martial on that charge and is, after apprehension,
- 22 subject to this code while in the custody of the military for
- 23 that trial. Upon conviction of fraudulently obtaining a
- 24 discharge, the person is subject to trial by court-martial for an
- 25 offense under this code committed before the fraudulent
- 26 discharge.

- 1 Sec. 7. (1) For purposes of this section, "apprehension"
- 2 means the taking of a person into custody.
- (1) (2) A person authorized under the rules issued pursu-
- 4 ant to this code to apprehend a person subject to this code, a
- 5 marshal of a court-martial appointed pursuant to this code, or a
- 6 law enforcement officer of this state OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION
- 7 OF THIS STATE may apprehend a person subject to this code upon
- 8 reasonable belief that an offense UNDER THIS CODE has been com-
- 9 mitted and that the person apprehended committed the offense.
- 10 (2) $\overline{(3)}$ Each commissioned officer, warrant officer, and
- 11 noncommissioned officer is authorized to quell quarrels, frays,
- 12 or disorders among persons subject to this code and to apprehend
- 13 persons subject to this code who take part in a quarrel, fray, or
- 14 disorder.
- 15 (3) $\overline{(4)}$ Except as otherwise specifically provided in this
- 16 code, a civil law enforcement officer or marshal of a
- 17 court-martial shall not demand or require payment of a fee or
- 18 charge of any nature for apprehending or placing in confinement a
- 19 person subject to this code.
- 20 Sec. 8. A civil law enforcement officer having authority
- 21 under the laws of this state to apprehend offenders of this
- 22 code may apprehend a person charged with the violation of sec-
- 23 tion 85 and deliver the person into the custody of the state mil-
- 24 itary forces.
- 25 Sec. 9. (1) As used in this section, : (a) "Arrest"
- 26 "ARREST" means the restraint of a person by an order not imposed

- 1 as a punishment for an offense, directing the person to remain
- 2 within certain specified limits.
- 3 (b) "Confinement" means the physical restraint of a
- 4 person.
- 5 (2) An officer or enlisted member of the state military
- 6 forces accused of an offense in violation of this code may be
- 7 placed in arrest by his or her military superior.
- 8 (3) A person shall not be ordered into arrest or confinement
- 9 except for UPON probable cause.
- 10 (4) This section shall DOES not limit the authority of a
- 11 person authorized to apprehend an offender of this code to secure
- 12 the custody of an alleged offender until the proper authority is
- 13 notified.
- 14 Sec. 13. (1) Except as provided in section 15 of article
- 15 1 of the state constitution of 1963, all offenses A PERSON
- 16 CHARGED WITH A VIOLATION under this code are bailable IS ENTI-
- 17 TLED TO BAIL.
- 18 (2) Before conviction TRIAL, a person shall be bailable
- 19 as IS ENTITLED TO BAIL IN AN AMOUNT determined by the military
- 20 judge.
- 21 (3) The amount of bail shall NOT be EXCESSIVE, AND THE MILI-
- 22 TARY JUDGE SHALL CONSIDER ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) Not excessive.
- 24 (A) (B) Commensurate with the THE nature of the offense
- 25 charged.
- 26 (B) (c) Considerate of the THE past conduct of the
- 27 accused.

- 1 (C) (d) Considerate of the THE financial ability of the
- 2 accused.
- 3 Sec. 14. (1) It is the intent of the legislature that trial
- 4 by court-martial shall be limited to the military offenses
- 5 VIOLATIONS defined in sections 77 to 134 ARTICLE 10.
- 6 (2) A person subject to this code who is on active state
- 7 duty and who is accused of an A CRIMINAL offense against civil
- 8 authority shall be delivered, upon request, to the civil author-
- 9 ity for trial.
- 10 (3) If delivery is made to a civil authority of a person
- 11 undergoing sentence of a court-martial —, and the delivery, if
- 12 followed by conviction in a civil tribunal, interrupts the execu-
- 13 tion of the sentence of the court-martial, the offender, after
- 14 having answered to the civil authorities for the offense —, and
- 15 upon the request of competent military authority, shall be
- 16 returned to military custody for the completion of his or her
- 17 sentence.
- 18 Sec. 15. (1) As used in this section:
- 19 (a) "Correctional custody" means the physical restraint of a
- 20 person during duty or nonduty hours while on active state duty
- 21 and may include extra duties, fatigue duty, or hard labor.
- 22 (b) "Minor offense" means an offense under the punitive sec-
- 23 tions of this act which in the discretion of the commanding offi-
- 24 cer is minor.
- 25 (2) The authority provided in this section may be limited by
- 26 a rule promulgated by the adjutant general pursuant to section
- **27** 147.

- 1 (1) (3) A UNDER REGULATIONS ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ACT, A
- 2 commanding officer, in addition to or instead of an admonition or
- 3 reprimand, may impose 1 of the following disciplinary
- 4 punishments PUNISHMENT for A minor offenses OFFENSE on an
- 5 officer under the commanding officer's HIS OR HER command with-
- 6 out the intervention of a court-martial WITH 1 OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 7 (a) Restrictions to certain specified limits, with or with-
- 8 out suspension from duty, for not more than 15 consecutive active
- 9 state duty days.
- (b) If imposed by an officer exercising general
- 11 court-martial jurisdiction or an officer of general or flag rank
- 12 in command:
- 13 (i) Arrest in quarters for not more than 15 consecutive
- 14 active state duty days.
- 15 (ii) Forfeiture of not more than 1/2 of 1 month's pay per
- 16 month for 2 months.
- 17 (iii) Restrictions to certain specified limits with or with-
- 18 out suspension from duty, for not more than 15 consecutive
- 19 active state duty days.
- 20 (iv) Detention of not more than 1/2 of 1 month's pay per
- 21 month for 3 months.
- 22 (4) Except as provided in subsection (2), a commanding offi-
- 23 cer, in addition to or instead of an admonition or reprimand, may
- 24 impose 1 of the following disciplinary punishments for minor
- 25 offenses upon personnel, other than an officer, under the com-
- 26 manding officer's command without the intervention of a
- 27 court-martial:

- 1 (a) Correctional custody for not more than 7 consecutive
- 2 active state duty days.
- 3 (b) Forfeiture of not more than 7 active state duty days*
- **4** pay.
- 5 (c) Reduction to the next inferior pay grade, if the grade
- 6 from which demoted is within the promotion authority of the offi-
- 7 cer imposing the reduction or an officer subordinate to the offi-
- 8 cer who imposes the reduction.
- 9 (d) Extra duties, including fatigue or other duties for not
- 10 more than 14 consecutive active state duty days, and not more
- 11 than 2 hours per day.
- (e) Restriction to certain specified limits, with or without
- 13 suspension from duty, for not more than 14 consecutive active
- 14 state duty days.
- (f) Detention of not more than 14 days' pay.
- 16 (g) If imposed by an officer of the grade of major or
- 17 above:
- (i) Correctional custody for not more than 15 consecutive
- 19 active state duty days.
- 20 (ii) Forfeiture of not more than 1/2 of 1 month's pay per
- 21 month for 2 months.
- 22 (iii) Reduction to the lowest or an intermediate pay grade,
- 23 if the grade from which demoted is within the promotion authority
- 24 of the officer imposing the reduction or an officer subordinate
- 25 to the 1 who imposes the reduction, except that an enlisted
- 26 member in a pay grade above E-4 may not be reduced more than 2
- 27 pay grades.

- 1 (iv) Extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for
- 2 not more than 15 consecutive active state duty days.
- 3 (v) Restrictions to certain specified limits, with or with-
- 4 out suspension from duty, for not more than 15 consecutive active
- 5 state duty days.
- 6 (vi) Detention of not more than 1/2 of 1 month's pay per
- 7 month for 3 months.
- 8 (C) UPON OTHER MILITARY PERSONNEL UNDER HIS OR HER COMMAND,
- 9 1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 10 (i) CORRECTIONAL CUSTODY FOR NOT MORE THAN 7 CONSECUTIVE
- 11 DUTY DAYS.
- 12 (ii) FORFEITURE OF NOT MORE THAN 7 DUTY DAYS' PAY.
- 13 (iii) REDUCTION TO THE NEXT INFERIOR PAY GRADE, IF THE GRADE
- 14 FROM WHICH THE PERSON IS DEMOTED IS WITHIN THE PROMOTION AUTHOR-
- 15 ITY OF THE OFFICER IMPOSING THE REDUCTION OR AN OFFICER SUBORDI-
- 16 NATE TO THE OFFICER WHO IMPOSES THE REDUCTION.
- 17 (iv) EXTRA DUTIES, INCLUDING FATIGUE OR OTHER DUTIES FOR NOT
- 18 MORE THAN 15 CONSECUTIVE DUTY DAYS AND NOT MORE THAN 2 HOURS PER
- **19** DAY.
- 20 (v) RESTRICTIONS TO CERTAIN SPECIFIED LIMITS, WITH OR WITH-
- 21 OUT SUSPENSION FROM DUTY, FOR NOT MORE THAN 15 CONSECUTIVE DUTY
- 22 DAYS.
- 23 (D) IF IMPOSED BY AN OFFICER OF THE GRADE OF MAJOR OR ABOVE
- 24 UPON OTHER MILITARY PERSONNEL UNDER HIS OR HER COMMAND:
- 25 (i) CORRECTIONAL CUSTODY FOR NOT MORE THAN 15 CONSECUTIVE
- 26 DUTY DAYS.

- 1 (ii) FORFEITURE OF NOT MORE THAN 15 DUTY DAYS' PAY.
- 2 (iii) REDUCTION TO THE LOWEST OR AN INTERMEDIATE PAY GRADE,
- 3 IF THE GRADE FROM WHICH DEMOTED IS WITHIN THE PROMOTION AUTHORITY
- 4 OF THE OFFICER IMPOSING THE REDUCTION OR THE OFFICER IMPOSING THE
- 5 REDUCTION IS A BRIGADE, WING, BASE, OR POST COMMANDER, EXCEPT
- 6 THAT AN ENLISTED MEMBER IN A PAY GRADE ABOVE E4 MAY NOT BE
- 7 REDUCED MORE THAN 2 PAY GRADES.
- 8 (iv) EXTRA DUTIES, INCLUDING FATIGUE OR OTHER DUTIES, FOR
- 9 NOT MORE THAN 15 CONSECUTIVE DUTY DAYS.
- 10 (v) RESTRICTIONS TO CERTAIN SPECIFIED LIMITS, WITH OR WITH-
- 11 OUT SUSPENSION FROM DUTY, FOR NOT MORE THAN 15 CONSECUTIVE DUTY
- 12 DAYS.
- 13 (2) $\overline{(5)}$ Two or more disciplinary punishments of arrest in
- 14 quarters, correctional custody, extra duties, and restriction
- 15 shall not be combined to run consecutively in the maximum amount
- 16 imposed for each. If any of those punishments are combined to
- 17 run consecutively, there shall be an apportionment. In addi-
- 18 tion, forfeiture of pay shall not be combined with detention of
- 19 pay without an apportionment. THE COMMANDING OFFICER SHALL
- 20 APPORTION THE PUNISHMENT.
- 21 (3) $\overline{(6)}$ If practicable, correctional custody shall not be
- 22 served in immediate association with persons awaiting trial or
- 23 held in confinement pursuant to trial by court-martial.
- 24 (4) $\overline{(7)}$ An officer in charge may impose upon an enlisted
- 25 member assigned to the unit of which the officer is in charge a
- 26 punishment authorized under subsection $\frac{(4)(a)}{(a)}$ to $\frac{(1)}{(0)}$ as

- 1 the adjutant general concerned may specifically prescribe by 2 rule.
- 3 (5) $\overline{(8)}$ The officer who imposes the punishment authorized
- **4** in subsection $\frac{1}{1}$ (4), or the officer's successor in command,
- 5 may suspend probationally any part or amount of the unexecuted
- 6 punishment imposed and may suspend probationally a reduction in
- 7 grade or a forfeiture imposed under subsection $\frac{1}{100}$ (4), whether
- 8 or not executed. In addition, the officer may remit or mitigate
- 9 any part or amount of the unexecuted punishment imposed and may
- 10 set aside in whole or in part the punishment, whether executed or
- 11 unexecuted, and restore all rights, privileges, and property
- 12 affected. The officer also may mitigate reduction in grade to
- 13 forfeiture or detention of pay.
- 14 (6) $\overline{(9)}$ When mitigating arrest in quarters to restriction,
- 15 correctional custody to extra duties or restriction, or both, or
- 16 extra duties to restrictions, the mitigated punishment shall not
- 17 be for a greater period than the punishment mitigated. When mit-
- 18 igating forfeiture of pay to detention of pay, the amount of the
- 19 detention shall not be greater than the amount of the
- 20 forfeiture. When mitigating reduction in grade to forfeiture or
- 21 detention of pay, the amount of the forfeiture or detention shall
- 22 not be greater than the amount that could have been imposed ini-
- 23 tially under this section by the officer who imposed the punish-
- 24 ment mitigated.
- 25 (7) $\overline{(10)}$ A person punished under this section who consid-
- 26 ers the punishment received as unjust or disproportionate to the
- 27 offense, through the proper channel, may appeal to the next

- 1 superior authority. THE APPEAL SHALL BE MADE NOT LATER THAN 45
- 2 DAYS AFTER THE PUNISHMENT IS ADJUDGED. The appeal shall be
- 3 promptly forwarded and decided, and the person punished shall not
- 4 be required to undergo the punishment adjudged before a decision
- 5 on the appeal is rendered. The officer who imposes the punish-
- 6 ment, the officer's successor in command, or superior authority
- 7 shall have power IS AUTHORIZED to suspend, set aside, or remit
- 8 any part or amount of the punishment and to restore all rights,
- 9 privileges, and property affected. THE AUTHORITY WHO IS TO ACT
- 10 ON THE APPEAL SHALL REFER THE CASE TO A JUDGE ADVOCATE FOR CON-
- 11 SIDERATION AND ADVICE BEFORE ACTING UPON THE APPEAL. However,
- 12 the authority who is to act on the appeal shall refer the case to
- 13 the state judge advocate general or a member of the state judge
- 14 advocate general's staff for indorsement before acting on the
- 15 appeal. The superior authority may exercise the same powers with
- 16 respect to punishment imposed as may be exercised under subsec-
- 17 tion (8) by the officer who imposed the punishment. Before
- 18 acting on an appeal from a punishment of 1 of the following pun-
- 19 ishments, the authority who is to act on the appeal shall refer
- 20 the case to the state judge advocate general for consideration
- 21 and advice, and may so refer the case upon appeal from a punish-
- 22 ment imposed under subsection (7):
- (a) Arrest in quarters for more than 7 active state duty
- 24 days.
- 25 (b) Correctional custody for more than 7 active state duty
- 26 days.

- 1 (c) Forfeiture of more than 7 days' pay.
- 2 (d) Reduction of 1 or more pay grades from the fourth or a
- 3 higher pay grade.
- 4 (e) Extra duties for more than 14 active state duty days.
- 5 (f) Restriction for more than 14 active state duty days.
- 6 (g) Detention of more than 14 days' pay.
- 7 (8) $\overline{(11)}$ The imposition and enforcement of disciplinary
- 8 punishment under this section for an act or omission is not a bar
- 9 to trial by court-martial for a serious crime or offense growing
- 10 out of the same act or omission and not properly punishable under
- 11 this section. The fact that disciplinary punishment has been
- 12 enforced may be shown by the accused upon trial, and when so
- 13 shown shall be considered in determining the measure of punish-
- 14 ment to be adjudged in the event of a finding of guilty.
- 15 (9) (12) The adjutant general, concerned, by rule
- 16 REGULATION, may prescribe the form of records to be kept of pro-
- 17 ceedings under this section and may also prescribe that certain
- 18 categories of those proceedings shall be in writing.
- 19 (10) Before being informed of the disciplinary action
- 20 to be taken under this section, the person to be punished shall
- 21 have HAS the right to demand trial by court-martial for the
- 22 offense ONLY IF THE COMMANDING OFFICER CONSIDERING DISCIPLINARY
- 23 ACTION UNDER THIS SECTION ADVISES THE PERSON TO BE PUNISHED THAT
- 24 CORRECTIONAL CUSTODY MAY BE CONSIDERED AS POTENTIAL PUNISHMENT.
- 25 (11) $\frac{14}{14}$ If a punishment of forfeiture of pay and allow-
- 26 ance is imposed as provided in this section, the forfeiture may
- 27 apply to pay or allowances becoming due on or after the date of

- 1 the punishment but shall not apply to pay and allowances accrued
- 2 before the date.
- 3 Sec. 16. The 3 kinds of courts-martial in the state mili-
- 4 tary forces are:
- 5 (a) General courts-martial, consisting of a military judge
- 6 and not less than 5 members; or only a military judge, if before
- 7 the court is assembled the accused, knowing the identity of the
- 8 military judge and after consultation with defense counsel,
- 9 requests in writing a court composed only of the military judge
- 10 and the military judge approves.
- 11 (b) Special courts-martial consisting of a military judge
- 12 and not less than 3 members; or only a military judge, if the
- 13 accused under the same conditions as those prescribed in subdivi-
- 14 sion (a), requests a court composed only of the military judge.
- 15 (c) Summary courts-martial, consisting of 1 commissioned
- 16 officer OF FIELD GRADE RANK OR ABOVE WHO IS CERTIFIED FOR THAT
- 17 DUTY BY THE STATE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL AND who is not a member
- 18 of the accused's unit.
- 19 Sec. 25. (1) Members for all courts-martial shall be
- 20 selected at random pursuant to regulations issued by the state
- 21 adjutant general not inconsistent with this section.
- 22 (2) A commissioned officer on duty with the state military
- 23 forces is eligible to serve on all courts-martial for the trial
- 24 of a person who may lawfully be brought before the court-martial
- 25 for trial.
- 26 (3) A warrant officer on duty with the state military forces
- 27 is eligible to serve on general and special courts-martial for

- 1 the trial of a person, other than a commissioned officer, who may
- 2 lawfully be brought before the court-martial for trial.
- 3 (4) An enlisted member of the state military forces who is
- 4 not a member of the same unit as the accused is eligible to serve
- 5 on general and special courts-martial for the trial of any
- 6 enlisted member who may lawfully be brought before the
- 7 court-martial for trial, but the enlisted member shall serve as a
- 8 member of a court only if, before the convening of the court, the
- 9 accused personally requested in writing that enlisted members
- 10 serve on the court-martial. After the request, the accused may
- 11 not be tried by a general or special courts-martial the member-
- 12 ship of which does not include enlisted members in a number com-
- 13 prising at least 1/3 of the total membership of the court, unless
- 14 eligible enlisted members cannot be obtained on account of physi-
- 15 cal conditions or military exigencies. If the members cannot be
- 16 obtained, the court may be convened and the trial held without
- 17 them, but the convening authority shall make a detailed written
- 18 statement, to be appended to the record, stating why enlisted
- 20 any regularly organized body of the state military forces not
- 21 larger than a company, a squadron, or a body corresponding to a
- 22 company or squadron.
- 23 (5) Unless unavoidable, a person subject to this code shall
- 24 not be tried by a court-martial which has a member junior to the
- 25 person in rank or grade. When convening a court-martial, the
- 26 convening authority shall detail as a member of the court-martial
- 27 a person who is best qualified for the duty by reason of age,

- 1 education, training, experience, length of service, and judicial
- 2 temperament. A person is not eligible to serve as a member of a
- 3 general or special court-martial if the person is the accuser or
- 4 a witness for the prosecution or has acted as investigating offi-
- 5 cer or as counsel in the same case.
- 6 Sec. 26. (1) The authority PERSON convening a general or
- 7 special courts-martial COURT-MARTIAL shall request the state
- 8 judge advocate GENERAL to detail as APPOINT A military judge
- 9 of the court-martial a commissioned officer who is licensed to
- 10 practice law in this state, and who is certified to be qualified
- 11 for duty by the state judge advocate TO THE GENERAL OR SPECIAL
- 12 COURT-MARTIAL.
- 13 (2) A person is not eligible to act as a military judge in
- 14 a case if the person is the accuser or a witness for the prosecu-
- 15 tion or has acted as investigating officer or a counsel in the
- 16 same case. THE STATE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL MAY APPOINT AN
- 17 ASSISTANT JUDGE ADVOCATE TO SERVE AS A MILITARY JUDGE WHO IS A
- 18 COMMISSIONED OFFICER, WHO IS LICENSED TO PRACTICE LAW IN THIS
- 19 STATE, AND WHO IS CERTIFIED FOR THAT DUTY BY THE STATE JUDGE
- 20 ADVOCATE.
- 21 (3) The military judge shall not consult with the members of
- 22 the court except in the presence of the accused, trial counsel,
- 23 and defense counsel, nor shall the military judge vote with the
- 24 members of the court.
- 25 (4) The military judge shall rule finally on all matters of
- 26 law, rule finally on all motions, and except as otherwise

- 1 provided, decide all other questions raised at the trial of the
- 2 accused.
- 3 Sec. 27. (1) For each general and special court-martial,
- 4 the authority convening the court shall request the state judge
- 5 advocate to detail trial counsel and defense counsel, and those
- 6 assistants as the convening authority considers appropriate. A
- 7 person who has acted as investigating officer, military judge, or
- 8 court member in any case shall not act later as trial counsel,
- 9 assistant trial counsel, or, unless expressly requested by the
- 10 accused, as defense counsel or assistant defense counsel in the
- 11 same case. A person who has acted for the prosecution shall not
- 12 act later in the same case for the defense, nor shall a person
- 13 who has acted for the defense act later in the same case for the
- 14 prosecution.
- 15 (2) Military trial counsel or military defense counsel for a
- 16 general or special courts-martial shall be licensed to practice
- 17 law in this state and certified as competent to perform those
- 18 duties by the state judge advocate GENERAL.
- 19 Sec. 29. (1) A member of a general or special
- 20 courts-martial shall not be absent or excused after the accused
- 21 has been arraigned except for physical disability or as a result
- 22 of a challenge or by order of the convening authority for good
- 23 cause.
- 24 (2) If a general court-martial is reduced below 5 members,
- 25 the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority appoints
- 26 new members sufficient in number to provide not less than 5
- 27 members. When the new members have been sworn, the trial may

- 1 proceed after the recorded testimony of each witness previously
- 2 examined has been read to the court-martial in the presence of
- 3 the law officer MILITARY JUDGE, the accused, and counsel.
- 4 (3) If a special court-martial is reduced below 3 members,
- 5 the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority appoints
- 6 new members sufficient in number to provide not less than 3
- 7 members. When the new members have been sworn, the trial shall
- 8 proceed as if no evidence had previously been introduced, unless
- 9 a verbatim record of the testimony of previously examined wit-
- 10 nesses or a stipulation of that testimony is read to the
- 11 court-martial in the presence of the accused and counsel.
- 12 SEC. 50A. (1) IT IS AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE IN A TRIAL BY
- 13 COURT-MARTIAL THAT, AT THE TIME OF THE COMMISSION OF THE ACTS
- 14 CONSTITUTING THE OFFENSE, THE ACCUSED, AS A RESULT OF A SEVERE
- 15 MENTAL DISEASE OR DEFECT, WAS UNABLE TO APPRECIATE THE NATURE AND
- 16 QUALITY OR THE WRONGFULNESS OF THE ACTS AND THEREFORE LACKED
- 17 MENTAL RESPONSIBILITY. MENTAL DISEASE OR DEFECT DOES NOT OTHER-
- 18 WISE CONSTITUTE A DEFENSE.
- 19 (2) THE ACCUSED HAS THE BURDEN, UNDER SUBSECTION (1), OF
- 20 PROVING THE DEFENSE OF LACK OF MENTAL RESPONSIBILITY BY CLEAR AND
- 21 CONVINCING EVIDENCE.
- 22 (3) WHENEVER LACK OF MENTAL RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ACCUSED
- 23 WITH RESPECT TO AN OFFENSE IS PROPERLY AT ISSUE, THE MILITARY
- 24 JUDGE, OR THE PRESIDENT OF A COURT-MARTIAL WITHOUT A MILITARY
- 25 JUDGE, SHALL INSTRUCT THE MEMBERS OF THE COURT AS TO THE DEFENSE
- 26 OF LACK OF MENTAL RESPONSIBILITY UNDER THIS SECTION AND SHALL
- 27 CHARGE THEM TO FIND THE ACCUSED 1 OF THE FOLLOWING:

- 1 (A) GUILTY.
- 2 (B) NOT GUILTY.
- 3 (C) NOT GUILTY ONLY BY REASON OF LACK OF MENTAL
- 4 RESPONSIBILITY.
- 5 (4) NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 52, THE ACCUSED SHALL BE FOUND
- 6 NOT GUILTY ONLY BY REASON OF LACK OF MENTAL RESPONSIBILITY IF A
- 7 MAJORITY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE COURT-MARTIAL PRESENT AT THE TIME
- 8 THE VOTE IS TAKEN DETERMINE THAT THE DEFENSE OF LACK OF MENTAL
- 9 RESPONSIBILITY HAD BEEN ESTABLISHED OR, IN THE CASE OF A
- 10 COURT-MARTIAL COMPOSED OF A MILITARY JUDGE ONLY, THE MILITARY
- 11 JUDGE DETERMINES THAT THE DEFENSE OF LACK OF MENTAL RESPONSIBIL-
- 12 ITY HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED.
- 13 Sec. 80. (1) An act, done with the specific intent to
- 14 commit an offense under this code, amounting to more than mere
- 15 preparation, even though failing to effect its commission, is an
- 16 attempt to commit that offense.
- 17 (2) A person subject to this code who attempts to commit an
- 18 offense punishable by this code shall be punished as a
- 19 court-martial directs, unless otherwise specifically prescribed.
- 20 (3) A person subject to this code may be convicted of an
- 21 attempt to commit an offense although EVEN IF it appears on the
- 22 trial FROM EVIDENCE PRESENTED AT THE TRIAL OR FROM A GUILTY PLEA
- 23 that the offense was consummated COMPLETE.
- 24 Sec. 84. A person subject to this code who effects an
- 25 enlistment or appointment in or a separation from the state mili-
- 26 tary forces of a person who is known to that person to be
- 27 ineligible for the enlistment, appointment, or separation because

- 1 it is prohibited by law, rule, REGULATION, or order shall be
- 2 punished as a court-martial directs.
- 3 Sec. 85. (1) A member of the state military forces is
- 4 guilty of desertion if the member commits 1 of the following
- 5 acts:
- **6** (a) Without proper authority goes or remains absent from his
- 7 or her unit, organization, or place of duty with intent to remain
- 8 away permanently.
- **9** (b) Quits his or her unit, organization, or place of duty
- 10 with intent to avoid hazardous duty or to shirk important
- 11 service.
- 12 (c) Without being regularly separated from 1 of the forces
- 13 of the state military forces, enlists or accepts an appointment
- 14 in the same or another state military force without fully dis-
- 15 closing the fact that he or she has not been regularly
- 16 separated.
- 17 (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a member of the state
- 18 military forces shall not be, in time of peace or order, prohib-
- 19 ited from accepting bona fide employment in another state or
- 20 -leave LEAVING the boundaries of this state in pursuance of a
- 21 vocation, education, or profession if before so doing the
- 22 member fully informs the member's commanding officer of the
- 23 absence from the state and the reasons for the absence. However,
- 24 the commanding officer may waive this requirement.
- 25 (3) An officer of the state military forces who, having
- 26 tendered his or her resignation and before due notice of the
- 27 acceptance of the resignation, quits his or her post or proper

- 1 duties without leave and with intent to remain away permanently
- 2 is guilty of desertion.
- 3 (4) A person found guilty of desertion or attempted
- 4 desertion shall be punished as a court-martial directs.
- 5 SEC. 88. (1) A PERSON SUBJECT TO THIS ACT SHALL NOT USE
- 6 CONTEMPTUOUS WORDS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT, VICE PRESIDENT, CON-
- 7 GRESS, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, A SECRETARY OF A MILITARY DEPART-
- 8 MENT, THE DIRECTOR OF THE MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AND
- 9 VETERANS AFFAIRS, OR THE GOVERNOR OR THE LEGISLATURE OF THIS
- 10 STATE WHILE HE OR SHE IS ON DUTY, OR AGAINST THE GOVERNOR OR THE
- 11 LEGISLATURE OF ANY OTHER STATE, TERRITORY, COMMONWEALTH, OR POS-
- 12 SESSION WHILE HE OR SHE IS ON DUTY AND PRESENT IN THAT STATE,
- 13 TERRITORY, COMMONWEALTH, OR POSSESSION.
- 14 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF AN
- 15 OFFENSE PUNISHABLE AS A COURT-MARTIAL MAY DIRECT.
- 16 Sec. 92. A person subject to this code shall be punished as
- 17 a court-martial directs if the person commits 1 of the following
- **18** acts:
- 19 (a) Violates or fails to obey a lawful general order, or
- 20 rule, OR REGULATION.
- 21 (b) Having knowledge of a lawful order issued by a member of
- 22 the armed forces which it is the person's duty to obey, fails to
- 23 obey that order.
- 24 (c) Is derelict in the performance of duties.
- 25 Sec. 94. (1) A person subject to this code:
- 26 (a) Who, with the intent to usurp or override a lawful
- 27 military authority, refuses, in concert with another person, to

- 1 obey an order or otherwise do his or her duty or creates any
- 2 violence or disturbance is guilty of mutiny.
- 3 (b) Who, with the intent to cause the overthrow or destruc-
- 4 tion of a lawful civil authority, creates, in concert with
- 5 another person, revolt, violence, or other disturbance against
- 6 that authority is guilty of sedition.
- 7 (c) Who fails to do the utmost to prevent and suppress an
- 8 offense of mutiny or sedition being committed in the person's
- 9 presence —, or fails to take all reasonable means to inform a
- 10 superior officer or commanding officer of an offense of mutiny or
- 11 sedition which the person knows OF or has reason to believe is
- 12 taking place is guilty of a failure to suppress or report a
- 13 mutiny or sedition.
- 14 (2) A person who is found guilty of attempted mutiny,
- 15 mutiny, sedition, or failure to suppress or report a mutiny or
- 16 sedition shall be punished as a court-martial directs.
- 17 Sec. 99. A person subject to this code who before or in the
- 18 presence of the enemy OR DURING THE PERFORMANCE OF DUTY IN A
- 19 PEACETIME EMERGENCY OR CIVIL DISTURBANCE OPERATION commits 1 of
- 20 the following acts shall be punished as a court-martial directs:
- 21 (a) Runs away.
- 22 (b) Abandons, surrenders, or delivers up a command, unit,
- 23 place, or military property which it is the person's duty to
- 24 defend.
- 25 (c) Through disobedience, neglect, or intentional misconduct
- 26 endangers the safety of a command, unit, place, or military
- 27 property.

- 1 (d) Casts away arms or ammunition.
- 2 (e) Is guilty of cowardly conduct.
- **3** (f) Quits a place of duty to plunder or pillage.
- 4 (g) Causes false alarms in a command, unit, or place under
- 5 the control of the armed forces of the United States, the state
- 6 military forces, or the military forces of any other state or
- 7 territory.
- 8 (h) Wilfully WILLFULLY fails to do the person's utmost to
- 9 encounter, engage, capture, or destroy enemy troops, combatants,
- 10 vessels, aircraft, or any other thing which it is the person's
- 11 duty to encounter, engage, capture, or destroy.
- 12 (i) Does not afford all practicable relief and assistance to
- 13 troops, combatants, vessels, or aircraft of the armed forces
- 14 belonging to the United States, TO their allies, or to any other
- 15 state or to the state military forces if engaged in battle.
- 16 (J) WILLFULLY FAILS TO DO HIS OR HER UTMOST TO SUPPRESS
- 17 CIVIL DISTURBANCE WHILE ENGAGED IN AN EMERGENCY RESPONSE
- 18 OPERATION.
- 19 Sec. 103. (1) A person subject to this code shall secure
- 20 all public property taken in the course of active state
- 21 PERFORMANCE OF HIS OR HER duty and shall give notice and turn
- 22 over to the proper authority without delay all captured or aban-
- 23 doned property in the person's possession, custody, or control.
- 24 (2) A person subject to this code shall be punished as a
- 25 court-martial directs if the person commits 1 of the following
- **26** acts:

- 1 (a) Fails to carry out the duties prescribed in subsection 2 (1).
- 3 (b) Buys, sells, trades, or in any way deals in or disposes
- 4 of captured or abandoned property, from which the person receives
- 5 or expects a profit, benefit, or advantage to the person or
- 6 another directly or indirectly connected with the person.
- 7 (c) Engages in looting or pillaging.
- 8 Sec. 105. (1) A person subject to this code who, while in
- 9 the hands of the enemy A CAPTOR in time of declared state emer-
- 10 gency, commits 1 of the following acts shall be punished as a
- 11 court-martial directs OR CIVIL DISTURBANCE EMERGENCY SHALL NOT
- 12 DO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 13 (a) For the purpose of securing TO SECURE favorable treat-
- 14 ment by the person's captors, acts ACT without proper authority
- 15 in a manner contrary to law, custom, or rule, OR REGULATION to
- 16 the detriment of others. of whatever nationality held by the
- 17 enemy as civilian or military prisoners.
- 18 (b) While in a position of authority over those persons,
- 19 maltreats MALTREAT them without justifiable cause.
- 20 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION SHALL BE PUNISHED AS
- 21 A COURT-MARTIAL DIRECTS.
- Sec. 107. A person subject to this code who, with the
- 23 intent to deceive, signs a false record, return, rule, order, or
- 24 other official document, knowing the document to be false, or
- 25 makes any other false document knowing the document to be false,
- 26 or other false official statement knowing the statement to be
- 27 false shall be punished as a court-martial directs.

- 1 Sec. 108. (1) A person subject to this code who, without
- 2 proper authority sells or otherwise disposes of; wilfully or
- 3 through neglect damages, destroys, or loses; or wilfully or
- 4 through neglect suffers to be lost, damaged, destroyed, sold, or
- 5 wrongfully disposed of military property of the United States or
- 6 of this state SHALL NOT, WITHOUT PROPER AUTHORITY, DO ANY OF THE
- 7 FOLLOWING:
- 8 (A) SELL OR OTHERWISE DISPOSE OF MILITARY PROPERTY OF THE
- 9 UNITED STATES OR THIS STATE.
- 10 (B) WILLFULLY OR NEGLIGENTLY DAMAGE, DESTROY, OR LOSE MILI-
- 11 TARY PROPERTY OF THE UNITED STATES OR THIS STATE.
- 12 (C) WILLFULLY OR NEGLIGENTLY ALLOW DAMAGE, DESTRUCTION, OR
- 13 LOSS OF MILITARY PROPERTY OF THE UNITED STATES OR THIS STATE.
- 14 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION shall be punished as
- 15 a court-martial directs.
- 16 SEC. 109. (1) A PERSON SUBJECT TO THIS CODE, WHILE ON DUTY
- 17 OR IN THE COURSE OF DUTY, SHALL NOT WILLFULLY OR RECKLESSLY
- 18 WASTE, SPOIL, OR DESTROY ANY PROPERTY THAT IS NOT PROPERTY OF THE
- 19 UNITED STATES OR OF THIS STATE.
- 20 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION SHALL BE PUNISHED AS
- 21 A COURT-MARTIAL DIRECTS.
- Sec. 112. (1) A person subject to this code, who is found
- 23 under the influence of intoxicating liquor and disorderly while
- 24 in uniform or while on state military property NOT A SENTINEL OR
- 25 A LOOK-OUT AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 113, SHALL NOT BE UNDER THE
- 26 INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE WHILE
- 27 IN UNIFORM, WHILE ON MILITARY PROPERTY, OR WHILE ON DUTY.

- 1 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION shall be punished as
- 2 a court-martial directs.
- 3 Sec. 113. A sentinel or guard subject to this code who is
- 4 found under the influence of intoxicating liquor OR A CONTROLLED
- 5 SUBSTANCE or sleeping upon his or her post or who leaves a post
- 6 before being relieved shall be punished as a court-martial
- 7 directs.
- 8 SEC. 121. (1) A PERSON SUBJECT TO THIS CODE WHO UNLAWFULLY
- 9 TAKES, OBTAINS, OR WITHHOLDS FROM THE UNITED STATES, THIS STATE,
- 10 OR ANY OTHER STATE, ANY PROPERTY, MONEY, OR ARTICLE OF ANY KIND
- 11 WITH THE INTENT TO PERMANENTLY DEPRIVE THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY,
- 12 MONEY, OR ARTICLE OF ANY KIND, IS GUILTY OF LARCENY.
- 13 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS PUNISHABLE AS A
- 14 COURT-MARTIAL DIRECTS.
- 15 Sec. 132. (1) A person subject to this code shall be pun-
- 16 ished as a court-martial directs if the person commits 1 not
- 17 commit any of the following acts:
- 18 (a) Knowing the claim to be false or fraudulent, makes
- 19 MAKE a claim against the United States, this state, or an officer
- 20 of the United States or this state.
- 21 (b) Knowing the claim to be false or fraudulent, presents
- 22 PRESENT to a person in the civil or military service of the
- 23 United States or this state for approval or payment a claim
- 24 against the United States, this state, or an officer of the
- 25 United States or this state.
- 26 (c) Who, for FOR the purpose of obtaining the approval,
- 27 allowance, or payment of a claim against the United States, this

- 1 state, or any officer of the United States or this state, does
- 2 DO ANY 1 of the following:
- 3 (i) Makes MAKE or uses USE a writing or other paper
- 4 knowing the writing or paper contains a false or fraudulent
- 5 statement.
- 6 (ii) Makes MAKE an oath to a fact, writing, or other paper
- 7 knowing the oath to be false.
- 8 (iii) Forges FORGE or counterfeits COUNTERFEIT a signa-
- 9 ture upon a writing or other paper or uses USE a signature
- 10 knowing the signature to be forged or counterfeited.
- 11 (d) Who, having HAVING charge, possession, custody, or
- 12 control of money or other property of the United States or this
- 13 state, furnished or intended for the armed forces of the United
- 14 States or this state, knowingly delivers DELIVER to a person
- 15 having authority to receive the money or property, an amount less
- 16 than that for which the person receives a certificate or
- 17 receipt.
- 18 (e) Who, being BEING authorized to make or deliver a paper
- 19 certifying the receipt of property of the United States or this
- 20 state, furnished or intended for the armed forces of the United
- 21 States or this state, makes MAKE or delivers DELIVER to a
- 22 person the writing without having full knowledge of the truth of
- 23 the statements contained in the paper and with intent to defraud
- 24 the United States or this state.
- 25 (F) MAKE A FALSE OR FRAUDULENT USE OF A CREDIT CARD, TELE-
- 26 PHONE, TELEPHONE CALLING CARD, OR OTHER ACCESS DEVICE ISSUED BY
- 27 THE UNITED STATES OR THIS STATE.

- 1 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION SHALL BE PUNISHED AS
- 2 A COURT-MARTIAL DIRECTS.
- 3 Sec. 134. (1) Though not specifically mentioned in this
- 4 code, a disorder and neglect to the prejudice of good order and
- 5 discipline in the military forces of this state, other than an
- 6 offense reserved for punishment to the civil courts under this
- 7 code, shall be taken cognizance of by a general, special, or sum-
- 8 mary court-martial, pursuant to the nature and degree of the
- 9 offense, and punished in the discretion of the court. A PERSON
- 10 SUBJECT TO THIS CODE SHALL NOT THROUGH DISORDER OR NEGLECT TO THE
- 11 PREJUDICE OF GOOD ORDER AND DISCIPLINE OR THROUGH CONDUCT BRING
- 12 DISCREDIT UPON THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES OR OF THIS
- 13 STATE.
- 14 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) SHALL BE PUNISHED
- 15 BY A GENERAL, SPECIAL, OR SUMMARY COURT-MARTIAL AS DETERMINED BY

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16 THE NATURE AND DEGREE OF THE VIOLATION.

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