## **HOUSE BILL No. 5813**

March 19, 2002, Introduced by Reps. Vander Roest, Mead, Kuipers, Ehardt, Jelinek, Vear, Voorhees, Raczkowski, Richardville, Rocca, Julian, Cameron Brown and Drolet and referred to the Committee on Tax Policy.

A bill to amend 1893 PA 206, entitled "The general property tax act," by amending section 34c (MCL 211.34c), as amended by 2000 PA 415.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 34c. (1) Not later than the first Monday in March in
- 2 each year, the assessor shall classify every item of assessable
- 3 property according to the definitions contained in this section.
- 4 Following the March board of review, the assessor shall tabulate
- 5 the total number of items and the valuations as approved by the
- 6 board of review for each classification and for the totals of
- 7 real and personal property in the local tax collecting unit. The
- 8 assessor shall transmit to the county equalization department and
- 9 to the state tax commission the tabulation of assessed valuations
- 10 and other statistical information the state tax commission

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- 1 considers necessary to meet the requirements of this act and 1911
- 2 PA 44, MCL 209.1 to 209.8.
- 3 (2) The classifications of assessable real property are
- 4 described as follows:
- 5 (a) Agricultural real property includes parcels used par-
- 6 tially or wholly for agricultural operations, with or without
- 7 buildings, and parcels assessed to the department of natural
- 8 resources and valued by the state tax commission. As used in
- 9 this subdivision, "agricultural operations" means the following:
- 10 (i) Farming in all its branches, including cultivating
- **11** soil.
- 12 (ii) Growing and harvesting any agricultural, horticultural,
- 13 or floricultural commodity.
- 14 (iii) Dairying.
- 15 (iv) Raising livestock, bees, fish, fur-bearing animals, or
- 16 poultry.
- 17 (v) Turf and tree farming. AS USED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH,
- 18 "TREE FARMING" INCLUDES THE MANAGEMENT AND HARVESTING OF A PARCEL
- 19 OF PROPERTY STOCKED WITH FOREST PRODUCTS IF THE PARCEL OF PROP-
- 20 ERTY ON WHICH THE FOREST PRODUCTS ARE LOCATED IS ENROLLED IN A
- 21 RECOGNIZED TREE FARM SYSTEM AND HAS A CERTIFIED MANAGEMENT PLAN
- 22 FOR HARVESTING AND PLANTING OF FOREST PRODUCTS.
- 23 (vi) Performing any practices on a farm incident to, or in
- 24 conjunction with, farming operations. A commercial storage, pro-
- 25 cessing, distribution, marketing, or shipping operation is not
- 26 part of agricultural operations.

- 1 (b) Commercial real property includes the following:
- 2 (i) Platted or unplatted parcels used for commercial
- 3 purposes, whether wholesale, retail, or service, with or without
- 4 buildings.
- 5 (ii) Parcels used by fraternal societies.
- 6 (iii) Parcels used as golf courses, boat clubs, ski areas,
- 7 or apartment buildings with more than 4 units.
- 8 (c) Developmental real property includes parcels containing
- 9 more than 5 acres without buildings, or more than 15 acres with a
- 10 market value in excess of its value in use. Developmental real
- 11 property may include farm land or open space land adjacent to a
- 12 population center, or farm land subject to several competing val-
- 13 uation influences.
- 14 (d) Industrial real property includes the following:
- 15 (i) Platted or unplatted parcels used for manufacturing and
- 16 processing purposes, with or without buildings.
- 17 (ii) Parcels used for utilities sites for generating plants,
- 18 pumping stations, switches, substations, compressing stations,
- 19 warehouses, rights-of-way, flowage land, and storage areas.
- 20 (iii) Parcels used for removal or processing of gravel,
- 21 stone, or mineral ores, whether valued by the local assessor or
- 22 by the state geologist.
- (e) Residential real property includes the following:
- 24 (i) Platted or unplatted parcels, with or without buildings,
- 25 and condominium apartments located within or outside a village or
- 26 city, which are used for, or probably will be used for,
- 27 residential purposes.

- 1 (ii) Parcels that are used for, or probably will be used
- 2 for, recreational purposes, such as lake lots and hunting lands,
- 3 located in an area used predominantly for recreational purposes.
- 4 (f) Timber-cutover real property includes <del>parcels that are</del>
- 5 stocked with forest products of merchantable type and size, cut-
- 6 over forest land with little or no merchantable FOREST products
- 7 —, and marsh lands or other barren land. However, when a typi-
- 8 cal purchase of this type of land is for residential or recrea-
- 9 tional uses, the classification shall be changed to residential.
- 10 (3) The classifications of assessable personal property are
- 11 described as follows:
- 12 (a) Agricultural personal property includes farm buildings
- 13 on leased land and any agricultural equipment and produce not
- 14 exempt by law.
- (b) Commercial personal property includes the following:
- 16 (i) All equipment, furniture, and fixtures on commercial
- 17 parcels, and inventories not exempt by law.
- 18 (ii) Outdoor advertising signs and billboards.
- 19 (iii) Well drilling rigs and other equipment attached to a
- 20 transporting vehicle but not designed for operation while the
- 21 vehicle is moving on the highway.
- 22 (iv) Unlicensed commercial vehicles or commercial vehicles
- 23 licensed as special mobile equipment or by temporary permits.
- 24 (v) Commercial buildings on leased land.
- 25 (c) Industrial personal property includes the following:
- 26 (i) All machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, and
- 27 dies on industrial parcels, and inventories not exempt by law.

- 1 (ii) Industrial buildings on leased land.
- 2 (iii) Personal property of mining companies valued by the
- 3 state geologist.
- 4 (d) Residential personal property includes a home, cottage,
- 5 or cabin on leased land, and a mobile home that would be asses-
- 6 sable as real property under section 2a except that the land on
- 7 which it is located is not assessable because the land is
- 8 exempt.
- 9 (e) Utility personal property includes the following:
- 10 (i) Electric transmission and distribution systems, substa-
- 11 tion equipment, spare parts, gas distribution systems, and water
- 12 transmission and distribution systems.
- 13 (ii) Oil wells and allied equipment such as tanks, gathering
- 14 lines, field pump units, and buildings.
- 15 (iii) Inventories not exempt by law.
- 16 (iv) Gas wells with allied equipment and gathering lines.
- (v) Oil or gas field equipment stored in the open or in
- 18 warehouses such as drilling rigs, motors, pipes, and parts.
- 19 (vi) Gas storage equipment.
- 20 (vii) Transmission lines of gas or oil transporting
- 21 companies.
- 22 (viii) Utility buildings on leased land.
- 23 (4) For taxes levied before January 1, 2003, buildings on
- 24 leased land of any classification are improvements where the
- 25 owner of the improvement is not the owner of the land or fee, the
- 26 value of the land is not assessed to the owner of the building,
- 27 and the improvement has been assessed as personal property

- 1 pursuant to section 14(6). For taxes levied after December 31,
- 2 2002, buildings located upon leased land, except buildings exempt
- 3 under section 9f, shall be assessed as real property under sec-
- 4 tion 2 and shall bear the same classification as the parcel upon
- 5 which the building is located. For taxes levied after December
- 6 31, 2001, buildings exempt under section 9f shall be assessed as
- 7 personal property.
- **8** (5) If the total usage of a parcel includes more than 1
- 9 classification, the assessor shall determine the classification
- 10 that most significantly influences the total valuation of the
- 11 parcel.
- 12 (6) An owner of any assessable property who disputes the
- 13 classification of that parcel shall notify the assessor and may
- 14 protest the assigned classification to the March board of
- 15 review. An owner or assessor may appeal the decision of the
- 16 March board of review by filing a petition with the state tax
- 17 commission not later than June 30 in that tax year. The state
- 18 tax commission shall arbitrate the petition based on the written
- 19 petition and the written recommendations of the assessor and the
- 20 state tax commission staff. An appeal may not be taken from the
- 21 decision of the state tax commission regarding classification
- 22 complaint petitions and the state tax commission's determination
- 23 is final and binding for the year of the petition.
- 24 (7) The department of treasury may appeal the classification
- 25 of any assessable property to the residential and small claims
- 26 division of the Michigan tax tribunal not later than December 31
- 27 in the tax year for which the classification is appealed.

- 1 (8) This section shall not be construed to encourage the
- 2 assessment of property at other than the uniform percentage of
- 3 true cash value prescribed by this act.

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