S.B. 808

(As amended July 1, 1998)

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A bill to amend 1961 PA 236, entitled

"Revised judicature act of 1961,"

by amending section[s 821, 822, and] 1011 [(MCL 600.821, 600.822, and] 600.1011), section 821 as amended and section 1011 as added by 1996 PA 388 and section 822 as amended by 1996 PA 374;] and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

[Sec. 821. (1) The following probate judges shall not engage in the practice of law other than as a judge and shall receive, subject to subsection (7), an annual salary provided in this section:

(a) A probate judge of a county that is not part of a proposed probate court district described in section 807.

(b) The probate judge in each probate court district in which a majority of the electors voting on the question in each county of probate court district has approved or approves creation of the district.

(c) A probate judge in a county having a population of 15,000 or more ACCORDING TO THE 1990 FEDERAL DECENNIAL CENSUS, if the county is not part of a probate court district created pursuant to law.

(2) Until the salary of a justice of the supreme court exceeds \$128,538.00, each probate judge shall receive an annual salary of \$109,257.00 determined as follows:

(a) A minimum annual salary of \$63,533.00.
(b) An additional salary of \$45,724.00 paid by the county or by the counties comprising a probate court district. If a probate judge receives a total additional salary of \$45,724.00 from the county, or from the counties comprising a probate court district, and does not receive less than or more than \$45,724.00, including any cost-of-living allowance, the state shall reimburse the county or counties the amount that the county or counties have paid to the judge.

(3) If the salary of a justice of the supreme court exceeds \$128,538.00, each probate judge shall receive an annual salary determined as follows:

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(a) A minimum annual salary of the difference between 85% of the salary of a justice of the supreme court and \$45,724.00. (b) An additional salary of \$45,724.00 paid by the county or by the counties comprising a probate court district. If a probate

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judge receives a total additional salary of \$45,724.00 from the county, or from the counties comprising a probate court district, and does not receive less than or more than \$45,724.00, including any cost-of-living allowance, the state shall reimburse the county or counties the amount that the county or counties have paid to the judge.

(4) Six thousand dollars of the minimum annual salary provided in subsection (2), (3), or (4) shall be paid by the county, or by the counties comprising a probate court district, and the balance of that minimum annual salary shall be paid by the state as a grant to the county or the counties comprising the probate court district. The county, or the counties comprising the probate court district, shall in turn pay that amount to the probate judge. Beginning January 1, 1997, the state shall annually reimburse the county or counties \$6,000.00 for each probate judge to offset the cost of the county or counties required by this section. (5) The salary provided in this section <u>shall be</u> IS full compensation for all services performed by a probate judge, except

(5) The salary provided in this section shall be IS full compensation for all services performed by a probate judge, except as otherwise provided by law. In a probate court district, each county of the district shall contribute to the salary in the same proportion as the population of the county bears to the population of the district.

(6) An additional salary determined by the county board of commissioners may be increased during a term of office but shall not be decreased except to the extent of a general salary reduction in all other branches of government in the county. In a county where an additional salary is granted, it shall be paid at the same rate to all probate judges regularly holding court in the county.

to all probate judges regularly holding court in the county. (7) An increase in the amount of salary payable to a judge under subsection (1) caused by an increase in the salary payable to a justice of the supreme court resulting from the operation of Act No. 357 of the Public Acts of 1968, being sections 15.211 to 15.218 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, shall 1968 PA 357, MCL 15.211 TO 15.218, IS not <u>be</u> effective until February 1 of the year in which the increase in the salary of a justice of the supreme court becomes effective. If an increase in salary becomes effective on February 1 of a year in which an increase in the salary of a justice of the supreme court becomes effective, the increase <u>shall be</u> IS retroactive to January 1 of that year.

retroactive to January 1 of that year. Sec. 822. (1) The probate judge of a county having a population of less than 15,000 ACCORDING TO THE 1990 FEDERAL DECENNIAL CENSUS and comprising part of a proposed probate court district in which the electors of 1 or more counties <u>thereof</u> OF THE PROBATE COURT DISTRICT did not approve the <u>same</u> PROBATE COURT DISTRICT shall receive an annual salary of \$20,000.00. Six thousand dollars of the minimum annual salary provided by this subsection shall be paid by the county and the balance of the minimum annual salary shall be paid by the state as a grant to the county. The county shall, in turn, pay that amount to the probate judge. (2) The annual salary provided in subsection (1) may be increased but shall not be decreased during the term for which the probate judge has been elected or appointed. This salary <u>shall be</u>

(2) The annual salary provided in subsection (1) may be increased but shall not be decreased during the term for which the probate judge has been elected or appointed. This salary shall be IS in full compensation for all services performed by the person as probate judge, except as otherwise provided by law. A probate judge whose annual salary is provided in subsection (1) shall not represent a party in a contested proceeding in the probate court of this state.

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(3) In addition to the salary provided in subsection (1), a probate judge may receive from the county in which he or she regularly holds court an additional salary of not more than \$43,000.00, as determined by the county board of commissioners. The additional salary may be increased during a term of office but shall not be decreased except to the extent of a general salary reduction in all other branches of government in the county.

in all other branches of government in the county. (4) The total annual salary of a probate judge, including the salary provided in subsection (1) and any additional salary granted

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by the county under subsection (3), shall not exceed \$63,000.00. (5) From funds appropriated to the judiciary, the state shall pay to a county described in subsection (1) a state salary standardization payment of \$5,750.00 for each probate judge and an additional payment of \$6,000.00 for each probate judge to offset the portion of minimum annual salary paid by the county.]

Sec. 1011. (1) Not later than July 1, 1997, in each judicial circuit, the chief circuit judge and the chief probate judge or judges shall enter into an agreement that establishes a plan for how the family division will be operated in that circuit and how the services of the agencies listed in section 1043 will be coordinated in order to promote more efficient and effective services to families and individuals. In Wayne county such agreement shall be made by the chief circuit judge, chief probate judge, and the chief judge for Detroit's recorder's court.

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(2) If, in any judicial circuit, the agreement required
 under subsection (1) is not entered into on or before July 1,
 1997, the supreme court shall develop and implement the plan for
 that judicial circuit.

5 (3) A plan required under subsection (1) shall provide that
6 the judges assigned to the family division serve in that divi7 sion for the duration of their current terms unless 1 or both of
8 the following occur:

9 (a) The chief judge of the probate court and the chief judge
10 of the circuit court determine that a change in the caseload of
11 the family division justifies a change in the number of judges
12 assigned to that division.

(b) The number of judges assigned to the family division has been decreased upon recommendation of the trial court assessment commission pursuant to section 1013(2). DURATION OF A JUDGE'S GASSIGNMENT TO THE FAMILY DIVISION BE CONSISTENT WITH THE GOAL OF DEVELOPING SUFFICIENT JUDICIAL EXPERTISE IN FAMILY LAW TO PROP-RELY SERVE THE INTERESTS OF THE FAMILIES AND CHILDREN WHOSE CASES ARE ASSIGNED TO THAT JUDGE. THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE CIRCUIT COURT SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY AND FLEXIBILITY TO DETERMINE THE DURA-TION OF A JUDGE'S ASSIGNMENT TO THE FAMILY DIVISION IN FURTHER-ANCE OF THIS GOAL.

23 (4) A JUDGE ASSIGNED TO THE FAMILY DIVISION SHALL RECEIVE24 APPROPRIATE TRAINING AS REQUIRED BY THE SUPREME COURT.

(5) (4) A plan required under subsection (1) may provide
26 that when a judge's assignment to the family division ends, the
27 pending cases of that judge are to be reassigned to the other

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judge or judges of the family division, or are to be resolved by
 that judge by temporarily assigning that judge to the family
 division for that purpose.

4 (6) (5) In addition to the assignment of judges of probate
5 to the family division of circuit court, a plan required under
6 subsection (1) in a multicounty circuit may provide that a judge
7 of probate in 1 county in the circuit may be assigned temporarily
8 to assist a judge of probate of another county in the circuit, as
9 needed.

10 (7) (6) If a probate court district includes counties that 11 are in different judicial circuits, the chief judge of each judi-12 cial circuit that includes a county in the probate court district 13 and the chief probate judge or judges in the circuit may enter 14 into an agreement that establishes a plan for how the family 15 division will be operated in the affected circuits and how the 16 services of agencies listed in section 1043 will be coordinated 17 under subsection (1).

18 (8) (7) A plan required under subsection (1) or entered
19 into under subsection (6) (7) shall be reviewed and revised
20 periodically, as necessary, by the chief circuit judge or judges
21 and the chief probate judge or judges, AND SHALL BE SUBMITTED FOR
22 APPROVAL BY THE SUPREME COURT.

23 Enacting section 1. Section 1017 of the revised judicature24 act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.1017, is repealed.

[Enacting section 2. Section 222 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.222, is repealed effective January 1, 1999.]

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