S.B. 793

A bill to amend 1996 PA 310, entitled "Uniform interstate family support act," by amending sections 103, 104, 224, 231, 306, 308, 310, 312, 501, 621, 623, and 635 (MCL 552.1103, 552.1104, 552.1224, 552.1231, 552.1306, 552.1308, 552.1310, 552.1312, 552.1501, 552.1621, 552.1623, and 552.1635) and by adding sections 501a, 501b, 501c, 501d, 638, and 639.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 103. As used in this act:

2 (a) "Income" includes earnings or other periodic entitle3 ments to money from any source and any other property subject to
4 withholding for support under this state's law.

5 (b) "Income withholding order" means legal process directed
6 to an obligor's employer or other debtor to withhold support from
7 -of- the obligor's income.

04910'97

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(c) "Initiating state" means a state in FROM which a
 proceeding under a support enforcement act is filed for forward ing to a responding state IS FORWARDED OR IN WHICH A PROCEEDING
 IS FILED FOR FORWARDING TO A RESPONDING STATE UNDER THIS ACT OR A
 LAW OR PROCEDURE SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR TO THIS ACT, THE UNIFORM
 RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT ACT, OR THE REVISED UNIFORM
 RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT ACT, 1952 PA 8, MCL 780.151 TO
 780.183.

9 (d) "Initiating tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in10 an initiating state.

(e) "Issuing state" means the state in which a tribunal
issues a support order or renders a judgment determining
parentage.

14 (f) "Issuing tribunal" means the tribunal that issues a sup-15 port order or renders a judgment determining parentage.

16 (g) "Law" includes decisional and statutory law, and rules17 and regulations having the force of law.

18 (h) "L.E.I.N" means the law enforcement information network
19 administered under the L.E.I.N. policy council act of 1974, Act
20 No. 163 of the Public Acts of 1974, being sections 28.211 to
21 28.216 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1974 PA 163, MCL 28.211 TO
22 28.216.

23 (i) "Obligee" means any of the following:

24 (i) An individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged
25 to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a
26 judgment determining parentage has been rendered.

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(*ii*) A state or political subdivision to which the rights
 under a duty of support or support order have been assigned or
 that has independent claims based on financial assistance pro vided to an individual obligee.

5 (*iii*) An individual seeking a judgment determining parentage6 of the individual's child.

7 (j) "Obligor" means an individual about whom 1 of the fol8 lowing is true, or the estate of a decedent about whom 1 of the
9 following was true before the individual's death:

10 (i) The individual owes or is alleged to owe a duty of 11 support.

12 (*ii*) The individual is alleged, but has not been adjudi-13 cated, to be a child's parent.

14 (*iii*) The individual is liable under a support order.15 Sec. 104. As used in this act:

16 (a) "Register" means to file a support order or judgment17 determining parentage in the circuit court.

18 (b) "Registering tribunal" means a tribunal in which a sup-19 port order is registered.

(c) "Responding state" means a state to IN which a proceeding is forwarded under a support enforcement act FILED OR
TO WHICH A PROCEEDING IS FORWARDED FOR FILING FROM AN INITIATING
STATE UNDER THIS ACT OR A LAW OR PROCEDURE SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR
TO THIS ACT, THE UNIFORM RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT ACT,
OR THE REVISED UNIFORM RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT ACT,
1952 PA 8, MCL 780.151 TO 780.183.

1 (d) "Responding tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in a2 responding state.

3 (e) "Spousal support order" means a support order for an4 obligor's spouse or former spouse.

(f) "State" means a state of the United States, the District
of Columbia, <u>the Commonwealth of</u> Puerto Rico, THE UNITED STATES
VIRGIN ISLANDS, or any territory or insular possession subject to
the jurisdiction of the United States. State includes an Indian
tribe and a foreign jurisdiction that <u>establishes</u> HAS ENACTED A
LAW OR ESTABLISHED procedures for issuance and enforcement of
support orders that are substantially similar to the procedures
under this act, THE UNIFORM RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT
ACT, OR THE REVISED UNIFORM RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT
ACT, 1952 PA 8, MCL 780.151 TO 780.183.

(g) "Support enforcement act" means this act, the uniform reciprocal enforcement of support act, the revised uniform reciprocal enforcement of support act, 1952 PA 8, MCL 780.151 TO 8 780.183, or another act substantially similar to 1 of those acts that is in effect in this or another state. Support enforcement act includes a former act substantially similar to an act described in this subdivision under which an order was issued or proceeding initiated, which order or proceeding remains operative.

24 (h) "Support enforcement agency" means a public official or25 agency authorized to seek any of the following:

26 (i) Enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the27 duty of support.

04910'97

1 (*ii*) Establishment or modification of child support.

2 (*iii*) Determination of parentage.

3 (*iv*) Location of obligors or their assets.

4 (i) "Support order" means a judgment, decree, or order,
5 whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, for the
6 benefit of a child, spouse, or former spouse that provides for
7 monetary support, health care, arrearages, or reimbursement and
8 may include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding,
9 attorney fees, and other relief.

10 (j) "Tribunal" means a court, administrative agency, or 11 quasi-judicial entity authorized to establish, enforce, or modify 12 support orders or determine parentage.

Sec. 224. (1) A tribunal of this state that issues a sup-14 port order consistent with this state's law has continuing, 15 exclusive jurisdiction over a child support order in either of 16 the following circumstances:

17 (a) As long as this state remains the residence of the obli18 gor, the individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit the
19 support order is issued.

(b) Until each individual party files ALL PARTIES WHO ARE
21 INDIVIDUALS HAVE FILED written consent with this state's tribunal
22 for another state's tribunal to modify the order and assume con23 tinuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

(2) A tribunal of this state that issues a child support
order consistent with this state's law shall not exercise its
continuing jurisdiction to modify the order if the order has been

1 modified by another state's tribunal under a law substantially
2 similar to this act.

3 (3) If a child support order of this state is modified by
4 another state's tribunal under a law substantially similar to
5 this act, this state's tribunal loses its continuing, exclusive
6 jurisdiction with regard to prospective enforcement of the order
7 issued in this state and may only do 1 or more of the following:

8 (a) Enforce the order that was modified as to amounts accru-9 ing before the modification.

10 (b) Enforce nonmodifiable aspects of that order.

11 (c) Provide other appropriate relief for violations of that12 order that occurred before the modification's effective date.

13 (4) This state's tribunal shall recognize the continuing,
14 exclusive jurisdiction of a tribunal of another state that issues
15 a child support order under a law substantially similar to this
16 act.

17 (5) A temporary support order issued ex parte or pending
18 resolution of a jurisdictional conflict does not create continu19 ing, exclusive jurisdiction in the issuing tribunal.

20 (6) A tribunal of this state that issues a support order 21 consistent with this state's law has continuing, exclusive juris-22 diction over a spousal support order throughout the existence of 23 the support obligation. This state's tribunal shall not modify a 24 spousal support order issued by a tribunal of another state 25 having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over that order under 26 the law of that state.

Sec. 231. (1) If a proceeding is brought under this act, 1 2 and 1 or more child support orders have been issued in this or 3 other states with regard to an obligor and a child, this state's 4 tribunal shall apply the following rules in determining which 5 order to recognize for purposes of continuing, exclusive 6 jurisdiction: 7 (a) If only 1 tribunal has issued a child support order, 8 that tribunal's order shall be recognized. 9 (b) If 2 or more tribunals have issued child support orders 10 for the same obligor and child, and only 1 of the tribunals would 11 have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this act, that 12 tribunal's order shall be recognized. 13 (c) If 2 or more tribunals have issued child support orders

14 for the same obligor and child, and more than 1 of the tribunals 15 would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this act, an 16 order issued by a tribunal in the child's current home state 17 shall be recognized or, if an order has not been issued in the 18 child's current home state, the order most recently issued shall 19 be recognized.

20 (d) If 2 or more tribunals have issued child support orders
21 for the same obligor and child, and none of the tribunals would
22 have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this act, this
23 state's tribunal may issue a child support order, which shall be
24 recognized.

25 (2) The tribunal that issued the order recognized under
26 subsection (1) is the tribunal that has continuing, exclusive
27 jurisdiction.

04910'97

(1) IF A PROCEEDING IS BROUGHT UNDER THIS ACT AND ONLY 1
 2 TRIBUNAL HAS ISSUED A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER, THE ORDER OF THAT TRI 3 BUNAL CONTROLS AND SHALL BE RECOGNIZED.

4 (2) IF A PROCEEDING IS BROUGHT UNDER THIS ACT AND 2 OR MORE
5 CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY TRIBUNALS OF THIS STATE
6 OR ANOTHER STATE FOR THE SAME OBLIGOR AND CHILD, A TRIBUNAL OF
7 THIS STATE SHALL APPLY THE FOLLOWING RULES IN DETERMINING WHICH
8 ORDER TO RECOGNIZE FOR PURPOSES OF CONTINUING, EXCLUSIVE
9 JURISDICTION:

10 (A) IF ONLY 1 OF THE TRIBUNALS WOULD HAVE CONTINUING, EXCLU11 SIVE JURISDICTION UNDER THIS ACT, THE ORDER OF THAT TRIBUNAL CON12 TROLS AND SHALL BE RECOGNIZED.

(B) IF MORE THAN 1 OF THE TRIBUNALS WOULD HAVE CONTINUING,
14 EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION UNDER THIS ACT, AN ORDER ISSUED BY A TRI15 BUNAL IN THE CURRENT HOME STATE OF THE CHILD CONTROLS AND SHALL
16 BE RECOGNIZED, BUT IF AN ORDER HAS NOT BEEN ISSUED IN THE CURRENT
17 HOME STATE OF THE CHILD, THE ORDER MOST RECENTLY ISSUED CONTROLS
18 AND SHALL BE RECOGNIZED.

19 (C) IF NONE OF THE TRIBUNALS WOULD HAVE CONTINUING, EXCLU20 SIVE JURISDICTION UNDER THIS ACT, THE TRIBUNAL OF THIS STATE
21 HAVING JURISDICTION OVER THE PARTIES SHALL ISSUE A CHILD SUPPORT
22 ORDER, WHICH CONTROLS AND SHALL BE RECOGNIZED.

(3) IF 2 OR MORE CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS HAVE BEEN ISSUED FOR
THE SAME OBLIGOR AND CHILD AND IF THE OBLIGOR OR THE INDIVIDUAL
OBLIGEE RESIDES IN THIS STATE, A PARTY MAY REQUEST A TRIBUNAL OF
THIS STATE TO DETERMINE WHICH ORDER CONTROLS AND IS RECOGNIZED
UNDER SUBSECTION (2). THE REQUEST SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY A

CERTIFIED COPY OF EVERY SUPPORT ORDER IN EFFECT. THE REQUESTING
 PARTY SHALL GIVE NOTICE OF THE REQUEST TO EACH PARTY WHOSE RIGHTS
 MAY BE AFFECTED BY THE DETERMINATION.

4 (4) THE TRIBUNAL THAT ISSUED THE CONTROLLING ORDER UNDER
5 SUBSECTION (1), (2), OR (3) IS THE TRIBUNAL THAT HAS CONTINUING,
6 EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION UNDER THIS ACT.

7 (5) A TRIBUNAL OF THIS STATE THAT DETERMINES BY ORDER THE
8 IDENTITY OF THE CONTROLLING ORDER UNDER SUBSECTION (2)(A) OR (B)
9 OR THAT ISSUES A NEW CONTROLLING ORDER UNDER SUBSECTION (2)(C)
10 SHALL STATE IN THAT ORDER THE BASIS UPON WHICH THE TRIBUNAL MADE
11 ITS DETERMINATION.

12 (6) WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER DETERMINING
13 THE IDENTITY OF THE CONTROLLING ORDER, THE PARTY OBTAINING THE
14 ORDER SHALL FILE A CERTIFIED COPY OF IT WITH EACH TRIBUNAL THAT
15 ISSUED OR REGISTERED AN EARLIER ORDER OF CHILD SUPPORT. A PARTY
16 WHO OBTAINS THE ORDER AND FAILS TO FILE A CERTIFIED COPY IS
17 SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATE SANCTIONS BY A TRIBUNAL IN WHICH THE ISSUE
18 OF FAILURE TO FILE ARISES. THE FAILURE TO FILE DOES NOT AFFECT
19 THE VALIDITY OR ENFORCEABILITY OF THE CONTROLLING ORDER.

20 Sec. 306. (1) Upon filing of a petition authorized by this 21 act, an initiating tribunal of this state shall forward 3 copies 22 of the petition and its accompanying documents to each of the 23 following:

24 (a) The responding tribunal or appropriate support enforce-25 ment agency in the responding state.

(b) If the responding tribunal's identity is unknown, the27 responding state's information agency with a request that the

copies and documents be forwarded to the appropriate tribunal and
 that receipt be acknowledged.

3 (2) IF A RESPONDING STATE HAS NOT ENACTED THE UNIFORM INTER4 STATE FAMILY SUPPORT ACT OR A LAW OR PROCEDURES SUBSTANTIALLY
5 SIMILAR TO THIS ACT, A TRIBUNAL OF THIS STATE MAY ISSUE A CERTIF6 ICATE OR OTHER DOCUMENT AND MAKE FINDINGS REQUIRED BY THE LAW OF
7 THE RESPONDING STATE. IF THE RESPONDING STATE IS A FOREIGN
8 JURISDICTION, THE TRIBUNAL MAY SPECIFY THE AMOUNT OF SUPPORT
9 SOUGHT AND PROVIDE OTHER DOCUMENTS NECESSARY TO SATISFY THE
10 REQUIREMENTS OF THE RESPONDING STATE.

Sec. 308. (1) When a responding tribunal of this state receives a petition or comparable pleading from an initiating tribunal or directly under section 301, the tribunal shall do all of the following:

15 (a) Cause the petition or pleading to be filed.

16 (b) Notify the petitioner by first-class mail where and when17 it was filed.

18 (c) Notify the prosecuting attorney or the office of the 19 friend of the court. If notified under this subdivision, the 20 prosecuting attorney or friend of the court shall conduct pro-21 ceedings as appropriate under this act.

(2) A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent oth-erwise authorized by law, may do 1 or more of the following:

24 (a) Issue or enforce a support order, modify a child support25 order, or render a judgment to determine parentage.

26 (b) Order an obligor to comply with a support order,27 specifying the amount and the manner of compliance.

04910'97

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1 (c) Order income withholding.

2 (d) Determine the amount of an arrearage and specify a3 method of payment.

4 (e) Enforce an order by civil or criminal contempt, or5 both.

6 (f) Set aside property for satisfaction of a support order.
7 (g) Place liens and order execution on an obligor's
8 property.

9 (h) Order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the
10 obligor's current residential address and telephone number,
11 employer, and employment address and telephone number.

12 (i) Issue a bench warrant for an obligor who fails after
13 proper notice to appear at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and
14 enter the bench warrant in the L.E.I.N.

15 (j) Order an obligor to seek appropriate employment by spec-16 ified methods.

17 (k) Award reasonable attorney fees and other fees and18 costs.

19 (1) Grant another available remedy.

20 (3) A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a 21 support order issued under this act or in the documents accompa-22 nying the order the calculations on which the support order is 23 based.

(4) A responding tribunal of this state shall not condition
25 the payment of a support order issued under this act upon compli26 ance by a party with provisions for parenting time.

(5) If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order
 under this act, the tribunal shall send a copy of the order by
 first-class mail to the petitioner and the respondent and to the
 initiating tribunal, if any.

5 Sec. 310. If a petition or comparable pleading is received 6 by an inappropriate tribunal of this state, the tribunal shall 7 forward the pleading and accompanying documents to an appropriate 8 tribunal in this state or another state and notify the petitioner 9 by first-class mail where and when the pleading was sent.

Sec. 312. (1) Upon request, a support enforcement agency of this state, or upon the support enforcement agency's request, the prosecuting attorney or office of the friend of the court, shall provide services to a petitioner in a proceeding under this act. A support enforcement agency, prosecuting attorney, or office of the friend of the court that is providing services to the petitioner as appropriate shall do all of the following:

17 (a) Take all steps necessary to enable an appropriate tribu-18 nal in this state or another state to obtain jurisdiction over19 the respondent.

20 (b) Request an appropriate tribunal to set a hearing date,21 time, and place.

(c) Make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information, including information as to the parties' income and
property.

25 (d) Within 2 days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and26 legal holidays, after receipt of a written notice from an

04910'97

initiating, responding, or registering tribunal, send a copy of
 the notice by first-class mail to the petitioner.

3 (e) Within 2 days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and
4 legal holidays, after receipt of a written communication from the
5 respondent or the respondent's attorney, send a copy of the com6 munication <u>by first-class mail</u> to the petitioner.

7 (f) Notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respon-8 dent cannot be obtained.

9 (2) This act does not create or negate a relationship of
10 attorney and client or other fiduciary relationship between a
11 support enforcement agency or the attorney for the agency and the
12 individual being assisted by the agency.

Sec. 501. (1) An income withholding order issued in another state may be sent by first-class mail to the obligor's employer without first filing a petition or comparable pleading or registering the order with this state's tribunal. Upon receipt of the AN INCOME WITHHOLDING order, the OBLIGOR'S employer shall do all of the following:

19 (a) Treat an income withholding order issued in another
20 state that appears regular on its face as if the order had been
21 issued by this state's tribunal.

(b) Immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor.
 (c) Distribute the money as directed in the withholding
 order.

25 (2) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an
26 income withholding order issued in another state in the same
27 manner as if the order had been issued by this state's tribunal.

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1 Section 605 applies to the contest. The obligor shall give

2 notice of the contest to a support enforcement agency providing

3 services to the obligee and to the person or agency designated to
4 receive payments in the income withholding order or, if no person
5 or agency is designated, to the obligee.

6 (2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) AND SEC7 TION 501A, THE EMPLOYER SHALL WITHHOLD AND DISTRIBUTE THE FUNDS
8 DIRECTED IN THE WITHHOLDING ORDER BY COMPLYING WITH THE TERMS OF
9 THE ORDER THAT SPECIFY THE FOLLOWING:

10 (A) THE DURATION AND AMOUNT OF PERIODIC PAYMENTS OF CURRENT11 CHILD SUPPORT, STATED AS A SUM CERTAIN.

12 (B) THE PERSON OR AGENCY DESIGNATED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS AND13 THE ADDRESS WHERE THE PAYMENTS ARE TO BE FORWARDED.

14 (C) MEDICAL SUPPORT, WHETHER IN THE FORM OF PERIODIC CASH
15 PAYMENT, STATED AS A SUM CERTAIN, OR ORDERING THE OBLIGOR TO PRO16 VIDE HEALTH COVERAGE FOR THE CHILD UNDER COVERAGE AVAILABLE
17 THROUGH THE OBLIGOR'S EMPLOYMENT.

18 (D) THE AMOUNT OF PERIODIC PAYMENTS OF FEES AND COSTS FOR A
19 SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, THE ISSUING TRIBUNAL, AND THE
20 OBLIGEE'S ATTORNEY, STATED AS SUMS CERTAIN.

(E) THE AMOUNT OF PERIODIC PAYMENTS OF ARREARAGES AND INTER-22 EST ON ARREARAGES, STATED AS SUMS CERTAIN.

23 (3) AN EMPLOYER SHALL COMPLY WITH THE LAW OF THE STATE OF
24 THE OBLIGOR'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT FOR WITHHOLDING FROM
25 INCOME FOR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

26 (A) THE EMPLOYER'S FEE FOR PROCESSING AN INCOME WITHHOLDING27 ORDER.

1 (B) THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT PERMITTED TO BE WITHHELD FROM THE
2 OBLIGOR'S INCOME.

3 (C) THE TIME WITHIN WHICH THE EMPLOYER MUST IMPLEMENT THE4 WITHHOLDING ORDER AND FORWARD THE CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENT.

5 SEC. 501A. IF AN OBLIGOR'S EMPLOYER RECEIVES MULTIPLE
6 INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDERS FOR THE SAME OBLIGOR, THE EMPLOYER SAT7 ISFIES THE TERMS OF THE MULTIPLE ORDERS IF THE EMPLOYER COMPLIES
8 WITH THE LAW OF THE STATE OF THE OBLIGOR'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF
9 EMPLOYMENT TO ESTABLISH THE PRIORITIES FOR WITHHOLDING AND ALLO10 CATING INCOME WITHHELD FOR MULTIPLE CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGES.
11 SEC. 501B. AN EMPLOYER WHO COMPLIES WITH AN INCOME WITH12 HOLDING ORDER ISSUED IN ANOTHER STATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS

13 ARTICLE IS NOT SUBJECT TO CIVIL LIABILITY TO AN INDIVIDUAL OR 14 AGENCY FOR THE EMPLOYER'S WITHHOLDING OF CHILD SUPPORT FROM THE 15 OBLIGOR'S INCOME.

16 SEC. 501C. AN EMPLOYER WHO WILLFULLY FAILS TO COMPLY WITH 17 AN INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDER ISSUED BY ANOTHER STATE AND RECEIVED 18 FOR ENFORCEMENT IS SUBJECT TO THE SAME PENALTIES THAT MAY BE 19 IMPOSED FOR NONCOMPLIANCE WITH AN ORDER ISSUED BY A TRIBUNAL OF 20 THIS STATE.

SEC. 501D. AN OBLIGOR MAY CONTEST THE VALIDITY OR ENFORCEMENT OF AN INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDER ISSUED IN ANOTHER STATE AND
RECEIVED DIRECTLY BY AN EMPLOYER IN THIS STATE IN THE SAME MANNER
AS IF THE ORDER HAD BEEN ISSUED BY THIS STATE'S TRIBUNAL.
SECTION 605 APPLIES TO THE CONTEST. THE OBLIGOR SHALL GIVE
NOTICE OF THE CONTEST TO A SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY PROVIDING
SERVICES TO THE OBLIGEE, TO EACH EMPLOYER THAT HAS DIRECTLY

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RECEIVED AN INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDER, AND TO THE PERSON OR AGENCY
 DESIGNED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN THE INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDER OR,
 IF NO PERSON OR AGENCY IS DESIGNATED, TO THE OBLIGEE.

Sec. 621. (1) When a support order or income withholding order issued in another state is registered, the registering tribunal shall notify the nonregistering party. Notice shall be by first-class, certified, or registered mail or by any means of personal service authorized by this state's law. The notice shall be accompanied by a copy of the registered order and the documents and relevant information accompanying the order. (2) The notice shall inform the nonregistering party of all

12 of the following:
13 (a) That a registered order is enforceable as of the regis14 tration date in the same manner as an order issued by this

15 state's tribunal.

16 (b) That a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of 17 the registered order shall be requested within 20 days after the 18 date of mailing or personal service of the notice.

19 (c) That failure to contest the validity or enforcement of 20 the registered order in a timely manner will result in confirma-21 tion and enforcement of the order and the alleged arrearages, and 22 precludes further contest of that order with respect to a matter 23 that could have been asserted.

24 (d) The amount of alleged arrearages.

25 (3) Upon registration of an income withholding order for
26 enforcement, the registering tribunal shall notify the obligor's
27 employer as provided in the support and parenting time

1 enforcement act, Act No. 295 of the Public Acts of 1982, being 2 sections 552.601 to 552.650 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1982 3 PA 295, MCL 552.601 TO 552.650.

4 Sec. 623. (1) A nonregistering party seeking to contest the 5 validity or enforcement of a registered order in this state shall 6 request a hearing within 20 days after the date of mailing or 7 personal service of notice of the registration. The nonregister-8 ing party may seek to vacate the registration, to assert a 9 defense to an allegation of noncompliance with the registered 10 order, or to contest a remedy being sought or the amount of an 11 alleged arrearage as provided in section 625.

(2) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely manner, the order is confirmed by operation of law. If a nonregistered party requests a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order, the registering tribunal shall schedule the matter for hearing and give notice to the parties -by first-class mail of the hearing date, time, and place.

19 Sec. 635. (1) After another state's child support order is 20 registered in this state, the responding tribunal of this state 21 may modify that order only if SECTION 231 DOES NOT APPLY AND, 22 after notice and hearing, the tribunal finds 1 of the following:

23 (a) All of the following requirements are met:

24 (*i*) The child, the individual obligee, and the obligor do25 not reside in the issuing state.

26 (*ii*) A petitioner who is a nonresident of this state seeks27 modification.

04910'97

(*iii*) The respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction
 2 of this state's tribunal.

3 (b) An individual party or the THE child, OR A PARTY WHO 4 IS AN INDIVIDUAL, is subject to the <u>tribunal's</u> personal juris-5 diction OF THE TRIBUNAL OF THIS STATE and all of the <u>individual</u> 6 parties WHO ARE INDIVIDUALS have filed <u>a</u> written consent in the 7 issuing tribunal <u>providing that this state's tribunal may</u> FOR A 8 TRIBUNAL OF THIS STATE TO modify the support order and assume 9 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the order. HOWEVER, IF 10 THE ISSUING STATE IS A FOREIGN JURISDICTION THAT HAS NOT ENACTED 11 A LAW OR ESTABLISHED PROCEDURES SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR TO THE PRO-12 CEDURES UNDER THIS ACT, THE CONSENT OTHERWISE REQUIRED OF AN 13 INDIVIDUAL RESIDING IN THIS STATE IS NOT REQUIRED FOR THE TRIBU-14 NAL TO ASSUME JURISDICTION TO MODIFY THE CHILD SUPPORT ORDER.

(2) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same requirements, procedures, and defenses that rapply to the modification of an order issued by this state's tribunal, and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the same manner. This state's tribunal shall not modify an aspect of a child support order that cannot be modified under the issuing state's law. IF 2 OR MORE TRIBUNALS HAVE ISSUED CHILD SUPPORT conders for the SAME OBLIGOR AND CHILD, THE ORDER THAT CONTROLS AND SHALL BE RECOGNIZED UNDER THIS ACT ESTABLISHES THE ASPECTS OF the SUPPORT ORDER THAT ARE NONMODIFIABLE.

25 (3) On issuance of an order modifying a child support order
26 issued in another state, this state's tribunal becomes the
27 tribunal of continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

04910'97

(4) Within 30 days after issuance of a modified child
 support order, the party obtaining the modification shall file a
 certified copy of the order with the issuing tribunal that had
 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order, and in
 each tribunal in which the party knows that earlier order is
 registered.

7 SEC. 638. (1) IF ALL OF THE PARTIES WHO ARE INDIVIDUALS
8 RESIDE IN THIS STATE AND THE CHILD DOES NOT RESIDE IN THE ISSUING
9 STATE, A TRIBUNAL OF THIS STATE HAS JURISDICTION TO ENFORCE AND
10 TO MODIFY THE ISSUING STATE'S CHILD SUPPORT ORDER IN A PROCEEDING
11 TO REGISTER THAT ORDER.

12 (2) A TRIBUNAL OF THIS STATE EXERCISING JURISDICTION UNDER
13 THIS SECTION SHALL APPLY THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLES I AND II,
14 THIS ARTICLE, AND THE PROCEDURAL AND SUBSTANTIVE LAW OF THIS
15 STATE TO THE PROCEEDINGS FOR ENFORCEMENT OR MODIFICATION.
16 ARTICLES III, IV, V, VII, AND VIII DO NOT APPLY.

17 SEC. 639. WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER ISSUANCE OF A MODIFIED CHILD 18 SUPPORT ORDER, THE PARTY OBTAINING THE MODIFICATIONS SHALL FILE A 19 CERTIFIED COPY OF THE ORDER WITH THE ISSUING TRIBUNAL THAT HAD 20 CONTINUING, EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OVER THE EARLIER ORDER AND IN 21 EACH TRIBUNAL IN WHICH THE PARTY KNOWS THE EARLIER ORDER IS 22 REGISTERED. A PARTY WHO OBTAINS THE ORDER AND FAILS TO FILE A 23 CERTIFIED COPY IS SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATE SANCTIONS BY A TRIBUNAL 24 IN WHICH THE ISSUE OF FAILURE TO FILE ARISES. THE FAILURE TO 25 FILE DOES NOT AFFECT THE VALIDITY OR ENFORCEABILITY OF THE MODI-26 FIED ORDER OF THE NEW TRIBUNAL HAVING CONTINUING, EXCLUSIVE 27 JURISDICTION.