

# **SENATE BILL No. 993**

May 1, 1996, Introduced by Senators STILLE, DUNASKISS, EMMONS and SHUGARS and referred to the Committee on Economic Development, International Trade and Regulatory Affairs.

A bill to amend sections 2, 11a, and 14 of Act No. 281 of the Public Acts of 1986, entitled as amended "The local development financing act,"

section 2 as amended by Act No. 331 of the Public Acts of 1994, section 11a as amended by Act No. 282 of the Public Acts of 1994, and section 14 as amended by Act No. 333 of the Public Acts of 1993, being sections 125.2152, 125.2161a, and 125.2164 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Section 1. Sections 2, 11a, and 14 of Act No. 281 of the
 Public Acts of 1986, section 2 as amended by Act No. 331 of the
 Public Acts of 1994, section 11a as amended by Act No. 282 of the
 Public Acts of 1994, and section 14 as amended by Act No. 333 of
 the Public Acts of 1993, being sections 125.2152, 125.2161a, and

1 125.2164 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, are amended to read as
2 follows:

3 Sec. 2. As used in this act:

4 (a) "Advance" means a transfer of funds made by a municipal5 ity to an authority or to another person on behalf of the author6 ity in anticipation of repayment by the authority. Evidence of
7 the intent to repay an advance may include, but is not limited
8 to, an executed agreement to repay, provisions contained in a tax
9 increment financing plan approved prior to the advance, or a res10 olution of the authority or the municipality.

11 (B) "ASSESSED VALUE" MEANS 1 OF THE FOLLOWING:

12 (i) FOR VALUATIONS MADE BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1995, THE STATE
13 EQUALIZED VALUATION AS DETERMINED UNDER THE GENERAL PROPERTY TAX
14 ACT, ACT NO. 206 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1893, BEING SECTIONS 211.1
15 TO 211.157 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS.

16 (*ii*) FOR VALUATIONS MADE AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1994, THE TAX17 ABLE VALUE AS DETERMINED UNDER SECTION 27A OF ACT NO. 206 OF THE
18 PUBLIC ACTS OF 1893, BEING SECTION 211.27A OF THE MICHIGAN
19 COMPILED LAWS.

20 (C) (b) "Authority" means a local development finance
21 authority created pursuant to this act.

(D) (c) "Authority district" means an area or areas within
 which an authority exercises its powers.

(E) (d) "Board" means the governing body of an authority.
 (F) (e) "Captured assessed value" means the amount in any
 1 year by which the current assessed value, as equalized, of the
 eligible property identified in the tax increment financing plan,

### 06928'96 \*\*

1 including the current assessed value of property for which 2 specific local taxes are paid in lieu of property taxes as deter-3 mined pursuant to subdivision -(u)- (W), exceeds the initial 4 assessed value. The state tax commission shall prescribe the 5 method for calculating captured assessed value.

6 (G) (f) "Certified industrial park" means an area of land
7 designated by the department of commerce as meeting all of the
8 following requirements:

9 (i) It contains not less than 40 acres of land.

(*ii*) It is zoned exclusively for use for eligible property.
(*iii*) It has a site plan or plat approved by the city, vil12 lage, or township in which the land is located.

(iv) The developer of the land agrees to comply with other requirements, not inconsistent with subparagraphs (i) to (iii), imposed upon property classified as a certified industrial park by the department of commerce under the certified industrial park program. Compliance with these other requirements is not a prerequisite to meeting the requirement of this subparagraph.

(H) (G) "Chief executive officer" means the mayor or city 20 manager of a city, the president of a village, or, for other 21 local units of government or school districts, the person charged 22 by law with the supervision of the functions of the local unit of 23 government or school district.

(I) (h) "Development plan" means that information and
 25 those requirements for a development set forth in section 15.
 (J) (i) "Development program" means the implementation of
 27 a development plan.

(K) (j) "Eligible advance" means an advance made before
 August 19, 1993.

3 (1) (k) "Eligible obligation" means an obligation issued
4 or incurred by an authority or by a municipality on behalf of an
5 authority before August 19, 1993 AND ITS SUBSEQUENT REFUNDING BY
6 A QUALIFIED REFUNDING OBLIGATION.

7 (M) -(*t*)- "Eligible property" means land improvements, 8 buildings, structures, and other real property, and machinery, 9 equipment, furniture, and fixtures, or any part or accessory 10 thereof whether completed or in the process of construction com-11 prising an integrated whole, located within an authority dis-12 trict, of which the primary purpose and use is 1 of the 13 following:

14 (i) The manufacture of goods or materials or the processing15 of goods or materials by physical or chemical change.

16 (*ii*) Agricultural processing.

(*iii*) A high technology activity that has as its primary negative problem (*iii*) A high technology activity that has as its primary negative property (*iii*) aboratory negative property (*iii*) aboratory graph applies only to eligible property for which a tax increment infinancing plan or development plan is adopted and bonds are issued under this act before January 1, 1993.

(iv) The production of energy by the processing of goods or
materials by physical or chemical change by a small power production facility as defined by the federal energy regulatory commission pursuant to the public utility regulatory policies act of
1978, Public Law 95-617, 92 Stat. 3117, which facility is fueled

06928'96 \*\*

1 primarily by biomass or wood waste. This act does not affect a
2 person's rights or liabilities under law with respect to ground3 water contamination described in this subparagraph. This sub4 paragraph applies only if all of the following requirements are
5 met:

6 (A) Tax increment revenues captured from the eligible prop-7 erty will be used to finance, or will be pledged for debt service 8 on tax increment bonds used to finance, a public facility in or 9 near the authority district designed to reduce, eliminate, or 10 prevent the spread of identified soil and groundwater contamina-11 tion, pursuant to law.

12 (B) The board of the authority exercising powers within the 13 authority district where the eligible property is located adopted 14 an initial tax increment financing plan between January 1, 1991 15 and May 1, 1991.

16 (C) The municipality that created the authority establishes
17 a special assessment district whereby not less than 50% of the
18 operating expenses of the public facility described in this sub19 paragraph will be paid for by special assessments. Not less than
20 50% of the amount specially assessed against all parcels in the
21 special assessment district shall be assessed against parcels
22 owned by parties potentially responsible for the identified
23 groundwater contamination pursuant to law.

24 (N) -(m) "Fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the 25 authority.

#### 06928'96 \*\*

(O) (n) "Governing body" means the elected body having
 2 legislative powers of a municipality creating an authority under
 3 this act.

4 (P) -(o) "Initial assessed value" means the assessed value, 5 as equalized, of the eligible property identified in the tax 6 increment financing plan at the time the resolution establishing 7 the tax increment financing plan is approved as shown by the most 8 recent assessment roll for which equalization has been completed 9 at the time the resolution is adopted. Property exempt from tax-10 ation at the time of the determination of the initial assessed 11 value shall be included as zero. Property for which a specific 12 local tax is paid in lieu of property tax shall not be considered 13 exempt from taxation. The initial assessed value of property for 14 which a specific local tax was paid in lieu of property tax shall 15 be determined as provided in subdivision -(u) (W).

(Q) (p) "Municipality" means a city, village, or urban
 17 township.

(R) -(q) "Obligation" means a written promise to pay,
whether evidenced by a contract, agreement, lease, sublease,
bond, or note, or a requirement to pay imposed by law. An obligation does not include a payment required solely because of
default upon an obligation, employee salaries, or consideration
paid for the use of municipal offices. AN OBLIGATION DOES NOT
INCLUDE THOSE BONDS THAT HAVE BEEN ECONOMICALLY DEFEASED BY
REFUNDING BONDS ISSUED UNDER THIS ACT. Obligation includes, but
is not limited to, the following:

(i) A requirement to pay proceeds derived from ad valorem
 property taxes or taxes levied in lieu of ad valorem property
 taxes.

4 (*ii*) A management contract or a contract for professional5 services.

6 (*iii*) A payment required on a contract, agreement, bond, or
7 note if the requirement to make or assume the payment arose
8 before August 19, 1993.

9 (iv) A requirement to pay or reimburse a person for the cost
10 of insurance for, or to maintain, property subject to a lease,
11 land contract, purchase agreement, or other agreement.

12 (v) A letter of credit, paying agent, transfer agent, bond
13 registrar, or trustee fee associated with a contract, agreement,
14 bond, or note.

(S) -(r) "On behalf of an authority", in relation to an eligible advance made or an eligible obligation issued or incurred by a municipality, means in anticipation that an authoris ity would transfer tax increment revenues or reimburse the municip ipality from tax increment revenues in an amount sufficient to fully make payment required by the eligible obligation issued or incurred by the municipality, if the anticipation of the transfer or receipt of tax increment revenues from the authority is pursuant to or evidenced by 1 or more of the following:

24 (i) A reimbursement agreement between the municipality and25 an authority it established.

26 (*ii*) A requirement imposed by law that the authority
27 transfer tax increment revenues to the municipality.

06928'96 \*\*

(*iii*) A resolution of the authority agreeing to make
 payments to the incorporating unit.

3 (*iv*) Provisions in a tax increment financing plan describing
4 the project for which the obligation was incurred.

5 (T) -(s) "Other protected obligation" means:

6 (i) An A QUALIFIED REFUNDING obligation issued to refund
7 a bond or note that is an eligible obligation DESCRIBED IN
8 SUBPARAGRAPH (ii) OR (iii), AN OBLIGATION THAT IS NOT A QUALIFIED
9 REFUNDING OBLIGATION THAT IS ISSUED TO REFUND AN ELIGIBLE OBLIGA10 TION, OR A QUALIFIED REFUNDING OBLIGATION ISSUED TO REFUND A BOND
11 OR NOTE DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.

12 (*ii*) An obligation issued or incurred by an authority or by 1-3 a municipality on behalf of an authority after August 19, 1993, 14 but before December 31, 1994, to finance a project described in a 15 tax increment finance plan approved by the municipality in 16 accordance with this act before August 19, 1993, for which a con-17 tract for final design is entered into by the municipality or 18 authority before March 1, 1994.

19 (*iii*) An obligation incurred by an authority or municipality 20 after August 19, 1993, to reimburse a party to a development 21 agreement entered into by a municipality or authority before 22 August 19, 1993, for a project described in a tax increment 23 financing plan approved in accordance with this act before 24 August 19, 1993, and undertaken and installed by that party in 25 accordance with the development agreement.

26 (U) -(t) "Public facility" means 1 or more of the 27 following:

06928'96 \*\*

(i) A street, road, bridge, sewer, sewage treatment 1 2 facility, facility designed to reduce, eliminate, or prevent the 3 spread of identified soil or groundwater contamination, drainage 4 system, waterway, waterline, water storage facility, rail line, 5 utility line or pipeline, or other similar or related structure 6 or improvement, together with necessary easements for the struc-7 ture or improvement, owned or used by a public agency or func-8 tionally connected to similar or supporting facilities owned or 9 used by a public agency, or designed and dedicated to use by, for 10 the benefit of, or for the protection of the health, welfare, or 11 safety of the public generally, whether or not used by a single 12 business entity, provided that any road, street, or bridge shall 13 be continuously open to public access and that other facilities 14 shall be located in public easements or rights-of-way and sized 15 to accommodate reasonably foreseeable development of eligible 16 property in adjoining areas.

17 (*ii*) The acquisition and disposal of real and personal prop-18 erty or an interest in that property, demolition of structures, 19 site preparation, relocation costs, building rehabilitation, and 20 all administrative costs related to a public facility, including, 21 but not limited to, architect's, engineer's, legal, and account-22 ing fees as contained in the resolution establishing the 23 district's development plan.

(*iii*) An improvement to a facility used by the public or a
public facility as those terms are defined in section 1 of Act
No. 1 of the Public Acts of 1966, being section 125.1351 of the
Michigan Compiled Laws, which improvement is made to comply with

1 the barrier free design requirements of the state construction 2 code promulgated under the state construction code act of 1972, 3 Act No. 230 of the Public Acts of 1972, being sections 125.1501 4 to 125.1531 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

5 (V) "QUALIFIED REFUNDING OBLIGATION" MEANS AN OBLIGATION
6 ISSUED OR INCURRED BY AN AUTHORITY OR BY A MUNICIPALITY ON BEHALF
7 OF AN AUTHORITY TO REFUND AN OBLIGATION IF THE REFUNDING OBLIGA8 TION MEETS BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING:

9 (*i*) THE NET PRESENT VALUE OF THE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST TO 10 BE PAID ON THE REFUNDING OBLIGATION, INCLUDING THE COST OF ISSU-11 ANCE, WILL BE LESS THAN THE NET PRESENT VALUE OF THE PRINCIPAL 12 AND INTEREST TO BE PAID ON THE OBLIGATION BEING REFUNDED, AS CAL-13 CULATED USING A METHOD APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY. 14 (*ii*) THE NET PRESENT VALUE OF THE SUM OF THE TAX INCREMENT 15 REVENUES DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION (Y)(*ii*) AND THE DISTRIBUTIONS 16 UNDER SECTION 11A TO REPAY THE REFUNDING OBLIGATION WILL BE LESS 17 THAN THE NET PRESENT VALUE OF THE SUM OF THE TAX INCREMENT REVE-18 NUES DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION (Y)(*ii*) AND THE DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER 19 SECTION 11A TO REPAY THE OBLIGATION BEING REFUNDED, AS CALCULATED 20 USING A METHOD APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY.

21 (W) -(u) "Specific local taxes" means a tax levied under 22 Act No. 198 of the Public Acts of 1974, being sections 207.551 to 23 -207.571 207.572 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, the commercial 24 redevelopment act, Act No. 255 of the Public Acts of 1978, being 25 sections 207.651 to 207.668 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, the 26 enterprise zone act, Act No. 224 of the Public Acts of 1985, 27 being sections 125.2101 to -125.2122 125.2123 of the Michigan

06928'96 \*\*

1 Compiled Laws, Act No. 189 of the Public Acts of 1953, being 2 sections 211.181 to 211.182 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and 3 the technology park development act, Act No. 385 of the Public 4 Acts of 1984, being sections 207.701 to 207.718 of the Michigan 5 Compiled Laws. The initial assessed value or current assessed 6 value of property subject to a specific local tax is the quotient 7 of the specific local tax paid divided by the ad valorem millage 8 rate. However, after 1993, the state tax commission shall pre-9 scribe the method for calculating the initial assessed value and 10 current assessed value of property for which a specific local tax 11 was paid in lieu of a property tax.

12 (X) -(v) "State fiscal year" means the annual period com-13 mencing October 1 of each year.

14 (Y) (w) "Tax increment revenues" means the amount of ad 15 valorem property taxes and specific local taxes attributable to 16 the application of the levy of all taxing jurisdictions upon the 17 capture assessed value of real and personal property in the 18 development area, subject to the following requirements:

19 (i) Tax increment revenues include ad valorem property taxes 20 and specific local taxes attributable to the application of the 21 levy of all taxing jurisdictions other than the state pursuant to 22 the state education tax act, Act No. 331 of the Public Acts of 23 1993, being sections 211.901 to 211.906 of the Michigan Compiled 24 Laws, and local or intermediate school districts upon the cap-25 tured assessed value of real and personal property in the devel-26 opment area for any purpose authorized by this act.

1 (*ii*) Tax increment revenues include ad valorem property 2 taxes and specific local taxes attributable to the application of 3 the levy of the state pursuant to the state education tax act, 4 Act No. 331 of the Public Acts of 1993, and local or intermediate 5 school districts upon the captured assessed value of real and 6 personal property in the development area in an amount equal to 7 the amount necessary, without regard to subparagraph (*i*), to 8 repay eligible advances, eligible obligations, and other pro-9 tected obligations.

10 (*iii*) Tax increment revenues do not include any of the11 following:

12 (A) Ad valorem property taxes or specific local taxes
13 attributable either to a portion of the captured assessed value
14 shared with taxing jurisdictions within the jurisdictional area
15 of the authority or to a portion of value of property that may be
16 excluded from captured assessed value.

(B) Ad valorem property taxes and specific local taxes
18 attributable to ad valorem property taxes excluded by the tax
19 increment financing plan of the authority from the determination
20 of the amount of tax increment revenues to be transmitted to the
21 authority.

(C) Ad valorem property taxes exempted from capture under
section 4(3) or specific local taxes attributable to such ad
valorem property taxes.

(D) Ad valorem property taxes specifically levied for the
payment of principal and interest of obligations approved by the
electors or obligations pledging the unlimited taxing power of

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1 the local governmental unit or specific local taxes attributable2 to such ad valorem property taxes.

3 (iv) The amount of tax increment revenues authorized to be
4 included under subparagraph (ii), and required to be transmitted
5 to the authority under section 13(1), from ad valorem property
6 taxes and specific local taxes attributable to the application of
7 the levy of the state education tax act, a local school district
8 or an intermediate school district upon the captured assessed
9 value of real and personal property in a development area shall
10 be determined separately for the levy by the state, each school
11 district, and each intermediate school district as the product of

(A) The percentage which the total ad valorem taxes and speis cific local taxes available for distribution by law to the state, is local school district, or intermediate school district, respecis tively, bears to the aggregate amount of ad valorem millage taxes if and specific taxes available for distribution by law to the is state, each local school district, and each intermediate school ig district.

(B) The maximum amount of ad valorem property taxes and spe21 cific local taxes considered tax increment revenues under sub22 paragraph (*ii*).

23 (Z) -(x) "Urban township" means a township that meets all 24 of the following requirements:

(i) Has a population of 20,000 or more, or has a population
of 10,000 or more but is located in a county with a population of
400,000 or more.

06928'96 \*\*

(ii) Adopted a master zoning plan before February 1, 1987.
 (iii) Provides sewer, water, and other public services to
 3 all or a part of the township.

Sec. 11a. (1) If the amount of tax increment revenues lost as a result of the reduction of taxes levied by local school districts for school operating purposes required by the millage limitations under section 1211 of the school code of 1976, Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1976, being section 380.1211 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, reduced by the amount of tax increment revenues received from the capture of taxes levied under or attributable to the state education tax act, will cause the tax increment revenues received in a fiscal year by an authority under section 13 to be insufficient to repay an eligible advance or to pay an eligible obligation, the legislature shall appropritate and distribute to the authority the amount described in subsection (5).

17 (2) Not less than 30 days before the first day of a fiscal 18 year, an authority eligible to RETAIN TAX INCREMENT REVENUES FROM 19 TAXES LEVIED BY A LOCAL OR INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL DISTRICT OR THIS 20 STATE OR TO receive a distribution under this section for that 21 fiscal year shall file a claim <u>for distribution</u> with the 22 department of treasury. The claim <u>for distribution</u> shall 23 include the following information:

(a) The property tax millage rates levied in 1993 by local
25 school districts within the jurisdictional area of the authority
26 for school operating purposes.

(b) The property tax millage rates expected to be levied by
 2 local school districts within the jurisdictional area of the
 3 authority for school operating purposes for that fiscal year.

4 (c) The tax increment revenues estimated to be received by
5 the authority for that fiscal year based upon actual property tax
6 levies of all taxing jurisdictions within the jurisdictional area
7 of the authority.

8 (d) The tax increment revenues the authority estimates it 9 would have received for that fiscal year if property taxes were 10 levied by local school districts within the jurisdictional area 11 of the authority for school operating purposes at the millage 12 rates described in subdivision (a) and if no property taxes were 13 levied by this state under the state education tax act.

(e) A list AND DOCUMENTATION of eligible obligations and
15 eligible advances and the payments due on each of those eligible
16 obligations or eligible advances in that fiscal year, and the
17 total amount of all the payments due on those eligible obliga18 tions and eligible advances in that fiscal year.

(f) The amount of money, other than tax increment revenues, estimated to be received in that fiscal year by the authority that is primarily pledged to, and to be used for, the payment of an eligible obligation or the repayment of an eligible advance. That amount shall not include excess tax increment revenues of the authority that are permitted by law to be retained by the authority for purposes that further the development program. However, that amount shall include money to be obtained from sources authorized by law, which law is enacted on or after

December 1, 1993, for use by the municipality or authority to
 finance a development project.

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3 (g) The amount of a distribution received pursuant to this
4 act for a fiscal year in excess of or less than the distribution
5 that would have been required if calculated upon actual tax
6 increment revenues received for that fiscal year.

7 (3) For the fiscal year that commences after September 30,
8 1993 and before October 1, 1994, an authority may make a claim
9 for distribution with all information required by
10 subsection (2) at any time after the effective date of this
11 section.

(4) After review and verification of claims submitted pursu-13 ant to this section, amounts appropriated by the state in compli-14 ance with this act shall be distributed as 2 equal payments on 15 March 1 and September 1 after receipt of a claim. An authority 16 shall allocate a distribution it receives for an eligible obliga-17 tion issued on behalf of a municipality to the municipality.

18 (5) Subject to subsections (6) and (7), the aggregate amount 19 to be appropriated and distributed pursuant to this section to an 20 authority shall be the sum of the amounts determined pursuant to 21 subdivisions (a) and (b) minus the amount determined pursuant to 22 subdivision (c), as follows:

(a) The amount by which the tax increment revenues the
authority would have received for the fiscal year, if property
taxes were levied by local school districts for school operating
purposes at the millage rates described in subsection (2)(a) and
if no property taxes were levied under the state education tax

1 act, exceed the tax increment revenues the authority actually
2 received for the fiscal year.

3 (b) A shortfall required to be reported pursuant to
4 subsection (2)(g) that had not previously increased a
5 distribution.

6 (c) An excess amount required to be reported pursuant to
7 subsection (2)(g) that had not previously decreased a
8 distribution.

9 (6) The amount distributed under subsection (5) shall not 10 exceed the difference between the amount described in 11 subsection (2)(e) and the sum of the amounts described in 12 subsection (2)(c) and (f).

(7) If, based upon the tax increment financing plan in 13 14 effect on August 19, 1993, the payment due on eligible obliga-15 tions or eligible advances anticipates the use of excess prior 16 year tax increment revenues permitted by law to be retained by 17 the authority, and if the sum of the amounts described in 18 subsection (2)(c) and (f) plus the amount to be distributed under 19 subsections (5) and (6) is less than the amount described in 20 subsection (2)(e), the amount to be distributed under subsections 21 (5) and (6) shall be increased by the amount of the shortfall. 22 However, the amount authorized to be distributed pursuant to this 23 section shall not exceed that portion of the cumulative differ-24 ence, for each preceding fiscal year, between the amount that 25 could have been distributed pursuant to subsection (5) and the 26 amount actually distributed pursuant to subsections (5) and (6) 27 and this subsection.

06928'96 \*\*

(8) A distribution under this section replacing tax
 increment revenues pledged by an authority or a municipality is
 subject to the lien of the pledge, whether or not there has been
 physical delivery of the distribution.

5 (9) Obligations for which distributions are made pursuant to 6 this section are not a debt or liability of this state; do not 7 create or constitute an indebtedness, liability, or obligation of 8 this state; and are not and do not constitute a pledge of the 9 faith and credit of this state.

10 (10) Not later than July 1 of each year, the authority shall 11 certify to the local tax collecting treasurer the amount of the 12 distribution required under subsection (5), calculated without 13 regard to the receipt of tax increment revenues attributable to 14 local or intermediate school district operating taxes or attrib-15 utable to taxes levied under the state education tax act.

16 (11) Calculations of distribution under this section and
17 claims reports required to be made under subsection (2) shall be
18 made on the basis of each development area of the authority.
19 Sec. 14. (1) By resolution of its board and subject to the
20 limitations set forth in this section, the authority may autho21 rize, issue, and sell its tax increment bonds to finance a devel22 opment program OR TO REFUND OR REFUND IN ADVANCE BONDS ISSUED
23 UNDER THIS SECTION. The bonds shall mature in 30 years or less
24 and are subject to the municipal finance act, Act No. 202 of the
25 Public Acts of 1943, being sections 131.1 to 139.3 of the
26 Michigan Compiled Laws. The authority may pledge for debt
27 service requirements the tax increment revenues to be received

1 from an eligible property. The bonds issued under this section 2 shall be considered a single series for the purposes of section 4 3 of chapter V of the municipal finance act, Act No. 202 of the 4 Public Acts of 1943, being section 135.4 of the Michigan Compiled 5 Laws.

6 (2) The municipality by majority vote of the members of its 7 governing body may make a limited tax pledge to support the 8 authority's tax increment bonds or, if authorized by the voters 9 of the municipality, pledge its full faith and credit for the 10 payment of the principal of and interest on the authority's tax 11 increment bonds. The municipality may pledge as additional 12 security for the bonds any money received by the authority or the 13 municipality pursuant to section 10.

14 (3) Bonds and notes issued by the authority and the interest
15 on and income from those bonds and notes are exempt from taxation
16 by the state or a political subdivision of this state.

(4) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS ACT, IF THE
STATE TREASURER DETERMINES THAT AN AUTHORITY OR MUNICIPALITY CAN
ACHIEVE A NET PRESENT VALUE SAVINGS BY REFUNDING A BOND OR NOTE
ISSUED UNDER THIS ACT AND THE AUTHORITY OR MUNICIPALITY DOES NOT
MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO REFUND THE BOND OR NOTE AS DETERMINED
BY THE STATE TREASURER, THE STATE TREASURER MAY REDUCE THE AMOUNT
CLAIMED BY THE AUTHORITY OR MUNICIPALITY UNDER SECTION 11A BY AN
AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE NET PRESENT VALUE SAVING THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN
REALIZED HAD THE AUTHORITY OR MUNICIPALITY REFUNDED THE BOND OR
NOTE OR THE STATE TREASURER MAY REQUIRE A REDUCTION IN THE
CAPTURE OF TAX INCREMENT REVENUES FROM TAXES LEVIED BY A LOCAL OR

INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL DISTRICT OR THIS STATE BY AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO
 THE NET PRESENT VALUE SAVINGS THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN REALIZED HAD
 THE AUTHORITY OR MUNICIPALITY REFUNDED THE BOND OR NOTE. THIS
 SUBSECTION DOES NOT AUTHORIZE THE STATE TREASURER TO REQUIRE THE
 AUTHORITY OR MUNICIPALITY TO PLEDGE SECURITY GREATER THAN THE
 SECURITY PLEDGED FOR THE OBLIGATION BEING REFUNDED.