

# **SENATE BILL No. 129**

# January 17, 1995, Introduced by Senator CHERRY and referred to the Committee on Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs.

A bill to provide for the establishment of certain river basin institutions; to provide for the management of river basins; to provide for certain fees and assessments; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain state and local agencies and officials; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

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# CHAPTER 1

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# GENERALLY APPLICABLE PROVISIONS

3 Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the4 "river basin management act".

5 Sec. 2. As used in this act:

6 (a) "Authority" means a river basin authority established7 pursuant to chapter 5.

8 (b) "Best management practices" means methods, measures, or9 practices to prevent or reduce water pollution, including, but

not limited to, structural and nonstructural controls, operation
 and maintenance procedures, and scheduling and distribution of
 activities.

4 (c) "Board" means the executive board of a river basin5 institution.

6 (d) "Commission" means the commission of natural resources.
7 (e) "Council" means a river basin council established pursu8 ant to chapter 3.

9 (f) "Critical resources area" includes, but is not limited
10 to, floodplains, wetlands, river corridors, and steep slopes that
11 are threatened by development.

12 (g) "Department" means the department of natural resources.

13 (h) "District" means a river basin district established pur-14 suant to chapter 4.

(i) "Geographic information system" means a computer mapping
program that provides spatial and nonspatial data entry, display,
update, and analysis of map information.

18 (j) "Local unit of government" means a county, city, vil-19 lage, or township.

(k) "Nonpoint sources of pollution" means pollution from
diffuse sources including, but not limited to, runoff from agriculture, forestry, and urban land development and use.

23 (1) "River basin" means the area of land contributing runoff24 to a river system.

(m) "River basin impact statement" means a report, prepared
by a river basin institution, that identifies and analyzes in
detail the environmental impacts to the river basin of a local

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1 unit of government, county, state, or federally proposed 2 project.

3 (n) "River basin institution" means a council, a district,4 or an authority.

5 (0) "River basin jurisdiction" means the land area of a 6 river basin that is within the jurisdiction of a council, dis-7 trict, or authority.

8 (p) "River system" means a flowing body of water and its 9 tributaries or a portion of a tributary of a flowing body of 10 water, including, but not limited to, streams, creeks or impound-11 ments, and small lakes contiguous to the flowing body of water.

12 (q) "Subbasin" means the land area contributing runoff to a13 tributary stream.

Sec. 3. The jurisdiction for a river basin institution may15 be any of the following:

16 (a) The geographic area of a river basin approved by the17 commission.

(b) In large river systems, the geographic area of a major19 subbasin as approved by the commission.

(c) In smaller river basins with similar management needs
and in geographic proximity, a composite of these river basins
approved by the commission.

23 Sec. 4. A river basin institution shall do all of the24 following:

(a) Facilitate integrated river basin management on a river26 basin basis.

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(b) Assist in the coordination of the management of water
 and related land resources.

3 (c) Promote the conservation, development, and proper utili-4 zation of surface and groundwater.

5 (d) Assist in the reduction of damage from floods, soil ero-6 sion, and hydrologic modifications.

7 (e) Encourage the minimization of degradation of water8 resources caused by the discharge of storm water.

9 (f) Promote environmentally sound economic development10 within river basin communities.

11 (g) Preserve natural resources, fish, and wildlife.

12 (h) Promote recreational development, protect public lands,13 and assist in maintaining the navigability of rivers.

14 (i) Promote the public health, safety, and welfare.

(j) Coordinate river basin interests and agencies at different governmental levels as they implement projects and best management practices.

18 (k) Implement public information, education, and training19 programs.

(1) Provide a forum for discussion of common water manage21 ment problems and river use opportunities, and for sharing man22 agement experiences among local units of government within the
23 river basin jurisdiction.

(m) Represent the perspective of local level government in
25 the development or administration of state and federal policies
26 and programs pertaining to river basins.

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(n) Promote mechanisms to increase coordination of the
 various water management functions among agencies operating
 within the river basin boundaries.

4 (o) Consult with drain commissioners and the army corps of 5 engineers on maintaining or improving stream channels and flood 6 plains for drainage, navigation, recreation, fish and wildlife 7 habitat, or any other public purpose, in compliance with the 8 inland lakes and streams act of 1972, Act No. 346 of the Public 9 Acts of 1972, being sections 281.951 to 281.966 of the Michigan 10 Compiled Laws.

(p) Consult with drain commissioners on the repair, improvement, or modification of drainage systems within the river
basin.

(q) Consult with other state and federal agencies that are
responsible for or have expertise in watershed management.
Sec. 5. A river basin institution shall subscribe to the
following principles:

(a) Watershed management goals, objectives, and measures
should be integrated to reflect the continuity of the hydrologic
cycle and the interrelationships between water, land, and air.
(b) The health and productivity of a river basin may be protected by balancing long-term societal costs and benefits with

23 short-term demands.

(c) The primary emphasis of watershed management should be
pollution prevention, water quality and quantity management,
storm water management, and recreational enhancement, with
secondary emphasis on remedial control, treatment, and cleanup.

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(d) Ongoing studies and monitoring should be conducted to
 assess the condition of watershed resources, identify trends, and
 evaluate the effectiveness of management programs.

4 (e) Watershed management programs should be flexible and
5 responsive to changes in resource availability, water quality,
6 water use, environmental conditions, new technologies, and the
7 economy.

8 (f) Local participation in the decision-making process of
9 the state should be strengthened, and the impact of state actions
10 on the management of watershed resources should be assessed.

(g) The watershed management process should be conducted
within an institutional and policy framework that ensures the
implementation of planning recommendations.

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# CHAPTER 2

# ESTABLISHMENT OF RIVER BASIN INSTITUTIONS

Sec. 11. (1) The governing boards of 2 or more local units of government that combined encompass not less than 1/3 of the land within the proposed river basin jurisdiction, or not less than 1/3 of the population residing in the proposed river basin jurisdiction, by majority vote of each governing board, may petition the commission to form a river basin council.

22 (2) A river basin district may be established if either of23 the following occurs:

(a) The county boards of commissioners of all counties representing land area in the proposed river basin jurisdiction
submit a petition to the commission for establishment of a
district.

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(b) A voter referendum of the majority of the registered
 electors residing within a proposed river basin jurisdiction
 approve a petition for the establishment of a district.

4 (3) A river basin authority may be established if a voter
5 referendum of registered electors residing within the proposed
6 river basin jurisdiction approves a petition establishing the
7 authority and the commission approves the petition.

8 Sec. 12. (1) The organizers of a river basin institution
9 shall submit to the commission a petition, which shall include
10 proposals for all of the following:

11 (a) The name of the river basin institution.

(b) A delineation of the river basin jurisdiction in which13 the river basin institution will serve.

14 (c) The proposed structure and representation of the river15 basin institution.

(d) A description of the method by which local units of gov17 ernment may join the river basin institution subsequent to river
18 basin institution formation.

(e) The purpose for which the river basin institution isformed.

(f) The method of establishment of the executive board ofthe river basin institution.

(g) The powers, duties, and limitations of the river basin
institution, its board, and its officers.

(h) The manner in which local units of government may take26 part in the governing of the river basin institution.

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1 (i) The general method of amending the bylaws of the river2 basin institution.

3 (j) Other matters that the organizers of the river basin4 institution consider advisable.

5 (k) The period for which the river basin institution will
6 exist, and a process of evaluation, to coincide with this period
7 of existence.

8 (2) In addition to the items listed in subsection (1), the
9 petition for formation of a river basin institution shall include
10 1 of the following:

(a) For the formation of a council, the method of assessing
membership fees to members of the council to fund activities of
the council.

(b) For the formation of a district, the method of assessing
15 fees to local units of government within the river basin juris16 diction to fund activities of the district.

(c) For the formation of an authority, the method of assessing permit fees, assessing fees to local units of government
within the river basin jurisdiction, or imposing taxes on residents of the river basin jurisdiction to fund activities of the
authority.

Sec. 13. (1) Upon receipt of a petition under section 12,
the commission shall review whether to approve the establishment
of the proposed river basin institution. In making its decision,
the commission shall consider all of the following:

(a) Consistency among the river basin institutions
 established within the river basin or an adjacent river basin,
 including overlapping jurisdictions.

(b) Consistency with state natural resource policy.

5 (c) Whether establishment of the proposed river basin insti6 tution is in the best interest of managing the river basin
7 watershed.

8 (2) Following review of the petition under subsection (1), 9 the commission shall approve or disapprove the establishment of 10 the proposed river basin institution. In approving its estab-11 lishment, the commission may alter the jurisdiction of the river 12 basin institution so that it does not overlap with the jurisdic-13 tion of another river basin institution.

14 (3) If a river basin district or authority is being formed 15 through voter referendum, following approval by the commission 16 under this section, the petition shall be submitted for a vote of 17 the electors at the next general election or at a special elec-18 tion held for this purpose as provided by law.

Sec. 14. (1) Upon approval of the formation of a river basin institution under section 13, the petitioners shall hold an organizational meeting to elect a chairperson, vice-chairperson, secretary-treasurer, and other members of an executive board. Upon election, the board shall do all of the following:

(a) Adopt bylaws that will govern the river basin
institution's operation. The bylaws of a river basin institution
may provide that a seat on the board be reserved for each drain
commissioner with jurisdiction in a county encompassed by the

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river basin jurisdiction and for a representative from regional
 planning agencies within the river basin jurisdiction.

3 (b) Prepare an annual operating budget.

4 (2) The board shall meet at least annually and shall annu5 ally submit a report to local units of government within the
6 river basin jurisdiction detailing activities undertaken by the
7 river basin institution during the previous year.

8 CHAPTER 3

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RIVER BASIN COUNCILS

Sec. 21. A council may do any of the following: (a) Assess membership fees, consistent with the petition establishing the council and the council's bylaws, to all member local units of government within the river basin jurisdiction to raise basic operating revenues.

(b) Apply for and receive grants, gifts, and other funds.
(c) Serve as the primary clearinghouse for public informa17 tion on river basin resources and issues.

(d) Operate a river basin information service center that
maintains river basin information files and a water resources
library.

(e) Regularly publish a newsletter targeted at localdecision-makers and interested individuals.

(f) Conduct educational and training programs for management
issues such as sustainable development, pollution prevention, and
cross-media management.

(g) Provide education and training for specific resource
 programs and projects, including storm water management,
 groundwater protection, recreation, and other issues.

(h) Provide assistance and services to expedite the process
of developing water-related plans and policies, designing
projects and programs, obtaining permits, or building public
involvement and support to local units of government and river
basin interests when multiple issues, agencies, or entities from
which approval must be obtained are involved.

(i) Provide other forms of assistance, including information
and agency referrals, problem solving, and sharing of expertise
or technology among local units of government in the river
basin.

14 (j) Prepare a strategic river basin management plan that15 identifies existing and emerging resource issues.

16 (k) Set river basin performance goals for sustainable devel-17 opment, pollution prevention, and cross-media management.

18 (1) Recommend policies for adoption by local units of gov-19 ernment within the river basin jurisdiction.

(m) Review and comment on all state and local research studies and project proposals within the river basin that are financed by county, state, or federal funds within time frames sestablished by the agency submitting the document, and prepare a river basin impact statement, make recommendations, or provide general review comments. A council does not have veto authority over proposed studies or projects. However, government agencies random statement is recommendations.

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(n) Provide ongoing opportunities to directly involve the
 public in the river basin planning and management process, con duct meetings that are open to all under the open meetings act,
 Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 15.261 to
 15.275 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

6 (0) Incorporate citizens representing the public and inter7 est groups representing various river stakeholders in council
8 committee membership.

9 (p) Monitor, directly or in conjunction with other agencies,
10 river basin resource conditions, including water quality, quanti11 ty, sensitive areas, and urban and infrastructure development,
12 and issue an annual state of the river report to summarize
13 resource conditions and trends and present the report to the gov14 ernmental units in the river basin and the public.

(q) Carry out special studies, public opinion polls, or
demonstration projects if clear river basin benefits would
result, placing an emphasis on the technology transfer of any
research undertaken.

(r) Evaluate resource management efforts in the river basin by state, regional, and county and local agencies. This evaluation should focus on the extent to which plans are being implemented, laws enforced, and the public are involved with the plans. Particular emphasis should be placed on the need to assess actions taken in the areas of sustainable development and pollution prevention.

26 (s) Maintain a river basin geographic information system27 that can transmit data to and from state, regional, and county

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and local data management systems. The data should be accessible
 to local decision-makers, researchers, and the public through a
 river basin information service center operated by the council.

(t) Consult with drain commissioners within the river basin
jurisdiction and the army corps of engineers on maintaining or
improving stream channels and floodplains for drainage, navigation, recreation, fish and wildlife habitat, or any other public
purpose, in compliance with the inland lakes and streams act of
1972, Act No. 346 of the Public Acts of 1972, being sections
281.951 to 281.966 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(u) Consult with drain commissioners within the river basin
jurisdiction on the repair, improvement, or modification of
drainage systems within the river basin.

Sec. 22. In accordance with a council's approved petition and its bylaws, a council shall evaluate its establishment and shall determine whether to continue for another identified period of time as a council or to convert to a river basin district or river basin authority as provided in this act. If at the time of evaluation the council determines to convert, a new petition meeting all the requirements of the petitioning filing and content section of this act shall be filed with the commission.

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# CHAPTER 4

#### RIVER BASIN DISTRICTS

Sec. 31. A district is a public body corporate with the power to sue or be sued in any court of this state and has the power to carry out any of the purposes for which a river basin district may be formed, including, but not limited to, all of the 1 management functions described in this chapter, and to that end 2 may do 1 or more of the following:

3 (a) Acquire by purchase, gift, or voluntary grant real and
4 personal property or any interest therein, located inside or out5 side of the river basin.

6 (b) Contract with the United States or with any local unit
7 of government, or state, or public district, or any of their
8 departments or agencies for the construction, improvement, opera9 tion, or maintenance of any facilities or works.

(c) Ensure the building, construction, purchasing, improving, operating, and maintenance of, subject to other applicable
provisions of laws, all works necessary or desirable under any
plan adopted by the river basin district.

14 (d) Enter into contracts and employ agents.

(e) Develop and implement in conjunction with the county
drain commissioners within the district a storm water management
program to alleviate damage by flood waters and nonpoint sources
of pollution within the river basin.

19 Sec. 32. A district shall perform all of the responsibili-20 ties of a council and shall do all of the following:

(a) Serve as a clearinghouse for public information on river22 basin resources and issues.

(b) Operate a river basin information and service center.
(c) Regularly publish a newsletter targeted at local
decision-makers and interested individuals.

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(d) Conduct educational and training programs for management
 issues such as sustainable development, pollution prevention, and
 cross-media management.

4 (e) Provide education and training for specific resource
5 programs and projects, including storm water management, ground6 water protection, recreation, and other issues.

7 (f) Provide assistance and services to expedite the process
8 of developing water related plans and policies, designing
9 projects and programs, obtaining permits, or building public
10 involvement, and provide support to local units of government and
11 river basin interests when multiple issues, agencies, or approv12 als are involved.

(g) Provide other forms of assistance, including information
and agency referrals, problem solving, and sharing of expertise
or technology among communities in the river basin.

(h) Provide ongoing opportunities to directly involve thepublic in the river basin planning and management process.

18 (i) Conduct meetings pursuant to the open meetings act, Act
19 No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 15.261 to
20 15.275 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(j) Incorporate citizens representing the public interest
and interest groups representing various river stakeholders in
committee membership.

(k) Monitor directly or in conjunction with other agencies
river basin resource conditions, including water quality, quantity, sensitive areas, and urban and infrastructure development.

(1) Issue an annual state of the river report to summarize
 resource conditions and trends and present the report to the
 local units of government in the river basin and the public.

(m) Evaluate resource management efforts in the river basin
by state, regional, and agencies of local units of government.
This evaluation will focus on the extent to which plans comply
with the strategic river basin management plan and are being
implemented, laws are enforced, the public is informed, and
whether the proposed actions incorporate sustainable development
and pollution prevention measures.

(n) Maintain solely or in conjunction with other agencies a river basin geographic information system that can transmit data and from state, regional, and other local units of government data management systems.

(o) Prepare a strategic river basin management plan thatdoes all of the following:

17 (i) Identifies existing and emerging resource issues.

18 (ii) Sets river basin performance goals for sustainable
19 development, pollution prevention, and cross-media management.
20 (iii) Recommends policies for adoption by local units of
21 government.

(p) Review all research studies and project proposals within
the river basin that are financed by county, state, or federal
funds within time frames established by the agency submitting the
document and may prepare a river basin impact statement, make
recommendations, or provide general review comments. However,

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the district does not have veto authority over proposed studies
 or projects.

3 Sec. 33. A district may elect to carry out special studies,
4 public opinion polls, or demonstration projects if clear river
5 basin benefits would result, placing an emphasis on the technol6 ogy transfer of any research undertaken.

7 Sec. 34. (1) A district project or program shall be initi-8 ated by motion of the board or petition of any local unit of gov-9 ernment within the river basin, subject to procedures specified 10 in the bylaws. For a project to proceed, the board shall deter-11 mine that the project is in the public interest, is practicable, 12 is in conformity with adopted plans of the district, and has 13 obtained all necessary approvals from other levels of 14 government.

(2) The board may cause to be made the necessary plans and cost estimates for a river basin project or program. Prior to adoption of a plan, the board shall provide notice to residents of the river basin and conduct a public hearing. Procedures for advertising bids and letting contracts shall be specified in the bylaws.

(3) A district may advise, consult, and cooperate with any
local unit of government or public agency within the river basin
on any aspect of water management.

Sec. 35. An area within a district may be designated by the district as a subdistrict or subbasin for the purpose of implementing a small project benefiting only 1 of several contiguous local units of government. The designation of a subbasin or

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1 subdistrict shall be made by the executive board of the district 2 by resolution identifying the purpose and time period for exis-3 tence for the subdistrict or subbasin. A subbasin or subdistrict 4 shall be under the control of a subset of the board of the dis-5 trict which shall be composed of not less than 3 members, but 6 shall include 1 representative from each of the counties included 7 in the subdistrict or subbasin. The subset of the board of the 8 district shall have the powers of the full executive board of the 9 district that are stipulated in the bylaws.

Sec. 36. In accordance with a district's approved petition and bylaws, the district shall evaluate whether to continue for another identified period of time as a district or to convert to a river basin authority as provided in this act. If at the time of evaluation the district determines to convert to a river basin suthority, a new petition meeting all the requirements of the petitioning filing and content section of this act shall be filed with the commission.

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#### CHAPTER 5

# RIVER BASIN AUTHORITIES

Sec. 41. An authority is a public body corporate with the 21 power to sue or be sued in any court of this state and has the 22 power to carry out any of the purposes for which a river basin 23 district may be formed and to accomplish such purposes may do 1 24 or more of the following:

(a) Acquire by purchase, gift, or voluntary grant real and
personal property or any interest in real or personal property,
located inside or outside of the river basin.

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(b) Contract with the United States or with any public or
 private entity for the construction, improvement, operation, or
 maintenance of any facilities or works.

4 (c) Ensure the building, construction, purchasing, improv5 ing, operating, and maintenance of, subject to other applicable
6 law, all works necessary or desirable under any plan adopted by
7 the authority.

8 (d) Enter into contracts and employ agents.

9 (e) Develop and implement a storm water management program
10 to alleviate damage by flood waters and nonpoint sources of pol11 lution within the river basin.

(f) Receive transferred authorities, by mutual agreement,
from state government or local units of government within the
river basin.

15 Sec. 42. An authority shall perform all responsibilities of16 a district and shall do all of the following:

17 (a) Serve as the primary clearinghouse for public informa-18 tion on river basin resources and issues.

(b) Operate a river basin information and service center
that maintains river basin information files and a water
resources library.

(c) Prepare a strategic river basin management plan that23 does all of the following:

(i) Identifies existing and emerging resource issues.
(ii) Sets river basin performance goals for sustainable
development, pollution prevention, and cross-media management.

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(*iii*) Provides policies for adoption by local units of
 government.

3 (d) Review and comment on all state and local research 4 studies and project and program proposals within the river basin 5 that are financed by county, state, or federal funds within time 6 frames established by the agency submitting the document and cer-7 tify their consistency with the strategic river basin management 8 plan, and may prepare a river basin impact statement, make recom-9 mendations, provide general review comments. An authority may 10 veto a proposed study or project.

Sec. 43. An authority may do 1 or more of the following: (a) Establish permit application fees and a method of ad valorem taxation to raise basic operating revenue and finance activities of the authority in accordance with the state constitution.

(b) Assess benefits of rights-of-way of railroads and other
public service corporations in the same manner as for other
property. The imposition and collection of the tax shall be in
the same manner as is provided with respect to other property.
(c) Borrow money on permanent loans and incur obligations
from time to time on such terms and at such rates of interest as
it considers proper for the purposes of raising funds.

(d) Apply for and receive grants, gifts, and other funds.
(e) Receive the delegation of state permit issuance author25 ity as provided by law.

26 (f) Make and adopt reasonable rules, regulations, and orders27 which are consistent with the law approved by the commission

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1 enforceable by injunction or other appropriate action in the 2 courts of the state.

3 (g) Conduct public hearings and issue findings.

4 (h) Finance, construct, and petition drain commissioners to5 construct and operate facilities and management programs.

6 (i) Draft formal agreements among local jurisdictions shar-7 ing a common resource such as a municipal wellhead protection 8 area, an inland lake, a wetland; and draft formal agreements with 9 state government for local and substate participation in water 10 management decision processes of the state.

(j) Mediate conflicts in competing water uses and rights.
 (k) Designate critical resource areas and zoning
 provisions.

Sec. 44. (1) The commission shall assure that a public notice required under a state statute related to management of water resources and associated land uses is mailed to the river basin authority with jurisdiction over the impacted river basin.

18 (2) An authority may manage the following within a river19 basin:

20 (a) Minimum in-stream flows and levels including both of the21 following:

(i) The minimum flow for a given watercourse that is the
1 limit at which further withdrawals would be significantly harmful
to the water resources or ecology of the basin.

(*ii*) The minimum water level that is the level of groundwater in an aquifer and the level of surface water at which further

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withdrawals would be significantly harmful to the water resources
 of the area.

3 (b) Flow regulation including the construction and mainte-4 nance of water impoundment structures.

5 (c) River maintenance, including the removal of debris and
6 obstructions, bank erosion control, and filter strip
7 maintenance.

8 (d) Flood control, including the prevention through flood9 plain regulation and land acquisition and damage reduction
10 projects.

(e) Assistance to state and federal governments with
enforcement of pollution control and environmental protection
laws of the state, such as the soil erosion and sedimentation
control act of 1972, Act No. 347 of the Public Acts of 1972,
being sections 282.101 to 282.125 of the Michigan Compiled Laws,
and the Goemaere-Anderson wetland protection act, Act No. 203 of
the Public Acts of 1979, being sections 281.701 to 281.722 of the
Michigan Compiled Laws.

(f) Nonpoint source control programs and projects including
the establishment and compliance monitoring of best management
practices.

(g) The establishment of a basinwide storm water managementutility.

24 (h) The coordination with local units of government for the25 development of river corridor greenways and trailways.

26 (i) The installation of hydrometric devices for data27 collection.

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(j) Any other aspect of river basin management.

2 Sec. 45. (1) An authority project or program shall be ini-3 tiated by motion of the executive board or petition of any local 4 unit of government within the river basin, subject to procedures 5 specified in the bylaws. For a project to proceed, the executive 6 board shall determine that the project is in the public interest, 7 is practicable, is in conformity with adopted plans of the 8 authority, and has obtained all necessary approvals of other 9 levels of government.

10 (2) The executive board may cause to be made the necessary 11 plans and cost estimates. Prior to adoption of a plan, the exec-12 utive board shall provide notice to residents of the river basin 13 and conduct a public hearing. Procedures for advertising bids 14 and letting contracts shall be specified in the bylaws of the 15 authority.

(3) An authority may advise, consult, and cooperate with any
17 local unit of government or public agency within the river basin
18 on any aspect of water management.

Sec. 46. An area within a river basin may be designated by an authority as a subdistrict or subbasin for the purpose of implementing a small project benefiting only 1 of several contiguous local units of government within the river basin jurisdiction. The designation of a subbasin or subdistrict shall be made by the executive board by resolution identifying the purpose and time period for existence for the subdistrict or subbasin. A subbasin or subdistrict shall be under the control of a subset of the executive board that is composed of not less

than 3 members, but shall include 1 representative from each of
 the counties included in the subdistrict or subbasin. The subset
 of the executive board has the powers of the full executive board
 that are stipulated in the bylaws.

#### CHAPTER 6

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# REPEAL OF EXISTING AUTHORITY

7 Sec. 51. A watershed council created under the local river 8 management act, Act No. 253 of the Public Acts of 1964, being 9 sections 323.301 to 323.320 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, has 1 10 year from the effective date of this act to petition the commis-11 sion for formation as a river basin council pursuant to this 12 act. A petition from an existing watershed council for the for-13 mation of a river basin council under this act shall include the 14 bylaws of the council and a list of member local units of govern-15 ment that when combined encompass not less than 1/3 of the land 16 within the river basin, or not less than 1/3 of the population 17 residing in the river basin.

18 Sec. 52. Act No. 253 of the Public Acts of 1964, being sec-19 tions 323.301 to 323.320 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is 20 repealed effective 1 year after the effective date of this act.

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Final page.

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