HOUSE BILL No. 5968

June 7, 1996, Introduced by Rep. Bush and referred to the Committee on Human Resources and Labor.

A bill to amend section 29 of Act No. 1 of the Public Acts of the Extra Session of 1936, entitled as amended "Michigan employment security act,"

as amended by Act No. 25 of the Public Acts of 1995, being section 421.29 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Section 1. Section 29 of Act No. 1 of the Public Acts of
 the Extra Session of 1936, as amended by Act No. 25 of the Public
 Acts of 1995, being section 421.29 of the Michigan Compiled Laws,
 a mended to read as follows:

5 Sec. 29. (1) An individual is disqualified from receiving
6 benefits if he or she:

7 (a) Left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to
8 the employer or employing unit. However, if the individual has
9 an established benefit year in effect and during that benefit

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1 year leaves unsuitable work within 60 days after the beginning of2 that work, the leaving does not disqualify the individual.

3 (b) Was discharged for misconduct connected with the
4 individual's work or for intoxication while at work unless the
5 discharge was subsequently reduced to a disciplinary layoff or
6 suspension.

7 (c) Failed without good cause to apply for available suit8 able work after receiving from the employment office or the com9 mission notice of the availability of that work.

10 (d) Failed without good cause while unemployed to report to 11 the individual's former employer or employing unit within a rea-12 sonable time after that employer or employing unit provided 13 notice of the availability of an interview concerning available 14 suitable work with the former employer or employing unit.

(e) Failed without good cause to accept suitable work
offered to the individual or to return to the individual's customary self-employment, if any, when directed by the employment
office or the commission.

(f) Lost his or her job due to absence from work resulting from a violation of law for which the individual was convicted and sentenced to jail or prison. This subdivision does not apply if conviction of an individual results in a sentence to county jail under conditions of day parole as provided in Act No. 60 of the Public Acts of 1962, being sections 801.251 to 801.258 of the Shichigan Compiled Laws, or if the conviction was for a traffic violation that resulted in an absence of less than 10 consecutive work days from the individual's place of employment.

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(g) Is discharged, whether or not the discharge is
 subsequently reduced to a disciplinary layoff or suspension, for
 participation in either of the following:

4 (i) A strike or other concerted action in violation of an
5 applicable collective bargaining agreement that results in cur6 tailment of work or restriction of or interference with
7 production.

8 (ii) A wildcat strike or other concerted action not autho9 rized by the individual's recognized bargaining representative.
10 (h) Was discharged for an act of assault and battery con11 nected with the individual's work.

12 (i) Was discharged for theft connected with the individual's13 work.

(j) Was discharged for willful destruction of property con-15 nected with the individual's work.

(k) Committed a theft after receiving notice of a layoff or discharge, but before the effective date of the layoff or disl8 charge, resulting in loss or damage to the employer who would otherwise be chargeable for the benefits, regardless of whether the individual gualified for the benefits before the theft.

(1) Was employed by a temporary help firm, which as used in
this section means an employer whose primary business is to provide a client with the temporary services of 1 or more individuals under contract with the employer, to perform services for a
client of that firm if each of the following conditions is met:
(i) The temporary help firm provided the employee with a
written notice AND OBTAINED THE EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE ON A COPY OF

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1 THAT WRITTEN NOTICE before the employee began performing services
2 for the client , -stating AND THE WRITTEN NOTICE STATES in sub3 stance -both ALL of the following:

4 (A) That within -7 14 days after completing services for a
5 client of the temporary help firm, the employee is under a duty
6 to notify the temporary help firm of the completion of those
7 services.

8 (B) That a failure to provide the temporary help firm with 9 notice of the employee's completion of services pursuant to 10 sub-subparagraph (A) constitutes a voluntary quit that will 11 affect the employee's eligibility for unemployment compensation 12 should the employee seek unemployment compensation following com-13 pletion of those services.

14 (C) THAT THE TEMPORARY HELP FIRM IS UNDER A DUTY TO FIND NEW
15 TEMPORARY EMPLOYMENT FOR THE EMPLOYEE WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER
16 RECEIVING THE NOTIFICATION DESCRIBED IN SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (A).

17 (D) THAT IF THE TEMPORARY HELP FIRM FAILS TO FIND NEW TEMPO18 RARY EMPLOYMENT FOR THE EMPLOYEE IN ACCORDANCE WITH
19 SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (C), THE EMPLOYEE IS NOT DISQUALIFIED FROM
20 RECEIVING BENEFITS UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION.

21 (*ii*) EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING OCCURS:

22 (A) The employee did not provide the temporary help firm 23 with notice that the employee had completed his or her services 24 for the client within -7 14 days after completion of his or her 25 services for the client.

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1 (B) THE EMPLOYEE COMPLIED WITH SUBPARAGRAPH (i)(A) AND THE 2 TEMPORARY HELP FIRM FINDS SUITABLE WORK FOR HIM OR HER WITHIN 14 3 DAYS AFTER THAT COMPLIANCE.

4 (m) Was discharged for (i) Illegally ingesting, injecting, 5 inhaling, or possessing a controlled substance on the premises of 6 the employer, (ii) Refusing to submit to a drug test that was 7 required to be administered in a nondiscriminatory manner, or 8 (iii) Testing positive on a drug test, if the test was adminis-9 tered in a nondiscriminatory manner. If the worker disputes the 10 result of the testing, a generally accepted confirmatory test 11 shall be administered and shall also indicate a positive result 12 for the presence of a controlled substance before a disqualifica-13 tion of the worker under this subdivision. As used in this 14 subdivision:

(A) "Controlled substance" means that term as defined in
16 section 7104 of the public health code, Act No. 368 of the Public
17 Acts of 1978, being section 333.7104 of the Michigan Compiled
18 Laws.

(B) "Drug test" means a test designed to detect the illegal20 use of a controlled substance.

(C) "Nondiscriminatory manner" means administered impartially and objectively in accordance with a collective bargaining
agreement, rule, policy, a verbal or written notice, or a
labor-management contract.

(n) Has an income exceeding \$100,000.00 for the calendar
26 year in which he or she applies for benefits. This subdivision
27 shall not take effect unless both of the following occur:

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(i) Within 30 days of the effective date of the act that
added subdivision (l), the governor requests from the United
3 States department of labor a determination confirming whether
4 this subdivision is in conformity with the federal unemployment
5 tax act, chapter 23 - of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26
6 U.S.C. 3301 to 3311, and the social security act, CHAPTER 531, 49
7 Stat. 620, and whether conformity with those federal acts is a
8 condition for a full tax credit against the tax imposed under the
9 federal unemployment tax act (FUTA), or is a condition for state
10 receipt of federal administrative grant funds under the social

12 (*ii*) The United States department of labor determines that 13 this subdivision is in conformity with the acts described in sub-14 paragraph (*i*), or verifies that conformity with those federal 15 acts is not a condition for a tax credit or a grant described in 16 subparagraph (*i*).

(2) A disqualification under subsection (1) begins the week in which the act or discharge that caused the disqualification occurs and continues until the disqualified individual requalifies under subsection (3), except that for benefit years begining before the conversion date prescribed in section 75, the disqualification does not prevent the payment of benefits if there are credit weeks, other than multiemployer credit weeks, after the most recent disqualifying act or discharge.

(3) After the week in which the disqualifying act or dis26 charge described in subsection (1) occurs, an individual who

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1 seeks to requalify for benefits is subject to all of the 2 following:

3 (a) For benefit years established before the conversion date
4 described in section 75, the individual shall complete 6 requali5 fying weeks if he or she was disqualified under
6 subsection (1)(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (l), or 13 requalifying
7 weeks if he or she was disqualified under subsection (1)(h), (i),
8 (j), (k), or (m). A requalifying week required under this sub9 section shall be each week in which the individual does any of

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10 the following:

(i) Earns or receives remuneration in an amount at least
equal to an amount needed to earn a credit week, as that term is
defined in section 50.

14 (*ii*) Otherwise meets all of the requirements of this act to
15 receive a benefit payment if the individual were not disqualified
16 under subsection (1).

17 (*iii*) Receives a benefit payment based on credit weeks sub18 sequent to the disqualifying act or discharge.

(b) For benefit years established before the conversion date prescribed in section 75, if the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(a) or (b), he or she shall requalify, after the week in which the disqualifying discharge occurred by earning in employment for an employer liable under this act or the unemployment compensation act of another state an amount equal to, or in seccess of, 7 times the individual's potential weekly benefit rate, calculated on the basis of employment with the employer involved in the disqualification, or by earning in employment for

an employer liable under this act or the unemployment
 compensation act of another state an amount equal to, or in
 excess of, 40 times the state minimum hourly wage times 7, which ever is the lesser amount.

5 (c) For benefit years established before the conversion date 6 prescribed in section 75, a benefit payable to an individual dis-7 qualified under subsection (1)(a) or (b), shall be charged to the 8 nonchargeable benefits account, and not to the account of the 9 employer with whom the individual was involved in the 10 disgualification.

(d) For benefit years beginning after the conversion date prescribed in section 75, subsequent to the week in which the disqualifying act or discharge occurred, an individual shall coml4 plete 6 requalifying weeks if he or she was disqualified under subsection (1)(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (l), or 13 requalifying weeks if he or she was disqualified under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), or (m). A requalifying week required under this subl8 section shall be each week in which the individual does any of l9 the following:

20 (i) Earns or receives remuneration in an amount equal to at 21 least 1/13 of the minimum amount needed in a calendar quarter of 22 the base period for an individual to qualify for benefits, 23 rounded down to the nearest whole dollar.

24 (*ii*) Otherwise meets all of the requirements of this act to
25 receive a benefit payment if the individual were not disqualified
26 under subsection (1).

(e) For benefit years beginning after the conversion date
prescribed in section 75, if the individual is disqualified under
subsection (1)(a) or (b), he or she shall requalify, after the
week in which the disqualifying act or discharge occurred by
earning in employment for an employer liable under this act or
the unemployment compensation law of another state at least the
lesser of the following:

8 (i) Seven times the individual's weekly benefit rate. (ii) Forty times the state minimum hourly wage times 7. 9 (f) A benefit payable to the individual disqualified or sep-10 11 arated under disgualifying circumstances under subsection (1)(a) 12 or (b), shall be charged to the nonchargeable benefits account, 13 and not to the account of the employer with whom the individual 14 was involved in the separation. Benefits payable to an individ-15 ual determined by the commission to be separated under disquali-16 fying circumstances shall not be charged to the account of the 17 employer involved in the disqualification for any period after 18 the employer notifies the commission of the claimant's possible 19 ineligibility or disqualification. If a disqualifying act or 20 discharge occurs during the individual's benefit year, any bene-21 fits that may become payable to the individual in a later benefit 22 year based on employment with the employer involved in the dis-23 gualification shall be charged to the nonchargeable benefits 24 account.

(4) The maximum amount of benefits otherwise available under
section 27(d) to an individual disqualified under subsection (1)
is subject to all of the following conditions:

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(a) For benefit years established before the conversion date
prescribed in section 75, if the individual is disqualified under
subsection (1)(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (l) and the maximum
amount of benefits is based on wages and credit weeks earned from
an employer before an act or discharge involving that employer,
the amount shall be reduced by an amount equal to the
individual's weekly benefit rate as to that employer multiplied
by the lesser of either of the following:

9 (i) The number of requalifying weeks required of the indi-10 vidual under this section.

(*ii*) The number of weeks of benefit entitlement remainingwith that employer.

(b) If the individual has insufficient or no potential bene-14 fit entitlement remaining with the employer involved in the dis-15 qualification in the benefit year in existence on the date of the 16 disqualifying determination, a reduction of benefits described in 17 this subsection shall apply in a succeeding benefit year with 18 respect to any benefit entitlement based upon credit weeks earned 19 with the employer before the disqualifying act or discharge. 20 (c) For benefit years established before the conversion date 21 prescribed in section 75, an individual disqualified under sub-22 section (!)(h), (i), (j), (k), or (m) is not entitled to benefits 23 based on wages and credit weeks earned before the disqualifying 24 act or discharge with the employer involved in the 25 disqualification.

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(d) The benefit entitlement of an individual disqualified
 under subsection (1)(a) or (b) is not subject to reduction as a
 result of that disqualification.

4 (e) A denial or reduction of benefits under this subsection
5 does not apply to benefits based upon multiemployer credit
6 weeks.

7 (f) For benefit years established after the conversion date 8 prescribed in section 75, if the individual is disqualified under 9 subsection (1)(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (l), the maximum number 10 of weeks otherwise applicable in calculating benefits for the 11 individual under section 27(d) shall be reduced by the lesser of 12 the following:

13 (i) The number of requalifying weeks required of the indi-14 vidual under this subsection.

15 (*ii*) The number of weeks of benefit entitlement remaining on16 the claim.

(g) For benefit years beginning after the conversion date prescribed in section 75, the benefits of an individual disqualiing fied under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), or (m) shall be reduced by 13 weeks and any weekly benefit payments made to the claimant thereafter shall be reduced by the portion of the payment attributable to base period wages paid by the base period employer involved in a disqualification under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), or (m).

25 (5) If an individual leaves work to accept permanent26 full-time work with another employer and performs services for

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1 that employer, or if an individual leaves work to accept a recall 2 from a former employer:

3 (a) Subsection (1) does not apply.

4 (b) Wages earned with the employer whom the individual last 5 left, including wages previously transferred under this subsec-6 tion to the last employer, for the purpose of computing and 7 charging benefits, are wages earned from the employer with whom 8 the individual accepted work or recall, and benefits paid based 9 upon those wages shall be charged to that employer.

10 (c) When issuing a determination covering the period of 11 employment with a new or former employer described in this sub-12 section, the commission shall advise the chargeable employer of 13 the name and address of the other employer, the period covered by 14 the employment, and the extent of the benefits that may be 15 charged to the account of the chargeable employer.

16 (6) In determining whether work is suitable for an individu-17 al, the commission shall consider the degree of risk involved to 18 the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's 19 physical fitness and prior training, the individual's length of 20 unemployment and prospects for securing local work in the 21 individual's customary occupation, and the distance of the avail-22 able work from the individual's residence. Additionally, the 23 commission shall consider the individual's experience and prior 24 earnings, subject to the following limitation:

(a) An individual unemployed for 1 to 12 weeks who refuses
an offer of work determined to be suitable under this section
shall be denied benefits if the pay rate for that work is at

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1 least 80% of the gross pay rate he or she received immediately2 before becoming unemployed.

3 (b) An individual unemployed for 13 to 20 weeks who refuses
4 an offer of work determined to be suitable under this section
5 shall be denied benefits if the pay rate for that work is at
6 least 75% of the gross pay rate he or she received immediately
7 before becoming unemployed.

8 (c) An individual unemployed for more than 20 weeks who 9 refuses an offer of work determined to be suitable under this 10 section shall be denied benefits if the pay rate for that work is 11 at least 70% of the gross pay rate he or she received immediately 12 before becoming unemployed.

13 (7) Work is not suitable and benefits shall not be denied 14 under this act to an otherwise eligible individual for refusing 15 to accept new work under any of the following conditions:

16 (a) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a17 strike, lockout, or other labor dispute.

(b) If the remuneration, hours, or other conditions of the
work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual
than those prevailing for similar work in the locality.

(c) If as a condition of being employed, the individual
would be required to join a company union or to resign from or
refrain from joining a bona fide labor organization.

24 (8) All of the following apply to an individual who seeks25 benefits under this act:

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(a) An individual is disqualified from receiving benefits
 for a week in which the individual's total or partial
 unemployment is due to either of the following:

4 (i) A labor dispute in active progress at the place at which
5 the individual is or was last employed, or a shutdown or start-up
6 operation caused by that labor dispute.

7 (*ii*) A labor dispute, other than a lockout, in active
8 progress or a shutdown or start-up operation caused by that labor
9 dispute in any other establishment within the United States that
10 is both functionally integrated with the establishment described
11 in subparagraph (*i*) and operated by the same employing unit.

(b) An individual's disqualification imposed or imposable under this subsection is terminated if the individual performs services in employment with an employer in at least 2 consecutive sweeks falling wholly within the period of the individual's total or partial unemployment due to the labor dispute, and in addition rearns wages in each of those weeks in an amount equal to or greater than the individual's actual or potential weekly benefit rate with respect to those weeks based on the individual's employment with the employer involved in the labor dispute.

(c) An individual is not disqualified under this subsection if the individual is not directly involved in the labor dispute. An individual is not directly involved in a labor dispute unless any of the following are established:

25 (i) At the time or in the course of a labor dispute in the
26 establishment in which the individual was then employed, the
27 individual in concert with 1 or more other employees voluntarily

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1 stopped working other than at the direction of the individual's
2 employing unit.

3 (*ii*) The individual is participating in, financing, or 4 directly interested in the labor dispute that causes the 5 individual's total or partial unemployment. The payment of regu-6 lar union dues, in amounts and for purposes established before 7 the inception of the labor dispute, is not financing a labor dis-8 pute within the meaning of this subparagraph.

9 (*iii*) At any time a labor dispute in the establishment or 10 department in which the individual was employed does not exist, 11 and the individual voluntarily stops working, other than at the 12 direction of the individual's employing unit, in sympathy with 13 employees in some other establishment or department in which a 14 labor dispute is in progress.

15 (*iv*) The individual's total or partial unemployment is due
16 to a labor dispute that was or is in progress in a department,
17 unit, or group of workers in the same establishment.

(d) As used in this subsection, "directly interested" shall
19 be construed and applied so as not to disqualify individuals
20 unemployed as a result of a labor dispute the resolution of which
21 may not reasonably be expected to affect their wages, hours, or
22 other conditions of employment, and to disqualify individuals
23 whose wages, hours, or conditions of employment may reasonably be
24 expected to be affected by the resolution of the labor dispute.
25 A "reasonable expectation" of an effect on an individual's wages,
26 hours, or other conditions of employment exists, in the absence

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1 of a substantial preponderance of evidence to the contrary, in 2 any of the following situations:

3 (i) If it is established that there is in the particular 4 establishment or employing unit a practice, custom, or contrac-5 tual obligation to extend within a reasonable period to members 6 of the individual's grade or class of workers in the establish-7 ment in which the individual is or was last employed changes in 8 terms and conditions of employment that are substantially similar 9 or related to some or all of the changes in terms and conditions 10 of employment that are made for the workers among whom there 11 exists the labor dispute that has caused the individual's total 12 or partial unemployment.

(*ii*) If it is established that 1 of the issues in or pur-14 poses of the labor dispute is to obtain a change in the terms and 15 conditions of employment for members of the individual's grade or 16 class of workers in the establishment in which the individual is 17 or was last employed.

18 (*iii*) If a collective bargaining agreement covers both the 19 individual's grade or class of workers in the establishment in 20 which the individual is or was last employed and the workers in 21 another establishment of the same employing unit who are actively 22 participating in the labor dispute, and that collective bargain-23 ing agreement is subject by its terms to modification, supplemen-24 tation, or replacement, or has expired or been opened by mutual 25 consent at the time of the labor dispute.

(e) In determining the scope of the grade or class ofworkers, evidence of the following is relevant:

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(i) Representation of the workers by the same national or
 international organization or by local affiliates of that
 antional or international organization.

4 (*ii*) Whether the workers are included in a single, legally
5 designated, or negotiated bargaining unit.

6 (*iii*) Whether the workers are or within the past 6 months
7 have been covered by a common master collective bargaining agree8 ment that sets forth all or any part of the terms and conditions
9 of the workers' employment, or by separate agreements that are or
10 have been bargained as a part of the same negotiations.

11 (*iv*) Any functional integration of the work performed by 12 those workers.

13 (v) Whether the resolution of those issues involved in the 14 labor dispute as to some of the workers could directly or indi-15 rectly affect the advancement, negotiation, or settlement of the 16 same or similar issues in respect to the remaining workers.

17 (vi) Whether the workers are currently or have been covered
18 by the same or similar demands by their recognized or certified
19 bargaining agent or agents for changes in their wages, hours, or
20 other conditions of employment.

(vii) Whether issues on the same subject matter as those
involved in the labor dispute have been the subject of proposals
or demands made upon the employing unit that would by their terms
have applied to those workers.

25 (9) Except for an individual disqualified under subsection
26 (1)(g), or an individual whose disqualifying discharge under
27 subsection (1)(b) is determined or redetermined to be a

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1 disciplinary layoff or suspension, an individual is disqualified 2 from receiving benefits for the duration of the individual's dis-3 ciplinary layoff or suspension if the individual becomes unem-4 ployed because of a disciplinary layoff or suspension based upon 5 any of the following:

6 (a) Misconduct directly or indirectly connected with work.
7 (b) Participation in a strike or other concerted activity
8 resulting in a curtailment of work or restriction of or interfer9 ence with production contrary to an applicable collective bar10 gaining agreement.

(c) Participation in a wildcat strike or other concerted activity not authorized by the individual's recognized bargaining representative.

14 (10) If a disqualifying discharge under subsection (1)(b) is 15 determined or redetermined to be a suspension, the disqualifica-16 tion provided under subsection (9) applies from the date of the 17 discharge.

18 (11) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (10), if the employ-19 ing unit submits notice to the commission of possible ineligibil-20 ity or disqualification beyond the time limits prescribed by com-21 mission rule, the notice shall not form the basis of a determina-22 tion of ineligibility or disqualification for a claim period com-23 pensated before the receipt of the notice by the commission.

24 (12) An individual is disqualified from receiving benefits
25 for any week or part of a week in which the individual has
26 received, is receiving, or is seeking unemployment benefits under
27 an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the

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United States. If the appropriate agency of the other state or
 of the United States finally determines that the individual is
 not entitled to unemployment benefits, the disqualification
 described in this subsection does not apply.