



# HOUSE BILL No. 4724

April 25, 1995, Introduced by Reps. Nye, Hill, Voorhees, Varga, Bullard, Walberg, Hammerstrom, LeTarte, Lowe, McBryde, Dalman, DeLange, Cropsey, Byl, Kaza, Law, Horton, Pitoniak, Dobb, DeMars, Geiger, Perricone, Bush, Rhead, Willard, Baade and Weeks and referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Civil Rights.

A bill to amend section 18 of chapter XIIA of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939, entitled as amended

"An act to revise and consolidate the statutes relating to certain aspects of the organization and jurisdiction of the probate court of this state, the powers and duties of such court and the judges and other officers thereof, certain aspects of the statutes of descent and distribution of property, and the statutes governing the change of name of adults and children, the adoption of adults and children, and the jurisdiction of the juvenile division of the probate court; to prescribe the powers and duties of the juvenile division of the probate court, and the judges and other officers thereof; to prescribe the manner and time within which actions and proceedings may be brought in the juvenile division of the probate court; to prescribe pleading, evidence, practice, and procedure in actions and proceedings in the juvenile division of the probate court; to provide for appeals from the juvenile division of the probate court; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain state departments, agencies, and officers; and to provide remedies and penalties for the violation of this act,"

as amended by Act No. 355 of the Public Acts of 1994, being section 712A.18 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

**THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:**

1 Section 1. Section 18 of chapter XIIA of Act No. 288 of the  
2 Public Acts of 1939, as amended by Act No. 355 of the Public Acts  
3 of 1994, being section 712A.18 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is  
4 amended to read as follows:

## 5 CHAPTER XIIA

6 Sec. 18. (1) If the court finds that a child concerning  
7 whom a petition is filed is not within this chapter, the court  
8 shall enter an order dismissing the petition. Except as other-  
9 wise provided in subsection (10), if the court finds that a child  
10 is within this chapter, the court may enter any of the following  
11 orders of disposition that are appropriate for the welfare of the  
12 child and society in view of the facts proven and ascertained:

13 (a) Warn the child or the child's parents, guardian, or cus-  
14 todian and, except as provided in subsection (7), dismiss the  
15 petition.

16 (b) Place the child on probation, or under supervision in  
17 the child's own home or in the home of an adult who is related to  
18 the child. As used in this subdivision, "related" means being a  
19 parent, grandparent, brother, sister, stepparent, stepsister,  
20 stepbrother, uncle, or aunt by marriage, blood, or adoption. The  
21 court shall order the terms and conditions of probation or super-  
22 vision, including reasonable rules for the conduct of the par-  
23 ents, guardian, or custodian, if any, as the court determines  
24 necessary for the physical, mental, or moral well-being and  
25 behavior of the child.

1 (c) If a child is within the court's jurisdiction under  
2 section 2(a) of this chapter, place the child in a suitable  
3 foster care home subject to the court's supervision. If a child  
4 is within the court's jurisdiction under section 2(b) of this  
5 chapter, the court shall not place a child in a foster care home  
6 subject to the court's supervision.

7 (d) Place the child in or commit the child to a private  
8 institution or agency approved or licensed by the state depart-  
9 ment of social services for the care of children of similar age,  
10 sex, and characteristics.

11 (e) Commit the child to a public institution, county facili-  
12 ty, institution operated as an agency of the court or county, or  
13 agency authorized by law to receive children of similar age, sex,  
14 and characteristics. In a placement under subdivision (d) or a  
15 commitment under this subdivision, except to a state institution,  
16 the religious affiliation of the child shall be protected by  
17 placement or commitment to a private child-placing or  
18 child-caring agency or institution, if available. In every order  
19 of commitment under this subdivision to a state institution or  
20 agency described in the youth rehabilitation services act, Act  
21 No. 150 of the Public Acts of 1974, ~~as amended,~~ being sections  
22 803.301 to 803.309 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or in Act  
23 No. 220 of the Public Acts of 1935, ~~as amended,~~ being sections  
24 400.201 to 400.214 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, the court shall  
25 name the superintendent of the institution to which the child is  
26 committed as a special guardian to receive benefits due the child  
27 from the government of the United States, and the benefits shall

1 be used to the extent necessary to pay for the portions of the  
2 cost of care in the institution that the parent or parents are  
3 found unable to pay.

4 (f) Provide the child with medical, dental, surgical, or  
5 other health care, in a local hospital if available, or else-  
6 where, maintaining as much as possible a local physician-patient  
7 relationship, and with clothing and other incidental items as the  
8 court considers necessary.

9 (g) Order the parents, guardian, custodian, or any other  
10 person to refrain from continuing conduct that the court deter-  
11 mines has caused or tended to cause the child to come within or  
12 to remain under this chapter, or that obstructs placement or com-  
13 mitment of the child pursuant to an order under this section.

14 (h) Appoint a guardian under section 424 of the revised pro-  
15 bate code, Act No. 642 of the Public Acts of 1978, being section  
16 700.424 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, pursuant to a petition  
17 filed with the court by a person interested in the welfare of the  
18 child. If the court appoints a guardian pursuant to this subdi-  
19 vision, it may enter an order dismissing the petition under this  
20 chapter.

21 (i) Order the child to engage in community service.

22 (j) If the court finds that a child has violated a municipal  
23 ordinance or a state or federal law, order the child to pay a  
24 civil fine in the amount of the civil or penal fine provided by  
25 the ordinance or law. Money collected from fines levied under  
26 this subsection shall be distributed as provided in section 29 of  
27 this chapter.

1 (k) Order the child to pay court costs. Money collected  
2 from costs ordered under this subsection shall be distributed as  
3 provided in section 29 of this chapter.

4 (l) IF A CHILD IS WITHIN THE COURT'S JURISDICTION UNDER SEC-  
5 TION 2(A)(1) OF THIS CHAPTER, PLACE THE CHILD IN AND ORDER THE  
6 CHILD TO COMPLETE SATISFACTORILY A PROGRAM OF TRAINING IN A JUVE-  
7 NILE BOOT CAMP ESTABLISHED AND OPERATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF  
8 SOCIAL SERVICES UNDER THE JUVENILE BOOT CAMP ACT AS PROVIDED IN  
9 THAT ACT. UPON RECEIVING A SATISFACTORY REPORT OF PERFORMANCE IN  
10 THE PROGRAM FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES, THE COURT  
11 SHALL AUTHORIZE RELEASE OF THE CHILD FROM DETENTION IN THE JUVE-  
12 NILE BOOT CAMP. FOLLOWING SATISFACTORY COMPLETION OF THE JUVE-  
13 NILE BOOT CAMP PROGRAM, THE CHILD SHALL COMPLETE AN ADDITIONAL  
14 PERIOD OF NOT LESS THAN 120 DAYS' INTENSIVE SUPERVISION BY THE  
15 DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES IN THE LOCAL COMMUNITY. TO PLACE A  
16 CHILD IN A JUVENILE BOOT CAMP PROGRAM, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE  
17 ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

18 (i) PLACEMENT IN A JUVENILE BOOT CAMP WILL BENEFIT THE  
19 CHILD.

20 (ii) THE CHILD IS PHYSICALLY ABLE TO PARTICIPATE IN THE  
21 PROGRAM.

22 (iii) THE CHILD DOES NOT APPEAR TO HAVE ANY MENTAL HANDICAP  
23 THAT WOULD PREVENT PARTICIPATION IN THE PROGRAM.

24 (iv) THE CHILD WILL NOT BE A DANGER TO OTHER CHILDREN IN THE  
25 BOOT CAMP.

26 (2) An order of disposition placing a child in or committing  
27 a child to care outside of the child's own home and under state

1 or court supervision shall contain a provision for reimbursement  
2 by the child, parent, guardian, or custodian to the court for the  
3 cost of care or service. The order shall be reasonable, taking  
4 into account both the income and resources of the child, parent,  
5 guardian, or custodian. The amount may be based upon the guide-  
6 lines and model schedule created under subsection (6). If the  
7 child is receiving an adoption support subsidy pursuant to sec-  
8 tion 115j(4) of the social welfare act, Act No. 280 of the Public  
9 Acts of 1939, being section 400.115j of the Michigan Compiled  
10 Laws, the amount shall not exceed the amount of the support  
11 subsidy. The reimbursement provision applies during the entire  
12 period the child remains in care outside of the child's own home  
13 and under state or court supervision, unless the child is in the  
14 permanent custody of the court. The court shall provide for the  
15 collection of all amounts ordered to be reimbursed, and the money  
16 collected shall be accounted for and reported to the county board  
17 of commissioners. Collections to cover delinquent accounts or to  
18 pay the balance due on reimbursement orders may be made after a  
19 child is released or discharged from care outside the child's own  
20 home and under state or court supervision. Twenty-five percent  
21 of all amounts collected pursuant to an order entered under this  
22 subsection shall be credited to the appropriate fund of the  
23 county to offset the administrative cost of collections. The  
24 balance of all amounts collected pursuant to an order entered  
25 under this subsection shall be divided in the same ratio in which  
26 the county, state, and federal government participate in the cost  
27 of care outside the child's own home and under state or court

1 supervision. The court may also collect benefits paid for the  
2 cost of care of a court ward from the government of the United  
3 States. Money collected for children placed with or committed to  
4 the state department of social services shall be accounted for  
5 and reported on an individual child basis. In cases of delin-  
6 quent accounts, the court may also enter an order to intercept  
7 state or federal tax refunds of a child, parent, guardian, or  
8 custodian and initiate the necessary offset proceedings in order  
9 to recover the cost of care or service. The court shall send to  
10 the person who is the subject of the intercept order advance  
11 written notice of the proposed offset. The notice shall include  
12 notice of the opportunity to contest the offset on the grounds  
13 that the intercept is not proper because of a mistake of fact  
14 concerning the amount of the delinquency or the identity of the  
15 person subject to the order. The court shall provide for the  
16 prompt reimbursement of an amount withheld in error or an amount  
17 found to exceed the delinquent amount.

18 (3) An order of disposition placing a child in the child's  
19 own home under subsection (1)(b) may contain a provision for  
20 reimbursement by the child, parent, guardian, or custodian to the  
21 court for the cost of service. If an order is entered under this  
22 subsection, an amount due shall be determined and treated in the  
23 same manner provided for an order entered under subsection (2).

24 (4) An order directed to a parent or a person other than the  
25 child is not effective and binding on the parent or other person  
26 unless opportunity for hearing is given pursuant to issuance of  
27 summons or notice as provided in sections 12 and 13 of this

1 chapter, and until a copy of the order, bearing the seal of the  
2 court, is served on the parent or other person as provided in  
3 section 13 of this chapter.

4 (5) If the court appoints an attorney to represent a child,  
5 parent, guardian, or custodian, the court may require in an order  
6 entered under this section that the child, parent, guardian, or  
7 custodian reimburse the court for attorney fees.

8 (6) The office of the state court administrator, under the  
9 supervision and direction of the supreme court and in consulta-  
10 tion with the state department of social services and the  
11 Michigan probate judges association, shall create guidelines and  
12 a model schedule that may be used by the court in determining the  
13 ability of the child, parent, guardian, or custodian to pay for  
14 care and any costs of service ordered under subsection (2) or  
15 (3). The guidelines and model schedule shall take into account  
16 both the income and resources of the child, parent, guardian, or  
17 custodian.

18 (7) If the court finds that a child comes under section 30  
19 of this chapter, the court shall order the child or the child's  
20 parent to pay restitution as provided in sections 30 and 31 of  
21 this chapter and in sections 44 and 45 of the crime victim's  
22 rights act, Act No. 87 of the Public Acts of 1985, being sections  
23 780.794 and 780.795 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

24 (8) If the court imposes restitution as a condition of pro-  
25 bation, the court shall require the child to do either of the  
26 following as an additional condition of probation:



1 (a) Engage in community service or, with the victim's  
2 consent, perform services for the victim.

3 (b) Seek and maintain paid employment and pay restitution to  
4 the victim from the earnings of that employment.

5 (9) If the court finds that the child is in intentional  
6 default of the payment of restitution, a court may, as provided  
7 in section 31 of this chapter, revoke or alter the terms and con-  
8 ditions of probation for nonpayment of restitution. If a child  
9 who is ordered to engage in community service intentionally  
10 refuses to perform the required community service, the court may  
11 revoke or alter the terms and conditions of probation.

12 (10) For the purposes of this subsection and  
13 subsection (11), "juvenile offense" means that term as defined in  
14 section 1a of Act No. 289 of the Public Acts of 1925, being sec-  
15 tion 28.241a of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The court shall not  
16 enter an order of disposition for a juvenile offense until the  
17 court has examined the court file and has determined that the  
18 child's fingerprints have been taken as required by section 3 of  
19 Act No. 289 of the Public Acts of 1925, being section 28.243 of  
20 the Michigan Compiled Laws. If a child has not had his or her  
21 fingerprints taken, the court shall do either of the following:

22 (a) Order the child to submit himself or herself to the  
23 police agency that arrested or obtained the warrant for the  
24 arrest of the child so the child's fingerprints can be taken.

25 (b) Order the child committed to the custody of the sheriff  
26 for the taking of the child's fingerprints.

1 (11) Upon disposition or dismissal of a juvenile offense,  
2 the clerk of the court entering the disposition or dismissal  
3 shall immediately advise the department of state police of the  
4 disposition or dismissal on forms approved by the state court  
5 administrator. The report to the department of state police  
6 shall include information as to the finding of the judge or jury  
7 and a summary of the disposition imposed.

8 (12) If the court enters an order of disposition based on an  
9 act that is a juvenile offense as defined in section 1 of Act  
10 No. 196 of the Public Acts of 1989, being section 780.901 of the  
11 Michigan Compiled Laws, the court shall order the child to pay  
12 the assessment provided in that act.

13 (13) If the court has entered an order of disposition for a  
14 listed offense as defined in section 2 of the sex offenders reg-  
15 istration act, Act No. 295 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sec-  
16 tion 28.722 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, the court or the  
17 department of social services shall register the child or accept  
18 the child's registration as provided in the sex offenders regis-  
19 tration act, Act No. 295 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sec-  
20 tions 28.721 to 28.732 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

21 (14) IF THE COURT ENTERS AN ORDER OF DISPOSITION PLACING A  
22 CHILD IN A JUVENILE BOOT CAMP PROGRAM AND THE COURT RECEIVES FROM  
23 THE DEPARTMENT A REPORT OF UNSATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE IN THE PRO-  
24 GRAM OR A REPORT THAT THE CHILD DOES NOT MEET THE PROGRAM'S  
25 REQUIREMENTS OR IS MEDICALLY UNABLE TO PARTICIPATE IN THE PROGRAM  
26 FOR MORE THAN 25 DAYS, THE COURT SHALL RELEASE THE CHILD FROM  
27 DETENTION IN THE JUVENILE BOOT CAMP AND ENTER AN ALTERNATIVE

1 ORDER OF DISPOSITION. A CHILD SHALL NOT BE PLACED IN A JUVENILE  
2 BOOT CAMP MORE THAN ONCE, EXCEPT THAT A CHILD RETURNED TO THE  
3 COURT FOR A MEDICAL CONDITION EXISTING WHEN PLACED MAY BE PLACED  
4 AGAIN IN THE JUVENILE BOOT CAMP PROGRAM AFTER THE MEDICAL CONDI-  
5 TION IS CORRECTED.

6 Section 2. This amendatory act shall not take effect unless  
7 Senate Bill No. \_\_\_\_\_ or House Bill No. 4723 (request  
8 no. 03711'95) of the 88th Legislature is enacted into law.