

SENATE BILL No. 25

January 13, 1993, Introduced by Senators EHLERS and WARTNER and referred to the Committee on Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs.

A bill to amend section 3 of Act No. 331 of the Public Acts of 1976, entitled

"Michigan consumer protection act,"

being section 445.903 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Section 1. Section 3 of Act No. 331 of the of the Public
- 2 Acts of 1976, being section 445.903 of the Michigan Compiled
- 3 Laws, is amended to read as follows:
- 4 Sec. 3. (1) Unfair, unconscionable, or deceptive methods,
- 5 acts or practices in the conduct of trade or commerce are unlaw-
- 6 ful and are defined as follows:
- (a) Causing a probability of confusion or misunderstanding
- 8 as to the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of
- 9 goods or services.

JCB

- 1 (b) Using deceptive representations or deceptive
- 2 designations of geographic origin in connection with goods or
- 3 services.
- 4 (c) Representing that goods or services have sponsorship,
- 5 approval, characteristics, ingredients, uses, benefits, or quan-
- 6 tities which they do not have or that a person has sponsorship,
- 7 approval, status, affiliation, or connection which he OR SHE does
- 8 not have.
- 9 (d) Representing that goods are new if they are deterio-
- 10 rated, altered, reconditioned, used, or secondhand.
- (e) Representing that goods or services are of a particular
- 12 standard, quality, or grade, or that goods are of a particular
- 13 style or model, if they are of another.
- 14 (f) Disparaging the goods, services, business, or reputation
- 15 of another by false or misleading representation of fact.
- (g) Advertising or representing goods or services with
- 17 intent not to dispose of those goods or services as advertised or
- 18 represented.
- 19 (h) Advertising goods or services with intent not to supply
- 20 reasonably expectable public demand, unless the advertisement
- 21 discloses a limitation of quantity in immediate conjunction with
- 22 the advertised goods or services.
- 23 (i) Making false or misleading statements of fact concerning
- 24 the reasons for, existence of, or amounts of, price reductions.
- 25 (j) Representing that a part, replacement, or repair service
- 26 is needed when it is not.

- 1 (k) Representing to a party to whom goods or services are
 2 supplied that the goods or services are being supplied in
 3 response to a request made by or on behalf of the party, when
 4 they are not.
- (1) Misrepresenting that because of some defect in a consumer's home the health, safety, or lives of the consumer or his OR HER family are in danger if the product or services are not purchased, when in fact the defect does not exist or the product or services would not remove the danger.
- (m) Causing a probability of confusion or of misunderstand-11 ing with respect to the authority of a salesperson, representa-12 tive, or agent to negotiate the final terms of a transaction.
- (n) Causing a probability of confusion or of misunderstand-14 ing as to the legal rights, obligations, or remedies of a party 15 to a transaction.
- (o) Causing a probability of confusion or of misunderstand-17 ing as to the terms or conditions of credit if credit is extended 18 in a transaction.
- 19 (p) Disclaiming or limiting the implied warranty of mer-20 chantability and fitness for use, unless a disclaimer is clearly 21 and conspicuously disclosed.
- (q) Representing or implying that the subject of a consumer transaction will be provided promptly, or at a specified time, or within a reasonable time, if the merchant knows or has reason to know it will not be so provided.
- (r) Representing that a consumer will receive goods or
 27 services "free", "without charge", or words of similar import

- 1 without clearly and conspicuously disclosing with equal
- 2 prominence in immediate conjunction with the use of those words
- 3 the conditions, terms, or prerequisites to the use or retention
- 4 of the goods or services advertised.
- 5 (s) Failing to reveal a material fact, the omission of which
- 6 tends to mislead or deceive the consumer, and which fact could
- 7 not reasonably be known by the consumer.
- 8 (t) Entering into a consumer transaction in which the con-
- 9 sumer waives or purports to waive a right, benefit, or immunity
- 10 provided by law, unless the waiver is clearly stated and the con-
- 11 sumer has specifically consented to it.
- 12 (u) Failing, in a consumer transaction which is rescinded,
- 13 canceled, or otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of
- 14 an agreement, advertisement, representation, or provision of law,
- 15 to promptly restore to the person or persons entitled thereto any
- 16 deposit, down payment, or other payment, or in the case of prop-
- 17 erty traded in but not available, the greater of the agreed value
- 18 or the fair market value of the property, or to cancel within a
- 19 specified time or an otherwise reasonable time an acquired secur-
- 20 ity interest.
- 21 (v) Taking or arranging for the consumer to sign an
- 22 -acknowledgement ACKNOWLEDGMENT, certificate, or other writing
- 23 affirming acceptance, delivery, compliance with a requirement of
- 24 law, or other performance, if the merchant knows or has reason to
- 25 know that the statement is not true.
- 26 (w) Representing that a consumer will receive a rebate,
- 27 discount, or other benefit as an inducement for entering into a

- 1 transaction, if the benefit is contingent on an event to occur
- 2 subsequent to the consummation of the transaction.
- 3 (x) Taking advantage of the consumer's inability reasonably
- 4 to protect his OR HER interests by reason of disability, illiter-
- 5 acy, or inability to understand the language of an agreement
- 6 presented by the other party to the transaction who knows or rea-
- 7 sonably should know of the consumer's inability.
- g (y) Gross discrepancies between the oral representations of
- 9 the seller and the written agreement covering the same transac-
- 10 tion or failure of the other party to the transaction to provide
- 11 the promised benefits.
- 12 (z) Charging the consumer a price -which THAT is grossly in
- 13 excess of the price at which similar property or services are
- 14 sold.
- 15 (aa) Causing coercion and duress as the result of the time
- 16 and nature of a sales presentation.
- 17 (bb) Making a representation of fact or statement of fact
- 18 material to the transaction such that a person reasonably
- 19 believes the represented or suggested state of affairs to be
- 20 other than it actually is.
- 21 (cc) Failing to reveal facts which— THAT are material to
- 22 the transaction in light of representations of fact made in a
- 23 positive manner.
- 24 (DD) REPRESENTING THAT A PRODUCT OR MATERIAL IS RECYCLED,
- 25 RECYCLABLE, DEGRADABLE, OR IS OF A CERTAIN RECYCLED CONTENT, IN
- 26 VIOLATION OF RULES PROMULGATED UNDER SUBSECTION (2).

- 1 (2) IF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL FINDS THAT THE FEDERAL TRADE
- 2 COMMISSION HAS ESTABLISHED STANDARDS OR GUIDELINES FOR USE OF THE
- 3 TERMS RECYCLED, RECYCLABLE, DEGRADABLE, OR RECYCLED CONTENT, AS
- 4 THOSE TERMS RELATE TO ANY PRODUCT OR MATERIAL, THE ATTORNEY GEN-
- 5 ERAL MAY PROMULGATE RULES PURSUANT TO THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCE-
- 6 DURES ACT OF 1969, ACT NO. 306 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1969, BEING
- 7 SECTIONS 24.201 TO 24.328 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS, PROVID-
- 8 ING THE SAME STANDARDS FOR THE USE OF THOSE TERMS.
- 9 (3) -(2) The attorney general may promulgate rules to
- 10 implement this act pursuant to Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of
- 11 1969, as amended. -, being sections 24.201 to 24.315 of the
- 12 Michigan Compiled Laws. The SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (2), THE
- 13 rules shall not create any additional unfair trade practices not
- 14 already enumerated by this section.