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SFA



BILL ANALYSIS

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Senate Bill 180 (Substitute S-2 as passed by the Senate)
Senate Bill 770 (Substitute S-2 as passed by the Senate)
Senate Bill 826 (Substitute H-1 as passed by the House)
Senate Bills 827 and 828 (as passed by the Senate)
Senate Bill 829 (as passed by the House)
House Bills 5040, 5041, and 5042 (as reported by the Committee of the Whole)
Sponsor: Senator George A. McManus, Jr. (S.B. 180 & 770)
 Senator Bill Bullard, Jr. (S.B. 826)
 Senator Bev Hammerstrom (S.B. 827 & 829)
 Senator Mike Rogers (S.B. 828)
 Representative Jason Allen (H.B. 5040)
 Representative Scott Shackleton (H.B. 5041)
 Representative Lauren Hager (H.B. 5042)
Senate Committee: Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs (S.B. 180 & 770)
 Transportation and Tourism (S.B. 826-829 & H.B. 5040-5042)
House Committee: Transportation

Date Completed: 1-7-00

RATIONALE

In place of a standard vehicle registration plate issued under the Michigan Vehicle Code, motorists may purchase customized and specialty license plates. Among the special registration plates permitted under the Code are those issued to members of the armed services as well as to veterans of specified armed conflicts. The Code also permits special registration plates to be issued to members of nonprofit organizations that qualify for these plates. For more than a decade, a number of states across the country have been issuing customized and commemorative plates to help raise funds that are earmarked for universities and service organizations. In Michigan, residents may purchase Olympic specialty license plates, with proceeds from their sale helping to fund the Olympic Training Center at Northern Michigan University. Some people believe that Michigan should expand the types of registration plates that are available in order to permit the sale of fund-raising and collector plates, and allocate revenues from these products to particular public and State-sponsored projects.

CONTENT

Senate Bill 826 (H-1) would amend the Michigan Vehicle Code to do the following:

- Permit the Secretary of State (SOS) to develop a Michigan university fund-raising registration plate and a matching collector plate, limited-term registration plates, and up to six State-sponsored fund-raising registration plates and matching collector plates.
- Permit the SOS to issue a fund-raising plate instead of a standard registration plate for use on passenger vehicles.
- Require a person purchasing a fund-raising plate or a collector plate to pay a \$10 service fee and a \$25 fund-raising donation; require a renewal application for a fund-raising plate to include a \$10 donation; and require a person purchasing an original or renewal fund-raising plate to pay the regular vehicle registration tax, as well.
- Allow a collector plate to be displayed on a vehicle's front bumper.
- Require service fees to be credited to the Michigan Transportation Fund used to defray associated manufacturing and administrative costs, and provide for the disbursement of donations.
- Specify that the State would own all rights, title, and interest in the plates, and permit

the SOS to authorize the commercial use of a plate design upon consent of the pertinent State university or sponsoring entity.

Senate Bills 827 and 828 would amend the Michigan Vehicle Code to require the SOS, under provisions of Senate Bill 826 (H-1), to develop and, upon application, permit the SOS to issue a State-sponsored Children's Trust Fund-Raising registration plate and a State-sponsored Michigan Veterans Memorial Fund-Raising registration plate, respectively, as well as matching State-sponsored collector plates.

Senate Bill 829 would amend Public Act 249 of 1982, which establishes the State Children's Trust Fund in the Department of Treasury, to require the State Treasurer to credit to the Trust Fund any amounts received under Senate Bill 827.

Senate Bill 770 (S-2) would amend the Michigan Vehicle Code to require the Secretary of State to develop and allow the SOS to issue, upon application, a State-sponsored critical nongame wildlife habitat fund-raising registration plate and a matching collector plate, as proposed in Senate Bill 826.

Senate Bill 180 (S-2) would amend Part 439 (Nongame Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund) of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act to specify that the Fund would consist of money credited to it under the Michigan Vehicle Code provisions that would permit the issuance of State-sponsored critical nongame wildlife habitat fund registration and collector plates, as proposed in Senate Bill 770 (S-2) (in addition to money that is credited to the Fund under the Income Tax Act). The bill also would require the Department of Natural Resources to purchase and develop critical nongame wildlife habitats in the State.

House Bill 5040 would amend the Michigan Vehicle Code to require the Secretary of State to develop, and permit the SOS to issue a State-sponsored agricultural heritage fund-raising registration plate and matching collector plate. The bill also would require the SOS to transfer donations to the State Treasurer, who would have to disburse the money to Michigan State University development for grants for agriculture, natural resources, and environmental K-12 educational programs.

House Bill 5041 would amend the Michigan Vehicle Code to require the Secretary of State to develop, and permit the SOS to issue a State-sponsored lighthouse preservation fund-raising registration plate and matching collector plate. The bill also would create the Michigan Lighthouse Preservation Grant Fund. The SOS could spend money from the Fund through discretionary historical grants to preserve Michigan lighthouses, but grants could not be awarded for operational purposes.

House Bill 5042 would amend the Michigan Vehicle Code to require the Secretary of State to develop, and permit the SOS To issue a State-sponsored water quality fund-raising registration plate and collector plate. The bill also would require the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) to establish and administer a Water Quality Protection Fund Grant Program to provide grants to local governments to protect the quality of Michigan Great Lakes and inland lakes, rivers, and streams.

All of the bills, except Senate Bills 180 (S-2) and 829, would take effect October 1, 2000. Under Senate Bill 826 (H-1), proposed sections of the Michigan Vehicle Code contained in the Senate and House bills would be repealed five years after their effective dates.

Senate Bill 826 (H-1) is tie-barred to all of the other bills except Senate Bill 180. Senate Bill 827 is tie-barred to Senate Bills 826 and 829. Senate Bill 828 is tie-barred to Senate Bill 826. Senate Bill 829 is tie-barred to Senate Bill 827. Senate Bill 770 (S-2) is tie-barred to Senate Bills 180 and 826. Senate Bill 180 is tie-barred to Senate Bill 770. The House bills are tie-barred to Senate Bill 826.

A more detailed description of all of the bills, except Senate Bill 180 (S-2), follows.

Senate Bill 826 (H-1)

Duplicate Plates

Currently, a \$5 fee must be paid with each application for a duplicate or replacement license plate provided for in the Code. A \$10 fee must be paid with each application for a duplicate or replacement set of special organization plates. In addition to any other fees required under the Code, a \$5 service fee must be paid with each application for a distinctive or commemorative plate to cover manufacturing and issuance costs unless these costs are otherwise specifically provided for in the

Code. The bill would delete these provisions.

Under the bill, each applicant for a duplicate or replacement license plate would have to pay the following fee to the SOS, in addition to any other fees required under the Code:

- \$5 for a standard or graphic standard plate, personalized registration plate, veterans special registration plate, or other registration plate for which the duplicate or replacement fee had not been specified in the Code.
- \$10 for a set of special organization plates (MCL 257.803m).
- \$10 for each fund-raising registration plate or a collector plate issued under the bill.

Fund-Raising Plate

A fund-raising registration plate series would have to contain all of the following as prescribed or approved by the Secretary of State: the same generic background; letters and numbers; the word “Michigan” and any other unique identifier specified by the SOS; and a design or logo. A personalized fund-raising registration plate could not contain more than five letter or number characters. (“Fund-raising registration plate” would mean a registration plate that contained a design or logo representing a symbol for a Michigan university or State-sponsored goal and was issued by the SOS to raise funds for the respective university or goal. “State-sponsored goal” would mean the purpose for which a State-sponsored fund-raising registration plate was authorized under the bill.)

Authorization to Develop Specialty Plates

The Secretary of State could develop a Michigan university fund-raising registration plate and a matching Michigan university collector plate. The SOS also could develop one or more limited term registration plates to recognize a State-sponsored event, a Michigan university, or an accomplishment or occasion of a State university. The SOS could, at any time, develop up to six different State-sponsored fund-raising registration plates and matching State-sponsored collector plates. The SOS could develop, promote, and market the fund-raising registration plates and matching collector plates with the funds available through service fees.

If the design or logo of a State university or State-sponsored fund-raising registration plate used one or more designs, trade names, trademarks, service marks, emblems, symbols, or other images that were owned by the Michigan university that requested the fund-raising plate, the person or entity that was sponsoring a State-sponsored fund-raising plate, or any other person or entity, the Michigan university or

sponsoring person or entity would have to grant to or obtain for the SOS both of the following pursuant to a written agreement between the parties: a nonexclusive worldwide license to use those designs, trade names, trademarks, service marks, emblems, symbols, or other images on and in conjunction with the marketing, promotion, sale, or copyrighting of the registration plate or image of the plate; and, the authority to merchandise the registration plate or an image of the plate.

In using or employing a design, trade name, trademark, service mark, emblem, symbol, logo, or other image on and in conjunction with the marketing, promotion, sale, copyrighting, or merchandising of a registration plate or image of the plate, the SOS could alter the size of the design, trade name, trademark, etc. but could not change its color or design without the prior written consent of the respective Michigan university or sponsoring person or entity. The SOS could not use or employ a design, trade name, trademark, etc. on and in conjunction with the marketing, promotion, sale, copyrighting, or merchandising of a registration plate or an image of the plate in any manner that was offensive to the Michigan university or sponsoring person or entity that complied with the bill’s requirement concerning a worldwide license and authority to merchandise.

“Michigan university fund-raising registration plate” would mean a fund-raising registration plate that was issued under the bill at the request of a Michigan university. “Michigan university” would mean any of the following institutions of higher education: Central Michigan University, Eastern Michigan University, Ferris State University, Grand Valley State University, Lake Superior State University, Michigan State University, Michigan Technological University, Northern Michigan University, Oakland University, Saginaw Valley State University, University of Michigan - Ann Arbor, University of Michigan - Dearborn, University of Michigan - Flint, Wayne State University, and Western Michigan University.

“Collector plate” would mean a plate that contained a reproduction of every characteristic of a specific registration plate except for the number and letter characters, which would have to be determined by the SOS, and that was sold as described in the bill. A collector plate would not be a registration plate.

“State-sponsored fund-raising registration plate” would mean a fund-raising registration plate authorized by a public act to raise funds for a State-sponsored goal. The public act would have to do at least all of the following: identify the purpose of the plate; create a fund or designate an existing fund to receive the money raised through the sale of these plates and matching collector plates; and, name the

person or entity responsible for administering the fund, if a fund were created.

Application for a Fund-Raising Plate

Upon application, the SOS could issue one fund-raising registration plate instead of a standard registration plate to a person to use on a passenger motor vehicle, motor home, pickup truck, or van used exclusively to transport personal possessions or family members for nonbusiness purposes.

A person who wanted to purchase a Michigan university or State-sponsored fund-raising registration plate for use on a vehicle would have to apply to the SOS for a fund-raising registration plate pursuant to the Code's provisions on application for vehicle registration (MCL 257.217). An application for an original fund-raising registration plate would have to be accompanied by a \$25 fund-raising donation, payment of the regular vehicle registration tax provided for under the Code, and a \$10 service fee. An application for renewal of a fund-raising registration plate would have to be accompanied by payment of the regular vehicle registration tax and a \$10 fund-raising donation. Application for a replacement plate would have to be accompanied by payment of only the fee for a duplicate or replacement plate.

The Secretary of State could issue a personalized fund-raising registration plate upon application and payment of the personalized registration plate fee prescribed in the Code, in addition to the fees and donations described above and the regular vehicle registration tax required under the Code.

A disabled person who applied for a fund-raising registration plate and who paid the required service fee would have to be issued, as determined by the SOS, a disabled person's tab as provided in the Code for his or her fund-raising registration plate or a disabled person's fund-raising registration plate. The SOS would have to require the same proof that the applicant was a disabled person, as required for issuance of a permanent windshield placard under the Code.

A fund-raising registration plate would expire pursuant to the Code's provisions on the expiration of motor vehicle registrations (MCL 257.226). The Secretary of State could issue a tab or tabs designating the month and year of expiration for an original or renewal fund-raising registration plate. The SOS could issue a temporary registration permit to a person who submitted an application and the proper fees and donation for a fund-raising registration plate, if the applicant's current vehicle registration would expire before he or she would receive a fund-raising plate. The temporary

registration would expire when the applicant received a fund-raising plate or 60 days after it was issued, whichever occurred first. The temporary permit would have to be issued without a separate fee.

Collector Plate

Except as otherwise provided in the Code, the SOS could develop, market, promote, and sell a collector plate that matched any registration plate issued by the SOS under the Code. A collector plate could not be attached to a motor vehicle in a manner prescribed in the Code's provisions on attaching and displaying registration plates (MCL 257.225). A collector plate could be used on a vehicle in any lawful manner, including being displayed on a vehicle's front bumper.

A person could purchase one or more collector plates by paying to the SOS a \$10 service fee and, if the plate were a matching Michigan university or State-sponsored fund-raising registration plate, a \$25 fund-raising donation. The SOS could, as he or she determined necessary, cease to sell a collector plate.

Allocation of Fees and Donations

Each service fee collected under the bill would have to be credited to the Michigan Transportation Fund, and would have to be used first to defray the manufacturing and administrative costs incurred by the SOS, including administrative costs associated with selling, issuing, replacing, and substituting fund-raising registration and collector plates.

The SOS would have to identify and segregate the fund-raising donations into separate accounts, and create a separate account for each fund-raising plate series and matching collector plates issued or sold by the SOS for a Michigan university or State-sponsored goal.

At least once each calendar quarter, the SOS would have to authorize the disbursement of fund-raising donations segregated under the bill and, independent from any disbursement, report the number of fund-raising registration and matching collector plates issued, sold, or renewed bearing the design or logo of that Michigan university or State-sponsored plate sponsor, to the following, as appropriate: the treasurer of a Michigan university, or the person or entity identified in a public act to administer a State-sponsored fund-raising registration plate fund. The SOS would have to do this as he or she determined necessary but not more than 45 days after the end of each calendar quarter.

Discontinuation of Fund-Raising Plate

The SOS could stop issuing a fund-raising

registration plate or a duplicate replacement of a fund-raising plate for use on a vehicle if the SOS issued fewer than 500 of a particular fund-raising plate within any prior 24 consecutive months. The SOS also could stop selling a collector plate that matched the discontinued fund-raising plate. The SOS, however, could continue to renew fund-raising plates already issued and collect the renewal fund-raising donation for them. The bill specifies that this provision would not apply to Michigan university fund-raising registration plates and matching collector plates issued under the bill.

Ownership of Rights and Title

The State of Michigan, through the Secretary of State, would own all rights, title, and interest in all fund-raising registration and collector plates, including the right to use, reproduce, or distribute a fund-raising registration or collector plate or the image of a fund-raising registration or collector plate in any form. The SOS could authorize the commercial or other use of a fund-raising registration or collector plate design, logo, or image if written consent were obtained from the pertinent Michigan university or person or entity that sponsored a State-sponsored fund-raising registration plate. The SOS, however, could not authorize the commercial or other use of a fund-raising registration or collector plate unless the user first agreed in writing to the terms and conditions that the SOS considered necessary. Those terms and conditions could include the payment of royalty fees to one or more of the following: the State, a Michigan university, and a person or entity that sponsored a State-sponsored fund-raising registration plate. A royalty fee paid to the State under a written agreement would have to be credited to the Michigan Transportation Fund.

WWII Veterans' Plates

Currently, a person who was a member of the armed services during World War II may apply for a special registration plate that displays an appropriate vignette preceding the registration numbers and has the word "veteran" inscribed beneath the registration numbers. An application must be accompanied by proof that the applicant was a WWII veteran, as the Secretary of State may require. Under the bill, a person whose spouse was a member of the armed services during WWII also could apply for a special registration plate. The applicant would have to provide proof that his or her spouse was a WWII veteran.

Senate Bill 827

The Children's Trust Fund-Raising plate would have to be of a design as determined by the SOS after consulting with the State Child Abuse and Neglect Prevention Board created in the Child Abuse and Neglect Prevention Act.

The SOS would have to transfer children's Trust Fund-Raising registration plate donations and matching collector plate fund-raising donations, collected under Senate Bill 826 (H-1), to the State Treasurer, who would have to credit the donation money to the Children's Trust Fund. ("State-sponsored children's trust fund-raising registration plate" would mean a registration plate containing a specialized design pertaining to the children of the State.)

Senate Bill 828

The Michigan Veterans Memorial Fund-Raising plate would have to be of a design as determined by the Secretary of State.

The SOS would have to transfer Michigan Veterans Memorial Fund-Raising registration plate donations and matching collector plate donations, collected under Senate Bill 826 (H-1), to the State Treasurer, who would have to credit the donation money to the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Monument Fund created in the Michigan Vietnam Veterans Memorial Act. The Michigan Vietnam Veterans Memorial Monument Fund Commission would have to use these funds exclusively for the financing and construction of a memorial monument and the payment of all amounts due in connection with it (MCL 35.1055 and 35.1057). ("Michigan veterans memorial fund-raising registration plate" would mean a registration plate containing a specialized design pertaining to Michigan veterans.)

Senate Bill 770 (S-2)

The bill would require the Secretary of State to transfer to the State Treasurer critical nongame wildlife habitat fund-raising plate donations and matching collector plate donations collected under Senate Bill 826 (H-1). The State Treasurer would have to credit the donation money to the Nongame Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund under the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act (NREPA), for the purchase and development of critical nongame wildlife habitats in the State.

The bill would require the plate to be of a design determined by the Secretary of State after consultation with the Director of the Department of Natural Resources. ("State-sponsored critical nongame wildlife habitat fund-raising registration plate" would mean a registration plate that contained a specialized design pertaining to the critical nongame wildlife habitat of the State.)

House Bill 5040

The Secretary of State would have to develop and, upon application, could issue a State-sponsored agricultural heritage fund-raising registration plate and a matching collector plate, as provided under Senate Bill 826 (H-1). The SOS would have to transfer to the State Treasurer agricultural heritage fund-raising registration plate donations and matching collector plate donations collected under Senate Bill 826 (H-1). The State Treasurer would have to disburse the donation money to Michigan State University development, designated for the FFA Vision 2000 endowment fund, to provide grants for agri-science, natural resources, and environmental K-12 educational programs. ("State-sponsored agricultural heritage fund-raising registration plate" would mean a registration plate that contained a specialized design pertaining to the agricultural heritage of the State.)

House Bill 5041

The Secretary of State would have to develop and, upon application, could issue a State-sponsored lighthouse fund-raising registration plate and a matching collector plate, as provided under Senate Bill 826 (H-1). The plate would have to be of a design as determined by the SOS. The SOS would have to transfer lighthouse fund-raising registration plate donations and matching collector plate donations, as provided under Senate Bill 826 (H-1), to the State Treasurer, who would have to credit the donation money to the Michigan Lighthouse Preservation Grant Fund for the preservation of historic Michigan lighthouses. ("State-sponsored lighthouse fund-raising registration plate" would mean a registration plate containing a specialized design pertaining to historic Michigan lighthouses.)

The Michigan Lighthouse Preservation Grant Fund would be created as a separate fund in the Department of Treasury, and could be spent only as provided in the House bill. The State Treasurer could receive money or other assets from any source for deposit into the Fund. The Treasurer would have to direct the Fund's investment, and would have to credit to the Fund interest and earnings from Fund investments. The Treasurer annually would have to present to the Secretary of State an accounting of the amount of money in the Fund. Money in the Fund as the close of the fiscal year would have to remain in the Fund and could not lapse to the General Fund.

The Secretary of State would have to administer the Fund and could spend the Fund's money through discretionary historical grants to preserve Michigan lighthouses. The SOS could not use more than 10% of the funds for the costs that occurred from Fund administration and grant project coordination.

The Secretary of State could award grants for the preparation of plans and specifications for restoration and stabilization and for stabilization, rehabilitation, or other preservation work on a Michigan lighthouse, but grants could not be awarded for operational purposes. The SOS would have to allocate grant funds pursuant to eligibility and scoring requirements that he or she established. To award grants, the Secretary of State would have to solicit applications from eligible recipients, score applications based on the established criteria, and award grants through executed contracts. All plans and work performed under a grant would have to be consistent with the U.S. Secretary of the Interior's standards for rehabilitation and guidelines for rehabilitating historic buildings, 36 C.F.R. 67, historic preservation certifications.

House Bill 5042

The Secretary of State would have to develop and, upon application, could issue a State-sponsored water quality fund-raising registration plate and a matching collector plate, as provided under Senate Bill 826 (H-1). The plate would have to be of a design as determined by the Secretary of State after consultation with and advice of the DEQ Director.

The SOS would have to disburse water quality fund-raising registration plate donations and collector plate donations collected under Senate Bill 826 (H-1) to the State Treasurer, who would have to credit the donation money to the Water Quality Protection Fund.

The DEQ would have to establish and administer a Water Quality Protection Fund Grant Program and set policy to oversee it. The program would have to

provide grants to local units of government for protecting the water quality of the Michigan Great Lakes and inland lakes, rivers, and streams. The DEQ could promulgate rules under the Administrative Procedures Act to implement the grant program.

The Water Quality Protection Fund would be created in the State Treasury. The State Treasurer could receive money or other assets from any source for deposit into the Fund, and would have to direct the Fund's investment. The State Treasurer would have to credit to the Fund interest and earnings from Fund investments. Money in the Fund at the close of the fiscal year would have to remain in the Fund and could not lapse to the General Fund. Money from the Fund would have to be spent, upon appropriation, only for the purpose of protecting the water quality of the Michigan Great Lakes and inland lakes, rivers, and streams.

For purposes of the bill, "local unit of government" would mean any of the following:

- A county, city, village, or township.
- An agency of a county, city, village, or township.
- The office of a county drain commissioner.
- A soil conservation district established under Part 93 (Soil Conservation Districts) of the NREPA.
- A watershed council established under Part 311 (Local River Management) of the NREPA.
- A local health department, as defined in the Public Health Code.
- A community college or junior college established pursuant to Section 7 of Article VIII of the State Constitution.
- A four-year institution of higher education, public or private, located in the State.
- An authority or other public body created by or pursuant to State law.

"Water quality fund-raising registration plate" would mean a registration plate containing a specialized design pertaining to the water quality of the State.

MCL 257.803l et al. (S.B. 826)
Proposed MCL 257.811j (S.B. 827)
Proposed MCL 257.811m (S.B. 828)
MCL 21.171 (S.B. 829)
Proposed MCL 257.811l (S.B. 770)
MCL 324.43902 & 324.43905 (S.B. 180)
Proposed MCL 257.811n (H.B. 5040)
Proposed MCL 257.811k (H.B. 5041)
Proposed MCL 257.811i (H.B. 5042)

ARGUMENTS

(Please note: The arguments contained in this analysis originate from sources outside the Senate Fiscal Agency. The

Senate Fiscal Agency neither supports nor opposes legislation.)

Supporting Argument

The bills would permit the Secretary of State to initiate a fund-raising license plate program that could help raise revenues for the State's 15 public universities as well as for six State-sponsored projects and partnerships. Thus, Michigan would join a number of states, including the surrounding Great Lakes' states of Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio, in permitting driver's to pay a fund-raising donation along with a service fee when purchasing a specially designed plate that would demonstrate a person's support of a certain project or public university.

Opposing Argument

Since Florida introduced a specialty plate in 1987 to commemorate the Challenger space shuttle, nearly 4,800 specialty plates reportedly are available in 25 states. Registration plates no longer serve solely as means of identification, but also are treated like signs designed to promote causes and endorse educational institutions and public events. In an effort to satisfy drivers' desires to support and be identified with a certain organization or school, many state motor vehicle departments have become surrogate fund-raisers for various groups and causes. In addition to the proliferation of these plates, complex logos and elaborate background designs on the plates have made it difficult for law enforcement officers to decipher the information on a plate. Furthermore, designs that eliminate the uniqueness of a license plate as an identifier have caused problems for other people whose jobs require them to identify license plates, such as parking attendants, toll booth operators, and tow truck drivers.

Response: According to the Department of State, Michigan officials are aware of the problems that have occurred in some states due to the complex designs of their specialty plates, and have taken these concerns into consideration when designing prototypes of the plates. It is expected that Michigan's fund-raising plates would have a similar basic background design and numbering system on a highly reflective plate, which would make the plates easier to read by police and others.

Legislative Analyst: L. Arasim

FISCAL IMPACT

These bills would increase revenue to the State. There would be some administrative costs to the Department of State to administer the program. However, the costs would be absorbed by the revenue gained from the sale of the license plates. Because the number of people who would purchase fund-raising plates is unknown, the fiscal impact of the program is indeterminate. However, figures for other plate programs are shown below for reference.

	Olympic Plates		Organizational Plates	
	Issued	Fees	Issued	Fees
FY 1995-96	5,795	\$139,357	1,439	\$35,975
FY 1996-97	6,985	\$146,326	1,228	\$30,700
FY 1997-98	7,244	\$177,762	1,283	\$32,075
FY 1998-99	7,800	\$192,000	1,400	\$35,000

After the Department of State deducts its costs from

the original fees for the Olympic plates, the

remainder is sent to the Olympic Training Center at Northern Michigan University. The chart above shows the total revenue collected from fees for both the Olympic plates and the organizational plates. The figures for FY 1998-99 are projected totals.

Fiscal Analyst: E. Limbs

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This analysis was prepared by nonpartisan Senate staff for use by the Senate in its deliberations and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.